"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair and warmer Wednesday; Thursday, unsettled, warmer; moderate, variable winds, becoming light.
☞For full weather report see Page 21.

VOL. LXI...NO. 19,716. * * * * NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 17, 1912.—TWENTY-TWO PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. { Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

FARLEY HOME; WELCOME TO-DAY

Many Thousands Will Greet New Cardinal as He Rides Up Broadway.

WILL LAND HERE AT NOON

Spends Night on Board Ship at Quarantine, Sending Word That He Is Well.

CATHEDRAL DISPLAY TO-NIGHT

Lights Will Rise Gradually from Glow to Brilliancy—Final Reception Plans Announced.

FARLEY RECEPTION PROGRAMME.
TO-DAY.
10:00 A. M.—Arrives on steamship Berlin at North German Lloyd dock in Hoboken.
10:15 A. M.—Reception Committee from steamer Rosedale boards the steamer Berlin at Hoboken.
11 to 12 A. M.—Luncheon aboard the Berlin.
12:00 noon—Rosedale, with Cardinal Farley aboard, starts for Battery.
12:30 P. M.—Cardinal Farley lands at Pier A, Battery.
12:45 P. M.—Procession starts for Cathedral.
1:30 P. M.—Ceremony and addresses in Cathedral.
8:00 P. M.—Grand illumination of St. Patrick's Cathedral.
SUNDAY, JAN. 21.
Evening—Public reception at Hippodrome.
THURSDAY, JAN. 25.
Morning—Services at the Cathedral.
Evening—Reception at Catholic Club.

By Wireless Telegraph to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD SS. BERLIN, off Quarantine, Jan. 16.—In honor of our distinguished passenger, John Cardinal Farley, the dinner saloon of the Berlin was decorated to-night with the Papal flags.

The Cardinal, in a short address, expressed his thanks for the courtesy he had received from the North German Lloyd Line on his trip from Rome, and wished the Captain and officers of the Berlin the best of trips in the future.

The Captain returned thanks for himself and men, and expressed the hope that there would be no difficulties in the landing to-morrow. On the table to-night was a confectionery model of the Berlin, four feet long, illuminated and carrying the flag of the Cardinal.

Since leaving Naples the Berlin has met stormy weather most of the way, but the Cardinal was never sick, and was at every meal in the dining saloon. He has received many wireless congratulations in the last few days.

John Cardinal Farley, home-coming from Rome, where he was created a Prince of the Church, spent last night at Quarantine aboard the steamship Berlin of the North German Lloyd Line, which anchored there at 11:30 P. M. There he learned of the plans made for to-day's reception, in which many thousands of the 1,200,000 Catholics in this archdiocese will share.

The Cardinal returns home in the best of health, and as anxious to return to his post as his flock is eager to welcome him. He sent wireless messages to Mgr. Mooney, Mgr. Hayes, and Justice Dowling, at 7 o'clock last night, saying that he was well pleased with the reception plans, and would put himself absolutely at the disposal of the Reception Committee to-day.

One of the surprises for the Cardinal when he lands to-day will be the presentation by Major John F. O'Rourke, a trustee of St. Patrick's Cathedral, of a huge fur overcoat, big enough to warm the ears as well as the body. This foresight on the part of Major O'Rourke will no doubt meet the particular approval of the Cardinal when he learns that it is the intention of the Reception Committee to have him ride in an open carriage so that all his people along the line of march can see him. The weather man promises that it will be fair and a little warmer when the parade starts.

The delay of twenty-four hours in the home-coming has given all the reception committees opportunity to perfect their plans. Everything was in readiness last night except the lights on the Cathedral spires, about 500 electric bulbs remaining to be placed in their sockets. This will be accomplished, it was said, before the Cardinal's carriage arrives at the Cathedral.

The steeplejacks quit work yesterday at 4:30 P. M. That was partly due to the cold and partly to the accident which befell their boss, "Bob" Merrill. He was holding a rope controlling the chair in which "Bill" Lewis, the Long Island steeplejack, was at work on one of the spires yesterday afternoon, when he slipped on the ice on the Fifty-first Street side of the Cathedral and broke a bone in his left hand. He held on to the rope, however, until relieved by Frederick Broman, and then retired for the day. It was the only accident of the ten days of dangerous climbing. Large crowds watched the illumination of the Cathedral last night.

The only material change in the announcements of arrangements yesterday was that the various Catholic societies shall report at their assigned places at 12:30 instead of 1:30 P. M. The procession is expected to begin at the Battery about 12:45 o'clock.

The Greeting at Hoboken.

The steamship Berlin, after lying at Quarantine overnight, will weigh anchor after the inspection by the the Health officers and proceed up the bay early this morning to within two miles of the Battery, where she will again anchor. The customs officials will take possession of the vessel at 8 o'clock.

At the special request of the Cardinal's Reception Committee, headed by Justice Victor J. Dowling, strict rules have been made by the customs' officials as to permits for the revenue cutter which will meet the Berlin. Ordinarily these restrictions are severe enough, but only assigned newspaper men will be allowed to board the Berlin this morning. The Reception Committee was notified by Collector Loeb that if it were desired permits would be granted to a few of the members, but these were declined because, it is understood, the Cardinal requested that none of his people meet him until the boat reaches Hoboken.

Among the requests made by Justice Dowling and his committee was that photographers, even amateurs with cameras, be barred from the Berlin. This request has been respected, and Special Deputy Collector Baker, when he issued

Continued on Page 2.

STUDENT LOST $75,000.

Harvard Money Lender Says Bowler Played Roulette in New York.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 16.—The sum of $75,000 was lost at roulette during one night's gambling at a place in Broadway, New York, by George Pendleton Bowler, according to testimony to-day by "Poco" Bennett, Harvard's noted "Old clo'" man and money lender. For his last stake of $100, Bennett declared Bowler pawned his watch and chain. The suit is for $30,000, based on notes for half that sum and interest.

Bowler's lavish expenditure has attracted considerable attention during and since his undergraduate days at Harvard. They finally resulted in the appointment of a guardian. There are a few paltry thousand dollars left, the income of which is doled out to him. In all, according to the testimony of Bennett, Bowler has spent $400,000 within five years.

"He was after me for money daily," testified the money lender. "He even chased me to my lodging house. One time he ran after me half a mile till I reached my sister's house. If he could not get his own money, he would take somebody else's. He was studying at Harvard when he lost all that money gambling in New York. I already had some of his notes then."

Bowler became of age in 1898, and his guardian was appointed after he had attained his majority. There was a woman in the case, too, but the litigation with her has ended.

MOURNED AS DEAD, LIVES.

Cruikshank Was Reported Drowned and Wife Got Insurance.

OGDENSBURG, N. Y., Jan. 16.—Capt. Barton S. Cruikshank, who was believed to have been drowned in the St. Lawrence River on June 27, 1910, and since has been declared legally dead, has been found alive in New York City, according to the statement to-day of George W. Fuller of Pottsdam, an attorney for the missing Captain's wife.

Cruikshank came from Syracuse and established a military Summer school as an adjunct to the State National Guard on the shore of the St. Lawrence River, near Morristown, ten miles above here. He left home in a rowing canoe on the night of June 27, 1910, to go to the village for supplies. The next morning the empty canoe, with a broken oar, was found floating near his home, and it was believed that he had been accidentally drowned. Convinced that he was dead, his wife presented his will for probate, and he was declared dead and his will probated. Some insurance policies on his life were paid and the payment of others was refused.

To-day Attorney Fuller, representing Mrs. Cruikshank, notified Surrogate Alaric R. Herriman of this city, that Cruikshank had been found living in New York. According to the attorney, Cruikshank was traced through information that came to Adjt. Gen. Verbeck of the National Guard. After a two days' search in New York city the attorney reports he found the captain, fully identified him and obtained a written statement from him. Attorney Fuller says he will petition the Surrogate for the revocation of letters testamentary issued to the captain's wife.

NICARAGUA ACCUSES US.

Excitement Over Alleged Attempt to Amend New Constitution.

SAN JUAN DEL SUR, Nicaragua, Jan. 16.—A resolution was introduced in the Assembly to-day, providing for the promulgation immediately of the Constitution, notwithstanding the fact that it has not yet been signed by all the members of the Cabinet.

The resolution contains a clause proclaiming the action of Franklin M. Gunther, the United States chargé d'affaires, an outrage against the autonomy of the republic.

Mr. Gunther is said to have expressed the wish that the promulgation of the new Constitution should be suspended until the arrival of the American Minister, George T. Weitzel, who desired to have the instrument amended.

This announcement caused great indignation here.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—State Department officials are at a loss to know what is the meaning of the San Juan del Sur dispatch saying our Chargé d'Affaires had asked for delay in acting on the new Constitution of Nicaragua until Minister Weitzel could arrive and submit an amendment.

The United States Minister has of course no right whatever to propose amendments to the Nicaraguan Constitution, but he might protest against action inimical to American interests.

The readiest explanation of the peculiar dispatch is that the party in power in Nicaragua is attempting a tour de force in the adoption of a new Constitution for some ulterior purpose which is hostile to American interests.

It is known that there has been trouble in the country for some time, and there has been apprehension of attempts to subvert the existing Constitution by a party that has, it is said, designs on the national treasury. The issue of bonds or the imposition of taxes would be a matter that would so seriously affect foreign interests that the American Chargé might very properly protest and ask for delay.

Mr. Weitzel was very recently appointed Minister to Nicaragua. He is now on his way to his post.

AGAINST POTATO TARIFF.

Bill in Congress to Suspend It for Six Months—Crop Short.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—A suspension for six months of the tariff duty of 25 cents per bushel on potatoes was proposed in a bill introduced by Representative Ayres of New York. The bill stated that "the scarcity of potatoes in the markets of the United States has raised the price to a point almost prohibitive to the consumers."

The United States Government figures for the potato crop of this season show a shortage of 59,000,000 bushels under last year and 97,000,000 bushels under the previous year. A firm of international produce dealers of this city estimates that the supply on hand on Jan. 1, this year, was between 80,000,000 and 90,000,000 bushels below what it was on Jan. 1, 1911.

IN AID OF MRS. HARLAN.

Congress May Give Her $13,500—Pensions for Admirals' Widows.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Representative Sherley of Kentucky announced to-day that he would endeavor to incorporate in one of the appropriation bills for the coming year provision that the widow of Justice Harlan of the Supreme Court receive the equivalent of a year's salary of a Supreme Court Justice, $13,500. This was authorized by Congress for the widow of Justice Brewer.

Bills granting pensions to the widows of Admirals Schley and Evans were introduced in the Senate to-day.

FLORIDA—ONE NIGHT OUT
Via Seaboard Air Line Ry. Four electric lighted steel trains. Inquire 1,184 Broadway.—Adv.

ACCUSES BIG BANKS OF MANIPULATIONS

Lindbergh, Who Wants Money Trust Inquiry, Attacks New York Institutions.

CHARGES A THREAT OF PANIC

To Pass the Monetary Bill—Arbuckles Say They Are Victims of a Shipping Trust.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Sensational charges were made before the House Committee on Rules to-day in support of the pending resolutions calling for an investigation of the Shipping Trust and the Money Trust.

The committee will listen to-morrow to all who wish to be heard on the proposed investigation of the International Harvester Company. Attorney General Wickersham and Secretary Nagel of the Department of Commerce and Labor have been invited by Chairman Henry, by direction of the committee, to testify to-morrow.

The witnesses to-day included Bernard N. Baker of Baltimore, who declared the American coastwise shipping lines are dominated by the railroads; Representative Jefferson M. Levy of New York, who told the committee he is "tired of probes" and deplores the present tendency to investigate and agitate everything because "it is tying up the business of the country," and Representative Humphrey of Washington, Alexander of Missouri, and Hardy of Texas, who urged the committee to act promptly in ordering an investigation of the "Shipping Trust."

The more sensational allegations came from Representative Lindbergh, who spoke in support of his resolution for the investigation of the so-called Money Trust, and from counsel for Arbuckle Brothers of New York, who filed a brief attacking the Brazilian shipping syndicate.

Representative Lindbergh said he saw no reason why the proposed inquiry should be retarded because of the wish of New York bankers.

Lindbergh's Charges.

"If they are doing anything wrong and are fleecing the public," he said, "the public ought to know it; if they are not, they have nothing to fear."

He then made these charges:

Manipulation by the National City Bank in connection with the formation of the Amalgamated Copper Company.

The fluctuations in securities of the Central Railroad of New Jersey and the Reading Railway were due to operations of the First National Bank of New York.

That fluctuations in securities of the Tennessee Coal and Iron Company and Railroad Company were due to operations by the Hanover National Bank of New York.

That pressure was being brought upon Congress to obtain passage of the National Monetary Commission's bill before certain facts can be ascertained in an investigation of the so-called money trust.

That Wall Street would to-day bring on a panic to enforce this proposed monetary legislation, but is confronted with a promise made in 1908 that the Aldrich-Vreeland Emergency Currency bill of that year, which expires in 1914, was sufficient to prevent panics.

That there should be monetary legislation next Winter "so that Wall Street cannot bring on a panic immediately after the expiration of the act of 1908."

Arbuckles' Accusations.

The brief of Arbuckle Brothers makes, among others, the allegations:

That three of the four steamship lines plying between New York and Brazilian ports constitute a syndicate to maintain a common freight tariff and control the carrying trade.

That all the syndicate lines refuse to carry coffee for the Arbuckles, even at syndicate rates, unless Arbuckle Brothers refuses to use an independent line, the Lloyd Brazileiro.

That refusal of the syndicate lines to carry Arbuckle freight eliminates Arbuckle Brothers from competition for cost-and-freight business, and deprives that firm of business in Galveston, Memphis, Louisville, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Chicago, Omaha, and St. Paul.

That the syndicate rate is 66 per cent. higher than that paid by Arbuckle Brothers on a shipment of 80,000 bags of coffee brought to New York last week on a chartered steamer of the Lloyd Brazileiro Line.

That Arbuckle Brothers are ready to take freight of other shippers at the rate they themselves paid, but the other shippers are barred from shipping in the independent line.

That the Arbuckle Brothers' business would have been 500,000 bags instead of 150,000 bags in 1910 if shipping facilities of the syndicate lines had not been denied them.

Part Untermyer May Play.

After the Rules Committee had given a hearing yesterday on the proposed shipping trust investigation, the Democratic members went into conference with Samuel Untermyer on the money trust question. According to the present programme, he is to be invited to become counsel to the investigating committee, if the inquiry is ordered. The way he came into the matter is this:

The investigation of the money trust was first proposed by Congressman Lindbergh. After his resolution had been introduced it was reported that it was to be sidetracked, and Mr. Untermyer wrote to Mr. Lindbergh, urging him to press the matter, saying that the so-called money trust was "not only the greatest peril that confronts the country, but is sadly underestimated." A little later Mr. Untermyer delivered an address on the subject in New York, and the Committee on Rules then asked him to confer with them, which he did yesterday. What advice he gave the committee has not become known. He had to return to New York in the afternoon, but is to come back for another conference.

It is known that the subject of his acting as counsel for the committee, if appointed, was discussed, and that he declared that he could give no answer on the point until it was known who were to be the members of the investigating committee, and whether he would be left free to push the investigation in any direction he found necessary.

Democrats Not in Harmony.

It is known that a wide divergence has developed among the House Democrats as to the advisability of investigating the money trust. Chairman Henry, of the Committee on Rules, still expresses confidence that his resolution will receive the approval of a party caucus, but it looks as if caucus action or the threat of it will be necessary to insure uniformity among the party members.

Meanwhile Mr. Henry is aware that his plan for a sweeping investigation which necessarily will attract attention from other issues, is not favorably regarded by either Speaker Clark, or Majority Leader Underwood. There is also reason to believe that many New York Democrats—notably the Tammany group—are not enthusiastic, though Mr. Henry has received assurances of support from two New Yorkers.

The general situation in the party is that the Bryan element is strong for the investigation, and Mr. Bryan, on his recent visits here, has strengthened them in this faith. That fact alone would be enough to prejudice Mr. Underwood against the plan if he were easily moved

Continued on Page 2.

DEWEY'S PURE CLARET WINES
A great aid to digestion, with meals.
H. T. DEWEY & SONS CO., 138 Fulton St., N. Y.—Adv.

HOW TO LIVE TO BE 100 YEARS OLD.

Interesting study of results of the Metchnikoff theory and of other cases of longevity will be given in an article in **Next Sunday's Times.**

$500,000 BLAZE IN HUGE STORAGE PLANT

5-Alarm Call for Fire in Terminal Warehouse, Covering a West Side Block.

MENACE IN IRON SHUTTERS

Which, Melted Off by the Furnace Within, Fall to the Street—John Wanamaker a Heavy Loser.

Somewhere in the lower floor of the Terminal Storage Company's warehouse, occupying the whole block surrounded by Twenty-seventh and Twenty-eighth Streets and Twelfth and Thirteenth Avenues, a fire started shortly before midnight last night. It gathered headway until the glare of the flames shone through the windows of the lower floor on the Twenty-seventh Street side of the building.

Policemen Lynch and Shubert of the West Thirty-seventh Street station, saw the glare and assumed at first that it was a reflection from a fire across the street. They ran to the building, however, and through the lower windows saw that the interior was a bed of fire.

Four engines an da truck company or two responded to the alarm which they turned in, and the firemen instantly sent in another, bringing eight more engines, a water tower, and five fireboats—the Duane, Willett, New Yorker, Seth Low, and McClellan. It brought Chief Kenlon also.

The flames by this time had eaten up through the building, though the iron-shuttered windows prevented this from being seen until they burst out through the roof. Chief Kenlon rang in a third and then a fourth alarm, bringing additional apparatus and men, and then set to work to dispose his forces as best he might.

At many of the windows in the huge pile of brick and stone, there were iron shutters which kept the firemen from fighting the blaze in the usual way. They added danger to the work of fire fighting also, for, as the heat inside the building became more and more intense, these shutters were melted from their fastenings and fell heavily to the street.

The big warehouse is eight stories high, and some of the shutters crashed to the sidewalks from the upper stories. Wherever they gave way flames burst with a roar from the windows, but the giving way of the shutters aided the firemen in each instance, as the openings they revealed multiplied the ways in which water could be got on the flames within. There was no way of sending streams from the roofs of adjoining buildings, as the burning warehouse was separated on every side from other buildings by a street.

The flames leaped high above the room and from the high Jersey shore could be seen plainly. Crowds came across the river on the ferries to view the spectacle, and the reserves were called from the West Twentieth, West Thirtieth, and West Thirty-seventh Street Police Stations to keep the crowd under control. Police Commissioner Waldo came soon after the fire started and directed the work of the police.

At 2:30 A. M., after a fifth alarm had been turned in, it seemed certain that the fire could not spread beyond the warehouse, and the firemen believed tney had confined it to the section of the building, about half, occupied by John Wanamaker as a storage place for furniture and pianos. Party walls divide the building into many sections and were an aid in keeping the fire from spreading over every floor.

Firemen managed to reach the roof and the fourth and sixth floors, from where they poured water onto the flames beneath them. The high pressure service ends at Twenty-third Street, but Chief Kenlon had lines of hose connected with the last high pressure hydrant and strung along the four blocks to the fire.

The Erie Railroad has tracks running into the building on the Thirteenth Avenue side and occupies the ground floor and part of the second floor to store freight. Whether any of the railroad's property had been destroyed could not be told, as there were sections of the building into which the fire had not spread.

It was only about two weeks ago that fire burned out a section of the building used by Gimbel Brothers.

The damage was estimated at 2:30 o'clock this morning as probably $500,000. How the fire started could not be learned.

50 GIRLS IN FIRE PANIC.

Some Slightly Hurt in Getting Out of Burning Williamsburg Factory.

Fifty girls, working overtime after 6 o'clock last night, were thrown into a panic when smoke began to fill the halls of the three-story clothing factory of Ignacio Bigrozian at 222 Montrose Avenue, Williamsburg. Some of those on the upper floors were badly bruised in the rush down the staircase, and a few who collapsed were carried out by the others. All reached the street before the flames, which started in the basement, had reached the upper floors. The fire spread swiftly to all parts of the building, and it was a ruin before the Fire Department could get into action.

A number of Italians, living in Johnson Avenue, in the rear of the burning factory, began shooting revolvers to help in sending the alarm. This brought the police reserves under Capt. Tracy, and they began driving people from the adjoining tenements which were threatened. Thirty families were hustled into the street with the few household goods which they could pick up. Flames caught the rear of a three-story tenement adjoining the factory, but the firemen saved the building.

TWO MISSING IN BOSTON FIRE.

Laundry Girls May Have Perished in the Revere House.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 16.—To-night two employes, laundry girls, were still unaccounted for in the fire which destroyed the Revere House here this morning, and it was feared that they met death in the flames, though search of the ruins failed to reveal any bodies.

The girls, Susan Doherty and Anna McDervitt, slept on the fifth floor with other servants. Summonses have been issued for a fire inquest, which will be held at the State House on Thursday.

Aplanatic Invisible Bisight eyeglasses; for near and distant vision. SPENCER'S, 7 Maiden Lane.—Adv.

TAKE MY NAME OFF, WILSON TOLD HARVEY

Declared That Harper's Weekly Support Was Affecting His Candidacy Injuriously.

THE EDITOR HAD TO COMPLY

To Maintain the Editorial Self-Respect Neither Will Comment Now on Reported "Break" in Friendship.

Col. George Harvey, editor of Harper's Weekly, made an official explanation yesterday of the reason why the name of Gov. Woodrow Wilson, his long-time friend, was taken down from the head of the editorial columns of the Weekly, where it has long stood as an indication that both Mr. Harvey and his publication were in favor of the candidacy of Gov. Wilson for the Presidency. Mr. Harvey frankly admits that Gov. Wilson asked that his name be eliminated from Harper's Weekly's mast head, because its support was affecting the Governor's candidacy injuriously. This is the editorial announcement which will appear in this week's number of Harper's Weekly:

TO OUR READERS.

> We make the following reply to many inquiries from readers of Harper's Weekly:
>
> The name of Woodrow Wilson as our candidate for President was taken down from the head of these columns in response to a statement made to us directly by Gov. Wilson, to the effect that our support was affecting his candidacy injuriously.
>
> The only course left open to us, in simple fairness to Mr. Wilson no less than in consideration of our own self-respect, was to cease to advocate his nomination.
>
> We make this explanation with great reluctance and deepest regret. But we cannot escape the conclusion that the very considerable number of our readers, who have co-operated earnestly and loyally in advancing a movement which was inaugurated solely in the hope of rendering a high public service, are clearly entitled to this information.

Mr. Harvey refused to add to this explanation last night. At his home at Deal, N. J., his secretary said that Mr. Harvey had no further explanation to make. It was pointed out that the explanation did not shed any light upon the reported "break" between Mr. Harvey and Gov. Wilson, and that it did not indicate whether or not Mr. Harvey intended to support Gov. Wilson in the future.

"Mr. Harvey has said all that he intends to say at this time," said the secretary. "He will not say anything more to-night. I am not authorized to say whether or not Mr. Harvey will have anything more to say in the future."

When an effort was made last night to talk with Gov. Wilson at his home in Princeton it was announced that the Governor was not accessible. The Governor was at the State House in Trenton in the afternoon, and he declined then to discuss the matter. Through his secretary it was learned that he had no statement to make regarding the matter, either now or in the future.

The name of Gov. Wilson disappeared from the head of the editorial columns in Harper's Weekly two weeks ago. It was well known that Col. Harvey had "discovered" Gov. Wilson as a Gubernatorial possibility and that he was ardently advocating his candidacy for the Presidency. The fact that he had suddenly dropped his name from the head of the Weekly's editorial columns gave rise to many rumors regarding a possible break of a long-time friendship.

It was suggested at the time the omission of Gov. Wilson's name was noticed that the Governor's friends feared the effect in the West of his identification with a man who was considered to be on friendly terms with Wall Street interests. At that time Gov. Wilson said:

"My attention has, of course, been called to the fact that the last two numbers of Harper's Weekly have made no mention of my name. But that is certainly not due to any breach of any kind between Col. Harvey and myself. Col. Harvey runs Harper's Weekly on his own judgment."

WILSON ON ANOTHER TRIP.

To Speak in Michigan and New England While a Republican Runs State.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 16.—For the remainder of this week a Republican will be at the head of the State Government. Gov. Wilson will leave here to-morrow for a trip to Michigan, and John D. Prince, President of the Senate, will be Acting Executive. Gov. Wilson will speak in Ann Arbor Thursday evening and in Grand Rapids the following night. On Jan. 26 he will speak in Concord, N. H., and the next evening in Boston.

Both branches of the Legislature held short sessions to-day, the Senate in the morning and the House of Assembly this evening. In the House several measures were advanced to second reading and thirteen new bills were introduced.

Republican Floor Leader Edge of the Senate announced four hearings on important measures. One of these will be on the Leavitt Jury Reform bills, scheduled for next Tuesday at noon. Another will be on the Grade Crossing bills, at 3 o'clock next Monday afternoon, and one on the Pierce bill on tax revision and creation of county Boards of Assessors at 3 o'clock Monday, Jan. 29. The fourth hearing will be given by both houses, at 2:30 P. M. on Jan. 30, on the Morris Canal abandonment proposition.

Senator Leavitt introduced a bill which will allow the Pennsylvania Railroad Company to condemn land for a right of way across New Jersey for two additional tracks, making six instead of four. He offered the same measure last year, but it failed.

FOUR KILLED IN WRECK.

One Hundred Passengers Hurt When Trains Crash in Kentucky.

Special to The New York Times.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Jan. 16.—Four men were killed and nearly one hundred passengers injured more or less seriously this afternoon at 5:30 o'clock when a special train on the Chesapeake & Ohio Railway crashed into a regular passenger train of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad near Long Run. The two trains met on a sharp curve, and as both were running at a high rate of speed the engineers were unable to prevent the crash. Both engineers and firemen were instantly killed, and the exploding boilers piled the wreckage high over their bodies.

A special train bearing nurses and physicians was sent to the wreck. Of the large number injured only thirty were carried to hospitals, where it was said at midnight that with one or possibly two exceptions, all would recover. Several of the passengers continued their journey to-night.

According to officials of the two railroads, the special train broke all regulations by disobeying orders and not stopping at Long Run, where the two trains were scheduled to meet. The accident occurred about a mile and a half east of Long Run.

The Chesapeake & Ohio extra, which left here at 5 o'clock, carried only a baggage coach and a day coach. On the Louisville & Nashville were a smoker, baggage and mail car, and two day coaches.

Angostura Bitters lends delicious flavor to grapefruit and jellies.—Adv.

CARDINAL GIBBONS FALLS.

Chair is Removed by Mistake as He Attempts to Sit Down.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., Jan. 16.—Severely shocked by a fall to the floor of the sanctuary at St. Vincent's Catholic Church, Cardinal Gibbons insisted on performing his part in the ceremony attending the last rites over the body of the Rev. Desire C. de Wulf. The accident happened so quickly that it went unnoticed by many persons in the church.

Immediately after the mass had been concluded the Cardinal arose from his seat under a canopy to don extra vestments before blessing the body of the dead priest. While the robes were being placed on his shoulders one of the priests took the chair from under the canopy and passed it to an altar boy, telling him to put it in the aisle between the body and the altar. There was a chair in the aisle already.

After putting on the vestments the Cardinal, who had not seen the removal of the chair started to sit down again, and fell to the floor. Several priests hurried to his assistance. They raised him to his feet, and he continued the ceremony. Further than a severe shock the Cardinal was uninjured.

SWITCHBACK FOR AUTOS.

Londoner Plans a Novel Device for English Motorists.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—The switchback road is the latest novelty proposed for motorists. A member of a well-known London business firm is forming a company to make one in the south of England at a cost of £50,000. It is to be only three or four miles long.

The hills and valleys for the projected switchback which are not made by nature will have to be made artificially according to the plans prepared by the engineers, who take into account the strain upon the chassis and springs of the fast-traveling car. Phillips declares the plan is a sound commercial proposition, and the Secretaries of the Royal Automobile Club and kindred associations are keen to go in for it.

CONNAUGHT COMING HERE.

Duke and Duchess to Visit Ambassador and Mrs. Reid Next Week.

The Duke of Connaught, Governor General of Canada, accompanied by the Duchess of Cannaught and their daughter, the Princess Patricia, are coming to this city on Monday on a brief visit to Ambassador and Mrs. Whitelaw Reid, who will give a dinner for them on Tuesday.

The shortness of time at the disposal of the Duke, who must return to Ottawa on the following Thursday, will preclude a trip to Washington to pay his respects to President Taft.

The visit of the Duke and Duchess will be purely informal, and nothing of an official nature will be undertaken by the Governor General when in this city. The dinner on Tuesday is to be followed by a dance.

SPRING HAT STYLES ARRIVE.

Advance Guard of German Milliners' Creations Pass Through Customs.

On the North German Lloyd liner George Washington, in yesterday from Bremen, came the advance guard of the milliners with the new Paris styles for next Spring. The customs authorities looked over all the samples of the advance styles and found a declaration for every hat. Every single hat had been properly declared, and none of the big trunks was sent to the Public Stores.

$3,000 POLO PONY KILLED.

Showed Signs of Rabies—Westbury Colony Alarmed.

WESTBURY, L. I., Jan. 16.—A number of wealthy men who have large stables of polo ponies are worried over the report from the Pasteur Institute that a dog, which was shot by Coroner Burgess about a week ago, and which had been in fields with the polo ponies when grazing had rabies.

Two ponies owned by John S. Phipps were found to be infected and they were destroyed to-day. One of the horses was the $3,000 pony Gay Boy, which was ridden by Harry Payne Whitney in the last international polo match.

DIES DAY AFTER WEDDING.

F. S. Ober of New York Sent for Fiance When End Was Near.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 16.—With his bride of less than twenty-four hours seated at his bedside, holding his hand, Frank S. Ober, a New York patent attorney, who was married to Miss Josephine Robb, a Manhattan newspaper writer, yesterday, in his room at the Garfield Hospital, died here to-day. Mrs. Ober bore up bravely to the last, but swooned after the ordeal had passed. She left the hospital in the care of friends.

Ober was suffering from bronchial trouble, and realized yesterday that he had but a short time to live. At his request a clergyman and his fiancée were summoned, and the marriage took place, with a nurse and the physician in attendance as witnesses.

GALLAGHER A PARETIC.

Man Who Shot Mayor Gaynor to be Transferred to an Asylum.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 16.—An examination by Dr. George N. J. Sommer and Dr. Paul L. Cort, both of this city, having determined that he was in the last stages of paresis and not likely to live much longer unless removed to an institution where he could obtain special treatment, James J. Gallagher, who dangerously wounded Mayor Gaynor and also shot William Edwards, Street Cleaning Commissioner of New York, on the steamship Princess Irene at a pier in Hoboken in August, 1910, was ordered transferred to-day from the New Jersey State Prison to the State Hospital for the Insane by Judge Gnichtel.

Gallagher was sentenced to a term of twelve years for the attack on Mr. Edwards, and if he recovers he will be returned to prison from the asylum to complete the sentence. He is said to suffer hallucinations, in which he believes attempts are being made to murder him. His condition became such that he was an annoyance to the prison officials.

19,373 New Army Enlistments a Year.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Secretary of War Stimson sent a report to the Senate to-day showing that in the last ten years original enlistments in the army have averaged annually 19,373; re-enlistments, 10,219; discharges upon expiration of enlisted terms, 18,103; discharges for disability, 1,224; for court-martial, 2,256; for desertion, 5,107, and through death, 512.

See an Oculist about your eyes. DACHTERA will fill his prescription, 312 Madison Av.—Adv.

MAY INTERVENE IN CUBA AGAIN

Knox Warns Gomez That Political Strife on the Island Must End.

ON VERGE OF REVOLUTION

Army Officers Defy Their President's Order Forbidding Them to Play Politics.

OUR TROOPS IN READINESS

We Could Put 8,000 on the Island in Eight Days, Says Major Gen. Wood.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Again to-day the situation in Cuba, which has been alternating between crisis and composure rather frequently of late, reached a stage where a third intervention by this Government becomes decidedly more than a mere possibility. So acute is the situation that the State Department cabled to Minister Beaupre this morning a note of warning to be delivered by him to the Cuban Government.

Word was received here late to-night that Secretary Knox's note had caused deep consternation among the Cubans of all political parties. Fearing that their fights, if continued, might give further cause for intervention, the two factions in the Liberal Party met and decided to support Gomez in his contest with the Veterans.

Two statements were issued at the department in explanation of the matter. The first shows the cause of the action taken, and says:

> Minister Beaupre reports from Cuba that, in defiance of a decree issued by President Gomez forbidding officers of the army and rural guard to participate in politics, which already was prohibited by military law, and also forbidding their attendance at meetings of the Veterans' Association, many officers of the army and rural guard attended a meeting on the night of the 14th instant of the National Council of Veterans, where they were accorded a pronounced ovation. The situation is regarded as the most serious that has yet presented itself since the Veterans' movement began.

Official Note of Warning.

The second gives the language of the note sent to Mr. Beaupre for presentation to the Cuban Government, as follows:

> The situation in Cuba, as now reported, causes grave concern to the Government of the United States.
>
> That the laws intended to safeguard free republican government shall be enforced and not defied is obviously essential to the maintenance of the law, order, and stability indispensable to the status of the Republic of Cuba, in the continued well-being of which the United States has always evinced and cannot escape a vital interest.
>
> The President of the United States looks to the President and Government of Cuba to prevent a threatened situation, which would compel the Government of the United States, much against its desires, to consider what measures it must take in pursuance of the obligations of its relations to Cuba.

The information in possession of the State Department goes considerably further than was indicated by the first statement. It is not merely the defiance by the officers of the army and rural guard of President Gomez's decree that constitutes the seriousness of the situation. It is the added fact that the Veterans have demanded that that decree be treated as a dead letter, and have threatened, in case it is not agreed to by President Gomez, "to make the last resort." The last resort in Cuba is always a revolutionary appeal to arms, and this Government will not stand by and permit such a performance.

At the State Department this afternoon considerable emphasis was laid upon the fact that this Government was extremely anxious to avoid the necessity for a third intervention. There has been much talk since the second intervention to the effect that in case the United States goes into Cuba again it will be for good. It may be said authoritatively that such is not the Administration view of intention. But the fear that something might occur in Cuba, which would necessitate a third intervention has caused the Government to keep an especially close watch on Cuban affairs.

It is recognized by Administration officials that if the United States should be compelled to go into Cuba it would be more difficult than before to get out again, and that the intervention would probably be considerably prolonged. But instead of that making the idea of intervention more acceptable to the Government it has made the President and his advisers more than ever anxious to avoid a third intervention.

Veterans at Bottom of It.

There has been trouble in Cuba ever since the organization of the Veteran movement last Fall. The Veterans started out with what American officials very familiar with Cuban affairs described as "respectable leadership." The original contention was that the public offices should be filled by men who had fought for the independence of Cuba, and that there should be no places for those Cubans who had either fought against independence or had sympathized with the Spaniards. The movement was not very old before its leadership began to deteriorate and its demands to become more and more radical.

President Gomez temporized with the Veterans for a while. He felt that he was protected by the civil service law passed by the provisional government of the second intervention. But when he was finally forced to show his hand the Veterans promptly came back with a demand for the suspension of the Civil Service Law. They caused the introduction in the Cuban Congress of a bill to suspend the civil service law for eighteen months. Gomez did not declare himself on that measure. It passed the House and went to the Senate, where it was amended to cover the judiciary as well as other branches of the public service, the House having left the judiciary out in its bill.

In the amended form the bill was accepted by the House and went to President Gomez for his action. That forced him into the open; and he yielded to the Veterans and signed the bill. It will be recalled that when this bill was sent to the Senate the situation became so critical that this Government was much concerned. It was reported in these dispatches then, early in December, that the Cuban situation was the subject of very serious consideration at both the State and War departments. But that crisis has passed and the State Department hopes that matters will quiet down without the necessity for drastic action by the United States.

Trying to Coerce Gomez.

Matters since then have shown that the measure will not satisfy the Veterans and that the concessions of President Gomez only increase their demands. The real purpose of their leaders seems to be made clear by their threat to resort to the last measures in case Gomez will not suspend or wink at the non-enforcement of his decree forbidding army and rural guard officers to participate in politics. It comes after a practical settlement of the question of the offices had been made.

As soon as the law suspending the civil service had been signed Gomez announced the appointment of a commission to hear the claims of the Veterans and their protests against men then in office. This commission is known in Havana as the "decapitating committee." It is now at work, its first complaint having been against ninety of the city policemen of Havana. Nothing has come from Havana as yet to show the range of the complaints that will be lodged with the decapitating committee or the scope of the demands of the Veterans, but it is regarded as extremely significant that this latest crisis has nothing to do with the demands of the job hunters and goes far beyond anything that had previously occurred.

Unofficial information reached this Government some time ago to the effect that Gen. Monteagudo, the commandant of the Cuban Army, had reported to President Gomez that he could not depend on the army in case of trouble. In the event of revolution, Gomez would be worse than helpless without the loyal support of the army. The recognition of that fact has increased the concern of this Government over the situation.

Seriousness of the Situation.

Some doubt was expressed at the War Department this afternoon as to the exact correctness of Mr. Beaupre's report that the Gomez decree forbade army and Rural Guard officers to attend meetings of the veterans. It was said by ramy officers who are thoroughly familiar with Cuban affairs that such a decree would put the veterans now in the army to supreme test, as it would force them to choose between the Government and the veterans. One army officer of rank, who has had extended experience in Cuba, said:

"If there is any real disposition on the part of the Cubans to avoid trouble it will be shown in what they do with regard to the approaching Presidential campaign. If, for instance, Mario Menocal should be willing to leave his $50,000 management of the Chappara sugar estates and become the candidate of the Conservative Cubans, and if Gomez should be willing to join the Conservatives to elect him, there would be substantial grounds for hoping that trouble could be avoided."

Major Gen. Leonard Wood, Chief of Staff, said to-night that the news of the note to the Cuban Government came to him as a complete surprise. He was unwilling to talk about it because of the danger of stirring up bad feeling, but he said that this Government, under the standing arrangements maintained with reference to the mobilization of troops for any emergency on the Atlantic or the Pacific Coasts, could put anywhere from 5,000 to 8,000 troops in Cuba within five days.

The transports are waiting at Newport News all in order for immediate use, having been overhauled and put in perfect condition for the mobilization movement last Spring to the Mexican border. Supplies are on hand or can be under contract for delivery within a few hours for shipment by transport from Newport News.

Troops That Could Go.

The army organizations that would be first to be called on for service in Cuba would be the Fifth Infantry, Plattsburg, N. Y.; the Twenty-ninth Infantry at Forts Porter, Jay, and Niagara, New York; Twenty-sixth Infantry at Fort Benjamin Harrison, Indiana; the Tenth Cavalry at Fort Ethan Allen Vermont, and the Eleventh Cavalry at Fort Oglethorpe.

Probably, as in 1906, the first men to be landed at Havana would be United States Marines. There are twelve companies of seventy men each with the fleet at Guantanamo. There are two companies in Washington, six in Norfolk, and six in Philadelphia. In forty-eight hours a regiment could be sent from the Atlantic Coast stations, and in a few days, not to exceed five, another could be sent from the stations furthest to the north. A regiment is available from Mare Island. The transports Prairie and Dixie and several battleships not in the fleet are available for transportation. There are at this time available for immediate orders practically four regiments that could sail within five days. There is no likelihood that marines from the Pacific Coast would be used for the purpose of an army of pacification.

Specific authority for intervention by the United States in Cuba is contained in Article III. of the treaty of 1903, providing for the relations of this Government with Cuba. That treaty was made in accordance with the terms of what is known as the Platt amendment, offered by the late Senator O. H. Platt of Connecticut, to the Army Appropriation bill for 1902. It was designed to carry out the decision in the joint resolution of Congress of April 20, 1898, which recognized the independence of Cuba and declared war with Spain and which also authorized the President "to leave the Government and control of the island of Cuba to its people."

Capt. Frank Parker of the Eleventh Cavalry, who is stationed in Cuba as an instructor to the cavalry organizations of the Cuban Army, was in Washington for a few hours to-day on military duty, and left to-night for Havana. Capt. Parker, in view of his relations to the Cuban Government, refused to discuss the situation, but it is understood that he regards it as critical. The extent of the veterans' association and the pro-military party is, in his judgment, very great, and includes all parts of the island. Capt. Parker was told of the note telegraphed to-day to Minister Beaupre and seemed to expect that more serious action was likely to follow.

RALLY AROUND GOMEZ.

Two Liberal Factions Resolve to Resist the Cuban Veterans.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, Jan. 16.—The Liberal members of Congress, both Zayista and Miguelista, frightened by Secretary Knox's note warning Cuba to settle quickly its internal affairs, met this afternoon and resolved to unite and resist the veterans by renominating Gomez and Zayes. They will hold a national convention within sixty days.

CUBANS ARE RESENTFUL.

President Gomez Says There is No Occasion for Our Intervention.

HAVANA, Jan. 16.—The news of the threatened intervention by the United States in Cuban affairs, which was published in the late editions of the Havana afternoon papers, coming without the least warning, created intense excitement in the clubs and cafés, and in all places of public gathering it was the absorbing topic of discussion. Astonishment and resentment against American interference were mingled with very general incredulity.

Later, as the news was fully confirmed, the impression became general that the suggestion of intervention would probably have a good effect in calming the existing veteran agitation and in quieting political excitement.

President Gomez, seen at the Palace to-night, said:

"I have only recently received Secretary Knox's note, through the American Minister, Mr. Beaupré, and have not yet made a reply, but probably will do so to-morrow. I am convinced that no occasion has yet arisen for any intimation of intervention. I believe that the Washington Government's attitude is based on an erroneous view of the conditions in Cuba, arising from distorted and greatly exaggerated reports from Havana."

When it was suggested that the action of the Administration at Washington was probably based on reports from Minister Beaupré, the President replied that he did not have the honor of knowing the character of the Minister's reports. Continuing, he said:

"Peace reigns throughout Cuba and will continue to reign. I am fully in control of the situation, which does not call for alarm, and I am abundantly able to enforce the laws, applying not only to those in military service, but to all citi-

WHY BIG BUSINESS IS ATTACKING TAFT

Because Trust Prosecutions Can't Be Called Off, Say His Friends.

KNOWS PERKINS FIGHTS HIM

Believes He Supplies the Anti-Taft Cash—La Follette Angered by Reports of a Deal.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—The attack on President Taft by Darwin R. Kingsley, President of the New York Life Insurance Company, at the bankers' dinner in New York last night, was the occasion of neither excitement nor surprise among the Taft supporters here to-day. It was said that this attack was exactly what was to be expected from that quarter, and that more similar outbursts may be looked for before the campaign is ended. But the matter of Mr. Kingsley's speech is not only what was to be expected from that quarter, but what has been employed by numerous other "big business" opponents of the Administration. It has an exceedingly familiar sound to the Taft managers here. It is the wail that has been going up from big business ever since this Administration started out on its programme of enforcement of the Sherman law three years ago.

The talk has always been the same, that most of the big business was thoroughly honest and entirely within the law, and that this honest and lawful business was seriously endangered by the prosecution of the few rascals. But as the Department of Justice has gone on, and one after another combination in restraint of trade has been haled into court, either on civil suit or on criminal indictment, there has appeared a demonstration that all sorts and kinds of business are infected with the same virus that was found in the Standard Oil and Tobacco cases. But nothing has occurred to cause the President or Attorney General Wickersham to hesitate or to alter their course in any particular.

Mr. Kingsley is another of the advocates of the proposition that competition has been superseded as an economic principle by combination. His fellow official of the New York Life Insurance Company, George W. Perkins, is the chief advocate of this new principle and has been supporting his ideas before the Senate Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce, which is now conducting hearings on the general subject.

There is a special reason, according to the Taft supporters here, for the opposition of these gentlemen to the President. It is connected with Mr. Taft's action in notifying Russia of the intention of this Government to terminate the treaty of 1832. Mr. Perkins is interested in the International Harvester Company, which is now seeking to avoid prosecution by the Government as a trust, as well as in the New York Life. The Harvester Trust and the life insurance company both have large business in Russia. The Harvester Trust has plants there and the New York Life operates there under a special authorization from the Russian Government. Both concerns were naturally alarmed lest the termination of the treaty of 1832 should interfere with their business, and both either appealed directly to the Administration not to interfere with the treaty or objected strongly to the abrogation of it.

The reasons actuating the recent anti-Taft political activities of these gentlemen and others associated with them have all along been perfectly clear to Administration supporters, and no new form which their opposition may take will cause surprise among the Taft managers here. It has long been understood, for instance, in Administration circles, that Mr. Perkins was putting up some of the money that is paying the anti-Taft workers, and it is thoroughly realized that there will be plenty of anti-Taft money available during the campaign coming from these and similar sources.

This same element is now striving to make it appear that the publication on Sunday night of the extract from Postmaster General Hitchcock's forthcoming annual report favoring the Goverment acquisition of the telegraph lines of the country has put a strain on the relations between the President and Mr. Hitchcock that will probably lead to the retirement of the Postmaster General from the Cabinet.

But the information obtainable from Administration sources to-day was to the effect that the matter was not discussed at all in the Cabinet meeting this morning, and when the Postmaster General's report comes out it will probably be found to contain this recommendation. It was said that the President would content himself with merely indicating that Mr. Hitchcock's advocacy of the project was the expression of his personal views, after much study of the subject, and was not put forth as an Administration project.

The supporters of Senator La Follette here are indignant at the attempts to make it appear that he has anything to do with the George W. Perkins-Dan R. Hanna-Roosevelt movement to beat President Taft. The Wisconsin Senator, they say, is making an honest appeal to the American people for support. He could not be brought into a deal with Mr. Perkins and is not in one with Dan Hanna.

It is not unlikely that in view of the efforts to yoke the name of the Wisconsin Senator with those of Perkins and Hanna, Senator La Follette will in his speech at Carnegie Hall next Monday deal with some of the campaign canards that have been launched to prejudice his candidacy.

FACKLER HECKLES ROOSEVELT.

Ohio Progressive Asks Where He Stands on Trusts, Tariff, and Money.

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Jan. 16.—John D. Fackler, Chairman of the Progressive Republican organization of Ohio, sent a letter to Theodore Roosevelt to-day, referring to the ex-President's alleged candidacy for the Presidential nomination, and calling upon him to tell the people where he stands on the trust, tariff, and money questions. The letter says:

> The activity of a few of your friends and many of your former ostensible enemies, in attempting to secure for you the Republican nomination for President, has caused the people to become especially desirous of knowing your position upon certain important public questions.
>
> In all probability the three great issues in the next Presidential election will be the tariff, the trusts, and the money question.
>
> As to the tariff, it is pointed out that during the several years of your Administration as President, so far as any official action was concerned, you did nothing. The insurgent movement in the Republican Party was born as a protest against the iniquities of the present tariff law. The people wish to know your position on the tariff.
>
> The tremendous consolidation of industrial corporations which took place during your Administration has created the demand, which cannot be refused, for some sort of control by the Government, over these corporations. You have declared in favor of Federal incorporation and license. The American people are unalterably opposed to such a plan, unless at the time of Federal incorporation the water is squeezed out of our industrial monopolies and the stock of such incorporated companies limited to their actual value as going concerns and stripped of any value incident to the abnormal earning power of monopoly.
>
> Would you take the water out of our dropsical corporations at the time of Federal incorporation?
>
> What is your attitude with reference to the Aldrich monetary scheme and the National Reserve Association?
>
> The people will oppose to the limit any further concentration in Wall Street of the control over the credits of the business world.

The letter means that Ohio Progressives recognize Roosevelt as a probable candidate.

PIPE DREAMS, SAYS ROOSEVELT.

Thus Characterizes the Report That Perkins is Behind His Boom.

Col. Theodore Roosevelt characterized yesterday as "pipe dreams" and "tomfoolery" the reports from Indianapolis that he was favored by the steel interests for the Presidential nomination. George W. Perkins, according to report, is back of the plan to have Mr. Roosevelt nominated unless President Taft called off the present steel investigation.

"I will not discuss 'pipe dreams' from Indianapolis or anywhere else," said Mr. Roosevelt with a snap of his teeth, when the matter was brought to his attention.

"There are depths of tomfoolery that I cannot notice," he added with the air of one who had read all about the rumors and knew whereof he spoke.

"Have you read Mr. Carnegie's testimony before the House committee?" Mr. Roosevelt was asked.

"I didn't know he testified," replied the Colonel, looking his questioner squarely in the face and laughing quietly to himself.

"We hear from Washington," went on an intrepid reporter, "that Postmaster General Hitchcock said to-day that Government ownership of the telegraph lines is favored by President Taft."

"Do you?" inquired the Colonel with a genial smile.

Hoping to obtain a more extended statement, another reporter asked the Colonel to comment upon the ruling of the Supreme Court of the United States upholding the employers' liability law and reversing the decision handed down by Gov. Baldwin of Connecticut when he was on the bench.

"Is it necessary?" asked the Colonel, with a significant droop of the left eyelid.

The Colonel in almost the same breath declined an invitation extended by Horace Petit of Philadelphia to attend the dinner of the Lincoln Club at that city on Feb. 12.

"I could no more speak than I could fly," said the Colonel with finality.

ASSAILS LODGE PLAN.

Senate's Review of Rulings Would Nullify Them, Says Rayner.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—The debate in open session of the Senate on the general arbitration treaties began this afternoon with a strong appeal by Mr. Rayner of Maryland for the ratification of the treaties without curtailing their scope. Mr. Rayner is a Democratic member of the Committee of Foreign Relations, and when the treaties first reached the Senate last Summer he favored some amendment. Since then, however, he has changed to their most ardent advocate, and to-day he took sharp issue with the majority of the committee in its efforts to change the conventions either by amendment or in the Lodge resolution of ratification.

Mr. Rayner's argument was mostly of a legal sort, but it commanded close attention. He insisted that the treaties, if left unimpaired, would not under any circumstances imperil our National policies. These policies, he said, are not "justifiable" either by reason of claim of right, or law or equity, and so fall completely outside the terms of the treaties. The regulation of immigration, he said, is a right inherent in sovereignty and cannot be questioned under any treaty. The Monroe doctrine, he said, is equally unsusceptible of arbitration and questions of National honor could not be touched.

The Lodge resolution Mr. Rayner openly assailed as in fact nullifying Article III. of the treaties, which is their most important article. To authorize a joint high commission of inquiry, he said, to determine whether or not a particular difference is justifiable and then to let the United States, through the Senate, review that decision, is as illogical as to let either party to a litigation reverse the court's findings. Rather than go through the "furious farce" of adopting the Lodge resolution, Mr. Rayner said he would advocate reciting Article III. so that it would expressly reserve to the Senate without any apparent grant to the high commission the final say for the United States as to the justifiability of a question.

Senator Rayner added that the treaties did not mean an alliance with Great Britain or any other country.

TAFT ON GUARD OVER VETOES

Won't Be Caught Napping When Next Free List Bills Come to Him.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—The President's determination not to be caught in a position where, for the sake of consistency, he will again have to veto tariff acts reducing duties on widely used imports on the ground that no authoritative data on the subject at issue is available, has taken a new turn that promises interesting political results. The Democrats last Summer put boots and shoes on the free list bill, which the President promptly vetoed. Now, to avoid having to repeat that veto, steps have been taken to rush together all available data on the subject of leather, hides, boots, and shoes.

The Tariff Board, whose continued existence hangs by a thread, has yet at its disposal about $60,000. It has been determined to use all this sum in the hurried collection of data on the various leather and hides items. This information will probably be sent in a formal way to the House, theoretically for the use of the Ways and Means Committee, but politicians here think its real use will be for the President personally when the question of his veto arises.

BARNES NEED NOT ANSWER.

Court of Appeals Decides Against Osborne in Albany Inquiry.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 16.—By a vote of five to two the Court of Appeals to-day sustained William Barnes, Jr., in his refusal to answer certain questions asked while he was a witness before the Senate committee which investigated the affairs of Albany last Fall. By the same vote the court also held that he need not produce the books of the Journal Company, of which he is President.

While it was held that the section of the Code of Civil Procedure under which the proceeding against Mr. Barnes was brought was Constitutional, the court took the ground that he was within his rights when he refused to answer.

In September Mr. Barnes, as the Republican leader of Albany, was called as a witness by James W. Osborne, counsel for the Senate Committee, and for two days he was questioned concerning city and county affairs. In the course of the investigation it was shown that Mr. Barnes was a quarter owner of the stock of the J. B. Lyon Company, which contracted for a large amount of printing for Albany County without public bidding. In this connection Mr. Osborne asked Mr. Barnes when he acquired his stock how much he paid for it and if it was a gift. Mr. Osborne demanded the books of the Journal Company to see whether or not other city contractors had paid tribute to the Journal Company.

On these refusals Justice Joseph A. Kellogg of Glens Falls was asked to make an order committing Mr. Barnes to jail, the proceeding being brought under Section 856 of the Code of Civil Procedure. Justice Kellogg upheld the constitutionality of the section, deciding that Mr. Barnes should answer five questions relating to the Lyon Company stock and produce his books or go to jail. The Appellate Division reversed the order.

ACCUSES BIG BANKS OF MANIPULATIONS

Continued from Page 1.

that way. But, as a matter of fact, Mr. Underwood's objections go far deeper. He is convinced that the one big issue before the country, and the one issue on which the Democrats can appeal to the country with strong hopes of victory, is the tariff.

Insurgents for the Inquiry.

The insurgents, in so far as they take any stand at all, are naturally with the Bryan Democrats for the investigation. The reactionaries, on the other hand, while personally against an investigation of the largest contributors to their campaign fund, see little advantage to the Democrats in the investigation, and would therefore not mind their going ahead as far as they can. But the reactionaries manifestly can't do much talking in that direction. They are simply waiting the opportunity either to head off the investigation, if that seems feasible, or to have the investigation proceed with all the responsibility resting on Democratic shoulders.

A meeting of the House committee on Steel Trust affairs has been called for next Monday, when subpoenas on President J. J. Farrell and other officers of the Steel Corporation to appear with their books and other documents are returnable.

The House Committee on Naval Affairs to-day amended a resolution by Chairman Stanley of the Steel Trust committee so as to ask for a general report from the Secretary of the Navy on all expenditures and bids for armor, armor plate, and ammunition this fiscal year. This eliminates specific reference to but covers generally the United States Steel Corporation.

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MORE THEATRE RIOTS GREET 'THE PLAYBOY'

Skirmishes and Ejections Follow Hurling of Missiles at Stage in Philadelphia.

FOURTEEN MEN LOCKED UP

Acting of Curtain Raiser Marked by Violent Sneezing, Caused by Scattering of Snuff—Police Pack House.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 16.—Three separate clashes between the police and uproarious protestants against John M. Synge's "The Playboy of the Western World," a score of skirmishes and ejections, and a dozen arrests marred the presentation of that play to-night at the Adelphi.

In the course of the performance an egg, half a dozen crumpled programmes, and a section of a very moist pie were hurled at the players. The egg came from the gallery in the course of the first act. It caused the brave Christy to dodge, and came within an inch of hitting Pegeen Mike. It was followed by a few programmes, which landed in the orchestra pit.

Toward the end of the second act there was another uprising. In the midst of this the piece of pie shot over the heads of the thrilled audience, leaving its soft trail behind it. It landed at the bare feet of Susan Brady. More programmes accompanied it. More men were ejected, and when it was over, twelve hats, mangled beyond recognition, and the sleeve of a black coat were picked up in the aisle.

Again in the third act the protest was repeated. A red-faced individual, in the middle of the parquet, rose to his feet. Christy had just reiterated his boast of parricide and Pegeen Mike and the other colleens were standing by, awed and worshipful.

The rubicund individual fortified himself with a long pull at a black bottle and struck an attitude. In his left hand he had a manuscript.

"In the name of County Down," he began, reading from the manuscript, "I hereby—"

He got no further. John Duey, one of the forty detectives present, obtained a hold of the orator's coat and hauled him without ceremony to the lobby. There he was handed over to a traffic policeman and hustled to the City Hall.

In all fourteen men, all but one of whom told the Sergeant in the cell room that they were born in Ireland, were locked up.

Crowds thronged City Hall and became so great that the police were finally compelled to evict them from the building and close the elevator entrances.

There were thirty uniformed policemen in various parts of the theatre. A score were stationed in the lobby. As each rioter was brought out, he was greeted by a host of sympathizers on the pavement. Another crowd of sympathizers met them in the City Hall. As they were brought in by detectives they were cheered and hailed as martyrs and patriots.

Assistant District Attorney Gray, representing Joseph McLaughlin, Second Vice President of the Ancient Order of Hibernians and a saloon keeper, who made strenuous objections at the performance on Monday night, was present in the cell room and obtained copies of the charges in all cases. Gray said that he would appear in behalf of the prisoners to-morrow, and that he would take steps to obtain an injunction against the play. Gray said he represented McLaughlin personally, and not the Ancient Order of Hibernians.

The prisoners were released shortly after the performance ended and joined their cheering friends. They formed a procession and marched passed the darkened theatre, shouting and jeering.

Trouble was in the air before the curtain rose. Lieut. Mills, Supt. Taylor, Detective Captain Souder, and a score of police officials were among the early arrivals. With them they brought forty detectives and as many policemen. Each detective had a seat, while the policemen were scattered over the house where they thought they would be needed.

"The Playboy" was preceded by a one-act allegory by William Butler Yeats, "Kathleen Ni Houlihan." It was quite patent that there would be trouble before this was over. Some one in the gallery opened a package of snuff and began throwing it in the air. The audience fell to sneezing and coughing with a vigor that destroyed the lines of the players.

The police failed to locate the snuff thrower, and the curtain went down on "Kathleen" in a storm of coughing and sneezing. Manager Blumberg, in the interlim between the curtain raiser and "The Playboy," told Supt. Taylor that anybody ejected could get his money back.

The audience was a three-sided one. Scores of fashionable folks had come to see the Irish Players, and, incidentally, to watch for the side show of disturbances. Then there were an equal number of men and women unmistakably Irish and scowling in anticipation of the blight that was to be cast upon the Irish character by the "braggart patricide-liar."

Then there were the policemen. Altogether it was a crowded house and one warranted to start almost anything.

All went well until in the first act the boy Christy was warming his shins by the fireside. Pegeen Mike, Michael, and Philly were listening to his fanciful story of murder with their mouths agape. A man in a row to the extreme left of the theatre arose.

"Sure, this is a shame, it is!" he roared. "I was born in Ireland and never was there any such carryings on there. It is a disgrace to my manhood. Sure, I can't stand it, I can't."

By that time two policemen and two detectives were by his side trying to calm him. They told him to leave the theatre and that he could have his money back. He refused and they began to carry him out.

At once fifty men arose in various parts of the house.

"Leave him alone," they shouted.

"Shame, shame! Cannot a man be a patriot?"

"In the name of Shamus O'Brien, who died like a patriot, and as a descendant of Brian Boru," roared another man in the right of the parquet circle, "I can stand this no longer. Men of Ireland, where are you?"

"Here we are, here we are!" came the answer.

A score of policemen and detectives charged down the aisle. In an instant there were a score of tussles. Three chairs were broken, and hats, coats, and noses were damaged. Seven men were journeying on their way to the City Hall in a minute or so, and half a dozen more were thrown bodily into the snow drift in the gutter.

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BABY IN HER ARMS DEAD FROM THE COLD

Poor Suffered When Mercury Fell to 1 Above Zero—Warm Wave Coming To-day.

SAILING SHIPS FAST IN ICE

Venturesome Men Cross the Frozen Hudson in an Automobile—Atlantic Fleets Reach Port Iceclad.

New York escaped zero weather by a single degree yesterday, and for a while it looked like another bitter cold spell, but it was not for long, and last night the Weather Bureau gave out the comforting forecast that to-day was to be as fair as was yesterday and much warmer, and that the good weather would go over into the next day at least.

It was at 8:30 A. M. yesterday that the thermometer in the Weather Bureau registered 1 degree above zero. In the half hour between 8 and 8:30 A. M. the thermometer dropped 2 degrees and then it stopped and once more began to climb. At 8 P. M. last night it was 12 above, and it was said that it would probably drop several degrees before morning, but that would be all, and to-day the change to warmer weather would be early apparent.

The most pathetic case of suffering due to the cold was that of Mrs. John Couljitska of 57 Broome Street. With her husband and a baby she lived in a little flat of two rooms. Some one telephoned Gouverneur Hospital that Mrs. Couljitska and her baby were in need of medical attention. Dr. Markel was sent to the house, and he found the mother with a dead baby clasped to her breast. The baby, a boy, was 2 months old, and the mother refused to believe Dr. Markel when he told her that the little one was dead. The father had been out of work several weeks, and the family was reduced to the extremes of poverty. There was no fuel, and the mother was ill of rheumatism, and it was the extreme cold and lack of nourishment that resulted in the death of the baby.

Another place where the pangs of poverty were apparent was the old hospital building at 50 Varick Street. There Trinity Church has been housing and feeding homeless men for more than a week. It was stated yesterday that more than 2,000 have been succored during the cold spell. At the Municipal Lodging House it was said that the house was still being taxed to capacity in caring for the homeless of both sexes.

Several accidents due to ice on the streets were reported by the police, the most serious being that of Mrs. Pauline Morton, a nurse, of 427 West Fifty-second Street. She slipped at Forty-third Street and Broadway, last night, and was taken to Flower Hospital suffering from a fracture of the left leg. An Italian laborer fell into the North River while at work on a barge that was moored at the foot of West Twenty-fourth Street. He was fished out, and taken to the New York Hospital.

Ice in the Hudson has not been so thick in years as it is now. At Tarrytown Baker Coleman, William Connors, and Frederick Koenig tested its stability with a big touring car. The Hudson is three miles wide there and the current is very swift. Koenig was at the wheel when the car left the Tarrytown side of the river. He proceeded with great caution. In places the ice was piled high in jagged masses, and the car had to be manoeuvred around these obstacles. The car landed on the other side of the river fifteen minutes after leaving Tarrytown. The three young men did not return in the car, but walked across. One such trip in a machine, they said, would last for a lifetime.

Ice-coated ships that came into New York Harbor yesterday reached their piers without difficulty, as the ice is several miles above the city line. The big liners coming in were icebound as Northern whalers. The biggest of the crystal-clad fleet were the George Washington of the North German Lloyd Line, the Cunarder Franconia, and the Red Star liner Lapland. Two other big ships that arrived ice-coated last night were the Berlin from Naples and the Laurentic from Liverpool.

Down on Staten Island the faithful commuter had his troubles, and several of the trains of the Staten Island Rapid Transit went out of commission, temporally, as a result of the intense cold and the freezing of water in the locomotive pipes. There was also some ferry trouble because of the ice in the kills, and the ferry lines between Richmond and the Jersey side all moved at slackened speed.

The Curb brokers in Broad Street had to jump to keep warm, but being stouthearted they stuck it out until the change for the better came, and there was no let-up in Curb business.

From many places came reports of sailing vessels that are in the ice with no immediate chance of getting free. Two of the nearest are the Rothesay, which is fast in the ice near Stepping Stone Light, off Fort Totten, and the Helen Montague, which is in the same difficulty, near Hart's Island.

FARLEY HOME; WELCOME TO-DAY

Continued from Page 1.

the revenue cutter passes yesterday, required a promise from each applicant for a pass not to take cameras aboard.

About 10 o'clock the liner will dock in Hoboken. The long pier has been decorated with Papal, American, German, and a single Irish flag, and the gangway has been specially clothed in bunting of National and Papal colors. All the passengers, excepting only the Cardinal and his suite, will disembark when the boat docks. The pier will not be crowded with Hoboken spectators, as has been commonly supposed. Chief Hayes of the Hoboken Police Department, in fact, has had instructions to keep the pier clear of sightseers. There will be 150 special officers from the Custom House on hand to help the Hoboken police.

On the steamer Rosedale, which will leave the Battery in time to run alongside the Berlin while she is proceeding to her dock, will be 600 prominent Catholic laymen of New York, headed by a single prelate, the Right Rev. Mgr. Joseph F. Mooney, representing the Cardinal's reception committee. The Rosedale will dock at one end of the same pier as the Berlin. The moment the Berlin is cleared of passengers this reception committee will file aboard, headed by Mgr. Mooney and Justice Victor J. Dowling, and possibly Auxiliary Bishop Cusack, who is expected to meet the Rosedale's committee on the Hoboken dock. These and the Chairman of each committee will be the guests of the Cardinal at luncheon.

The luncheon will last until about noon, and has been arranged, it was said yesterday, first to acquaint the Cardinal with the full plans of the Reception Committee, and, secondly, to give every one in Manhattan a chance to have a part in the grand review by delaying it until afternoon. As planned, the parade will begin from the Battery shortly after 12:30.

When the Cardinal Lands.

After the luncheon the Cardinal and his suite, walking in the midst of the Reception Committee, will board the Rosedale, which will then proceed immediately to Pier A, the Battery, where thousands of noisy welcomers will be awaiting the papal dignitary.

Cardinal Farley will have a seat in an open carriages, and will head a procession of 150 automobiles by way of Broadway to Twenty-third Street, thence up Fifth Avenue to the Cathedral, escorted by 1,400 policemen, mounted and unmounted, under the personal supervision of Police Commissioner Waldo. It will be a triumphal entry of Manhattan not equalled since the homecoming of ex-President Theodore Roosevelt after his tour of the world.

Places have been assigned to all the Catholic societies in the Cardinal's archdiocese on the curbs along the line of march. There will be nearly 100,000 members of these societies in line, each member equipped with a National and a papal flag and streamers of ribbon and a good cheering voice. In addition, the crowds of spectators which are expected to take possession of the side streets will no doubt number hundreds of thousands.

Among the societies and other Catholic bodies in line on the curb, beginning at the Battery and extending on both sides of Broadway and Fifth Avenue to the door of the cathedral, will be:

The Holy Name Society, Society of St. Vincent de Paul, Knights of Columbus, Catholic Benevolent Legion, Ancient Order of Hibernians, Dominican Lyceum, German Catholic societies, Hungarian Catholic societies, Polish Catholic societies, Bohemian Catholic societies, delegations of Armenian Catholics, delegations of Greek Catholics, delegations of Spanish Catholics, students of Fordham University, the Catholic Club, St. Francis Xavier Cadets, Manhattan College students, St. Francis Xavier College students, delegation of St. Francis Xavier Alumni Sodality, St. Monica's Lyceum, Brownson Catholic Club, boys from the Mission of the Immaculate Virgin, delegation of League of the Sacred Heart, Cathedral College Students, De La Salle Institute students, Clason Military Academy students, Catholic Mutual Benefit Association, officers of the Federation of Catholic Societies, and bodies of Catholic workingmen.

The space in front of the Cathedral and directly north and south of it will be reserved for women and children. At the main entrance will be assembled the Cathedral clergy, parish rectors, seminarians, and representatives of the religious orders and the trustees of the Cathedral parish.

A company of Papal Knights, consisting of John D. Crimmins, Morgan J. O'Brien, Eugene A. Philbin, George W. Loft, Adrian Iselin, Jr., Dr. Charles G. Herbermann, Dr. James J. Walsh, Dr. Thomas Addis Emmet, Dr. Francis J. Quinlan, Dr. Thomas P. McParlan, Justice John J. Delany, Judge Thomas C. O'Sullivan, Thomas M. Mulry, Bernard Coleman, and Edmund G. Hurley, will conduct the Cardinal from his automobile to the sanctuary, while 6,000 school children, directed by Father John J. Keane, will sing hymns of welcome.

The Cathedral Ceremony.

To eliminate the possibility of fatigue, the programme of services in the Cathedral to-day has been made brief. Mgr. Hayes, Chancellor of the diocese and master of ceremonies for this occasion, described yesterday the ceremony prescribed in the liturgy of the church for the reception of a Cardinal just returning to his diocese from Rome.

"The forms commanded are found under the title 'Ordo ad Recipiendum Prelatum vel Episcopum' in the Roman Pontifical," he said.

"On his entrance into the church the Cardinal is vested in the cappa magna. This has an ermine covering for the shoulders, and has a long train attached. The Cardinal kneels and kisses a crucifix, which is presented to him by Mgr. Lavelle, rector of the Cathedral. Mgr. Lavelle wears a cope.

"Holy water is sprinkled by the Cardinal on all present. Incense is blessed, and the Cardinal is incensed by the rector. Then, as the procession moves up the middle aisle, the 6,000 children sing in English the 'Viva Cardinalis.' The procession moves to the sanctuary, where the Cardinal recites a prayer. Then he goes to his episcopal throne, where he receives a few words of welcome from the Right Rev. Mgr. James H. McGean, who, by virtue of being rector of St. Peter's Church, Barclay Street, is the senior of the clergy. Justice Dowling will also read a formal address of welcome, and the Cardinal will briefly reply.

"Then the children, the clergy, the seminarians, and the Cathedral College students will chant the 'Te Deum Laudamus,' followed by the benediction, which will probably be said by Mgr. Lavelle. The whole ceremony will not take more than three-quarters of an hour. The Cardinal will then proceed to his home on Madison Avenue for a rest."

The church will be decorated for the afternoon exercises with evergreen and red wreaths, and near the Cardinal's throne, behind a cluster of red and white, will hang the tapestry given him by the Paulist Fathers. Possibly, as the Cardinal is making his exit, the lights on the Cathedral will be turned on, even though daylight will not yet have waned.

Cathedral Illumination at Night.

This will end the day so far as the Cardinal's participation in the events is concerned. From the windows in the rear of his house, however, he will be able to see the magnificent lighting of the Cathedral at night. Aside from the 50,000 electric bulbs lighting up the main edifice and spires, there will be a row of arc lights, elevated on poles, extending all around the building. Alternate National and Papal flags, visible in the intense light of these arc lights, will flutter from high poles all about the Cathedral. The large electric emblem representing the Cardinal's coat of arms, a shamrock with two eagle heads on the left side and two doves on the right side, will be lighted up in the arched space between the two spires of the Cathedral. These will be in colors. There will be no exercises inside the Cathedral at night.

For the first time since the Pan-American Exposition in Buffalo the novel feature of gradual illumination rather than instant will be accomplished in the lighting of the Cathedral. To get this effect nine feeder cables have been run direct to a generator in the substation of the New York Edison Company, Fifty-third Street and Sixth Avenue, which will start the current and bring the lights of the Cathedral from their first glow up to their highest candle power. The 221 switches in the building have all been closed, so that the entire lighting system will be controlled from the starting of the generator. From five to seven minutes will be required to fully develop the current and bring the lights up to their highest efficiency.

Excepting only the calls which Cardinal Farley will receive from eminent clergy and laymen, there will be no further reception until next Sunday evening, when the monster meeting at the Hippodrome will take place. This has been arranged by Frank W. Smith, Chairman of the Committee on Societies, and Senator James A. O'Gorman will preside. Justice Delany will deliver an address on "The Rev. John Murphy Farley." Michael J. Mulqueen, President of the Catholic Club, and Chairman of the Committee on Finances, will talk of Cardinal Farley as "The Bishop"; John G. Agar will make the next transition as "The Archbishop," and W. Bourke Cockran will deal with the Cardinal in his remarks as "His Eminence John Cardinal Farley." A set of resolutions will be presented for adoption by Supreme Court Justice Leonard A. Giegerich, and then Cardinal Farley will respond.

All seats at the meeting will be free. The boxes alone, sixty-five in number, have been sold, and the $3,000 which was realized in this way will go to defray expenses.

On the Thursday following, the formal Cardinalate elevation services in the Cathedral will take place. The services will be attended by most of the Roman Catholic Archbishops and Bishops of the United States and many of the clergy. The Archbishop of Philadelphia, Edmond F. Prendergast, D. D., will be the celebrant of the Pontifical Mass. The Auxiliary Bishop of the diocese of New York, the Right Rev. Thomas F. Cusack, will be the preacher.

The Right Rev. Mgr. Michael J. Lavelle, V. G., rector of the Cathedral, will also deliver an address in behalf of the clergy, and Justice Victor J. Dowling in the name of the laity. The visiting Archbishops and Bishops will be entertained by the Cardinal at his home, the Monsignori by Mgr. Lavelle at the rectory, and the clergy at the Cathedral College, where places for over 400 will be laid for a dinner. On the same night there will be a reception to the Cardinal at the Catholic Club, 120 Central Park South, which President Taft, as well as Gov. Dix and Mayor Gaynor, are expected to attend.

$25,000 Purse for the Cardinal.

Mr. Mulqueen said last night that over $20,000 had been collected to present to Cardinal Farley to help defray the expenses of his trip to Rome. The purse, he said, would very likely exceed $25,000 before this evening. The money will be presented to the Cardinal by a committee going personally to his house and without any public demonstration.

Some time early in February a citizens' dinner, being arranged by ex-Controller Herman A. Metz, will be held in honor of Cardinal Farley at the Waldorf-Astoria. Gov. Dix, it was said unofficially yesterday, will attend this dinner. The dinner is to represent the interest of non-Catholics, individuals, and organizations in the advent of Cardinal Farley to the New York diocese.

Cardinal Farley, who was for many years pastor of St. Gabriel's Church, through his secretary, Mgr. James V. Lewis, has accepted an invitation to attend the annual reunion and banquet of St. Gabriel's Alumni Association, which will be held at the Hotel Savoy on Tuesday, Feb. 13. In former years the invitations have been limited to members of the alumni, but this year, because of the presence of the Cardinal, it has been determined to extend the [illegible] of the reunion so as to include [illegible] men of St. Gabriel's, past and [illegible]. The list of speakers is being arranged by Toastmaster Cornelius F. Col

HAMMERSTEIN MAY CLOSE LONDON HOUSE

Delivers an Ultimatum: Either Subscriptions or No More Opera Provided by Him.

HIS CONTRACTS CONDITIONAL

He Has Made Provisional Engagements Here—Fickleness of the English Weather Against Him.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—Oscar Hammerstein signalized his return to London to-day by issuing an ultimatum which is an acknowledgment of defeat.

"If there are no subscriptions there will be no more grand opera in the London Opera House," was what he told a crowd of reporters who met him, eager to learn whether he had engaged Caruso for next season. Mr. Hammerstein begged that question by saying that he had made a large number of important contracts during his visit to New York, but all were conditional on the proviso that he get enough subscribers to justify him in running opera independently of that fickle jade the London weather.

"I made many provisional engagements," he said, "but I cannot discuss the names either of the new operas or the artists. The arrangements are for producing grand opera in English.

"Caruso? Not a word will I say. Why are you all over here so crazy about Caruso? I wish London were as interested in grand opera as it appears to be in a name. My own Harrold is a Caruso."

Mr. Hammerstein then delivered his ultimatum: "Nowhere in the world is grand opera produced without the guarantee of subscribers. It cannot be done. A Director cannot enter into contracts involving millions of dollars with only the fickleness of the weather to cover him. That is why my arrangements for next season are conditional. If there are no subscriptions, then there will be no more grand opera. I have built a house, produced operas, and given the people of London a sample of what they can obtain, but its continuance depends entirely upon subscribers.

"I have heard many objections, many excuses. Some object to my name, my religion, even my nose; others to the locality of the house, while it has been further explained that during the present season music-supporting society has been out of town.

"Very well, I accept these excuses, but I cannot repeat an experiment which has so far involved me in an outlay of £350,000, ($1,750,000.)

"After all, grand opera is a philanthropic institution. It is provided either by a state, a municipality, a number of rich people, or a little man like myself. So far I have not had the support of the people who ought to be the guarantors of grand opera in this city."

A NEW YORK TIMES correspondent saw Mr. Hammerstein to-night at his more than half empty Opera House, where the "Jongleur de Notre Dame" was being given. Rain had been falling, and there was a sad array of vacant stalls and boxes.

"There you are," said Oscar. "What's the use of trying to give opera with no subscribers and the weather against you? If subscriptions come along, all right. I am not going out with my hat in my hand to seek them. If they don't come, well, I have done all I am going to do for London."

Though evidently a deeply disappointed man, Mr. Hammerstein shows a brave face to the world. "I am told the inside of an English prison isn't an uncomfortable place," he said with a smile, "for they do put you in jail for debt, don't they?"

Though Mr. Hammerstein's career has been full of surprising turns of fortune, the general opinion is that he has spoiled what chances of success remained by his avowal of inability to cope with the conditions that attend his London venture.

The news that Oscar Hammerstin had threatened to close his opera house in London for lack of support will not create any surprise in this city to those who were aware of the financial results of his enterprise on the other side. It is stated that he came to this country on the Lusitania to raise money by giving a second mortgage on his London property, and failed to get it. The first mortgage was obtained in London.

When Mr. Hammerstein opened his opera house in London he was confident that he would get the support of society and sell his boxes at £1,000 each for the season. Society was well represented for the first few nights by persons who came out of curiosity, but this was not kept up. Mr. Hammerstein had promised the London public that he would give grand opera at popular prices—$2.50 for the orchestra stalls—and the well-to-do middle class would, it is believed, have supported him, but instead he charges Covent Garden prices.

The greatest bar to Mr. Hammerstein's success has been the fact that the Covent Garden opera has the London rights to the Riccordi music, which includes all Puccini's operas and others which are popular.

Before he went to London Mr. Hammerstein was told that millions of dollars had been spent by impresarios in the last fifty years in attempting to create a real demand for opera in the British public, but he laughed at those who warned him.

HIT HAMMERSTEIN SINGER.

Manager for Vallandri Fined in London for Attack on Pollock.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—Frank Pollock, one of Hammerstein's American tenors, was plaintiff in the Bow Street Police Court to-day. The defendant, John Salter Hansen, was charged with assaulting Pollock in the wings of the London Opera House, hitting him on the ear with his fist. Hansen is the agent for Mme. Vallandri, another Hammersteinian star.

According to the evidence Hansen approached Pollock while the latter was talking to Vallandri and intimated that Pollock had no musical ability. Pollock turned away and Hansen hit him, it is declared. The Magistrate fined Hansen $10 or fourteen days' imprisonment.

BABEL AT CONFERENCE.

Even President of Opium Negotiators Does Not Understand French.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—Little has been heard so far of the doings of the International Opium Conference, which resumed its sittings at The Hague a week ago, and, according to the special correspondent of The Times, the path of the delegates is not strewn with roses.

Among other difficulties that of language is conspicuous, for the President of the conference himself (Bishop Brent of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the Philippines) is not familiar with French, and the great majority of the speeches and reports have been made in English, to be subsequently rendered into the official French by way of the Dutch language. Even the official stenographer of the conference is not fully conversant with French.

The results of these conditions are necessarily reflected in the official records and translation work, which leave a good deal to be desired.

"The diplomatic world is conservative in its ways," says the correspondent, "but the time must surely be approaching when an international conference on a commercial question will be conducted in the language most familiar to the commercial world, or at least in that of the initiating country, reserving French for purely political and diplomatic work."

A SHAKESPEARE EXHIBITION

To be Held in London This Year—Mrs. George Cornwallis West's Idea.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—Mrs. George Cornwallis West, formerly Lady Randolph Churchill, to-day signed a contract involving $250,000, which will result in London having next Summer a great Shakespearean exhibition.

Mrs. West is one of the keenest members of the committee of the Shakespeare Memorial Theatre, and the Shakespeare exhibition, the idea of which originated in her fertile brain, is designed to add to the funds that are being collected for that object. Funds are badly needed, for barely a quarter of the sum desired has been collected.

The Shakespeare exhibition will be held at Earl's Court from May to October. One of its features will be a reproduction of the Globe Playhouse as it existed in the immortal William's time, while Stratford-on-Avon as it was in his day will be reconstructed, with the Anne Hathaway cottage, &c.

It is hoped to give the whole exhibition a distinct Shakespearean atmosphere.

The Times says that under the organization of Mrs. West the social possibilities of such an exhibition will not be lost sight of. Balls and carnivals will form an important feature of the entertainments provided, and there will be concerts under distinguished musical direction. Of a more permanent character will be a select club, which might suitably be called the "Mermaid Tavern."

ROYALTY IN COMPETITION.

Princesses, Actresses, and Society Leaders to Meet at Berlin Exhibit.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, Jan. 16.—The laid table exhibition opens in Berlin on Jan. 23, whereat the Princesses, society leaders, and actresses will compete for prizes for table decoration. Each competitor will personally design her table scheme and perform the actual work of laying it. Frau Mendelssohn Bartholdy, wife of the wealthy banker, will show a polished walnut table laid in old English fashion, without a cloth, with silver plates.

A piquant feature promises to be a "supper for two" arranged for the prima ballerina of the Russian Court Opera. Half hidden under the plate reserved for the guest of honor will be an "entre" consisting of a dog collar of pearls, while over her chair will hang a priceless ermine cape marked "dessert." Fraulein Julie Kulps, the concert singer, entitles her table "How a Wife Nourishes Her Husband," while another artiste shows a table labeled "Indiscretions." It is filled with breakfast dainties which a woman of fashion enjoys in the privacy of her own boudoir.

A CRISIS IN MONACO.

National Council Resigns—Says the Government Ignored It.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 16.—Monaco is in the throes of a constitutional crisis.

The National Council has resigned because it met with insurmountable obstacles in the application of the Constitution, because the Council's votes were ignored by the Government, and because the Franco-Monigasque convention was negotiated over the head of the Council.

WINTER TOURS
UNDER
PERSONAL ESCORT

WASHINGTON Three-day tours, including hotel accommodations. January 19, February 8, 22, March 7, 21, April 4, 18, and May 9. $12.00 from New York. Higher priced hotels at slight advance.

FLORIDA Special Pullman trains between New York and Jacksonville. Rate includes Pullman berth and meals on special train. Two weeks independent travel in Florida. February 6 and 20, March 5. Tickets for March 5 tour good returning until May 31 by regular trains only. $50.00 from New York.

NEW ORLEANS MARDI GRAS Eight-Day trip including Asheville, Chattanooga and Birmingham. Special Pullman train. February 15. $100.00 from New York. All necessary expenses.

PINEHURST An outing among the pines, including three days at the Hotel Carolina. February 9. $35.00 from New York. Tickets good returning within eighteen days.

Full information of Ticket Agents or C. Studds, District Passenger Agent, 263 Fifth Avenue, New York.

Pennsylvania R. R.

HUNDREDS PLOTTED MURDER OF YUAN

Men with Bombs Stationed All the Way from the Palace to His Residence.

MAY HASTEN MANCHUS' FALL

Attempt on Premier Causes Princes to Fear for Their Own Lives—Poison for Empress Dowager.

PEKING, Jan. 16.—The bomb which was thrown at Premier Yuan Shi-Kai's carriage while he was on his way to the Imperial Court this morning killed two men instantly and injured seventeen other persons, civilians and soldiers. Eight or ten of those who were struck by splinters from the metal case of the bomb are likely to die. Several horses belonging to the military escort, besides those attached to Premier Yuan Shi-Kai's carriage, were killed.

Yuan was driving in a carriage with open windows, which was preceded and followed by an escort of cavalry. The route was lined by soldiers and police stationed five yards apart. The men faced alternately inward and outward and were carrying loaded rifles with fixed bayonets.

When Yuan Shi-Kai's carriage arrived opposite the residence of Dr. Morrison, correspondent of the London Times, at the corner of which the assailants had been observed standing, a bomb was hurled. Without waiting to see the effect of their deed, the perpetrators rushed toward a neighboring tea house. Soldiers and police, however, were close on their heels and they were arrested. Other men who are suspected of being accomplices have since been arrested.

The Premier's assailants were three well-dressed Chinamen who are said to be prominent revolutionaries. As the carriage reached a distance of about thirty yards from the spot where they were standing one of them threw a bomb in its direction, but his aim was so bad that the missile exploded at a distance of twenty feet from the carriage.

The vehicle rattled and shook, but Yuan Shi-Kai escaped unscathed. He appeared not to be greatly perturbed by the attempt.

The havoc caused by the explosion was immense. Immediately around the carriage a policeman, a soldier, and two horses were struck dead. The force of the explosion was so great that many houses hundreds of yards away were shaken from top to bottom.

The public executioner and his assistants have been standing to-day in front of the house in which the assassins are confined. They will remain on duty there until they receive orders from the imperial authorities. It is expected that the men will be executed to-morrow.

Congratulations from all quarters, including the legations, have been pouring in on Yuan Shi-Kai throughout the day. The attack on the Premier has apparently removed doubts in the minds of the Manchus as to his loyalty. The foreign residents declare that Yuan's death would throw North China into a state of lawlessness, demanding immediate intervention by the powers.

The belief is general that Yuan Shi-Kai is necessary to the transition from the old to the new order; otherwise the change might make a shambles of Peking.

Grave disorders are reported in Ho-Nan, particularly at Cheng-Chow, where the French Minister is considering the advisability of calling in the railway employes. There is renewed unrest at Tien-Tsin, and serious disorders are reported from other places.

Bishop Bashford of the Methodist Episcopal Mission at Shanghai, and other prominent American missionaries have sent a cablegram to the Administration at Washington, expressing the view that a Republic is inevitable and practicable.

LONDON, Wednesday, Jan. 17.—The bomb thrower who attempted the life of Yuan Shi-Kai yesterday has confessed that the assassination of the Premier was to be the signal for a general rising in Peking, says a Peking dispatch to The Daily Telegraph.

The whole southeast portion of the city is now picketed with troops, and a house-to-house search resulted in the discovery of a bomb factory and the arrest of several men having bombs in their possession.

There are persistent rumors of an attempt to poison the Empress Dowager, who, it is said, was suspicious and refused to take the fatal cup.

A rumor is current in Peking, says a dispatch from the St. Petersburg correspondent of The Daily Telegraph, that the Chinese Government has offered to cede Mongolia to Russia in return for a loan of 100,000,000 taels, (approximately, $70,000,000.)

PARIS, Wednesday, Jan. 17.—A telegram from Peking says a secret Cabinet council yesterday prepared an abdication edict which probably will be promulgated to-day.

The attempt on the life of Yuan Shi-Kai has forced the hands of the obdurate Princes, who, fearing attempts against themselves, have decided to ring down the curtain on the Manchu dynasty.

Yuan Shi-Kai himself is authority for stating that he again tendered his resignation, but that it was not accepted.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Jan. 16.—The Peking correspondent of The Chicago Daily News, after telling of the attempt to kill Premier Yuan, says:

"Witnesses of the bomb outrage say that Yuan was entirely unmoved by the attempt on his life. He continued smoking a cigarette and ordered his coachman to drive home by a side street, instead of along the street lined with soldiers. One of his first remarks was:

"'I am sorry that one of my faithful outriders, whom I had for eight years, was killed.'

"Immediately after the explosion a man rushed out of a market place in front of Yuan's carriage. He was arrested and a bomb was found on his person. His name is Wang. At the police station Wang confessed that several hundred revolutionists had plotted to kill the Premier to-day. They stationed men with bombs all the way from the palace to Yuan's residence.

"Wang further said that when he heard the explosion he rushed out, intending to throw his bomb also, but was prevented by the soldiers and by Yuan's carriage turning into the side street."

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Senator Hitchcock to-day introduced a resolution directing the Foreign Relations Committee to ascertain and report what authority of law or treaty exists to warrant the sending of United States soldiers into China.

The resolution was unanimously agreed to.

Senator Warren of Wyoming declared that the sending of troops was justified by the existing treaty with China.

SELLING RUSSIAN CHILDREN.

Peasants in Orenburg Dying from Starvation—No Government Aid.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—The terrible conditions prevailing among the peasantry in Southeastern Russia are depicted in a telegram from a doctor in Orenburg, which is published here.

The doctor says that the starving peasantry in the government of Orenburg, on the River Ural, are, owing to the fact that they have not received any assistance from the authorities, selling their children to the Khirgese nomads.

Many persons have died from hunger and typhus, and more than 70 per cent. of the children are stricken with a fearful epidemic in some of the villages, while in other districts the distress is extreme.

H. B. Coxe Joins Lehigh Board.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 16.—At the annual meeting here to-day of the stockholders of the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company, P. A. B. Widener of this city declined a renomination as a Director and Henry B. Coxe, also of Philadelphia, was chosen in his place. All the other Directors whose terms had expired were re-elected.

Y. M. C. A. FUND £38,347.

Hints of Large Donations to Come—Stock Exchange Interested.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—With the close of the campaign to raise £100,000 in aid of the Young Men's Christian Association five days off, energies have been redoubled. The total now is £38,847, but there is an air of confidence among the collectors, due to hints of large donations to come.

The Stock Exchange has taken up the matter and large subscriptions are expected from a body of men noted for their generosity.

At to-day's luncheon at the Guildhall cheers greeted the announcement that the waiters who serve the daily meal had subscribed 30s., and the cheers were renewed when Charles S. Ward, the American organizer of the fund, read this cable from Grenville Kleiser, a member of the West Side Young Men's Christian Association of New York: "Put me down for £2. Success to campaign."

The committee has half promises for several large donations. Brown, Shipley & Co., the American bankers, are among to-day's subscribers, giving 100 guineas.

A SYMPOSIUM ON "OBEY."

Views of English Women as to Its Use in Marriage Rite.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—The discussion is still raging over the question as to the omission of the word "obey" from the marriage service. Some contributions to a symposium on the subject follow. Mrs. De Navarro (Mary Anderson) thinks the word "obey" should certainly not be deleted. The Duchess of Sutherland thinks "obey" is unnecessary, as the words "love" and "honor" stand much stronger without it. Mrs. George Cornwallis West says she thinks "obey" should be omitted. Although the husband should be recognized as the head of the house, between two persons who are admittedly qualified to be companions, the word is grotesque.

Helen Mathers says: "Either leave 'obey' in or don't get married at all. We want English, not American, wives." Beatrice Harraden, of course, thinks "obey" should be omitted.

HAVOC BY FIRE IN OSAKA.

Thirty Thousand Persons Homeless—5,268 Buildings Destroyed.

OSAKA, Jan. 16.—A series of fires which started at about 1 o'clock this morning swept unchecked across the southern half of this city, fanned by a strong wind.

The conflagration was not under control until late in the afternoon, when, according to official figures, 5,268 buildings had been destroyed and 30,000 persons had been rendered homeless.

In the first four hours the flames consumed more than 1,300 houses.

TO WELCOME KING GEORGE.

Great Reception in England on His Return Is Planned.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—King George and Queen Mary, who are now passing through the Red Sea on their return voyage from India, are to have a great welcome on their arrival in England.

On Feb. 4 a big naval review at Spithead is to be held, and when the royal party arrives in London, although no formal reception has been arranged, the public is prepared to accord to the King and Queen an enthusiastic reception on their way from the station to Buckingham Palace.

At Malta and Gibraltar there will be naval welcomes to their Majesties, in which both the British and French navies will participate.

After the return of the King and Queen to London a thanksgiving service is to be held in St. Paul's Cathedral.

The rest obtained by their Majesties in England will be very brief, as the Spring will be spent in returning coronation visits to the Continental courts.

KAISER'S DAUGHTER TO WED?

Again Reported She Is to Marry Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Strelitz.

BERLIN, Jan. 16.—The betrothal of Princess Victoria Louise, only daughter of the Emperor, to the Grand Duke Adolph Frederick of Mecklenburg-Strelitz will, it is expected, be announced on the Emperor's birthday, Jan. 27, according to a report published in this afternoon's papers.

The Marshal of the Imperial Court denied a similar report, which was made public last June.

ITALY AND TURKEY DISCUSSING PEACE

Progress Made Toward Drawing Up of Conditions — Turks Realize Tripoli Is Lost.

ARREST FRENCH MAIL SHIP

Italians Regard Aeroplane as Contraband—Also Take Passengers from English Steamer.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Wednesday, Jan. 17.—A significant dispatch has been received from The Daily Mail's Salonika correspondent, who has special sources of information at the headquarters of the Committee of Union and Progress. Referring to the expected dissolution of the Turkish Chamber in the next three days, and the reports of peace negotiations with Italy, the correspondent says:

"Not only have negotiations been opened, but some progress has been made toward the drawing up of actual conditions of peace. The Turkish journals have so often glowed with stories of successes in Tripoli that any open capitulation at this juncture would jeopardize not only the position of the Government, but the very existence of the Committee of Union and Progress.

"On the other hand, I do not think that any Turkish Statesmen seriously consider that Tripoli can be regained, and they are indeed blind to the internal condition of Macedonia who do not see that the continuation of the war until the Spring would be attended with the gravest risks of complications."

TUNIS, Jan. 16.—A wireless message was received here to-day giving information that the French mail steamer Carthage, bound from Marseilles for Tunis, has been arrested on the high seas by Italian torpedo boat destroyers and taken to Cagliari, Sardinia, the Italian authorities considering that an aeroplane, belonging to the aviator Duval, and parts of another, belonging to the aviator Obré, aboard the Carthage, were contraband of war.

Duval and Obré, who are both here for the purpose of giving exhibition flights, soon learned of the seizure of the Carthage, and lodged a protest at the Residency-General. Obré points out that he recently made flights at Cagliari and Suzzara, and had been authorized by the Italian authorities to take his machine back to Marseilles.

ADEN, Jan. 16.—A division of Italian cruisers, including the Piemonte, Calabria, and Buglia, with a flotilla of rapid destroyers, are keeping a sharp lookout in the Red Sea for vessels conveying contraband or detachments of Turkish troops.

One of the Italian cruisers yesterday overhauled the British steamer Africa. After examining the passengers a detachment of Italian marines took off twelve men who were traveling in the first-class saloon on the ground that they were Turkish military men.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 16.—A report is current that proposals to put an end to the hostilities between Turkey and Italy have been submitted by Russia to the signatory powers of the Treaty of Berlin. The suggestion is that Turkey should renounce her African provinces, but this will not be submitted to the belligerents until all the powers approve.

The special commission of the Senate has accepted the petition for the dissolution of the Chamber of Deputies.

The Minister of Marine has not received any information regarding the sea fight in the Red Sea, where, the Italians declare, they fought and sank seven Turkish gunboats on Jan. 7. The Minister of Marine points out that if the story of a battle should prove to be true, the only Turkish boats along the Arabian Coast of the Red Sea were small revenue cutters armed each with a single small-calibre gun, and that they were quite incapable of withstanding an attack by warships.

VIENNA, Jan. 16.—The situation on the Turkish-Montenegrin frontier is becoming increasingly serious.

It is reported to-day from Salonica that Montenegro is making preparations for a conflict with Turkey and is arming the population on the frontier of Montenegro with repeating rifles.

This proceeding has caused the Mohammedan Albanians to demand that they be supplied with rifles by the Turkish authorities. The local Turkish garrisons are being reinforced.

Million Petitioners for Women Votes.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—A constitutional amendment for woman's suffrage was introduced to-day by Representative Berger of Wisconsin. A great petition is now being circulated by the Socialist Party, and Representative Berger declared to-day that a million petitioners would be on the roll in favor of votes for women when the document finally is presented to Congress.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

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for today and tomorrow

a Sale of Men's Overcoats

Raglans, regulation models, single and double breasted great coats, frock overcoats, and scores of others from radical to conservative styles, in all the newest fabrics and colorings, and with all the variations as to belts, lapels and fronts. Designed, cut and tailored exclusively by Saks.

Former prices $33 $35 $38
$40 $45 $50

at $29

Sometimes there are no words to fit what brevity implies.

KAISER TO SEE SWISS ARMY.

Will Attend Manuoeuvres Next Autumn—Swiss Press Not Enthusiastic.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, Jan. 16.—Much interest has been aroused in Berlin by the announcement that the Kaiser will attend the manoeuvres of the Swiss Army in the first week of September. It will be the first time his Majesty has visited the Alpine republic except for a stay of half an hour in Lucerne in 1903 on his way home from Italy.

The visit is the outcome of a suggestion the Kaiser once made to some Swiss officers who were attending the German Army manoeuvres that he would like to see the Swiss militia at war play. There is also a political object of the visit—the desire to offset the effect of President Fallières's visit to Switzerland last year.

The Swiss press is apparently not overjoyed at the prospect of having the "supreme War Lord" inspect the republic's army.

MOTOR CARS FOR MIKADO.

Two, Costing $20,000 Each, Ordered in Germany—Has Used Horses Hitherto.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, Jan. 16.—The all-conquering automobile has finally invaded the Imperial Japanese Court, which has hitherto remained loyal to horse-drawn equipages.

The Japanese Embassy in Berlin has purchased two high-power limousine cars at the German Mercedes factory for the personal use of the Mikado and his family. They will be shipped to Tokio in time for use this Spring, and will represent the last word in motor comfort and luxury.

The price to be paid is in the neighborhood of $20,000 apiece.

SETTLING ENGLISH STRIKES.

Cotton Lockout and Coal Dispute Thought to be Ending.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—Sir George Askwith as a strikebreaker scored another victory to-day by effecting a provisional settlement of the cotton lock-out in Lancashire. Some details still remain to be settled, but the fullest confidence is felt that an agreement has been reached. The coal-mining situation likewise improves, but the public is still buying stock at panic prices.

CALLS HOME RULE A MENACE.

Irish Primate Says It Has Divided Country Into Hostile Camps.

DUBLIN, Jan. 16.—In connection with the campaign of resistance to home rule the Anglican Primate of All Ireland, the Most Rev. John Baptist Crozier, after consulting with the Archbishop of Dublin, the Most Rev. Joseph Ferguson Peacocke, and other Bishops, has resolved to call a special meeting of the General Synod of the Church of Ireland at Dublin on March 21 in order to consider the crisis. The general belief is that before this date the Government will have presented the Home Rule bill in Parliament.

The Primate, in the course of an interview to-day, said that the prospect of another Home Rule bill was doing incalculable injury and had practically divided Ireland into two hostile camps. It had also accentuated religious differences, he said, to an extent unknown in recent years.

BELFAST, Jan. 16.—There is the expectation of a lively time on Feb. 8, when John Redmond, leader of the Irish Nationalists in the House of Commons, and Winston Churchill, First Lord of the Admiralty, are announced to speak here on the same platform in behalf of home rule.

The Ulster Unionist Council met this afternoon and passed with acclamation a resolution expressing astonishment at the challenge. The Unionists promise that adequate steps will be taken to prevent the home rule meeting from being held.

Shoot at American in Teheran.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Wednesday, Jan. 17.—A dispatch to The Times from Teheran says that Mr. Bruce, the American officer of the gendarmerie, was shot at while walking from the barracks to his residence. The miscreant was concealed in a house and is unknown.

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OVERWHELMING VOTE FOR FRENCH CABINET

440 Members of Chamber of Deputies Express Confidence in It—Only 6 Dissentients.

WILL RESPECT ALLIANCES

Ministerial Declaration Says France Will Remain Faithful to Her Friends—Programme of Reform.

PARIS, Jan. 16.—The Chamber of Deputies this afternoon passed a vote of confidence in the Government by 440 votes against 6.

A Ministerial declaration setting forth the policy of the new Cabinet had previously been read in the Chamber by Premier Poincaré and in the Senate by Minister of Justice Briand. The declaration is a dignified document, covering a variety of subjects, but especially insisting that France intends to remain faithful to her alliances and friendships, and that to be strong and respected she must have a Government that really governs.

The first duty of the Government, according to the declaration, will be that of ratifying the Franco-German accord on the subject of Morocco and negotiating a loyal accord with Spain. This will permit France speedily to organize her protectorate over Morocco, which is the logical climax of France's African policy. The Declaration continues:

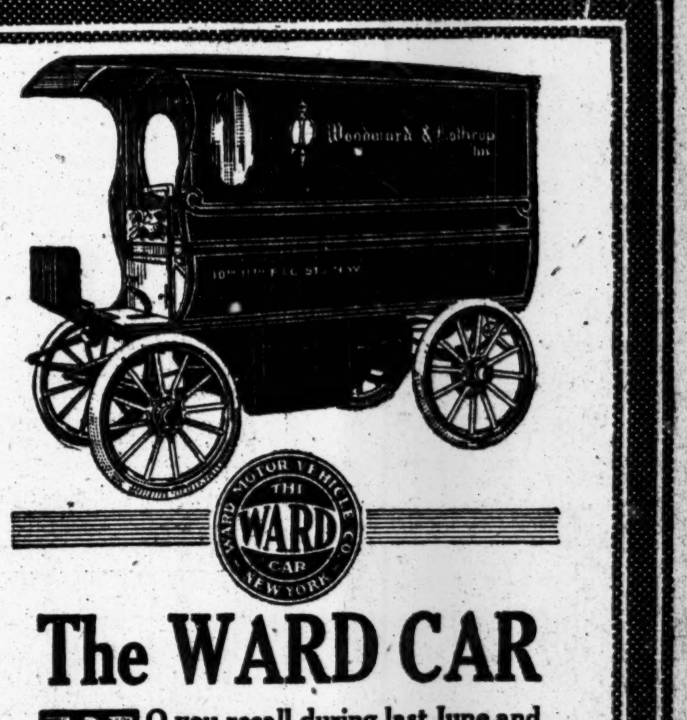
> A great republican democracy that seeks to improve its social organization should know above all how to harness its forces of development and submit itself freely to conditions vital to all civilized society.
>
> The maintenance of public peace, the rigid repression of crime and offenses against persons and property, and the regular and satisfactory working of the public services belonging to the people constitute the elementary duties of all Governments.

The Ministers say that the Cabinet favors a law settling the rights and obligations of public employes; that it desires changes in the electoral law granting proportional representation to the political parties, and that it also desires the development of the workmen's pension scheme. The Cabinet promises to defend the public schools against all aggression. It urges rigorous economy in the nation's expenditure and the granting of assistance to the country's commercial activity, while it also seeks the development of industry and agriculture.

In conclusion, the declaration says that the strengthening of the army and navy will receive special attention. "France," it is declared, "is profoundly pacific, but she is not the master of all eventualities. The army and navy must remain the sacred defenders of the republic and the fatherland."

The Ministerial declaration, as the overwhelming vote of confidence indicated, has been received most cordially and has made an excellent impression.

The Temps, which recognizes in the declaration the master hand of M. Poincaré, describes it as a "fine page of inspired and noble intentions," and adds that the new Ministry, which by common consent has been named the "National Ministry," could not have made a better start.



The WARD CAR

Do you recall during last June and July the death-dealing heat that struck down horses by the hundreds?

How Many Did You Lose?

¶ Cross examine your business sense. Audit your business operating expense and if you were one of last summer's unfortunate losers — take time by the forelock and investigate the quality of that peer of all electrics—

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Quality, First, Last, Always.
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Concord Ave. and E. 143d St., New York City

SENATORS IN CLASH OVER STATE ISSUES

Brackett and Wagner Make Campaign Material Out of Dix's Appointments.

OTHERS TO BE NAMED TO-DAY

Sway of Barnes and Murphy More Potent Than Ever at the Capital—Democratic Caucuses.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 16.—Soon after the Senate got down to business to-day it became apparent that the bosses of both of the big political parties had selected the legislative halls as the principal battleground in the State campaign this year. The first skirmish occurred to-day, with President pro tem. Robert F. Wagner, backed by a galaxy of Democratic talent, and Edgar Truman Brackett of Saratoga, leader of the Republican minority, setting off fireworks in each other's faces.

There is another feature, also, of the developments to-day which cannot be overlooked in view of the changing relations between Gov. Dix and Tammany Leader Charles F. Murphy, who despite the overwhelming defeat the Democrats suffered in up-State sections still remains the Democratic over-lord in this State. President pro tem. Wagner, acting undoubtedly under instructions from headquarters, has decided that in the future all nominations made by Gov. Dix for offices which are subject to confirmation by the Senate shall be passed upon by a conference of the Democratic Senators before acted upon in the Senate.

Leaders Make Appointments.

The sway of the two bosses, Barnes and Murphy, not only over the Legislature but the State Department, at this juncture is becoming more and more apparent every day. In the Assembly with its overwhelming Republican majority not even a page boy can land a job without the O. K. of Boss Barnes. In the Senate there is not much new patronage to bestow. The bulk was given out a year ago. But when it comes to jobs under the State officials, appointed by Gov. Dix or in the departments headed by elective State officials, who are all of the Democratic faith, the candidate who journeys to the State Capitol invariably is sent on his weary way to seek the good offices of the man who sits behind his roll top desk in Fourteenth Street in New York and speaks the word that makes or unmakes Democratic applicants for positions in the State service.

The first skirmish of a political nature in the Senate came after Gov. Dix had sent to that body for confirmation these nominations:

Duncan W. Peck of Syracuse to succeed Charles E. Treman as State Superintendent of Public Works.

Calvin J. Huson of Penn Yan to succeed Raymond A. Pearson as State Commissioner of Agriculture.

George M. Janvrin of Brooklyn to be a Port Warden.

None of these appointments can be regarded as Tammany appointments. A motion was made by Senator Harry Walters of Syracuse, a Republican, for the immediate confirmation of Mr. Peck, who for a year was Mr. Treman's deputy. Despite the fact that he is a Democrat, it met with no objection. Mr. Janvrin, who has been doing newspaper work at Albany for many years, was confirmed at once without dissent. The name of Mr. Huson was sent to the Senate Finance Committee in the usual way.

Surprised at Resignation.

"I have no objection to the confirmation of Mr. Peck," said Minority Leader Brackett when the motion for his immediate confirmation had been made. "I will take the word of the Senator from Onondaga that he is a good man for the position. But I want to say in this connection that it is exceedingly unfortunate for my very good friend the Governor that one after another the Democrats he appointed immediately after he had been elected and who had the reputation of being independent and holding to respectability should find it necessary to leave him. I do not know why it is that the Hon. Thomas Mott Osborne and William Church Osborn should forsake him. I do not know why Mr. Treman leaves, and can only surmise that he cannot stand the sort of Democratic administration the Governor is giving us. It is to be hoped that the guidance these men who started him off have given him will continue to have weight with him, but I am possessed of a mighty fear, now they are gone, that something awful will happen at almost any time."

Senator Murtaugh of Elmira and Senator Ferris of Utica both defended the Governor. Senator Murtaugh read a letter from Mr. Treman in which it was stated his reasons for resigning were purely personal, and not political.

"But the Controller has made no investigation in New York County, if I am not mistaken," retorted Senator Brackett.

In addition to the other three nominations already mentioned the Governor sent for confirmation his recess appointments of Dr. James V. May, former head of Matteawan, to be President of the State Lunacy Commission; C. Gordon Reel of Kingston, to be State Superintendent of Highway, and George W. Driscoll of Syracuse, to be a State Fair Commissioner. These names were sent to the Finance Committee.

It is expected that the names of two members of the Public Service Commissions, one for the First and another for the Second District, and the name of a successor to Dr. Alvah H. Doty, to be Health Officer of the Port of New York, will go in to-morrow, if at all this week.

May Favor Brooklyn.

To the Public Service Commission for the First District, it is understood that a Brooklyn man will be appointed. A delegation from Brooklyn called on Gov. Dix to-day and submitted these names: A. Augustus Healy, George Foster Peabody, former Public Service Commissioner Edward M. Bassett, Public Service Commissioner William McCarroll, Congressman William C. Redfield, David A. Boody, former Mayor of Brooklyn; Bridge Commissioner Arthur O'Keefe, and Arthur Somers of the Board of Education.

These men with a couple of exceptions are independent Democrats who took part in the Shepard movement in years past. It is understood that the name of John J. McCooey, the lieutenant of Tammany Leader Murphy in Kings, is also before the Governor.

For the up-State commission the name of former Sheriff James Smith of Erie is being mentioned prominently to-night. Mr. Smith was the most bitter foe former Democratic State Chairman William J. Connors had in his political bailiwick.

TAKE HONORS AT PRINCETON.

New York and Brooklyn Boys Public Speakers for Sophomore Class.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Jan. 16.—Julius Ochs Adler of New York and John Milton Colt of Brooklyn have been honored by the sophomore class of Princeton University with elections as public speakers at the Washington Birthday exercises in Alexander Hall. They will represent the class of 191', Mr. Adler to be Washington's Birthday orator, and Mr. Colt to debate against representatives of the other three classes for the prize offered by the class of 1876.

Mr. Adler was last year a leading debater on his freshman team, and has done considerable public speaking since entering college from Lawrenceville School. These elections are the highest Winter honors that can be awarded by the sophomore class.

CHOICE OPERA SEATS.

First row, orchestra circle, Thursday evenings, remainder of season. A 36 Times.—Adv.

LONG HOURS IN LAUNDRIES.

Girl of 15 Tells the State Arbitration Board of Slavish Conditions.

The State Bureau of Mediation and Arbitration, by order of John Williams, State Commissioner of Labor, began an investigation yesterday into the causes of the strike of the laundry workers.

One of the witnesses in the afternoon was Margaret Corbett, a frail, pale-faced child. Her skirts came only to the tops of her shabby shoes. Her clothing was the usual sort, telling of love for the finer fabrics and of a purse too slim to gratify it. She came to the witness chair after it had been occupied by boss laundrymen, forewomen, and other workers. She said she lived at 480 West 123d Street. She worked for M. Langfelder & Son of 312 East Ninety-second Street. Her part of the work was running collars through a machine and she earned $5 a week.

"How old are you?" asked Chairman W. C. Rogers.

"Fifteen years old," she piped.

Q.—How long have you worked in the laundry? A.—One year and five months.

Q.—Did you have your working papers when you applied for work? A.—I never had any papers.

Q.—Did anybody ever ask for them? A.—No, Sir.

Q.—Did you tell anybody how old you were? A.—Yes, Sir; I told the forelady.

"How many hours did you work a day?" asked Chairman Rogers.

The little witness counted them up. She worked on Mondays from 1 P. M. until 6, Tuesdays from 7 A. M., until 6 P. M., Wednesdays from 7 A. M. until 6:30 P. M., Thursdays from 7 A. M. until 1:30 P. M. and Fridays from 7 A. M. until about 1:30 P. M. This made a total of about fifty-two hours a week. Saturdays she did not work later than noon. All of these working hours she had to stand.

The child said she lived thirty-two blocks from the laundry and had to walk there and back daily.

Later she told a TIMES reporter that her father does not work because he is crippled with rheumatism. She has a brother who works for a milk concern and a sister who also works in a laundry. Her mother looks after the home. The middle finger of her right hand has been crushed.

"I caught it in the machine," she explained.

One witness, Anna Lockman, testified that for five weeks she worked a total of 69 hours every week. One hour was allowed each day for luncheon.

Margaret Hinchey, testified that she worked in the Langfelder laundry seventy-two hours a week. She said there were no seats on the floor where she worked and that the male employes had access to the women's dressing room.

The first witness of the afternoon session was Morris Robinson, and Chairman Rogers, to clear the way for the lawyers representing the laundry interests, said that a laundry is a factory within the meaning of the law and that the law says that no woman shall work before 6 A. M. and after 9 P. M. A female more than 16 years old may work more than twelve hours, however, to make a short day later in the week.

Robinson declared that none of his employes ever worked longer than 10 o'clock at night. He was sure of this because he was there himself when the place was closed for the night.

Celia Purcell of 221 East Ninety-fourth Street, the next witness, flatly contradicted Robinson in the matter of the hours of labor. She did not work on Saturdays, but the other days she worked from 9 A. M. until 12:30 P. M. on Monday from 7 A. M., until 11 P. M. on Tuesday, from 8:30 A. M. until 10:30 P. M. on Wednesday, and shorter hours during the rest of the week.

Mrs. Hammerstein's Will Filed.

The will of Mrs. Malvina Hammerstein, who divorced Oscar Hammerstein, the impresario, was filed yesterday for probate. The accompanying petition states that Mrs. Hammerstein, who died on Jan. 9, left not more than $5,000 personalty. She does not mention her husband or sons in the document. She leaves a $300 diamond pin to her daughter, Stella Hammerstein; a $150 diamond bracelet to her granddaughter, Muriel Tostevin, and the residue of her estate to her daughter, Mrs. Rose Tostevin. Mrs. Tostevin is named as executrix without bond.

Leaves All to Missions and Church.

Bequests of $2,500 each to the Board of Foreign Missions and the Board of Domestic Missions of the Reformed Church in America are included in the will of Sethelda Matilda Clark, filed for probate yesterday. The residue of the estate, estimated at about $7,000, is left to the ministers, Elders, and Deacons of the Reformed Protestant Dutch Church of the City of New York.

MILL STRIKERS WILL CONFER WITH OWNERS

Lawrence Workers Consent to Discuss Points at Issue in Arbitration Board's Presence.

ONLY THREE MILLS CLOSE

All Others Open, Though Few Operatives Report—Picketing Allowed—Sentenced Strikers Appeal.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Jan. 16.—With a return of quiet conditions in the mill district of the city through the presence of eight companies of militia, whose rifles and bristling bayonets awed the strikers, State and city officials busied themselves to-day to bring about a speedy settlement of the difficulties existing between the 15,000 striking textile workers and the mill owners. The strikers, through their Executive Committee, agreed late in the day to confer with the mill agents, in the presence of the State Board of Arbitration and Conciliation, to discuss the points at issue.

Although John J. Ettor of New York, the directing head of the strike, in his capacity of National Organizer of the Industrial Workers of the World, declared his belief that the strikers could gain nothing by arbitration, other members of the Executive Committee were favorably disposed to the proposal, and after some demur the New York leader consented to it.

President William M. Wood of the American Woolen Company, which controls four of the largest mills affected by the strike, was quoted by Mayor Michael A. Scanlon to-day as being opposed to a conference, declaring that no strike exists, but a State of mob rule, and that the company does not consider itself responsible for the conditions. In spite of this assertion, Secretary Bernard G. Supple of the State Board of Arbitration, who, with Dudley M. Holman, secretary to Gov. Foss, brought about the consent of the strikers, said to-night that he would make every effort in his power to-morrow to induce the mill owners to enter the conference.

The demands of the strikers are that the mill owners shall grant an increase of 15 per cent. in the wages they received last week under the fifty-six-hour law, double pay for all overtime, and the abolition of the bonus or premium system. These demands have not yet been presented to the mill owners, it is understood. The original grievance which precipitated the strike last Friday was that the strikers wished to be paid for fifty-four hours' work the same wage scale which prevailed for fifty-six hours.

Only three mills, the Everett, Lawrence Duck, and Pemberton, were closed down entirely to-day. All the others opened their gates this morning to a small number of operatives, about one-quarter of the regular working force. It is said that this number was increased in the noon hour. More operatives who have remained away because of fear of violence are expected to report for duty to-morrow.

The services of the out-of-town police, numbering about 100, who were called to the rioting yesterday, were dispensed with to-day. Coincident with their departure the zone of militia activity and control was extended to include the Arlington mills in Methuen, just over the line from Lawrence, and the Uswoco mills in South Lawrence. The military officers are now in supreme command of every mill district. At the instance of the military authorities, Mayor Scanlon put into effect to-day a measure which had been considered for several days, namely, the closing of all saloons.

Picketing of the mills which have not closed was pursued on a peaceable basis during operating hours. By agreement with Mayor Scanlon the strikers were allowed to use vocal persuasion to induce the operatives to remain out, but were not to use force. Only one case of rough treatment was reported. In that case the picket, Louis Picaret, who was on duty at the Uswoco Worsted Mills, was arrested, charged with assault. When he was searched the police say they found a blackjack on him.

A dozen strikers appeared in the police court to-day to answer charges of rioting, assault with intent to kill, carrying concealed weapons, disturbing the peace and other offenses. All were sentenced to either fine or imprisonment and appealed from the sentence of the court. Orlando Antonio, who was arrested yesterday and bound over for the Grand Jury for an alleged assault with intent to kill, was convicted of carrying concealed weapons and sentenced to two years in the House of Correction.

John Felice, sentenced yesterday to one year in jail for rioting, was brought into court again to-day and received an additional six months for carrying concealed weapons. A year in the House of Correction was the sentence imposed on Nicholas Mahano, convicted of assault. Mahano, it is alleged, used force while on picket duty.

A large crowd which assembled at the Pacific Mills this afternoon was forced away from the plant by the strikers, and there was no serious disturbance.

MEAT PACKERS' PROFITS.

Morris Chicago Plant Made $1,008,215 in Four Years, Says Witness.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 16.—In the course of explaining items in heavy ledgers brought to the witness stand, Harry A. Timmins, chief accountant for Morris & Co., laid bare to-day some of the secrets of the packing industry at the resumption of the packers' trial.

He told the jury of the process to which cattle is subjected from the time of their receipt in the stock yards until transformed into fresh beef and by-products. The profits of the company's plant in Chicago for four years as well as the profits made by the various branch houses were shown; also the profit on cattle per head and per hundred pounds, and on hides.

The witness pointed out that the scientific utilization of by-products furnished no secret profit to the packers, but rather resulted in a lower price on beef. Mr. Timmins also asserted that where the books showed that no allowance for hides had been made it did not mean that the price of beef became excessive. He cited a hypothetical case to show that whether allowance for by-products were shown on one set of books or another the ultimate cost was exactly the same.

The witness was instructed to prepare a statement showing the profit per pound and per head for all cattle killed at all Morris houses from 1907 to 1910 inclusive.

The witness said that Morris & Co.'s total net profits from the sale of fresh meat and by-products in the years 1907 to 1910, inclusive, was $1,008,215.76 for the Chicago plant. During this period the Morris Company killed in Chicago 1,156,622 cattle, and its net profit was 87 cents a head, or about one-eighth of a cent a pound on dressed beef. The net profits of the company's branch houses aggregated $35,000 a year, he said.

JURY FOR BREEN DIVORCE.

Three Questions to be Propounded as to the Riding Master's Conduct.

Supreme Court Justice Lehman signed an order yesterday for a jury trial on Feb. 13 of the issues of fact in the divorce suit brought by Mrs. Ethel Croker Breen, daughter of Richard Croker, against John J. Breen, a groom and riding master.

Three questions will be propounded to the jury. They will be whether Breen was guilty of misconduct on three dates named in the complaint.

CARNEGIE GIFT FOR TUBERCULOSIS HOME

Offers $10,000 to the Endowment Fund of the Preventorium for Children.

FINE RECORD FOR THE YEAR

Only $15,000 More Needed to Care for 600 Young Annually at New Jersey Cottage Colony.

A movement for the prevention of tuberculosis among children, now 3 years old, was reviewed yesterday afternoon at the Academy of Medicine at a meeting of the Directors of the Tuberculosis Preventorium for Children at Farmingdale, N. J., and facts brought out by the physicians were taken to indicate clearly that an effective programme is being carried out.

Of 143 children admitted and staying an average of 106 days, 29 became well entirely and out of danger of ever being tubercular; 64 were improved, only 7 were not improved, and 3 were later taken sick. There were no reports on 39.

While the children are in the preventorium, nurses of the Hospital Missionary Society visit their homes and endeavor to improve by advice and instruction the conditions there.

The most interesting announcement made by President Marcus M. Marks was that Andrew Carnegie has offered $10,000 toward the $150,000 endowment needed by the preventorium. With an equal sum, promised by John D. Rockefeller, the sum left to be raised is but $15,000, as the fund now totals $115,000. With the buildings made possible by this sum 172 children can be taken care of at a time, or about 600 a year.

The necessity for preventive work among children who are in danger of tuberculosis was pointed out yesterday by Dr. Herman M. Biggs and Mr. Marks. Mrs. J. Borden Harriman also spoke, as likewise did Dr. Alfred E. Hess, Lawrence Veiller, Mrs. James Speyer, and Mrs. W. B. James.

Dr. Hess said that during all the recent cold weather the children had slept out of doors, although the thermometer had been around the zero mark, and that there had not been a single case of cold or other illness. Dr. Hess declared that he believed the methods used will be of great value to the hosptials which have to deal with tuberculosis, and that he is proving that the open-air treatment is possible and effective during very cold weather and with young children. Only the eating rooms and the dressing rooms are heated at all.

At the close of the meeting it was decided to ask the assistance of several churches and other organizations to add to the endowment and aid in the raising of the still necessary $15,000. Four new Directors were elected. They are Archibald S. Alexander, Dr. Hermann M. Biggs, Mrs. Grover Cleveland, and John G. O'Keeffe, a member of the Board of Governors of Bellevue Hospital.

Marcus M. Marks was re-elected President for this year, and the other officers are Mrs. J. Borden Harriman, Vice President; Mrs. Henry Phipps, Second Vice President; Isaac N. Seligman, Third Vice President; Mrs. Willard D. Straight, Secretary, and Alexander S. Webb, Treasurer.

To Former Tenants of the

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Following directions issued by the Bureau of Buildings, we are engaged in making the premises safe by doing all necessary shoring and bracing, and taking down defective walls and piers, steel, iron, and interior work. Incident to this work rubbish is being carted away from the premises. Reasonable precautions are being taken to segregate from the rubbish papers and other matter having the appearance of direct or collateral value.

Tenants who are properly identified can, by applying at our office on the Pine Street side of the lot, have their authorized representatives take part in the examination of rubbish, with a view to reducing to a minimum the hauling away of property which may be of some value.

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VISITORS TO TOWN

who are here in honor of the return to New York of HIS EMINENCE, CARDINAL FARLEY, are invited to make the BIG STORE their headquarters during the period of their stay. Every possible convenience will be accorded them.

"The Big Store"

TWO MAMMOTH BUILDINGS

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If you are not a charge customer, we will make it easy for you to become one.

Should you desire to avail yourself of the splendid banking facilities and safety of Greenhut, Siegel, Cooper & Co., Bankers, you will be allowed 4 per cent. per annum on your money.

BUT MOST IMPORTANT OF ALL—HERE YOU ALWAYS GET

"Better Goods for the Same Money or the Same Goods for Less Money Than Elsewhere."

S&H Complimentary Trading Stamps Free, Today

These will be distributed today in our MAIN Building, at the entrance to the Ladies' Parlor, Fourth Floor.

ONLY 100 FREE STAMPS GOOD IN ANY ONE BOOK.

SPERRY & HUTCHINSON 10 TRADING STAMP 10 NEW YORK CITY.

Biggest Events for Today

From Our Consolidation-Anniversary and January Clearance Sales

MAIN BUILDING—Dry Goods, Wearing Apparel, Groceries, etc.

SUITS, DRESSES AND COATS FOR MISSES, GIRLS AND JUNIORS—values from $7.50 to $29.75; today at $3.95 to $14.75.
RELIABLE, HIGH-CLASS FURS at 1-4 to 1-3 below early-season prices.
WOMEN'S $3 to $4 CUSTOM-MADE FOOTWEAR—all sizes, $1.89.
5,000 YARDS OF DRESS CORDUROY at 45c.
$1.25 BLACK SATIN DUCHESSE—36 inches wide; at 95c.
BLACK CHIFFON FINISH TAFFETA—35 inches wide; at $1.
MEN'S $2.50 "OVALESQUE" DRESS SHIRTS—at 50c.
GUARANTEED FOUNTAIN PENS—each 50c.
THE WORLD'S GREATEST GROCERY offers an unusually interesting list of specials in staple and fancy groceries—Our Wine and Liquor Store also joins in this sale.
A ROUSING SALE OF SILVERWARE—including the famous Rogers make. Scores of specials in flat-ware.

GREENHUT BUILDING—"Everything for the Home"

$35 3-PIECE PARLOR SUITE at $25.
$30 5-PIECE PARLOR SUITE at $25.
$34.50 BIGELOW WILTON RUGS at $24.50.
WHITTALL'S $1.25 BATHROOM RUGS at 98c.
$2.65 ODORLESS, SMOKELESS OIL HEATERS at $2.25.
$1.75 GAS RADIATORS at $1.25.
$7.50 FRAMED OIL PAINTINGS at $3.75.
$17.50 JUTE VELOUR PORTIERES—pair, $15.
AND EXTRA OFFERINGS IN RICH CUT GLASS, 1912 SALE OF LACE CURTAINS, DISTRIBUTION OF DOMESTIC RUGS (dropped patterns) and JANUARY CLEARANCE OF BRASS BEDSTEADS (many at 1-2 price).

$30,000 to Charity — WE give this amount and we ask OUR CUSTOMERS to tell us by their VOTES which charitable and benevolent institutions, societies and churches shall receive this money.

Double S&H Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock

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Pure Linen Cambric Hemstitched

13x13,	¼ in. hem	$1.50 to	$4.00	Doz.
17x17,	½ " "	2.50 "	4.50	"
21x21,	½ " "	3.25 "	6.25	"
20x20,	1 " "	3.25 "	6.25	"
23x23,	1 " "	4.25 "	8.00	"
24x24,	½ " "	4.25 "	8.00	"

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11x11,	⅛ in. hem	$1.50 to	$7.50	Doz.
13x13,	¼ " "	2.00 "	8.50	"
20x20,	½ " "	4.50 "	17.00	"

Clear Irish Lawn Hemstitched

11x11,	⅛ in. hem	$3.50 to	$6.50	Doz.
13x13,	¼ " "	4.50 "	9.00	"
20x20,	½ " "	9.50 "	18.50	"

Pure Linen Handkerchiefs with hand embroidered initials or corners in great variety.

Handkerchiefs of Real Lace, in Irish Point, Duchesse, Carrickmacross, Val. and Honiton.

All the above prices are subject to a 15% discount during the month of January.

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FOR THIS DAY (WEDNESDAY):

LINEN DAMASK TABLE CLOTHS EACH $1.85 2.35 & 3.25

DINNER NAPKINS TO MATCH PER DOZ. 2.65 & 3.25

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Today is bargain day in the Smith Gray & Co. stores—bargain day in a sense that applies with more force than has any like offering in our business existence.

For you may choose from every Smith Gray & Co. Suit and Overcoat in our stores, and there are more than 15,000, at prices that have never been equalled in all the fine clothes selling in New York.

Thousands of these garments are post season styles just from the hands of our tailors.

SEE THEM TODAY.

18.00 to 30.00 broken size Suits and Overcoats in all men's, young men's and boys' sizes, but not in every style. Many of these garments are grays, suitable for service almost the entire year. If you can find your size in the style, you can buy at much less than half the regular value 12.50

20.00, 22.50, 25.00, 27.50 & 30.00 SUITS & OVERCOATS 15.00

In Suits you may choose from velours, cassimeres, worsteds, worsted cheviots and serges—in smart English and many distinctive Smith Gray & Co. models—practically all the fabrics being exclusive.

In Overcoats you may choose from meltons, kerseys, Shetlands, velours, tweeds, and worsted cheviots, in plain and neat stripe designs; the models including those for dress, business, motor and storm service—raglans, fitted backs, box backs, convertible collars, as well as every accepted good style garment.

At original prices of 20.00 to 30.00 these garments represented the last word in tailoring excellence, correct and distinctive styling and value.

37.50, 40.00 & 45.00 SUITS 25.00

Here in complete assortment are the finer fabrics from the foremost of the world's foreign and domestic weavers — every style included is exclusive. You may choose from velour worsteds, vicuna worsteds and silk mixture worsteds. The models include distinctive Smith Gray & Co. styles, as well as a number of those more favored on the other side.

27.50, 30.00, 32.50 & 35.00 SUITS & OVERCOATS 20.00

Suits include many exclusive advanced style fabrics from English and American mills—exclusive velours, tweeds, silk mixture fancy worsteds and serges—correct English models and distinctive Smith Gray & Co. models.

Overcoats include widest possible assortment of dress, business, street, motor and storm coats—in high grade meltons, velours, tweeds, vicunas, Shetlands, hand-made effect tweeds and worsted cheviots—dressy semi-box and fitted back models, raglans, English guard coats, storm coats and convertible collar coats — and though you paid the original prices of 27.50 to 35.00, nowhere in all New York could you find either quality or assortment such as this.

40.00, 45.00 & 50.00 OVERCOATS 25.00

Included are 45.00 and 50.00 silk-lined vicuna, velour and melton, business and dress coats, in plain black, Oxford and Cambridge shades—English model raglans, English guard coats, storm and motor coats of English, Irish and domestic Shetlands, zibelines, vicunas tweeds, velours and worsteds—post season styles that one is very apt to experience difficulties in securing even at regular prices.

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ARMY WOMEN WANT CANTEEN RESTORED

Waldorf-Astoria Scene of Enthusiastic Meeting of Men and Women Who Favor It.

DR. THOMAS SLICER PRESIDES

Charge Is Made That Abolition Has Brought About Intemperance, Instead of Suppressing It.

Army women, with a number of men to assist them, made a plea for the reinstatement of the canteen in the United States Army, at a meeting of Mrs. Gilbert Jones's National League for the Civic Education of Women, held in the Astor Gallery of the Waldorf-Astoria yesterday afternoon. The meeting was well attended, and the distinctive point brought out was the fact that not all the members of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, through whose influence the canteen was abolished, know what the canteen really is. This statement was made by the Rev. Herbert Shipman, late Chaplain of the United States Military Academy at West Point and now rector of the Church of the Heavenly Rest in this city. At the close of a very earnest speech, Mr. Shipman said, regarding the total abstinence women:

"If those women really did know what a canteen was, why did they work so hard against the best interests of the enlisted men, and if they did not know, why did they work at all? How did they dare? It is true that many of them thought that an army canteen was a round vessel of metal, slung from the shoulders of the soldiers and filled for them with some kind of liquor in the morning, to be drained by them before night."

Mrs. James B. Burbank and Mrs. Charles F. Roe, wives of Gens. Burbank and Roe, were the army women, representing many others, who spoke for the canteen yesterday, and following Mr. Shipman, Mrs. Roe rose to say:

"It was only recently that I was talking with a woman who stands high in the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, and she said to me: 'Why did you have the soldiers carry those canteens filled with whisky slung over their shoulders?'

"'A woman who knows no more than that wouldn't know the National hymn,' I returned," said Mrs. Roe.

Mrs. Gilbert Jones introduced the presiding officer of the day, the Rev. Dr. Thomas R. Slicer. Dr. Slicer stated that the women of the army, seeing the evil of the abolishment of the canteen and the serious lessening of discipline and morality were now working to reinstate it. Dr. Slicer introduced Mrs. Burbank.

"We, the mothers, daughters, sisters, and wives of enlisted men ask to have the canteen reinstated in the interest of morality," said Mrs. Burbank. She told of a petition which had been signed by 2,400 army women which included the names of some of the best known of the army women.

"This is the first time, as far as I know, that women of the army have appealed to the United States Government," she continued. "There are dangers that are greater than fire or sword. You ask why the women should have taken the initiative. It is because army officers are forbidden by law to endeavor to influence legislation. There are many things which we shrink to speak about, but the army stands in great danger. We claim a right to protect our homes. We have stood aside and let other women say what our men shall do, but we think that the great men of the army who have decided so many important questions should have the right to say whether a soldier is privileged to drink a glass of wine at his own post insead of being forced to go outside."

"You cannot make a man moral by law," said Mrs. Roe. "The canteen was not only the soldier's club but the returns from it brought him many little comforts. The soldier is a self-respecting man, worthy to be placed with any other class of self-respecting men." She told of a long journey she had made with several young children under an escort of soldiers, and that not once did one of the men stop to drink. "I heartily indorse the return of the canteen," she said, "but under the name of the Enlisted Man's Club and Exchange."

Major Louis Livingston Seaman was the next speaker, who dwelt upon the great increase of disease and even insanity among the men since the abolition of the canteen. Mr. Shipman's speech was of particular interest, as he had been at West Point, and at one time worked for the abolishment of the canteen.

"Any one who speaks for anything but total abstinence, must, for the sake of conventional respect, make an explanation. I believe it is in the interest of temperance. At West Point I worked for the abolition of the canteen, but prohibition will not solve the question of temperance, and I believe it blocks the way.

"The worst evils have followed in the train of the abolition of the canteen. Cocainism and morphinism have increased tremendously, as well as lonely drunkenness, which is the most difficult form to cure. With this have come hypocrisy and underhand ways and disrespect and disregard for law. I am opposed to the major premise of prohibition and the abolition of the canteen. The canteen is the most effective force for temperance that has ever been known.

"Seven saloons were forced out of business at West Point by the canteen, and when there was talk of its abolition, the worst of the liquor dealers excited the people against it. It is time that this unfortunate disastrous experiment was brought to an end. You cannot get temperance by prohibition in the army. It comes from an education of the heart and will. You might as well try to cure cancer with a sticking plaster. It is not only for the sake of the men, but for the sake of decency and order and in the interest of temperance that the canteen, which was taken away through ignorance and fanaticism, should be replaced."

The Rev. Edward S. Travers, present Chaplain of West Point, spoke in favor of the canteen.

The Rev. William Normand Guthrie of St. Mark's Church spoke of Kipling's "ram-you-dam-you moralists." He said that Congress, whose business it was to get the good will of the people, said: "We'll please the women and ram the soldiers."

"We should use common sense in the army as elsewhere," he continued. "Let the ram-you-dam-you moralists look after their own vices. They are not in the decalogue. The women's vices are just as bad as the men's, but they are of a different kind. The decalogue was written for men. They didn't think of the women then."

A letter received from Gen. Leonard Wood was read, in which the General said in part:

"There is no question whatever in my mind or in the minds of the great majority of officers of experience in the service that the abolition of the army canteen has done much to increase immorality and to relax the bonds of discipline in the army. The intentions of those who were active in its abolition were undoubtedly good, but their ignorance of the actual situation prevailing was profound.

"It is difficult for any one who was familiar with the conditions which existed in the army under the canteen to discuss with patience the question of its abolition. The abolition of the canteen has been one of the strongest influences against discipline which we have had to combat, and I earnestly urge upon you its restoration, being convinced that such restoration is in the interests of the morality and discipline of the army."

Petitions asking for the reinstatement of the canteen were handed out at the door, and those attending were asked to sign and send them to Mrs. Roe or Mrs. Burbank.

ZOOLOGICAL SOCIETY PLANS A BUSY YEAR

Aquarium's Capacity to be Doubled and New Zoo Buildings to be Erected.

HOSPITAL FOR THE BIRDS

Nearly 3,500,000 Visitors in 1911, Annual Report Shows—$1,000,000 Endowment Fund Needed.

The Board of Managers of the New York Zoological Society held its eighteenth annual meeting yesterday afternoon at the rooms of the Downtown Association and re-elected Henry Fairfield Osborn President. The other officers chosen were Samuel Thorn, First Vice President; John L. Cadwalader, Second Vice President; Madison Grant, Secretary, and Percy R. Pyne, Treasurer. Mr. Grant, who is also Chairman of the Executive Committee, made his annual report, in which he said that the year 1911 had been marked by notable successes. There were more than 2,000,000 visitors at the Aquarium and 1,481,905 at the Bronx Zoo in the year.

"The Executive Committee," he said, "feel that the society is about to enter upon a new era of advancement, both in the enlargement of its activities at the park and at the Aquarium, and in the extension of its scientific work and of game protection on a large scale."

The report shows that the endowment fund has now reached $283,062 and adds:

"It is essential for the continuance of the work of the society that this endowment fund be increased to $1,000,000, the larger portion of which must come in the form of bequests, but there is immediate need of at least $200,000 additional in the form of special gifts, in order that the society be able to carry on its present work and undertake scientific research and publications."

These subscriptions to the endowment fund for 1911 were announced: James J. Hill, $10,000; Lispenard Stewart, $10,000; Mortimer L. Schiff, $5,000; Mrs. Morris K. Jesup, $500; Mrs. A. D. Juilliard, $500, and Miss Helen Gould, $200.

The report refers to the appropriation of $200,000 by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment for the extension of the present Aquarium to twice its present capacity as "one of the most important events in the history of the society." The plans for the extensions are now being prepared, and it is expected to have them completed shortly.

New Animals Added.

The census at the zoo showed that there are now 4,838 specimens, a total far in advance of all other collections of living wild animals. There are 234 species and 710 specimens of mammals, 880 species and 3,022 specimens of birds, and 137 species and 1,106 specimens of reptiles. A number of particularly rare forms of mammals were received during the year, including a gorilla, a spectacled bear from Ecuador, an Andes black bear, a Cape hunting dog, two wombats, two snow leopards, a spotted hyena, and a blessbok. The collection of birds also received a number of species new to the park.

A most important step in the development of the park, the report says, has been the grant by the Board of Estimate of sufficient funds to begin the preliminary survey and work for the great Bronx River Parkway, which will extend from Bronx Park to the new Kensico Lake, a distance of thirteen miles, connecting there with the State roads northward. If the State Commission is enabled to carry out its plans the society hopes to protect the valley of the Bronx and its waters from pollution and make permanent the lake and river system of the park.

The report shows that in July, 1911, the city granted $155,000 in corporate bonds for the further improvement of the park, and an application has been made for $195,000 more for improvements during 1912. Ten bear dens were completed in 1911, and an eagle and vulture aviary and zebra house started. Plans for new buildings in 1912 are given as follows:

"During the year 1912 the society proposes to erect an ape house on Baird Court, on the former site of the Rockefeller fountain. This new structure is needed for our splendid collection of anthropoid apes now numbering four chimpanzees and five orang-utans. Plans have also been authorized for a hospital and quarantine and Winter storage for mammals and birds. A much-needed shelter pavilion of brick and stone is to be erected on the east side of the Bronx River."

Finish Without a Deficit.

The maintenance funds for the park proved sufficient to finish the year without a deficit, and $182,365, or an increase of $7,733, has been granted for 1912. The Aquarium also finished the year 1911 without a deficit.

"The accounts of the society," says the report, "with the exception of the income account, are in a very satisfactory state. All accounts closed the year with credit balances. The income account, however, will commence the year with a very small balance. In order to put this account on a permanent basis it is necessary to have a larger membership and more endowment."

A report on the Aquarium was received from Dr. Charles H. Townsend and on the zoo from Dr. William T. Hornaday.

These committees were elected: Executive Committee, Madison Grant, Chairman; Percy R. Pyne, Samuel Thorne, William White Niles, Levi P. Morton, William Pierson Hamilton, Frank K. Sturgis, Lispeanrd Stewart, and President Osborn, ex officio; Auditing Committee, Hugh D. Auchincloss, Chairman; C. Ledyard Blair and William White Niles. New managers of the class of 1915 elected at the annual meeting of the members of the society were announced as follows: Levi P. Morton, Andrew Carnegie, John L. Cadwalader, Madison Grant, William White Niles, Samuel Thorne, Henry A. C. Taylor, Hugh J. Chisolm, Frank K. Sturgis, George J. Gould, Ogden Mills, and Lewis Rutherford Morris.

Resolutions of regret were adopted on the death on Nov. 22 of Capt. John S. Barnes, one of the original members of the society, who had served on the Board of Managers and Executive Committee since 1897.

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Brewed from the Choicest Malt and Hops,

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BEADLESTON & WOERZ
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"Distinctively individual"
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GOLD TIPS
FINEST QUALITY
TWENTY for 15 cents

Nothing like the wonderful flavor of that blend.
And 20 of them because they wear a plain jacket—20 for 15 cents.

With each package of Fatima you get a pennant coupon, 25 of which secure a handsome felt college pennant (12x32)—selection of 100.

Vantine's

SOFT SPRING SILKS

Rich Hand-made Oriental Fabrics for Traveling and House Gowns and Blouses

PARIS has spoken on the silk question—soft Oriental silks divide honors with chiffon taffetas. For house gowns and traveling gowns they are much more fashionable. In resiliency and beauty the genuine Orientals are unapproached by the French and American imitations—and they cost no more. Taken from a trunk, they shake out fresh and crisp as new.

Vantine's presents not only a larger Spring assortment than any other store, but the only stock of Eastern hand-loom silks in America, with all the charm and superiority of the silks woven centuries ago. They are secured by our buyers who personally direct the weaving of these silks by small individual weavers in the interior of China and Japan. Such silks cannot be obtained by other methods or in other shops.

Both warp and woof are of the purest silk—the fabrics positively will not crack or split. They are the best-wearing silks in the world.

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Exclusive at Vantine's

FOR TRAVELING AND HOUSE GOWNS

Soft Japanese habutai silks, dyed in Lyons. Figures, stripes, checks, reseda, old Russian blue-and-white, navy-and-white and black-and-white combinations and brown effects. Spot-proof, 27 inches wide. 85 cents to $1.75 a yard.

FANCY ORIENTAL PONGEE

In stripes and self-colored diagonals, checks and birds-eye weaves. $2 a yard.

HAND-LOOM CHINESE PONGEE

Can be told at sight from the imitation. For traveling and street gowns, in light-weights; and ideal for motor coats and men's tropical suits in heavier weights. $1 to $3.50 a yard.

ALL BLACK HABUTAIS

Lyons dyed—spot-proof. Firmly woven and all good weights. Unobtainable elsewhere. 50 cents to $1.75 a yard.

JAPANESE OUTING SUIT AND BLOUSE SILKS

Superior in appearance and wear to any tub silks in the world. Made under our own supervision in Japan. Soft and brilliantly clean and fresh. Absolutely fast colors and washable. For shirt waists, golf and tennis suits and men's shirts they have no equal. In newest stripes and figures, either white or dark grounds. 27 to 32 inches wide. $1 to $1.50 a yard.

Oriental Chiffons, Gauzes, Crepes and Grenadines, different from any shown elsewhere in the United States.

In the finer brocades and embroidered Oriental silks and crepes for evening gowns the Vantine store holds the same leadership that it does in Eastern curios, bronzes, ivories, lacquers, teakwood, teas and perfumes.

Mail Orders Filled the Day Received

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Gimbel Brothers Announce

A Highly Interesting Exhibition
Of the Five Famous
ORIENTAL RUGS
From the State Chambers of the
Ex-Sultan Abdul Hamid
In the Yildiz Palace, Constantinople

These wonderful examples of the art of Oriental Rug weaving were secured at private sale of the personal effects of the late ruler of Turkey, in the Yildiz Kiosk, Constantinople. They were the choicest in the Ex-Sultan's possession—and those upon which the Inventory Commission set the highest figure.

They have been exhibited in many of the chief cities of Europe, including Berlin, Paris, Munich, Dresden, Vienna, Zurich, Copenhagen and Stockholm; and have been declared by European and American rug experts to be the most remarkable specimens, in their wonderfully rich and beautiful designs and colorings, that have ever come under the observation of these experts.

These Rugs will be exhibited, beginning today, in a specially prepared section of the Gimbel Rug Store, on the Sixth Floor, where all lovers and connoisseurs of Oriental Rugs are invited to view them.

In connection with this display of extraordinary interest, we shall offer today—

Princely ORIENTAL CARPETS At January Clearance Prices That Will Make Some Prizes for Connoisseurs

Heading a January Clearance of much importance among the Oriental Rugs is a collection of about thirty rare pieces, real antiques of high degree, that bear prices strangely low. Be it understood that these are among the proud Persian Rugs that helped to establish the prestige of this Gimbel Rug Store. They are Rugs limited in their sphere of usefulness, in point of size or coloring, but noble finds, indeed, for those whose studio or drawing-room is waiting for just such a piece.

These fine antiques, originally priced quite without reference to their sentimental value, are now further reduced to absolutely the lowest prices yet recorded for them. Here, for instance, is a wonderful

Souj-Boulak Rug, 21 ft. 3 in. x 7 ft. 10 in., at $725; from $1500

and that our first price was conservative, any expert can tell you. A unique piece of true merit, with blue ground, rose border, and the well-known allover fish design.

Another Souj-Boulak of the same weave and age, but not quite so perfect in color, 20 ft. 1 in. x 7 ft. 2 in., is $685, previously $1250.

A Mir-Serebend of genuine lineage, wonderful in its coloring and design, and with a magnificent 13-line border, is $675, against our previous moderate price of $1000.

There are also Fereghans, Hamadans, Herez, Shiraz, and Khorassan Rugs, beginning at $75 for a fine Fereghan, 9 ft. 5 in. x 5 ft. 1 in., previously $150.

Next is a Collection of Carefully Chosen Kermanshah Carpets

Every one of them is excellent in weave, pattern and coloring. Each price bears a substantial reduction. From a large group, these typical examples:

	Regular Price	Clearance Price
11 ft. 4 in. x 7 ft. 4 in., - -	$220	$145
11 ft. 11 in. x 8 ft. 2 in., - -	250	150
12 ft. 7 in. x 9 ft., - - -	250	155
12 ft. 5 in. x 8 ft. 3 in., - -	235	165
14 ft. 1 in. x 9 ft. 6 in., - -	$315	$195
14 ft. 5 in. x 9 ft., - - -	330	240
14 ft. 1 in. x 9 ft. 4 in., - -	295	215
16 ft. x 10 ft. 3 in., - - -	450	335

Sarouk Carpets of Merit

Fine specimens of this high-grade, beautiful weave. Despite the low prices, we guarantee these Rugs of the best quality, and thoroughly typical of this excellent Oriental family:

	Regular Price	Clearance Price
9 ft. 8 in. x 6 ft. 11 in., - -	$165	$125
12 ft. 6 in. x 9 ft. 6 in., - -	250	115
13 ft. 2 in. x 8 ft. 8 in., - -	305	195
13 ft. 8 in. x 11 ft. 11 in., - -	425	315

Also some Tabriz Rugs at $125 to $165,
for sizes averaging 13 ft. 6 in. x 9 ft.

$195 to $215 Bijar Rugs at $125 to $145
Just eight in this group, in sizes averaging 11 ft. 6 in. x 8 ft. Good investments, all.

Meshed Carpets Very Much Reduced

Probably the most drastic price-reductions are shown on this group—a fine collection of these brilliantly colored, closely woven and beautiful Rugs. Three typical price-reductions:

	Regular Price	Clearance Price
12 ft. 9 in. x 9 ft. 11 in., -	$225	$150

13 ft. 2 in. x 10 ft. 2 in., - -	195	145
11 ft. x 8 ft. 5 in., - - -	165	105

Larger sizes in proportion.

Fine Savings on Favorite Ghorevan Rugs

A large collection of most meritorious specimens:

	Regular Price	Clearance Price
13 ft. 10 in. x 10 ft. 6 in., -	$150	$ 95
13 ft. 2 in. x 11 ft. 2 in., - -	155	120
12 ft. 2 in. x 9 ft. 10 in., - -	175	115
13 ft. 7 in. x 9 ft. 4 in., - -	170	120
14 ft. 2 in. x 9 ft. 10 in., - -	225	150
12 ft. 9 in. x 9 ft. 9 in., - -	175	135
12 ft. 11 in. x 10 ft. 1 in., - -	185	140
14 ft. 9. in. x 11 ft. 6 in., - -	315	225

A Collection of Low-priced Orientals

which is arranged in the adjoining aisle, affords some surprising values. There are

Ghiordes Rugs, about 10 x 8 ft., at $40
Mahal Rugs, about 12 x 9 ft., at $87.50
Amritsar Rugs, 14 x 10 ft. 6 in., $125

And other Rugs that present just as fine economies.

This is the best news that has come from the Oriental Rug Section in many months, and deserves special consideration.
Sixth Floor

GIMBEL BROTHERS
BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD ST

John Jameson
Three ★★★ Star
Whiskey

To be lingered over
and enjoyed
to the last drop.

The refinement of
whiskey drinking

John Jameson
Three ★★★ Star
Whiskey

$1,000 FOR PROMISED WIFE.

Miss Moore Gets Verdict Against R. J. Voorhies, Who Married Another Girl.

Ralph J. Voorhies, nephew of Postmaster Voorhies of Brooklyn, who was sued for $25,000 damages for alleged breach of promise by Miss Faith E. Moore, must pay her $1,000, according to a verdict rendered yesterday by a jury to Justice Jaycox in Part III. of the Supreme Court, Brooklyn. Miss Moore testified that she was engaged to Voorhies when he ran off and married Miss Adele Goufton, a trained nurse, who took care of him during an illness four years ago in a Brooklyn hospital.

Voorhies testified yesterday that his engagement to Miss Moore was not definite. It was simply a three years' option, he said, and could be broken by either party at any time. He also said he was earning between $6 and $12 a week and had no prospects to encourage the belief that $25,000 damages could be collected from him.

Miss Moore is the daughter of David F. Moore of 285 Weirfield Street, formerly connected with the Building Department in this city.

ROBIN TO BE EXAMINED.

Court Grants Order Growing Out of Morris Park Racetrack Sale.

Supreme Court Justice Lehman signed an order yesterday for the examination of Joseph G. Robin, before the trial of a suit brought against him, the Fidelity Development Company, James M. Gifford, and others, by Anthony Stumpf of 1,024 Trinity Avenue, the Bronx. Stumpf got an order to take Robin out of the Tombs to some convenient place for examination on Jan. 25.

Stumpf is suing for an accounting and for his share of the profits of the deal by which Robin bought the old Morris Park race track and turned it into building lots. The land was purchased for $100,000, Stumpf says, and sold for $800,000. He put in $10,000 and claims $80,000 as his share.

Robin kept no books of the transaction, Stumpf says, and for that reason he needs to examine him before trial.

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this season's stock.
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A necessary relish for many a dish.
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A perfect seasoning for **Soups, Fish, all Meats, Gravies,** etc.
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The Perfection of Cleanliness and Economy
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130 & 132 West 42d St., N.Y.

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OUTER APPAREL FOR WOMEN · MILLINERY · MISSES and JUNIORS · FURS
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Will Close Out Remaining Stock of
Trimmed Millinery at $5
Paris Models and copies. FORMERLY SOLD UP TO $35.
Positively no goods sent on approval—reserved—exchanged—or credited.
Fifth Avenue at 46th Street

WAR IN THE COUNCIL OF JEWISH WOMEN

Sections in Baltimore, Washington, Boston, and Chicago Secede from the Organization.

CARRIED INTO THE COURTS

Restraining Order to Stop the Boston Rebellion—Fight Aimed at New York Members.

The New York Section of the Council of Jewish Women, a National organization with sections in fifty-three of the leading cities, heard yesterday from its returning delegates to the recent triennial convention of the organization at Philadelphia that the sections in Washington, Baltimore, Boston, and Chicago have seceded from the National organization, and that there is likelihood of several smaller sections following suit.

The four sections that have already seceded represent a membership of 2,000 Jewish women, while the entire council represents about 13,000. It is considered the most active and influential organization of Jewish women in the country, and includes among its officers leading women of nearly every city.

The delegates reported the causes of the trouble in the organization as due to trumped-up charges of extravagance and arbitrary management made against the administration in this city, and declared that the secessionists were merely a disgruntled minority who had withdrawn their support of the National organization after the convention as a whole had vindicated the administration and repudiated the charges against it by a two-thirds vote. Meanwhile, it was said, legal steps have been taken against at least one of the seceding organizations, and a temporary injunction obtained restraining it from withdrawing.

Miss Sadie American, President of the New York section and Executive Secretary of the National organization, presided at the meeting yesterday at Shaarai Tephillah Synagogue in West Eighty-second Street, where there was a large attendance of members. Speaking of the trouble in the council Miss American said:

"Don't let us pretend. We know that many statements have been made and we want to know facts. I beg you to come forward and present any and all questions you may have. Please don't be afraid, and don't think there is any ugly thing that's been said in the last few months that I haven't heard. And harder times are coming still, I'm afraid."

A Delegate's Report.

Mrs. Nathan Glauber, Recording Secretary of the New York section and a member of the National board, who was a delegate from New York to the triennial convention, in her report said:

"Despite the attacks of Baltimore, Chicago, Boston and Washington at the convention, your Executive Secretary was completely vindicated by the convention as a whole. by more than a two-thirds vote. Much of the disturbance was caused by petty jealousy, and an attack on persons, not on policy. The opponents advanced not a single constructive idea or offered a single suggestion.

"It would seem as if they had as object the shattering and breaking down instead of the upbuilding of the council. One member of the Chicago section boasted openly that she would devote the rest of her life to the ousting of the Executive Secretary—hardly a worthy purpose of life! And yet this, it was said, was not personal!"

Among the charges brought, Mrs. Glauber said, were that the New York section was "hypnotized by its President;" that it has eight votes, as against the other sections' two; that it had "engaged in dirty politics;" that it had so much to say that no one else ever got a hearing.

"As a matter of fact," she said, "New York simply recognized in its Executive Secretary the services of a loyal and intelligent expert. It has but two delegates, as have other sections, but happens to have several Chairmen on standing committees, who are thereby members of the Executive Board and entitled to vote, a rule under which Philadelphia, too, has six votes. The convention utterly repudiated the traumped-up charges, refused to amend the constitution so as to tie the hands of its National officers, and re-elected its President, Mrs. Marion Misch of Providence, unanimously, lacking one vote. It is a crying shame that our Executive Secretary should even have need of a defense at all. We should be proud that she is ours."

A Rebel in Chicago.

Miss American explained that the woman who was going to devote the rest of her life to annihilating her was the former President of the council, Mrs. Hannah Solomon, now President of the Chicago section, one of the "conspiring sections." Mrs. Eugene Friend, President of the Milwaukee section, only 85 miles from Chicago, declared that Mrs. Solomon had been trying for many years to influence her and the Milwaukee section to vote against the administration of the council, and especially against the Executive Secretary, but had been uniformly repelled. She added that her own greatest ambition, now that the Chicago section has withdrawn, is to organize a new section in that city. The announcement was greeted with applause.

Miss American explained that she had been warned of the former President's opposition, but that Mrs. Solomon herself merely wrote asking her not to overwork.

She explained that one objection voiced against the present administration of the Council was that it was spending too much money for immigrant aid work and the like instead of for religion alone, but that she held that "one can be religious but not buy religion." She read extracts from the report of an investigating committee appointed to look into the charges, which had completely vindicated the administration, finding its expenditures comparatively smaller than those of similar organizations for like work.

Miss American, who has been Secretary of the council for thirteen years, was indorsed, and her work warmly praised by every speaker yesterday, and the attacks against the administration of the council characterized as "a shame" and "a generally outrageous fight." It was announced also that the discord had not interfered with the work of the administration, and that even since it began two more sections have joined the council and two more small ones are to be formed shortly. Besides its immigrant aid work the council has collected valuable statistics concerning Jewish women and their work in this country, conducted lecture courses, and the like. The New York section, besides, keeps a home for unfortunate women on Staten Island.

A letter explaining the facts of the present dispute from the administration's standpoint has been sent to the various sections by Mrs. Marion Misch, the National President. Among the Honorary Vice Presidents of the council are Mrs. Jacob H. Schiff, Mrs. A. N. Cohen, Mrs. M. C. Sloss, and Mrs. Solomon Hirsch of Portland Ore.

MR. CLEMENT'S RECITAL.

The French Tenor Heard in Songs French and English, and Operatic Airs.

Edmond Clément, the French tenor, who in several recent seasons has gained much popularity in New York, gave a song recital yesterday afternoon in Carnegie Hall that had many enthusiastic listeners. It was his first appearance in New York this season, and his voice and his artistic and polished style exercised the same attractions that they have before. Mr. Clément made no new disclosures of his powers. His range is necessarily limited by the limits of his vocal resources and of the style which most befits them and him. His voice is one of the lightest of tenors, with a penetrating and carrying quality which enables it to fill the spaces of Carnegie Hall, though singing such as his is likely to lose something of its charm and the pleasure it can give when it is heard in so large a hall.

There were much finish and poise in Mr. Clément's performance, a sense of proportion and of fine taste, and within the bounds that circumscribe him he has felicitous expression of true feeling, imagination, and even passion. He is at his best in French songs and in certain operatic airs, of which his programme was chiefly made up. An air from Gluck's "Iphigénie en Tauride" and a song by Lameau represented the older school, both of which he sang with full appreciation of the style of that school. The "Invocation à la Nature," from Berlioz's "Damnation de Faust," is for a tenor of larger mold than Mr. Clément. Songs by Massenet, Saint-Saëns—"Aimons Nous," sung with admirable breadth of phrase—Franck, Fauré, Bizet, Debussy, and Duparc, all had delightful qualities as he gave them. In Fauré's "Clair de Lune" the upper voice of the piano accompaniment was transferred to the flute, and in the exquisite playing of Mr. George Barrère was appropriate and effective. This Mr. Clément had to repeat, as he did Debussy's song "Green."

He attempted several songs in English. One was Schubert's "Hark, Hark, the Lark"! He caught the spirit of the music, its grace and buoyancy, but in his enunciation of Shakespeare's text he could hardly be called successful. He was more so in the song "Sweet Wind that Blows," by George W. Chadwick, that he substituted for MacDowell's "The Sea," that stood upon the programme; and also in La Forge's "To a Violet," and "When You to My Sweetheart Go," the latter being one of two additions that he made after Franck's "Le Marriage des Roses."

One of Mr. Clément's most delightful songs was "En Passant par la Lorraine," by Jacques Arcadelt, dating from the sixteenth century and arranged by Julien Tiersot, a song that he sang last season, and to which he gives a gay and humorous touch not only in his delivery, but also in action and gesture, just light enough and just suggestive enough to be quite in place. Nothing that he did was more characteristic or more deserving of the enthusiasm with which it was received. Mr. Clement added then Des Grieux's song from the second act of "Manon," by Massenet; he has often sung it, and, as he did yesterday, with much tenderness and ardor, with fine-spun delicacy and beauty of voice and nicety of phrase. In its way it is a masterpiece.

Frohman Will Produce "Primrose."

Charles Frohman has purchased from Caullavet and de Flers the English-speaking rights to their latest comedy, "Primrose," which is now running at the Comédie Française, Paris. No actress has been selected by Mr. Frohman to play the leading rôle, but it is probable that the piece will be produced here before the end of the present season. The acting text in English is already prepared for rehearsal.

TO RETIRE ASST. SUPT. HUNT.

Committee Expected to Report in Favor of It Next Wednesday.

The Committee on High Schools is expected to hand in a report to the Board of Education at its meeting next Wednesday favoring the retirement of Assistant District Superintendent John L. N. Hunt. Mr. Hunt in 1890 was elected President of the Board of Education, and has been directly interested in educational work for nearly half a century.

Takes Woman's Name for a Legacy.

Supreme Court Justice Lehman granted permission yesterday to Albert Hill Noland of 319 West Seventy-second Street to change his name to Seabury. Noland said he knew a Mrs. Clara Seabury very well and that she had no near relatives. He said she had expressed the purpose of leaving him a substantial legacy. Noland is 39 years old.

Graduates' Club Election.

The annual meeting of the Graduate Club, composed of some 300 graduates of various colleges and universities, was held at the club, 55 West Forty-fourth Street, last evening. These officers were elected: Verne M. Bovie, President; James F. Hurley, Vice President; Albert Shiels, Vice President; John P. Broomell, Secretary, and Lloyd N. Scott, Treasurer.

To Aid a Neglected Girl.

THE NEW YORK TIMES has received $1 from "A Mother" for a neglected girl for whom the Charity Organization Society appealed.

FINDS A NEW SIGN TO DIAGNOSE TYPHOID

Pressure on the Biceps Produces a Ridge if the Patient Has the Disease.

MAY ALSO AID IN PROGNOSIS

The Duration of the Ridge Indicates the Virulence—Absent if the Patient Has Something Else.

Dr. Charles Bernard Burke of Atlantic, Iowa, describes in The New York Medical Journal a new diagnostic reflex sign in typhoid fever which, he believes, is of great value in determining the presence or absence of that disease. He describes and comments upon it as follows:

"The sign to which I wish to call your attention, so far as I am aware, has not been described previously. My search of the literature has been confined to standard works on typhoid fever, textbooks on the practice of medicine, and a large number of medical journals. I believe that I am justified in offering this sign to the medical profession, because it is an independent manifestation, elicited in a definite way, and is capable of affording diagnostic evidence of importance; it does not occur in health or in a haphazard way in disease; and it does not require a technique too complicated for routine application.

"The arm of the patient is bared to the shoulder. You arch your thumb and middle finger in the shape of a horseshoe and place them over the biceps muscle of the arm, so that the arch thus formed is completely filled; then firm pressure is made by the finger and thumb, and the hand is briskly raised (pressure being continued) so that the thumb and finger come together with a slight concussion. The result, if the reflex is present, is a fibrillary contraction of that portion of the biceps muscle traversed by the thumb and finger, producing an oval ridge without complete contraction of the biceps muscle. The ridge thus formed disappears slowly.

"After applying the test in a rather large number of cases of different diseases during my service in St. Joseph's Hospital, Joliet, Ill., and having been allowed through the courtesy of the attending physicians of Atlantic Hospital to apply the test in a number of their cases, I have come to the conclusion: If the reflex described is absent, there is no typhoid fever present.

"This conclusion is based on the fact that I never found a case of typhoid fever that showed the Widal reaction or bacillus typhosus in the blood that did not show this reflex also. It is true that I found this sign in other diseases, but that is true of nearly all signs. I imagine that the absence of this reflex in diseases simulating typhoid fever may be a signal aid in arriving at a correct diagnosis.

"I have observed that this reflex seems to be governed by the virulence of the infection; that is, at the beginning of the disease the oval ridge is not so pronounced, nor does it persist as long, as it does at the height of the fever. It is also true that the more virulent the infection, the more pronounced and the more persistent the reflex. So I think it may be some aid in making a prognosis.

"I am unable to say just how early this reflex may be elicited, for every case I examined was late in the first week or early in the second. The typhoid fever cases recorded in the table were verified either by the Widal reaction or by finding the typhoid bacillus in the blood.

"It is probably due to an irritation of the peripheral nerves, caused by some toxic agent. The toxine elaborated by the typhoid bacillus has a selective property for nerve tissue and may act as a direct irritant to the peripheral nerves, thus causing the reflex when irritated by the thumb and finger."

LUNCHEON FOR COL. FRIES.

Banker is Entertained by Friends at the Whitehall Club.

Lawrence L. Gillespie of the firm of J. S. Bache & Co. and former President of the Equitable Trust Company, gave a luncheon at the Whitehall Club yesterday in honor of Col. F. H. Fries, President of the Trust Company Section, American Bankers' Association.

The guests were John Jacob Astor, Philip S. Babcock, Jules S. Bache, Le Roy W. Baldwin, Howard Bayne, Harry Bronner, Lewis L. Clarke, James B. Clews, F. Cunliffe-Owen, R. W. Cutler, Newman Erb, Frederick E. Farnsworth, Oliver C. Fuller, F. H. Goff, Charles Hayden, Alexander J. Hemphill, Charles F. Hoffman, Richard M. Hurd, Louis G. Kaufman, Charles H. Keep, Willard V. King, Edwin G. Merrill, John W. Platten, Uzal H. McCarter, William C. Poillon, James Quinlan, Charles H. Sabin, H. A. Scheftel, R. A. C. Smith, Benjamin Strong, Jr., George C. Van Tuyl, Jr., Charles Elliott Warren, Albert H. Wiggin, Clark Williams, F. S. Witherbee, George T. Wilson, and William Woodward. Addresses were made by Mr. Fries, F. H. Goff, President of a trust company in Cleveland and Superintendent of Banks, and George C. Van Tuyl, Jr.

William C. Poillon, Vice President of the Bankers' Trust Company, presented Mr. Gillespie on behalf of the Trust Company Section with a loving cup in appreciation of his efforts for trust companies.

LEO SLEZAK IN SONG RECITAL

Czech Tenor Enters Closely Into Mood of Sentimental Songs.

Leo Slezak, the Czech tenor, who has been a member of the Metropolitan Opera Company for the last few seasons, made his first appearance here this Winter in a song recital at Carnegie Hall last evening. Mr. Slezak had been heard in German lieder on occasional Sunday nights at the Opera, but this was really his first opportunity of demonstrating his fitness to hold the attention of an audience for an entire evening with this branch of his art.

It may be said at once that Mr. Slezak does not sing songs like an opera singer. He understands the art of a song singer to that degree at least. He enters quite closely into the mood of some songs, especially the more sentimental ones; and his enunciation of the text, either in German, French, or English, the three languages in which he sang last night, is always commendable.

However, his throaty production rendered much of his singing unpleasant in so far as the quality of the voice was concerned. It is a monotonous voice also, and one not capable of assimilating many colors unto itself. But there is power, if somewhat lacking in resonance, a lack of which was still further disclosed in the passages which called for the use of half-voice.

The programme included Schubert's "Ungeduld" and "Am Meer," Schumann's "Die Lotusblume," Mozart's "Das Veilchen," and Beethoven's "Adelaide," songs by Richard Strauss, Rubinstein, Brahms, Liszt, and Loewe; two songs sung in French by Martini and Bizet, and three songs by American composers, "A Moonlight Song," by Charles Wakefield Cadman; "Come to the Garden, Love," by Mary Turner Salter, and "Ecstasy," by Walter Morse Rummel.

The audience did not completely fill the hall, but it made up in enthusiasm for what it lacked in size. In fact, whenever the words of a song were finished it burst into applause, regardless of the accompaniments. This was a pity, not only for the sake of the songs, but also because Oscar Dachs, the accompanist, is an artist in his line. Another curious fact was that the programme did not mention his name.

MUSIC NOTES.

Mrs. Alma Gluck will give a song recital at the Hotel Plaza on Wednesday, Jan. 31, for the benefit of St. Andrew's Convalescent Hospital. She will be assisted by Howard Brockway at the piano.

The Faculty of Liszt Conservatory of Music will give a concert to-night in Carnegie Chamber Music Hall.

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"Bromo Quinine"
That is
Laxative Bromo Quinine
USED THE WORLD OVER TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.
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Sale of Overcoats and Suits At $16.50
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Overcoats—Almost every kind, including plain black and Oxford, and an immense assortment of Fancy Overcoats in browns and grays—Ulsters, Raglans and Chesterfields; heavy and medium weight; belted and plain; lined and unlined—also many warmth-without-weight coats of soft, woolly, English fabrics and American manufacture.

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$40 & $45 Suits & $50 & $55 Overcoats	$33.50

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New English models, with strapped seam sleeves. The new blue chinchilla overcoats. Plain and fancy weaves of melton and kersey and advance style plaid and check overcoatings.

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TO-NIGHT AT 8 O'CLOCK
In the Grand Ball Room of
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AND CONCLUDING
At the American Art Galleries
To-morrow (Thursday) Evening at 8 o'clock
The Important Paintings of the
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The sale will be conducted by MR. THOMAS E. KIRBY, of the
AMERICAN ART ASSOCIATION, Managers,
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SLASHES AT JUROR WHO VOTED DEATH

Italian Found Guilty of Wife Murder Attempts Violence with a Fragment of Glass.

BALKED, HE CUTS HIMSELF

Juror Collapses While Leaving Courtroom and Falls, Cutting His Head on the Tiled Floor.

After Judge Foster had thanked the jury in General Sessions for pronouncing Joseph Ferrone guilty of the murder of his wife, the prisoner sprang toward the jury box yesterday afternoon, and, taking a piece of glass from his pocket, attempted to cut the throat of one of the jurors. Being balked in this he turned the glass upon himself, and cut a deep gash in the left side of his own throat.

Ferrone was convicted of the murder in record time, the trial only taking two days, and more than once witnesses were threatened with death by signs in the courtroom made by spectators, affiliated with the Mafia. The jury left the courtroom at 5 o'clock, and was only out an hour. It brought in a verdict of murder in the first degree. After the trial, as the jury was leaving the courtroom, juror No. 6, George W. Gammock of 126 West Fifty-second Street, the man who Ferrone tried to kill, collapsed, and, falling upon the tiled floor, cut a deep gash in the back of his head.

Promptly at 6 o'clock Judge Foster received word that the jury had reached an agreement, and he instructed Capt. Fanning of the court attendants to put out any persons who had showed any sympathy for the defendant. This was done, and then the jury filed in. Ferrone looked very closely at the jury, his face twisted up in a snarl.

A group of court attendants, suspecting trouble, surrounded him before the verdict was given, and then the foreman stood up and looking the prisoner straight in the eyes, said:

"We find the defendant guilty of murder in the first degree."

Judge Thanks the Jury.

Ferrone leaned toward them, but evidently thinking better of the matter stepped back and gave his pedigree to Capt. Fanning. He said he was 30 years old, and had served two terms in prison. After his pedigree had been taken, Judge Foster said:

"Gentlemen of the jury, I wish to express to you my deepest satisfaction for your verdict and the splendid manner in which you listened to the evidence in this case. I desire to thank Assistant District Attorney Manley for the way in which he conducted the prosecution, and I also wish to thank Charles Campbell, the defendant's attorney, for the dispatch with which he called his various witnesses. While speaking of this case it might be very well for me to say that seven years ago Joseph Ferrone, a cousin of this very defendant, was convicted of murder in the second degree before me. He also cut his wife's throat and is now in Sing Sing, serving a twenty-year term. At the same time that he was on trial his brother, who is also a cousin of this defendant, was convicted of burglary in another part of General Sessions."

During Judge Foster's remarks the watch over Ferrone had been relaxed somewhat, and as the Judge finished the prisoner sprang toward the jury box and hissed:

"My wife took her own life, and now you have taken mine, but I will take yours."

As he uttered these words he drew a piece of glass from his pocket and sprang toward Juror Gammock, who was sitting nearest to him. Capt. Fanning and several other court attendants caught Ferrone and pulled him back, and as they did so the prisoner drew the glass across his throat, causing a stream of blood to trickle down his shirt front. He was drawing the glass across his throat a second time when he was disarmed. A Deputy Sheriff handcuffed him and the glass fell to the floor, breaking into numerous pieces.

Juror Gammock stooped down and picked up the largest piece and handed it to Assistant District Attorney Manley. Where Ferrone obtained the glass is a mystery, and the belief is that he broke a drinking glass in the pen while awaiting the verdict and crammed the pieces in his pocket.

The jury then left the courtroom, and as Gammock stepped out into the hall he swayed for an instant and then fell backward. He struck the back of his head upon the hard floor, inflicting a deep wound. He was taken to the Judges' chambers, where he was examined by Dr. Gottleib Sternberg of 541 East 138th Street, who was in the courtroom. District Attorney Whitman, who had hurried to the courtroom, asked Judge Foster to detail a court attendant to accompany Gammock home. This was done, and after the juror's head was bandaged he took a taxicab at the District Attorney's expense.

An ambulance call was then sent in for Ferrone, and an ambulance from the Hudson Street Hospital responded. It was found that the wound in the prisoner's throat was not of a dangerous character, and after it was bound up he was strapped up in his cell, with his hands tied with leather straps, in order that he could not do any more harm to himself. He will be sentenced on Friday.

Mrs. Ferrone was slain here on Oct. 24, having just come from Philadelphia. Several years previously she had left Ferrone when she learned that he wished to sell her into white slavery. Last Fall he sent for her, saying that her little daughter was dying in Bellevue Hospital. Mrs. Ferrone at once came here, only to find that she had been tricked. She then decided to return to Philadelphia, and Ferrone, after trying to persuade her to remain with him, said he would escort her to a car at Bradhurst Avenue and 145th Street. When they reached that corner he asked her to kiss him, and as she stooped over to do so he drew a razor from his pocket and slashed her throat, almost severing her head from her shoulders.

VOTE FOR SWEDISH WOMEN.

Are to Have Equal Share with Men in Nation's Political Life.

STOCKHOLM, Jan. 16.—Women are henceforth to take a full and equal share with men in the political life of Sweden.

The speech from the Throne at the opening of the Riksdag to-day contained the announcement that a bill is to be introduced enfranchising women and making them eligible at the elections to the Riksdag on the same conditions as men.

Every Swede over 24 years of age and not under any legal disability has the right to vote for members of the Second Chamber.

On behalf of the Government, it was stated by King Gustav, who opened the Riksdag in person, that it was regarded as right and in the best interests of the State that women should be placed on this equality with men.

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Yet there are people who are exceedingly careful in the selection of a shop from which to purchase a diamond, who will purchase rugs promiscuously.

There would be just as much reason for the leading Fifth Avenue jeweler to present a sale of diamonds as for this house to present a sale of rugs.

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Tunics richly jewelled, beaded and hand embroidered on net and chiffon cloth. Gold and silver effects, beautiful border designs, rich Oriental colorings, Indian bead work effects, etc., etc. ☞Main Floor.
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Schedule "K" and the New Encyclopaedia Britannica

ON account of the pressing political and industrial importance of the subject, there is in evidence just now a widely spread desire on the part of the public to get at the essential facts about Tariff Reform. But the trouble is that, even when available, the desired information is usually couched in terms so technical, and relates to international conditions so complicated, that to the layman it is for the most part little better than unintelligible. For instance, the recent Report of the Tariff Board on Schedule "K" bristles with such expressions as "noils," "tops," "cross-bred" wool, etc., and furthermore presumes an acquaintance on the reader's part with at least the salient features of the geographical distribution of the world's wool production as a whole.

The article *Wool, Worsted and Woollen Manufactures* (20,000 words, 1 full page plate, 12 text cuts) contributed to the 11th Edition of the Encyclopaedia Britannica by F. A. Barker, M.Sc., Professor of Textile Industries, Bradford College, England, meets this kind of difficulty. Written in the world's principal centre for the manufacture of worsteds and woollens, it is as practical as it is authoritative, and no one having read it should experience further trouble in understanding the report on the woollen industry. So far as Schedule "K" is concerned, it entirely removes the disability imposed on the layman by his own ignorance of the technical details of an issue which, as a citizen, he is called to pass on.

The Story of Wool

Typical of *the unique utility of the Encyclopaedia Britannica as an interpreter of current events and of the light it sheds on current industrial problems*, this article opens with a graphic account of the gradual distribution over the globe of the merino sheep, from its original home in Spain, and the subsequent development of the wool industry in the United States, Australasia, Australia, South America and South Africa. The consequences of the tendency, due to the opening up of the meat trade, to breed for mutton rather than for wool, the resulting replacement of merino by "cross-bred" wool as well as recent endeavours to breed back to the merino characteristics, are next considered. The first merinos known to have left descendants are stated to have been introduced into the United States in 1802, while in South America, destined to be the chief wool exporting country of the world, shearing dates from as late as 1842. The wool yield by weight of different crosses and strains is then given, and a description of the chemical and physical properties of wool, illustrated by a full-page plate showing six examples of different wools under the microscope.

Next follows the story of wool, literally from the sheep's back to the finished fabric, a story briefly indicated in the running captions at the head of this page. The article concludes with statistical tables giving an adequate idea of (a) sources of supply of raw material; (b) changes in the monetary value of the chief sorts of wool during recent years; (c) factory and labour statistics.

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The new 11th Edition of the Encyclopaedia Britannica is offered by the Press of the University of Cambridge as a fresh survey of the practical and useful, no less than of the learned and recondite things of life. Nothing is alien to it that interests or concerns the members of a civilized community, and it contains the largest body of information to be found in one work. At once exhaustive and comprehensive in the fullest sense of these terms, the work comprises 40,000 articles, 44,000,000 words, 7,000 text illustrations, 450 full-page plates and 569 maps. It is of even date, 1910, throughout, the entire text having remained under editorial control until the whole was finally released to the printer. Among the 1,500 scholars, specialist authorities, and practical experts of 21 countries who wrote its articles were included the Chancellors, Presidents, Professors and Lecturers of 81 Universities and Foundations of Learning. 202 of the contributors were Americans. The overhead editorial cost of production was $1,500,000, which was disbursed before a single volume was printed for sale.

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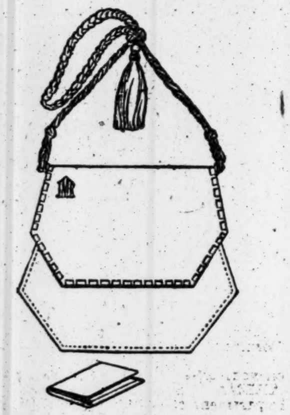

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You would be just as seasick on a voyage to Panama, but you would have had all the seasickness and you would not be in Liverpool if you were going to Liverpool.

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REINHARDT PLAY IS SEEN AT THE CASINO

"Sumurun" an Interesting and Impressive Novelty, with Some Very Fervid Scenes.

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Wordless Drama Graphically Conveyed in Unusual Settings—The Story and the Acting.

SUMURUN, a wordless play in nine scenes, by Friedrich Freska; music by Victor Hollaender. Casino Theatre.

The Sheik	Paul Conradi
His Son	Hans Felix
Sumurun	Camilla Elbenschuetz
Sumurun's Maid	Susanne Herzog
Nur-al-Din	Fritz Feher
The Hunchback	Emil Lind
The Beautiful Slave of Fatal Enchantment	Leopoldine Konstantin
An Old Woman	Marie von Buelow
The Janitor of the Bazaar	George Hoetzel
The Slave Dealer	Franz Dworsky
The Chief Eunuch	AlbertKarchow
Nur-al-Din's Attendant	Ernst Matray
First Lady of the Harem	Grete Bendorff
Second Lady of the Harem	Marietta Reimer
A Negro	John Kellner
Another Attendant of Nur-al-Din	Julius Stahl

It was a very cold night, but not—decidedly not—in the Casino Theatre. In fact, the Max Reinhardt spectacle of "Sumurun," much heralded, and, to be quite truthful, not less wonderful than it has been described, reveals about the most frank and unreserved exhibition of passionate abandon that has ever been seen in this country. It reveals much more, to be sure, but when this remarkably variegated entertainment has run its course the scenes that remain most in memory are the ones toward the close, after Nur-al-Din, the dreamy-eyed cloth merchant, has at last been brought into the harem, there to steal the love of the beautiful Sumurun almost from under the Sheik's very nose.

By this time, however, magnificently temperamental creature that he is, the Shark's chief interest is centred in the Beautiful Slave of Fatal Enchantment, which, view it as one likes, certainly reveals him as a remarkably good picker. But, here, as in the case of Sumurun, he has a successful rival, none less, indeed, than his own son, wohm he is presently to slay at the end of the superbly developed drama of the scene in which the much abused Hunchback finally arrives to wreak his vengeance and bring punishment to those who have robbed him of his love. These scenes do pulse, indeed, with a passion, with suggested realism and dead earnest, which, for all of "Sumurun's" amazing qualities, is not always so much in evidence before.

The one great impressive quality of "Sumurun," apart from its general novelty, is the way its interest builds up, accumulates, and is sustained until the final moment. But in the earlier scenes the discursiveness of the movement was a bit of a deterrent on appreciation. The main stream of the narrative, with its two branches, one involving the Hunchback's love for the Beautiful Slave of Fatal Enchantment, (who is not a nice lady, in spite of the fact that Fraulein Konstantin makes her decidedly the most interesting figure in the play,) and the other revealing the pursuit of the Sheik's favorite by the Cloth Merchant, is clear enough. And there is tremendous picturesqueness to it all. And yet it does not become completely dramatic in the finest and best sense until the stories have almost run their course.

As pantomime, however, it is all highly illuminative. The Reinhardt method is more graphic than the Italian pantomime, which not infrequently expresses itself in symbols which cannot be understood without some previous knowledge of the art. But here, if there is ever any drawback, it is due more to the rich variety of the recital than to any indefiniteness in the means of expression.

At the outset the novelty of the presentation is manifested in the entrance of the main characters to the action down a long runway extending from the front of the theatre over the orchestra chairs and leading to the stage. The only words spoken were those of the Nur-ae-Din cloth merchant,) conveying in a brief epilogue some sense of his passion for beautiful dreams when by all the laws of his heritage he should have been devoting himself to merchandise, as richly colored, perhaps, but of quite another sort. It may be mentioned here as well as in another place that the reading of this epilogue was beautifully done by Herr Fritz Feher, who in spite of the fact that he was speaking a strange tongue, gave variety and fluency to his utterance quite in contrast to the muddled elocution of many of our own players.

So much having happened, the curtain rose revealing the first specimen of the Reinhardt staging, a view of the Oriental Bazaar, with the exterior of the Hunchback's theatre, the whole being represented in a simple, flat elevation of a creamy color, punctuated here and there by oval windows with lattice work in a peculiar shade of blue, and a general effect both restful and unusual. It is here that the Sheik, come to look for Sumurun, first sees that brown goddess, the Beautiful Slave, whose tantalizing coquetry is ultimately to precipitate a double tragedy. For though the Hunchback is madly in love with her, she spurns him and is glad of the opportunity to join the Sheik's harem. You have previously discovered, however, that the latter's son has won her favor for the time.

The following scene, full of variety and color, with the Hunchback's show in progress, while the Beautiful Slave is making up for the performance in a curtained alcove, and receiving first a letter from her lover, then the man himself, ends in the supposed death of the Hunchback. He attempts to swallow poison, but it sticks in his throat, so you are to see him in a long-continuing swoon, which brings terror to one after another of his followers, each of whom takes turn in cudgeling and choking him and each of whom successively thinks himself guilty of a murder.

To be quite frank, much of what passes with respect to this supposed corpse is done so grotesquely that a sense of comedy is conveyed even at moments that to be most effective should be filled with horror. And it may be mentioned that Herr Reinhardt has not hesitated to introduce low comedy relief which is distinctly primitive in the antics of Nur-al-Din's servants. But there is much real beauty and color and movement in the scene before the Sheik's palace, a lovely set in rose and white, where the Beautiful Slave, borne on a litter, presently arrives, to become an inmate of the harem.

By this time the Hunchback has been tossed about considerably, first in a basket, then in a sack, then back from one basket to another, the supposed corpse being eventually smuggled into the palace along with the devoted Nur-al-Din, who, with the assistance of the ladies of the harem, has managed to elude the guards.

From this point on the second part of the entertainment as it is presented at the Casino, the movement becomes rather more swift and dramatic. But before getting to the final episodes there is a succession of dancing movements by a number of graceful girls, lead by Fraulein Suzanne Herzog, a veritable little dream creature, whose rare beauty is greatly enhanced by a rather scanty but most effective drapery in orange tints.

It is in the harem that the love longings of Nur-al-Din, the Cloth Merchant, finally have their reward, though at the very moment when they seem likely to be fulfilled the Sheik himself enters and the lover must be hidden. Then Sumurun with all her art and all her charms tries to attract her lord. But by this time he is more interested in the Beautiful Slave who presently arrives, to be led in triumph up a long flight of circular stairways in the magnificently contrived scene of collonades, done in white and blue, with a relief of gold in pillars and lattice work.

With delightful feminine perverseness, Sumurun, who has apparently not cared a fig for the Sheik's attentions heretofore, is now very much "peeved"—so much, in fact, does she take the slave's preferment to heart that Nur-al-Din has some difficulty in re-establishing friendly relations. However, the breach is not permanent, a fact which is presently disclosed in a scene of Oriental wooing which would come as nean justifying the ringing down of the asbestos curtain as anything which has ever been disclosed.

In simple effectiveness nothing could excel the next picture, the chamber of the Sheik at the top of the palace, and showing a spacious room, with the light from one huge lantern shining down on a great divan, on which the Sheik slumbers, while beside him reclines the Beautiful Slave, open eyed and awaiting the coming of the Young Sheik, her beloved. Into this scene is woven a splendid sugestion of strangeness and mystery, and now at last there is a pulse of the coming horror, in the strange outcries of the Hunchback, finally awakened from his trance by the faithful old woman who has hopefully pursued the body through all its wanderings.

When the young Sheik has climbed the long stairways and is enfolded in the arms of the treacherous slave girl she hands him a dagger with which she implores him to slay his father. As he recoils from this deed of horror the Hunchback shrieks, the Sheik awakes, and, a moment later, he has laid his scimeter to the throat of his rival, while the Hunchback is struggling with the slave. Then, in the final scene, the Sheik finds Nur-al-Din in the harem, and it looks as though the cloth merchant will have dreamed his last dream. But as he is being rapidly overpowered by the Sheik the Hunchback buries his knife in the other's back.

All in all, "Sumurun" is something very new and strange, and certainly impressive. And it represents a distinct departure from the methods of stagecraft with which we are all most familiar. As a spectacle it is an engrossing novelty, and as an exhibition of how much may be conveyed by actors gifted and trained to convey the sense of a story through facial expression and gesture it is highly interesting.

But that it indicates, however, that there is ever to be any complete departure from the present methods of histrionic art, or that it indicates any remarkably prophetic vision as to the stage of the future, may reasonably be doubted. There will be other exhibitions of a similar sort, and if they are as good as this they will be, and should be, highly appreciated. But once the novelty of the thing has run its course, there will be a reversal to more familiar methods.

The pantomimic art of these players is generally very admirable, but there were excesses in gesture and in facial play last night that could hardly be regarded as representative of the best in the art. Scenically the production is most interesting and gratifying. And it is entirely obvious that with proper modifications the Reinhardt method may be profitably employed in the staging of plays of an entirely different type.

Fraulein Leopold Konstantin stood out as by far the most interesting, picturesque, and fluent of all the performers. And in her dark makeup, with her graceful figure revealed through scanty drapings, she was a vibrantly beautiful picture. She is wonderfully plastic, has tremendous fire and passion, and the movements of her body and her facial play are fluidly expressive. As the Beautiful Slave of Fatal Enchantment she is called on to run the gamut from love to hate. Always with her there was a sense of sincerity, and when she was on the stage she was always the centre of interest no matter what the happenings.

As Sumurun Fräulein Camilla Elbenshutz was not especially impressive until the scene in the harem when she brought all possible warmth and variety to the various processes of reticence or allurement, which the situation required. Emil Lind was interesting and graphic, if possibly a trifle excessive in expression, as the Hunchback.

Hanz Felix, Fritz Feher, Marie von Bülow, and Paul Conradi added such values as their rôles demanded.

And Suzanne Herzog, with her fresh beauty and lightness of movement and gesture, provided a charming picture for the eye.

But of all the various elements in the production, none was of more general value in creating the proper sense of atmosphere and in emphasizing the various incidents, whether grave or gay, than the exceedingly beautiful descriptive music of Herr Victor Hollaender. Herr Hollaender was in the leader's chair last night, and shared in the general ovation. He certainly deserved it. For the music of "Sumurun" is one of its most colorful and impressive assets.

'TWAS A LITERARY AUDIENCE.

Artists and Representative Germans Replacc Usual Casino First-Nighters.

The audience at the first performance of "Sumurun" at the Casino Theatre last night gave the impression of a premier at the Metropolitan Opera House or the late New Theatre. It was nothing like what has come to be considered a "typical Casino first-night" crowd. There were many of the usual "first-nighters" present, of course, including the critics and most of the habitual front row people, but the body of the house and the boxes were filled with representatives of the artistic and literary side of the city, society people, and many of the representative Germans attracted by the reputation of Reinhardt and his productions and companies.

During the performance there was comparatively little applause, and when the intermission came scarcely any one left the theatre, though there was much visiting in the promenades and the boxes. The music was listened to attentively, and the acting followed with complete silence all over the house.

PARKER DESCRIBES "MONA."

Composer Gives Recital of His Prize Opera at MacDowell Club.

Prof. Horatio Parker gave a lecture-recital on his prize opera, "Mona," which is announced for production at the Metropolitan Opera House next month, yesterday afternoon at the MacDowell Club, when the public was admitted.

Prof. Parker described first the milieu in which the story of Mona had been set; then he described some of the characters and told what he had done with them musically, and finally outlined the story of the work with frequent readings from Brian Hooker's libretto, playing copious excerpts from the published piano score.

The most interesting detail that he told concerning the work was the fact that each of the characters is represented by a tonality as well as by a theme. Mona, the woman, for instance, is always represented by the key of E flat major. Other characters are indicated by the keys G minor and B major. Some characters even have two or three tonalities to represent different phases. Each character has at least one. There are themes, too. Prof. Parker said that there must be at least sixtw-two of these.

CONCERT OF ITALIAN WORKS.

Randegger Trio and Paul Kefer, 'Ccllist, Appear at the Waldorf.

The Societa per la Musica Italiana, a chamber music organization which devotes itself to the performance of interesting Italian works which would scarcely be afforded a hearing here under other conditions, began its second season of concerts last night at the Waldorf-Astoria with an extremely interesting programme.

The Randegger Trio and Paul Kefer, 'cellist, presented this programme, which included Mezio Agostini's Trio, Opus 17; F. Luzzatto's sonata for piano and 'cello, Opus 56; a "Melodia" of Luigi Vannuccini's; Giuseppe Lucietto's "Scena Villereccia," and a trio of Giulio Ricordi.

THE KNEISEL QUARTET.

A New Work by David Stanley Smith Played—Katharine Goodson Assisting Pianist.

At the third concert of the Kneisel quartet given last evening in the Hotel Astor there was honor given to an American composer, David Stanley Smith, by the performance of his string quartet in E minor, Op. 19. It was played from manuscript, and for the first time in New York. Mr. Smith is Assistant Professor of Music at Yale University, and owes much of his musical training to that institution; some of his compositions have been widely performed, though probably few who heard his quartet last evening knew him as a composer.

Mr. Smith is a young man, but he has more than the restraint and sobriety of youth. His quartet shows few of the traits that are accounted "modern," and has little in common with any of the prevailing "advanced" schools in their adventures into new fields. The composer's artistic sympathies apparently lie in the direction of Brahms.

The quartet shows excellent command of writing for the four strings, of the style that is adapted for them; there is an unusually sure touch and knowledge of effect in the facture of the music—a technical knowledge that is by no means common to young composers. If the music does not profoundly stir the emotions or touch the imagination of the listener, it shows a sustained power of invention and of development. The composer's musical ideas are substantial and he is not at a loss to know what to do with them. Nor are his processes purely intellectual. The first movement has an unusual and individual character derived from the fact that one of its chief themes is in one of the ancient church modes; and while this is not insistently obtruded upon the attention, it is sufficient to give a significant color to the music at various points in its development.

There is a grave beauty in the suave and sustained song of the andante. The spirit of the presto is not gay, nor is the movement brilliant, but it is touched with fantasy. A brief fugato introduces this last movement, and reappears in its course; this movement contains some of the most interesting as well as some of the most beautiful passages of the whole composition.

The workmanship shows much skill and originality, especially in its treatment of rhythms. As a whole it is marked by seriousness and self-restraint, and perhaps something less of these qualities applied to its composition would have given it a greater power. As it is, however, the quartet is an exceedingly creditable production and worth the attention that Mr. Kneisel has given it.

Schumann's quartet in A, which Mr. Kneisel has so often put upon his programmes, came next, and as it has so often done before, gave great delight to the audience in a performance overflowing with tonal beauty and euphany. In César Franck's piano quintet in F minor, which was the last number of the programme, the assisting pianist was Miss Katharine Goodson, who made her first appearance in New York for several seasons. This English pianist must be accounted one of the best of the ensemble players that Mr. Kneisel has associated with his quartet in works with the piano; her performance was admirable in the balance which she maintained between her instrument and the strings, and in its sympathy with the spirit of the music. The quintet has noble and beautiful qualities, but it has also certain passages of monotony, wherein its method seems almost mechanical. It is har dto find in it that superlative power and miraculous beauty which make its most ardent admirers place it by the side of the greatest productions in chamber music.

A change was made in the seating of the audience in the hall, and in the position of the players, who were on one side instead of at the end. The endeavor was to improve the acoustical results, but it was doubtful whether there was an improvement for more than a part of the listeners.

MAX REINHARDT COMING.

"Oedipus Rex" Likely to be His Next Production Here.

A cablegram was received by Prof. Richard Ordynski at the Casino Theatre last night from Max Reinhardt, the original producer of "Sumurun," that indicated that the German manager was planning to come to this country soon. The message read:

"I look to you and the 'Sumurun' company to do me justice to-night in my introduction to America, for I look forward eagerly to visiting that country to keep up to our Berlin and London standard."

Prof. Reinhardt is now in London, where his production of "The Miracle" was staged Christmas week, and where Martin Harvey and an English company has just appeared in his production of "Oedipus Rex." It is likely that this will be the next Reinhardt production to reach this country.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Werba & Luescher have engaged Mme. Mathilde Cottrelly for a character role with Louis Mann in "Elevating a Husband" at the Liberty Theatre next week. The cast will include Conway Tearle, Leslie Kenyon, Emily Ann Wellman, Jessie Carter, Charles Halton, J. Homer Hunt, Howard Scott, and Clara De Witt.

Victor Herbert has written a new duo to be sung by Kitty Gordon and Harold Forde in "The Enchantress" at the New York Theatre Saturday afternoon for the first time. On this occasion several of Mr. Herbert's romantic songs will be interpolated in the performance.

James K. Hackett and E. M. Holland will give a special performance of the one-act play, "The Bishop's Candlesticks," after the performance of "The Grain of Dust" at the Criterion Theatre to-morrow night. This play is an episode from "Les Miserables," and Mr. Hackett will play Jean Valjean and Mr. Holland the Bishop.

Christine Nielsen, prima donna in "The Wedding Trip," celebrated her recovery from a badly injured foot by giving a supper after the performance last night. Miss Nielsen's foot was injured on the night of the first performance of the operetta here, but she has continued in the cast without missing a performance.

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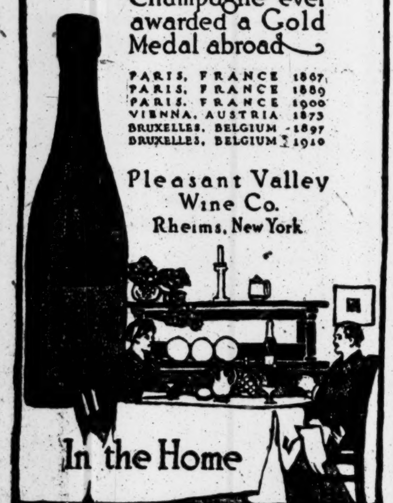

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TOMMY MURPHY WINS BOUT WITH BEDELL

Brooklyn Boys Engage in Fast Contest Before Big Crowd at Royale A. C.

Tommy Murphy of Flatbush outpointed Joe Bedell of Brooklyn in an exciting ten-round bout at the Royale A. C. of Brooklyn last night. The bout, while not as sensational as the recent clash between the same pair several weeks ago, was much faster than the average bouts and kept a crowded house in a state of excitement from the opening bell in the first round until the final gong in the tenth. There was no stalling by either boxer, very little clinching, and no time when either was in much distress.

Murphy's superior cleverness and his ability as an infighter decided the issue, but he found in Bedell an opponent who forced him to go at top speed all the way. The Brooklynite really put up a remarkable battle under the handicap of an injured eye. Murphy opened an old wound over Bedell's left eye in the first round, and it bled until the finish. The one small cut bled so profusely all the way that Bedell had the appearance of a badly beaten boxer when he in reality was always dangerous and never in great distress.

Murphy's infighting played a most prominent part in his victory. He drove hard smashes with either hand to Joe's stomach throughout the bout, and he shot up wicked uppercuts in the clinches, which sent the Brooklynite's head back with a snap. In the open fighting Tommy also showed to advantage, but he found Bedell able to take all that he could send and always come back for more.

In the fourth round Murphy gained the honors by a wide margin, but this was the only chapter in which he led to any extent. In the other rounds which Tommy won he had to be content with a slight advantage, and the same was true of Bedell in the chapters which the Brooklynite gained. Three of the ten rounds were so even that it would have required a hairline decision to give the honors to either.

Unlike the last clash between this pair, there were no clean knockdowns. In their other battle each succeeded in dropping his opponent more than once, but last night each kept his jaw away from the drop punches. Bedell went to the canvas last night, but his fall was the result of his own efforts during a hot exchange in a neutral corner rather than to any hard punch by his opponent. Three or four times Bedell hooked in a left or swung a right with sufficient force to rock the former Harlemite, but Tommy always recovered quickly. The only time that Bedell was in serious trouble was in the fourth round, when Murphy drove him to a corner and shot rights and lefts with force enough to make Bedell hold on.

The bout drew the largest crowd that has attended any contest in Brooklyn for more than a year. The big Clermont Avenue Rink was taxed to capacity, at least 3,000 persons being present.

BRITT'S FEELINGS RUFFLED.

False Interview, Late Ship, and Customs Hold-Up Stir James Edward.

James Edward Britt, one-time star of the roped arena, later a boxing promoter in London, and now out to inscribe his name on fame's roll as a footlights artist, arrived in New York yesterday on the Cunard liner Franconia, after a hurried trip to settle up several important affairs in England. James Edward brought with him an oversized grouch, which he had developed for several reasons, and the grouch increased considerably in size before he had finished his little session with the customs officers at the local port. It was the only thing James Edward brought that escaped the customs officers.

The grouch started a few hours after Britt's arrival in England, on Dec. 22. It was brought about by a supposed interview with a ship news reporter on the arrival of the steamship Lusitania at Fishguard, and this item was printed quite extensively in English papers; as well as in the American press. According to the supposed interview, Britt was quoted as saying:

"I am thinking of becoming an Englishman. I like England. The Englishman is a much cleaner fighter than the American and a better sportsman throughout."

Britt's first statement on his arrival here yesterday was an emphatic denial of any such interview. He was greatly upset that any such story should be printed about him, and stated that he had no intention of renouncing allegiance to the Stars and Stripes, neither did he have any reason to criticise the American sportsman.

"I have no complaint to make on my treatment in England during my three years' residence there," was the way Britt explained it yesterday, "but I was not so carried away with England and its people that I ever thought of becoming a subject of King George. Wouldn't it be strange that I should make such a statement when I simply went over on a three weeks' hurried trip after making all arrangements to locate permanently in New York? No, Sir; the United States always looked good to me, and I guess it always will."

The journey homeward resulted in the original grouch assuming much larger proportions. Britt had made arrangements before sailing to open an engagement at a New York theatre on Jan. 15, and was assured before purchasing his return ticket that the Franconia would arrive here soon enough to allow him to open on that date. The steamship was about two days late, and as a result the week's engagement had been cancelled before James Edward reached these shores. On Saturday last, when he learned that arrival on time was an impossibility, the steamship agent had been put in the same class with the reporter who spread the jarring note about America and its sportsmen.

At the dock yesterday the customs officer who was detailed to inspect Britt's baggage kept James Edward shivering in the sea breezes while he took as much care to inspect the baggage as if the trip to England had been for the purpose of collecting nothing but valuables. It was an inspection such as an art collector might expect to be subjected to, and the Appraisers were called in to see that none of the small articles that Britt brought back might be undervalued. Meanwhile the wind whistled and James Edward shivered as he had not shivered in years. According to Britt's ideas, the work should have consumed about one-quarter of the time which the customs officer devoted to his small amount of baggage. So the officer in question was relegated to the ranks of Britt's undersirables, together with the steamship agent and the ship news reporter.

In spite of his threefold grouch, Britt took time to state that he had a most enjoyable trip from America on the Lusitania. One of his fellow-passengers on that journey was the Marquis of Queensberry, who was returning to England after spending several months in America. The two became friends years ago, when Britt was living in England, and they were together much of the time. Boxing, of course, formed the principal topic of conversation, and the pair spent many hours discussing the sport through the medium of which both Britt and the father of the Marquis had acquired world-wide fame. One of the principal features discussed was a proposed international board to govern the sport and introduce many needed reforms, such as uniform weights and rules. At the present time the weights at which the various class titles are decided differ considerably in America, France, England, and Australia, where the game flourishes the most, and in some classes the champion of one country would be unable to make the weight at which the championship of the same class in another country is decided. Many regulations are in force in one country and unknown in another, and both agreed that an effort should be made to have the same weights and rules apply everywhere. Each promised to lend his influence to bring about such a condition of affairs.

Britt has closed up all his business affairs in London and does not expect to return there. He will hereafter make New York his headquarters.

"But don't forget to emphasize that I never gave out that alleged interview," was Britt's parting remark.

Howard Smith Wins Bout.

Two Smiths, Howard, of Elizabeth, N. J., and Eddie, of Yorkville, occupied the ring last night in the star bout of the Mount Vernon Sporting Club, the Jerseyite capturing the honors. Howard outpointed his opponent all the way, but lacked the necessary strength to score a knockout.

HARD BLOW FOR NEW YORK?

Jack Johnson to Boycott Any One Who Fights Flynn.

CHICAGO, Jan. 16.—Jack Johnson, world's champion heavyweight, has decided on a scheme whereby he believes he can more than even up with the New York Boxing Commission for not allowing him to box in the metropolis.

The champion said that he will place on the "black list" any fighter who boxes in New York. By this stand, he declares, the Flynn-Palzer fight cannot be held if the Pueblo man wants to get a chance for the championship. Johnson also admitted his anxiety to thus disappoint the promoters of this match in reaping a large sum of money.

LAS VEGAS, N. M., Jan. 16.—Las Vegas to-day became a bidder for the Johnson-Flynn fight on July 4 next, when Charlis O'Malley, a local promoter, wired to Jack Curley an offer of $100,000 for the fight. Since the granting of Statehood there is no law in New Mexico against glove contests, as these events were prohibited only by Federal statute.

BOXING TRUST'S TROUBLES.

New Board of Supervisors in San Francisco Holds Up Proposed Bouts.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 16.—The "prize fight trust" of this city is having trouble in obtaining permits from the new Board of Supervisors. After the Police Committee apparently had settled the programme of fights for a month or so ahead, charges made before the board caused the applications again to be referred to the committee.

James Coffroth and Eddie Graney were denounced by rivals as being unfit to conduct matches, because they had been indicted for bribery by the graft prosecution. On top of this, a number of women's societies, including the W. C. T. U., the Council of Jewish Women, and the Corona and California Clubs, asked for investigation of the boxing clubs to learn whether the contestants are bonafide amateurs, as required by law.

Franklin Beats Nitchie.

Benny Franklin and Young Nitchie were substituted last night at Brown's Gymnasium for Johnny Dohan and Cy Smith, who had been carded to appear in the star bout, the change being necessary because of an injury to Smith. Franklin carried the fight to his man all through the first five rounds and hammered him with left jabs, which had him in a bad way. In the succeeding rounds, however, Nitchie began to make a play for his opponent's body and forced him to the ropes in the sixth round. Franklin continued to work his left to advantage after this volley and at the end was considered to have clearly outpointed his man. Eddie Murphy gave Tiger Young a hard beating in the six-round preliminary.

Bill Hurley Gets Severe Beating.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Jan. 16.—Thomas McMahon of Pittsburgh dealt a severe beating to Bill Hurley of Glens Falls to-night before the Olympic A. C. in a ten-round bout, but could not land a knockout. Hurley was down for the count of nine in the second round, and again in the eighth.

MAY BAR GOLF CLUBS.

Sixty on Delinquent Handicap List May Not Enter Amateur Tourney.

Officials of many well-known golf clubs throughout the country are severely arraigned in a four-page document given out last night by R. C. Watson, Secretary of the United States Golf Association, who gives warning that members of sixty clubs will be barred from competition in the amateur golf championship of the United States at Chicago next July unless they comply at once with the demand for official handicap lists.

The herculean task of compiling a National handicap list of golfers in order to reduce the entry list for the amateur championship to the best calibre has been undertaken by the organization, but the task is held up because of the failure of sixty clubs to send handicap lists or to make any official notification as to whether they have any players eligible to compete.

"It is high time," says Secretary Watson, "for these clubs to be brought up with a short rein."

The list of delinquent clubs includes the Country Clubs of Augusta, Louisville, Memphis, Nashville, New Orleans, Washington, Roanoke, Rutland, and Oak Hill. It also includes the golf clubs at Fall River, Lenox, Cohasset, Manhattan, Wollaston, Princeton, Savannah, Palmetto, and Saratoga Springs.

OUST ATHLETIC LEADER.

George W. Braden Removed from Committee in Branch of A. A. U.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 16.—The Middle Atlantic Association of the A. A. U. after a stormy meeting that lasted until long after midnight this morning carried the fight into the country of the enemy when George W. Braden, Chairman of the Gymnastic Committee was summarily removed from the position.

Mr. Braden is the leading spirit in the fight against the A. A. U., and it was he who caused the severance of relations between the A. A. U. and numerous branches of the Y. M. C. A. Braden declares that the A. A. U. is not a governing body, as it was supposed to be, but that it is a promoting body.

Many other local athletic bodies now are considering the advisability of quitting the Amateur Athletic Union.

MIKE MURPHY IS WORSE.

Veteran Trainer of Athletes Confined to His Bed with Lung Trouble.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 16.—The condition of Mike Murphy, the veteran trainer of the University of Pennsylvania, has taken a turn for the worse, and it is a grave question if he ever will be able to take an active part in athletic training again. It is said to be a certainty that he will not be able to train the track team of the University of Pennsylvania this Spring, and it is doubtful if he will be able to accompany the Olympic team to Stockholm.

Murphy returned from Brown's Mills, N. J., several days ago against the advice of his physicians, and almost immediately he had to take to his bed at his home, 4331 Chestnut Street.

The serious condition of Murphy has been denied at the university, but it now is acknowledged that his lungs are badly affected, following a cold he contracted during the Penn-Michigan football game last Fall.

Columbia Downs Princeton in Squash.

Columbia's squash players won three matches out of the five contested at the Princeton Club yesterday in the second section of the series for the metropolitan inter-club championship. S. Hinman Bird, Princeton, defeated H. D. Bulkley, Columbia, 15—4, 15—7; R. White, Columbia, defeated P. De Boutellier, Princeton, 15—1, 18—14; Harold A. Imbrie, Princeton, defeated R. Wigham, Columbia, 15—8, 18—14; Fred S. Keeler, Columbia, defeated O. De Gray Vanderbilt, Princeton, 15—12, 15—9; H. H. Boyesen, Columbia, defeated Armin W. Riley, Princeton, 17—14, 18—16.

Games in Newark To-Night.

Many New York athletes will journey to Newark to-night to take part in the Father Mathew T. A. B. Society, which will be decided in the First Regiment Armory. National, Olympic, and local champions will compete in the long list of events scheduled.

St. John's Downs Catholic University.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 16.—St. John's College basketball team of Brooklyn defeated the Catholic University five here to-night, 41 to 25. Capt. Tracey and Keenan played good ball for the Brookland team, while McDonnell starred for the home team.

Commodore Blair's Appointments.

C. Ledyard Blair, who recently was re-elected Commodore of the New York Yacht Club for 1912, and whose yacht Diana will again be the flagship of the club's fleet, yesterday announced the appointments of Franklin A. Plummer as Fleet Captain and George A Dixon, M. D., as Fleet Surgeon.

Smith Defeats Cole at Pool.

In last night's games of the amateur handicap pool tournament at John Doyle's Forty-second Street Billiard Academy, Norman Smith, playing at the seventy-five-point mark, defeated George Cole (seventy) by the score of 75 to 68, in ten frames. Both contestants made high runs of fifteen points.

Sutton Challenges Hoppe at 18.1.

George Sutton of Chicago has challenged Willie Hoppe for the 18.1 balk line billiard championship. Hoppe now holds the title of champion at both 18.1 and 18.2 balk line. Sutton and Hoppe will play for the 18.2 title at the Hotel Astor on February 7. Hoppe says he will probably take the sixty days allowed by the rules governing the 18.1 championship before defending the trophy emblematic of that honor.

MARTIN AND LEVY WIN WITH THE CUE

Better Billiards Shown in Class C Amateur Tournament in Harlem.

The Class C amateur billiard tournament for the championship of America at the Morningside Billiard Academy of Harlem, got under full swing yesterday with the playing of two games, afternoon and evening. Although the opening contest Monday night did not come up to a high standard of playing, both of yesterday's games showed marked improvement in the billiardists' work.

In the evening contest Brooklyn scored its first victory over New York when C. W. Martin defeated J. T. Jaeger 200 to 109 in seventy-two innings. In spite of the fact that the game was one-sided from the start, with the Brooklynite leading by a comfortable margin, the work of both contestants was fully up to the rating of Class C competitors, but the luck of the game fell to the man from across the Bridge and enabled him to run out his tally with the victorious score.

Martin played a more heady game than his opponent from the start, and studied every play before executing it, and at times deliberated long before finally deciding on his stroke. Jaeger appeared cool, but usually judged his plays from the first glance and followed out his judgment without figuring the outcome, and in this way missed several shots of comparative ease. The Brooklynite started to pile up his counts directly after the second inning and was soon in the lead of Jaeger.

His first real advantage came when he more than doubled his opponent's score in the twelfth period with a tally of 26 to 12. Jaeger exhibited much safety play, while his opponent was gradually drawing away from him, and the victor got his first three-figure score in the thirty-eighth inning with an even hundred.

Jaeger in his high runs, which were not frequent, was never able to go above 9, and this was only on one occasion near the close of the game, but Martin had ten noteworthy strings, the highest of which was 14.

In the afternoon game S. L. Levy defeated Dr. Fuggle in sixty-eight innings by the score of 200 to 149. Dr. Fuggle at the start was unable to get the ivories rolling to his liking, and in his first six times at the table failed to tally. He recovered his stroke in the seventh period, and by cleverly nursing some open table shots, made his second high run of the tame, a tally of 13.

Levy went right after the spheres from the start, and after missing his first try, ran tallies of 10 and 12 in the second and third innings, respectively.

Levy held the upper hand from the start and got over the century mark in the sixty-first period, with a score of 113, while Dr. Fuggle did not show a three-figure tally until the fifty-first inning, when his score was 103.

In the sixty-third inning Levy executed the best shot of the match, when he completed a brilliant time shot.

This afternoon George Spear will oppose W. Harris, and in the evening game W. H. Hanley will try conclusions with E. R. Hollander. The scores of afternoon and evening games follow:

AFTERNOON GAME.

S. L. Levy—0 10 12 5 1 0 0 2 0 2 0 1 0 5 0 7 6 14 2 4 5 3 1 1 6 2 0 2 5 2 15 7 0 0 0 4 0 3 6 2 2 0 0 1 1 0 2 1 1 6 1 3 3 0 3 0 0 0 0 1 3 0 7 11 4 4 2 9. Total, 200; average, 2 64-68.

Dr. T. N. Tuggle—0 0 0 0 0 0 13 3 1 3 1 1 5 0 0 0 1 2 2 7 2 2 1 0 1 0 5 4 14 2 5 1 0 9 1 5 0 1 0 2 0 2 0 0 1 0 0 0 2 4 0 0 0 1 3 0 5 11 6 4 1 4 3 3 5 0. Total, 149; average, 2 15-67.

EVENING GAME.

Martin—0 2 1 2 3 9 0 4 0 2 0 3 1 3 1 2 1 14 2 0 0 1 0 7 2 1 0 0 11 7 5 3 3 7 0 0 2 1 0 0 9 1 2 1 2 1 0 2 5 6 7 0 13 1 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 2 3 1 2 1 12 9 1 5 12. Total—200. Average—2 56-72.

Jaeger—0 4 0 0 1 0 0 2 0 0 3 2 0 5 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 2 4 0 4 3 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 7 0 3 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 2 0 3 0 3 0 0 7 5 1 1 8 0 0 4 0 1 9 1 1 0 6 3 0 5 0. Total—109. Average—1 37-72.

BROWN WINS AT 18.2.

Takes Poggenburg's Place in Handicap Tournament in Brooklyn.

J. Ferdinand Poggenburg of the Liederkranz Club, who has been one of the scratch players in the 18.2 balk-line handicap billiard tournament at Keeney's Knickerbocker Billiard Academy in Brooklyn, suddenly retired from the contest last night. In his place another scratch player, M. D. Brown, was substituted, and he showed excellent form in his first match by easily defeating J. M. Millette, playing 180. The score was 300 to 128.

Brown showed himself to be a proficient cueist, and his game averaged 7 27-39, while he had high runs of 30, 28, and 26. He got down to form in the fourth inning with a run of 15, and rounded the 100 mark in the fourteenth inning, after he had made several fine runs, including his high collection of 30 in the tenth inning. Brown collected the spheres skillfully, and made several pretty bank shots. He passed the 200 mark in the twenty-sixth inning with a cleverly executed round-up of 28.

Millette's game was unsteady, and he had ciphers in thirteen innings. In the ninth inning he got the balls rolling well, and clicked off 20 points before he missed on an easy bank shot. Millette had just reached the 102 mark when Brown was registering his two hundredth mark. Millette's average was 3 14-38, while his best runs were 20, 16, and 14.

In to-night's match Joseph Mayer (scratch) will play F. W. Boyd (170.)

The score by innings of last night's match is as follows:

M. D. Brown—0 0 6 15 0 5 1 10 13 30 13 3 2 11 2 12 3 3 0 2 14 14 1 1 13 28 13 18 1 20 0 1 0 0 1 8 26 4 6. Total, 300; average 7 27-39.

J. M. Millette—0 3 0 1 2 4 6 3 20 4 8 0 3 0 0 1 4 8 0 0 0 4 14 3 1 5 3 12 16 0 0 6 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0. Total, 128; average, 3 14-38.

Kansas City added another victory to its credit in the inter-city three-cushion carrom billiard match which is being played at Keeney's this week, Bert Kerr winning from Al Garnus of Brooklyn by a score of 50 to 34. Kerr had two high runs of 4 each, while Garnus had two runs of 3.

ROUNDING UP HOLDOUTS.

President Foget Goes West to Bring Those Star Players to Terms.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Jan. 16.—Anxious to secure the signed contracts of a pair of his players who have been attacked by holdout fever, President Horace S. Fogel has gone West to bring them into the fold. The two chaps whom he wishes to corral before he gets back are Dode Paskert and Grover Cleveland Alexander.

Luderus, star first baseman, also is a holdout. It is more than possible that Fogel will meet Dode in Cleveland to-morrow and have a heart-to-heart talk with him. Paskert wants a little more money, and the Phillies feel that they have offered him all that is necessary at the present time. It is possible, however, for a compromise agreement to be reached.

There should be no difficulty in signing Alexander. He has already notified Dooin that he is ready to sign, but he wants Charlie to tell him what to do in the controversy which arose between the twirling sensation of 1911 and the Phillies.

In order to get hold of Alexander at a place where he can talk with him Fogel is likely to go to St. Paul, Neb. It is understood that Alexander's original demands on the club were for a salary which was around the $6,000 mark, a large boost over the money which he received for his first year in major league circles.

YALE PLAYS GIANTS APRIL 10.

Elis' Wish for Later Date Than Was Offered Is Granted.

The annual baseball game between the Yale University nine and the New York Giants will be played at the Polo Grounds on Wednesday, April 10, the day before the opening of the National League season. The only difference in the game this year is that it will not mark the first appearance of the Giants at the Polo Grounds after their Southern training trip, as in previous years.

The change is brought about by the Yale baseball schedule, which calls for a number of games in the South at the time that the Giants will arrive in New York. This schedule was arranged before the New York management was consulted for a date, and when April 6 was offered to the collegians they had to decline. The Eli manager sent back word that April 10 would be most acceptable, and it was accordingly given to Yale. The Giants will play two or three exhibition games at the Polo Grounds before engaging in the annual game with Yale.

NEW HOME FOR THE CUBS.

President Murphy to Introduce Innovations in Grand Stand Construction.

CHICAGO, Jan. 16.—President C. W. Murphy of the Chicago Nationals is the latest club owner to announce plans for a new grandstand. Murphy said to-day that he proposes a home for his baseball club which will be a unification of all of the best ideas in modern grandstand architecture. This, he said, will naturally make it the greatest of its kind, and will also make his park one of the beauty spots of the city.

Private Italian marble boxes, a fine restaurant, barber's shop, a few sleeping rooms, a souvenir room, an incline automobile drive to the boxes, and a garage on top of a beautiful concrete grandstand are some of the features mentioned in connection with the plans.

It has not been announced when the work will start, but Murphy says if it is necessary to spend $1,000,000 it will be spent.

Cutler School Wins at Basket Ball.

Being outweighed at almost every position, the basketball team of Cutler School defeated the quintet of Berkeley School yesterday at the Twenty-second Regiment Armory by a score of 13 to 2. The line-up:

Cutler School.	Position.	Berkeley School.
Brenner	Right ofrward	Miller
Herbert	Left forward	McAleenan, Brandt
Twyfoot	Center	McCarthy
Keck	Right guard	Brandt, Isenback
Lawson	Left guard	Mahr

Goals from field—Brenner, 4; Heck. Goals from fouls—McAleenan, 2; Brenner, 2. One foul awarded Cutler against Berkeley for pushing. Referees—Messrs. Miller and Packer. Times of halves—Fifteen minutes.

Swarthmore Downs N. Y. U.

In what proved to be the fastest game ever played in the University Heights gymnasium, the Swarthmore College basket ball team last night smothered the New York University five by a score of 36 to 11. That the home team was outclassed was evidenced early in the contest, as at the end of the first half the tally stood 26 to 4, these latter points being gained by goals from fouls, all of which were thrown by Moore, the right guard for N. Y. U. The line-up:

Swarthmore.	Position.	New York U.
Baker	Left forward	Rothstein, Sieberer, Comfort,
Mitchell	Right forward	J. McLoughlin
Gilchrist	Centre	P. W. McLoughlin
Dieg	Left guard	Josephs
Smith	Right guard	Moore

Goals from field—Baker, 9; Smith, 3; Mitchell, 1; Dieg, 1; J. McLoughlin, 1; P. W. McLoughlin, 1; Josephs, 1. Goals from fouls—Gilchrist, 8; Moore, 5. Referee—Frank H. Quigg, New York A. C. Umpire—Andrew Shields, Twenty-third Street Y. M. C. A. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

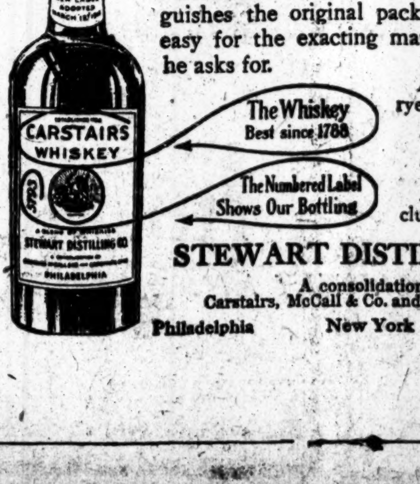
Canada Wins Gordon Curling Medal.

MONTREAL, Jan. 16.—By a score of 161 to 136 Canada to-day won the Gordon international curling medal, eight local rinks defeating eight rinks from the United States. The visitors were successful in three of the eight games, while the locals proved victorious in five. The scores:

CANADA.		UNITED STATES.	
St. Andrews	25	Schenectady	7
Outremont	21	Jersey City	19
Thistle	18	Caledonia, New York	21
Montreal	24	Brookline	11
St. Lawrence	18	Thistle, New York	20
Lachine	7	Country Club, Boston	35
Heather	26	St. Andrews, N. Y.	13
Caledonia	22	Utica	10

St. Nick's and N. Y. A. C. To-Night.

One of the most important games of the Amateur League series will be played to-night at the St. Nicholas Rink, with the New York Athletic Club and St. Nicholas teams as participants. The result will determine whether the former team, winners of the championships of 1909 and 1910, will have a chance to regain possession of the trophy. The St. Nicks have won two games in the present series and are tied with the Wanderers in the lead, while the Mercury Foot Seven was beaten in the only game it has played, and a defeat to-night will virtually put the team out of the running in the race for championship honors. The St. Nicholas team has never before been represented by such a strong aggregation of players.



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CRESCENT HOCKEY VICTORY AT RINK

New Mooners Outclass Hockey Club Team in Amateur League Game.

Strengthened by the playing of the veteran player and coach, Bill Dobby, the Crescent A. C. hockey team had an easy time defeating the Hockey Club seven at St. Nicholas Rink last night by a score of 9 to 3. The Hockey Club was hopelessly outclassed from the first, for the Crescents showed some of the fast skating and good team work which carried them to the championship last season. Dobby was at centre, and his presence on the ice seemed to give the New Mooners more confidence, for at times they displayed some fast hockey. Dobby scored four of the Crescent goals.

The Crescent victory was made easier because the Hockey Club team played a poor game. Their work was ragged, and even their star player, Jimmy Britton, was so completely covered by his opponents, that he had no chance to show any individual brilliancy, as in former contests. The game was rough at times, and twice the opposing players got into spirited mêlées. One time Britton was so incensed when Kennedy shouldered him against the bank of the rink that the Hockey Club player tried to slash him with his stick, and was ruled off the ice. Again, Norsworthy had a lively spat with Campbell and attempted some illegal slashing, and he, too, was penalized two minutes.

The Hockey Club reached the score board first, when MacKenzie, after about three minutes of play, caged the puck from scrimmage. From that time, however, there was nothing to it except the Crescents. Their skating was fast, and the Hockey Club was unable to break up their team work. Campbell scored the Crescents first goal after a run down the rink alone in 8.14, while soon after the veteran Dobby made a thorough trip down the ice and hammered the puck into the net, past Regensberger.

Then the goals came thick and fast. Dobby jammed in another, taking a pretty pass from Martin. Martin scored the next in 16:43, driving the disc home on a rebound from Campbell's smash against the goal tender's shinpads. Martin again swept down the ice, and, receiving the puck on a side drive from Campbell, caged another count. The last goal of the first half was scored by Dobby. He and Campbell had the puck between them, and they passed it all around the Hockey Club players. Approaching the cage, Dobby took the rubber and shot it in for the Crescents' sixth goal. The first half ended with the score 6 to 1.

The second half furnished some lively scrimmaging at the mouth of the Hockey Club net. Regensberger was kept busy. Shots were fired at him in numbers and in quick succession, but he was wide awake and diverted many of them.

The second half was about nine minutes old before Dobby outguessed his pursuers and hung up another tally, after carrying the rubber the length of the rink alone.

All the playing in this period was around the Hockey Club cage. Campbell, from scrimmage, landed a goal in 13:55, and soon after Sars Kennedy ran down the ice with the puck. He switched the disc to Dobby, who drove it fast toward the goal, but Norsworthy's stick was in the way, and the rubber rebounded into the open. Jimmy Shirreff was there to get it, and whizzed it in for the Crescents' ninth goal.

Britton had been ruled off the ice for his set-to with Kennedy, and when he returned after two minutes he went at the Crescents hammer and tongs. On a difficult side shot he surprised "Doc" Mills, the Crescent goal guardian, and scored the second goal for his side in 15:42.

A few minutes before the end of the match Britton captured the puck from Dufresne in the centre of the rink. He took a chance on a long drive, and the puck went straight and true, poking its way between Mills's big shinpads for the third goal for the Hockey Club. The line-up:

Crescent A. C.	Position.	Hockey Club.
Mills	Goal	Regensberger
Kennedy	Point	Tiane
Dufresne	Cover point	Norsworthy
Shirreff	Rover	Britton
Dobby	Centre	MacKenzie
Campbell	Left wing	Steward
Martin	Right wing	Fredericks

Goals: First half—First for Hockey Club, by MacKenzie, in 3:51; second, for Crescents, by Campbell, in 8:14; third, for Crescents, by Dobby, in 10:21; fourth, for Crescents, by Dobby, in 12:49; fifth for Crescents, by Martin, in 16:43; sixth, for Crescents, by Martin, in 17:52; seventh, for Crescents, by Dobby, in 18:42. Second half—Eighth, for Crescents, by Dobby, in 8:58; ninth for Crescents, by Campbell, in 13:55; tenth, for Crescents, by Shirreff, in 14:33; eleventh, for Hockey Club, by Britton, in 15:42; twelfth, for Hockey Club, by Britton, in 17:18.

Penalties—Britton, 2 minutes for slashing; Fredericks, 2 minutes for illegal checking; Nosworthy, 2 minutes for slashing.

Referee—Ernest Garron, Hockey Club; Assistant Referee—Robert Stange, N. Y. A. C. Timers—George T. Stebbings, Crescent A. C., and Dr. Callin, Hockey Club. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

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NO RACING AT GRAVESEND.

Directors Liability Law Causes Brooklyn Club to Withdraw from Grand Circuit.

By action of the Brooklyn Jockey Club yesterday New York City will not get the grand circuit trotting meeting that was promised for next Summer. When the stewards of the grand circuit met here recently New York was allotted the dates of Aug. 19-24, the meeting to be held on the Gravesend track of the Brooklyn Jockey Club, which was to be transformed into a track for light harness racing. It was stipulated, however, that should there be any hitch in the arrangements for a meeting at Gravesend the New York dates should be transferred to Rockingham Park, Salem, N. H.

The stewards of the grand circuit were notified yesterday by the Brooklyn Jockey Club that it withdrew its application for the August dates named. The reason stated was that the Directors' liability law making owners of tracks personally responsible for any gambling that might be conducted on their premises would apply with equal force to a trotting meeting as to a running race meet and that upon consideration it had been deemed advisable to abandon the plan for entertaining the lovers of trotting and pacing at Gravesend. Accordingly the Salem track will get the Aug. 19-24 dates.

There has been a complete cessation of racing on tracks in the metropolitan circuit since a short time after the Directors' liability law became effective.

Canadian Racing Dates.

TORONTO, Ontario, Jan. 16.—At a meeting of the Canadian Racing Associations to-day the following dates were assigned for the coming year: Ontario Jockey Club—Toronto, May 18 to May 25; Montreal Jockey Club—Montreal, June 1 to June 8; Hamilton Jockey Club, Hamilton, June 15 to June 22; Niagara Racing Association—Fort Erie, June 29 to July 6; Windsor Jockey Club—Windsor, July 13 to July 20; Niagara Racing Association—Fort Erie, July 27 to Aug. 3; Hamilton Jockey Club—Hamilton, Aug. 10 to Aug. 17; Windsor Jockey Club—Windsor, Aug. 26 to Sept. 2; Montreal Jockey Club—Montreal, Sept. 7 to Sept. 14; Ottawa Jockey Club—Ottawa (if completed), Sept. 21 to Sept. 28; Ontario Jockey Club—Toronto, Sept. 28 to Oct. 5.

National Guardsmen Wanted

LEARN TO RIDE AND SHOOT.

Owing to the expansion of the old First Battery into a battalion of field artillery, opportunity is offered athletic men to join the new battalions; no expense; our own farm in Westchester; tanbark ring in city armory; participation in army manoeuvres in Summer; high-class personnel; many advantages. Call or address the Adjutant, Armory, 56 West 66th St.

Automobile Exchange

Automobile accessories and bargains in slightly used cars by well-known makers found in this column. Unreliable advertisements rejected.

ADVERTISING RATES per agate line: One insertion, 25c.; three insertions a week, including one on Sunday, 60c.; seven consecutive insertions, $1.05.

USED CARS FOR SALE.

BARGAINS in USED AUTOMOBILES.
All Standard Makes.
See us before deciding.
TIRES—First and seconds, complete stock; lowest prices in town. Also relliners and other tire accessories.
TOPS at less than factory cost.
WINDSHIELDS a 1-3 of actual value.
RUMBLE SEATS, Lamps, &c., being sacrificed.
FUR COATS, regularly $30, now $15.
Send for our "TIRE PRICE WRECKER."
TIMES SQUARE AUTOMOBILE CO.,
1,710-1,718 B'way, 54th St. Phone 7360 Col.

AUTO BODIES—ALL STYLES—CHEAP.
Best Makes; 250 in Stock; new—used.
LIMOUSINES............$100, $150, $175, $200 ....and up to $950
LANDAULETS & TAXIS..............$50, $75 ....$100 to $350
Racers, Touring, Toy Tonneaus, &c., $25—$150.
Biggest Display in Town; lowest prices anywhere.
Fitted on your chassis—Whole Job Complete.
"ARENA," 124 to 130 West 56th.
(Body Department of Broadway Auto Exch.)
L. C. JANDORF, Pres.

AUTOS BOUGHT, SOLD, AND STORED. READ THIS AD.
Green's Purchasing Agency, old Brewster Building, 1,587-1,589 Broadway, corner 48th St.; used automobiles of the highest grades can be purchased from us at sacrifice prices; we have the largest showrooms in the city and the greatest variety of cars to select from; all makes, from $125 to $3,000; demonstrations cheerfully given; satisfactory time payments arranged; we pay spot cash for your auto or will sell on commission at 5 per cent.; loans negotiated on autos when placed with us on dead storage or sale. Call or write.

AUTOS—THE "FINEST"—SACRIFICED.
New York's Automobile Bargain Establishment, "Par Excellence."
FOR CASH—ON EASY PAYMENTS.
☞AT RIDICULOUSLY LOW PRICES.
☞TIRES—10,000—½ OTHERS' PRICES.
Also Tubes, $1 up; A1 makes these.
BROADWAY AUTO EXCHANGE.
L. C. JANDORF, Pres.
1,759 to 1,765 Broadway. Entrance at 1,761.

Limousine body, handsomely finished, fit any large modern car; fitted on your chassis; reasonable; Folliot, 254 W. 54th. Tel. Col. 5364.

PACKARD TRUCK,
3-ton, brand new, guaranteed by Packard Co.; bargain. Hess Bros., 213 West 43d St.

Handsome pair bear robes; perfect condition; also elegant fur coat and fur-lined coat; no cash offers refused. 148 East 39th St.

Limousine body, Packard make, cheap; A1 condition. Hess Bros., 213 West 43d St. Phone Bryant—3650.

AUTOMOBILES FOR RENT.

Packards, limousine, laundaulet, touring, elegant 7-passengers, $2.50-$4.50 hour; regular customers, $3; monthly, $200; theatre calls, $5. Murray Hill 91.

BEAR ROBES.

Handsome pair bear robes; perfect condition; also elegant fur coat and fur-lined coat; no cash offers refused. 148 East 39th St.

Automobiles
Ready Reference for Buyers

ABBOTT-DETROIT MOTOR COMPANY, 1670 Broadway, cor. 52d St. Telephone 7166-7167 Columbus.
ALL MAKES Bought, Sold, and Exchanged. Times Sq. Auto Co., 1710 Broadway.
BENZ Auto Import Co. of America, 244-6-8 West 54th St., N. Y.
BOSCH MAGNETO EXHIBIT Madison Sq. Garden—Jan. 6-20th
BUICK Motor Co., B'way, bet. 55th & 56th St. 'Phone 4040 Columbus.
CORBIN 1,888 Broadway, (63d St.) 'Phone 5903 Columbus.
CADILLAC Cars, Parts, Repairs, Garage. Columbus Circle. Tel. 7700 Col.
DE TAMBLE 36 H. P., $1,000. Shepherd Motor Car Co., 1,659 B'way.
EVERETT SELF-STARTING CARS. Shepherd Motor Car Co., Broadway, near 51st St.
FIAT "THE MASTER CAR." Fiat Automobile Co., 1,778 Broadway. 'Phone 6445 Col.
KNOX Knox Automobile Company, 1966-1968 Broadway. 'Phone 4338 Col.
NATIONAL Poertner Motor Car Co., 1,922 B'way, cor. 64th St. 'Phone 8166-7 Col.
SCHEBLER CARBURETOR AGENCY HAS MOVED TO 1,673 Broadway, at 52d St. JAMES C. NICHOLS.
"SIMPLEX", Made in N. Y. City, 240 West 59th St. Tel. 5133 Col.
STUTZ MOTOR CARS. 1,655 Broadway, New York.

COMMERCIAL VEHICLES.

AUTOCAR. Autocar Sales Co., 433-430-435-437 W. 19th St.

AUTOMOBILE SUPPLIES.

SPLITDORF-MAGNETO Walton Av. & 138th St. Branch, 1,679 Broadway.

AUTOMOBILE INSTRUCTION.

Automobile Instruction, $55. Booklet Explains WHY Our Course Is BEST. STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 233 West 54th St., near Broadway. "Founded on Honesty." "Prospers on Merit."

WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A. Individual road work. Small Shop Classes. Booklet, 303 West 57th St.

WILL TAKE TITLE TO MOTORDROME

Company Will Probably Break Ground for Speedway on Jersey Meadows Next Month.

A visit to the Grand Central Palace Automobile Show yesterday by a prominent resident of Hudson County, N. J., revealed the fact that the proposed big motordrome on the Jersey Meadows is practically an assured fact, and that a formal announcement will be made of the taking of title of a large block of meadow land on Feb. 2. It was thought that the purchase had been given up, owing to the fact that little has been said about the project during the past few weeks.

The visitor to the show is one of the Directors of the Metropolitan Motor Speedway, which is the incorporated concern that bought the large block of land on the Jersey meadows through Joseph P. Day, but the director preferred not to have his name mentioned at this time. He stated that the motordrome would be only one of the great things that his corporation proposes to do, and that the two-mile track would merely be one of the many features of what might be called the Hudson Sports Arena.

In speaking of the agitation for a suitable landing place for air motor craft, the New Jersey man stated that it was the intention of his company to provide one of the safest and best landing places for the air-men that has yet been established; and it is quite possible, he said, that a flyer using a New Jersey-made aeroplane will attempt next Summer a long flight, starting from the proposed site of the big arena which is, as is well known, located near the Pennsylvania Railroad, adjacent to the turnpike.

It is now proposed to break ground for the sports arena early in February, and the two-mile track, after the filling in has been completed and arrangements for the latter work has been about completed; and it is expected that big dredges will soon commence to work, throwing river gravel over the 330 acres, which will be the nucleus of the property owned by the Metropolitan Motor Speedway Company.

At a recent meeting of the Directors in Jersey City the question of building the largest exhibition and convention hall in the world was discussed, and this project has received the cordial indorsement of the railroads, which run into Jersey City, as it is expected that all will have spur tracks to the grounds, and that exhibits and spectators could be landed at the building, which would do away with the trans-shipment of such goods to the buildings where shows of an automobile, motor boat, horse, &c., are held.

The athletic feature of the Jersey project is also commanding the active attention of the owners of the Jersey proposition, and it is expected that athletics, including baseball, football, and all athletic sports will be looked after, including a very large outdoor gymnasium where boys and girls can take athletic exercise in the open.

If the two-mile track is built right away, it is expected that a big race will be held on it next October. The exact material to be used in the construction of the track has not yet been decided upon, but it is expected it will be either cement or wood.

UPKEEP OF POWER WAGONS.

Reasonable Treatment Alone Required to Add Efficiency.

Business men are impressed with the serious consideration given the production and upkeep of motor trucks by officials and salesmen of the General Motors Truck Company at the Garden. Hysteria surrounding both the sale and the purchase of these labor saving machines has been eliminated at the G. M. C. exhibits.

There is an invariable tendency on the part of the average salesman to oversell his product, to cite only the exceptionally favorable performances both in regard to earning power and operating costs. And the tendency on the part of the buyer is to be carried away or misled by that most dangerous of all things, a little knowledge.

The most serious effect on the healthy growth of the industry is the usual application of the merchant's first truck. instead of handling it as a factory Superintendent would a machine tool, or any mechanical contrivance, by investigating conditions best for operation, and then gradually adding load until his machine is at capacity, the new user attempts with his motor truck his hardest route with the largest load possible, and bitterly complains when result of overloading or overdriving manifests itself in large replacement bills.

Seldom are the exceedingly sane and common sense methods adopted by the largest user of motor trucks applied by present-day purchasers. The company in question logically and consistently gave to a complete division of its organization a truck equipment proper for practical service. These trucks were then tried out under favorable conditions. Their point of view was that "If we can make a success with good conditions it will be worth our while to make conditions good elsewhere," which they have done.

Expiration of Registrations.

Announcement is made by the Registration Committee of the Metropolitan Association Amateur Athletic Union that all registrations up to and including the following numbers will expire on the following dates: To-day, 7,847; Jan. 19, 7,877; Jan. 20, 7,888; Jan. 21, 7,902; Jan. 23, 7,916; Jan. 24, 7,953; Jan. 26, 8,005; Jan. 27, 8,054; Jan. 28, 8,070; Jan. 30, 8,115, and Jan. 31, 8,136.

World's Revolver Record.

PORTLAND, Oregon, Jan. 16.—The world's revolver record for five-man teams was raised from 1,145 to 1,147 by the Portland Revolver Club to-day in the shoot against the Golden Gate Revolver Club of San Francisco. The record was made last week by the Springfield (Mass.) Club. Another score was 1,106, against the Belleville Club of Illinois.

FOREIGN AUTO BUYERS HERE.

William L. Colt Furnishes Some Interesting Sequels to the Local Shows.

American motor car manufacturers are devoting more and more attention to foreign business, and in making this move they are advertising American cars throughout the world, as well as establishing a foreign output for their factories, says William L. Colt, President of the Colt-Stratton Company.

"In this respect," says Mr. Colt, "I call attention to the large number of automobile dealers from all over the world that are here for the New York shows. I, personally, have a number as guests at the Grand Central Palace show. One especially, from Australia, and one from New Zealand. The latter has been away almost a year studying automobile conditions in Europe. It was left for him to find the Cole at the end of his journey and give us a contract for a large amount.

"Just recently Arthur Pires Teixeira of Para, Brazil, started on a trip that was to include European and American factories. He has sold a goodly number of Cole cars in Para the past year. He left his contract for a large number of cars after a visit to the Cole factory. Then just recently we made a good contract in Porto Rico. Even in Egypt. Two missionaries took Cole cars over there with them.

"These foreign representatives tell me that the car in the $2,000 class is the most popular in their country. They find that cars with long wheel base and plenty of power have staying qualities for their roads. Each foreign dealer told me that the American cars were making big inroads over the European cars. This, of course, is plausible. The American cars are built for all kinds of roads, while the European cars are built more for their elegant boulevards."

POOR PRICES AT HORSE SALE.

Consignment of George Watson and Others at Durland's Fail to Attract.

Some of the property of George Watson, owner of the famous Florham Stud Farm, who was recently declared bankrupt, and other consignees, was sold at Durland's Academy. The goods consisted of a variety of vehicles, which wede disposed of in the afternoon, and a number of horses, which brought anything but fancy prices, these ranging from $305, the top figure, down to $12.50, which amount was bid for Nora, a twenty-three-year-old bay mare, in foal to Fimber Reality.

Keggy Comer, an eight-year-old bay gelding, which has been hunted with the Elkridge hounds, and which was first in the Ladies' Class in the 1910 Horse Show, was sold to D. T. Lowes, a Canadian dealer. The horse was ridden over the jumps by Miss Caroline B[illegible] in order to show its hunting ability.

O. J. Gude of this city purchased several horses, the chief of his lot being The Lion, a gelding reputed to have won more than fifty blue ribbons in Ladies' Phaeton Classes. Mr. Gude also got a bay colt by Bagthorp Sultan-Blue Bell, which was put under the hammer twice, there having been some contention as who was entitled to the horse at the end of the first bidding, when it brought $95. When sent in again Mr. Gude bid $165 and the horse was knocked down to him.

With some of the consignment going for $12.50, $15, and $25 the sale was very much in the nature of a farce to the "dyed-in-the-wool horsemen present, who failed to appreciate to any marked degree most of the presented for their inspection, some ow which were mares foaled a generation ago.

Manhattan College Games Feb. 3.

On Feb. 3 at the Sixty-ninth Regiment Armory, Manhattan College will hold its annual games, and judging from the list of entries already received the events promise some sterling performances. The Military Athletic League relay race, which will feature the card, will have as starters such runners as Kiviat, Dorland, Rosenberger, Sullivan, and Riley, and the event promises to be a hummer from start to finish. The other events on the programme are divided so as to bring together a large delegation of performers. There are four events closed to the members of Manhattan College, two open to A. A. U. athletes, three for parochial schools, and a special relay for the Catholic Athletic League members. Entries for all events close Jan. 27.

86 cars at the Garden Show well equipped with Goodyear pneumatic tires. This led our nearest rival on pneumatic tires by 138%—and our two nearest competitors combined by 30%.

At the Palace 80 cars are fitted with Goodyear pneumatic tires, leading our nearest rival on pneumatic tires by 200%. Including trucks, our lead at the Palace over the nearest competitor is 85%.

No-Rim-Cut Tires

(10% Oversize)

127 Leading Makers Adopt Them

Motor car makers—the best judges of tires—have overwhelmingly come to Goodyear tires.

In 1910 we sold to 44 makers.

In 1911 we sold to 64 makers.

For this year we have contracts from 127 of the leading motor car makers.

Our sales to users in the past two years have increased by 500 per cent.

Last year's sales alone exceeded the previous 12 years put together.

That is the result, after tens of thousands of users have tested out these tires. Can you think for a moment that your verdict would differ?

Outsell All Other Tires

Last year we sold 409,000 tires—enough to equip 102,000 cars. To meet this year's demand we have increased our capacity to 3,800 tires daily.

No other tire compares in sales with this patented tire today. That tells you how users approve them.

No Extra Price

Users once paid one-fifth extra to get Goodyear No-Rim-Cut tires. Now they cost the same as other standard tires.

They make rim-cutting impossible. They are 10 per cent oversize. Under average conditions, they cut tire bills in two.

Yet these patented tires cost nothing more than the old-type clincher tires of any standard make.

What They Do

No-Rim Cut tires get rid of rim-cutting entirely.

With the hooked-base tire rim-cutting is common. Statistics show that 23 per cent of all ruined clincher tires are rim-cut.

Such a tire, if punctured, may be wrecked in a single block.

All the worry—all this expense—is ended forever with No-Rim-Cut tires.

Then No-Rim-Cut tires are 10 per cent oversize.

That means 10 per cent more air—10 per cent added carrying capacity. It saves the blow-outs due to overloading.

It means an over-tired car. And that 10 per cent oversize, under average conditions, adds 25 per cent to the tire mileage.

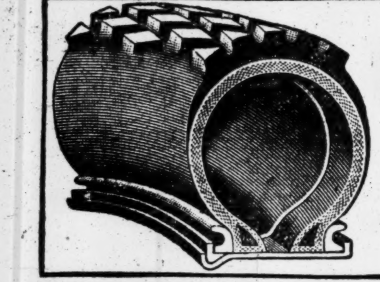
The Final Tire

No-Rim-Cut tires are the final result of 13 years spent in tire making.

Better tires are impossible. In fabric and formula, method and process they are close to perfection—as close as men ever will get.

Add to that fact the No-Rim-Cut feature—add the oversize feature—and judge what a tire you get. That's why it outsells all others.

Our new Tire Book is filled with facts which motor car owners should know. Ask us to mail it to you.



GOODYEAR

No-Rim-Cut Tires

With or Without
Double-Thick Non-Skid Treads

THE GOODYEAR TIRE & RUBBER CO., Akron, Ohio
New York City Branch—1914 Broadway (486)

Re—

Chalmers Cars

In response to many requests and because the exhibit of Chalmers Cars was so crowded during the Show at Madison Square Garden, we have arranged with our factory to keep virtually all of the Show Exhibit at our salesrooms during the present week, where the cars may be inspected carefully and in greater comfort.

Those who did not have full opportunity to see and study Chalmers cars at the Show may see the complete line and examine the cars in detail.

For this purpose our salesrooms will remain open each evening until 9 o'clock. We suggest that you call and inspect the 1912 Chalmers Cars.

CARL H. PAGE AND COMPANY
"We Guarantee the Service."
BROADWAY AT 50TH STREET.

Brooklyn
Bedford Ave. at Fulton St.

Bridgeport
283 Fairfield Ave.

Hartford
35-37 Mulberry St.

Yonkers
32 So. Broadway.

Huntington, L. I.

$1,000,000. worth of WCP Commer Trucks

A contract for $1,000,000 worth of WCP Commer Trucks during 1912 has just been signed by the Transportation Sales Company of New York City
Here is the story back of this transaction:

WE no longer retail W C P Commer Trucks and Guy Vaughan Cars in New York City. Our entire attention is now directed to manufacturing these products, and to establishing further Service Depots throughout the United States for same.

Sales of Commer Trucks have grown utterly beyond our expectations. Last March we announced our purchase of the exclusive rights to import and manufacture the Commer Truck in this country. By May, actual service demonstrations had sold every Commer Truck we could get from England. By June, repeat orders had come from over 55 per cent of those who had bought Commer Trucks in this country.

The selling problem ceased to exist: we were pushed to cope with the problem of manufacturing Commer Trucks in this country to fill our New York City demand and the demands of our local representatives in other cities.

W C P Commer Trucks, are now made by us in this country, and thoroughly justifying the seven year warranty we give with every one sold.

It is with pleasure we announce that we have found an organization with which we can gladly place the local sales of W C P Commer Trucks and Guy Vaughan Cars. The Transportation Sales Company will hereafter attend to this field, we having first assured ourselves that they are fully capable of rendering standard Commer service and are salesmen who conduct their business on an honorable and intelligent basis.

SEE THE COMMER TRUCK
at
THE GRAND CENTRAL PALACE

The Transportation Sales Company occupy our former salesroom at Broadway and 56th Street.

Their organization includes seasoned automobile men and engineers who will devote their entire time to the different aspects of motor trucking.

The principals in this Company are men of large financial standing.

Plans under way include the installation of a six story building, which will include Service Department, Repair Shop and a Garage, having facilities for some two hundred trucks.

We warrant Commer Trucks for SEVEN YEARS from date of delivery. This warranty is unlimited regarding defective material and workmanship

Every W C P Commer Truck sold will be covered by our seven year warranty, which is unlimited regarding defective workmanship and materials.

The policy of the company eliminates every element of possible doubt by reducing the buying of the W C P Commer Truck to the most commercially sound purchase in the entire field of heavy duty motor trucks.

WYCKOFF, CHURCH & PARTRIDGE, INC
Broadway at 56th Street New York City
PLANT AT KINGSTON, NEW YORK

METROPOLITAN DISTRIBUTORS
THE TRANSPORTATION SALES CO.
BROADWAY AT 56th STREET NEW YORK CITY

SELF-STARTERS ON COMMERCIAL CARS

Motor Truck Display at the Garden Attracts Many Visitors—Women Enjoy the Exhibition.

Eclipsing all previous efforts in real interest, the commercial vehicle display now running in Madison Square Garden promises to break all attendance records for truck shows. It will run until Saturday night. Replete with features, including many which are obviously big money savers, the exposition is interesting to motor-truck users and prospective users alike. Experts note many improvements over last year's models.

There is one truck displayed at the Garden which is equipped with an acetylene self-starting device, and it is reported that numerous negotiations are under way to put self-starters of this sort on various makes of trucks as standard equipment for 1912. The model is a three-ton Grabowsky wagon, fitted with a Disco equipment. This device is used by pleasure-car manufacturers. One of the Saurer models uses a compressed air starter.

It is not at all surprising that progressive manufacturers are adopting the self-starter, inasmuch as so much of the life of a commercial vehicle is occupied in loading and unloading freight. Many truck motors are difficult to crank, particularly when cold, and operators keep the engine running while loading and unloading to dodge the physical effort of cranking. This wastes gasoline and oil, besides having a tendency to heat and wear out the motor. In this respect self-starters on commercial vehicles will save considerably more money than they do in ordinary pleasure-car use.

It is surprising to note the number of women visiting the truck show. Practically all of these are either women directly in business or else those who are heavily interested in corporations in various lines of industry. A number of the salesmen and demonstrators have been utterly astounded at some of the intelligent questions put to them by women. Some of these business women have haulage cost, for either horse-drawn or motor vehicles, at the tips of their tongues—these figures being based on their actual experience in the operation of same.

One of the interested spectators at various exhibits yesterday was Mrs. Harriet Clark Fisher, who made a trip around the world in an automobile two years ago. Mrs. Fisher is the owner of an iron works at Trenton, N. J., which business was founded fifty-two years ago by her late husband. Among manufacturers she is known as "The Anvil Queen," for while she is a woman of wealth she nevertheless frequently puts on overalls and works with molten metal in her factory. She learned the iron molding business from the bottom up years ago, when in order to receive this education she did the hard work of regular mechanics daily.

The Alco exhibit has made a hit with a line of "steel body" trucks. This company is showing two types of bodies which are entirely of steel construction. One is a five-ton truck equipped for hauling coal, the other a vehicle of two tons capacity for carrying cases of beer. The brewery truck is entirely inclosed and has doors at the back and sides which make it accessible. There are three tiers, each holding twenty-four cases. With the other truck the coal is deposited by the force of gravity. A sliding door is at the right side, and is opened or closed by means of a windlass. In addition to these two trucks, the Alco exhibit includes a three-and-a-half-ton chassis, the type that is establishing a new world's non-stop record.

In order to correct the impression that the manufacture of Hewitt trucks is still being carried on by the Metzger Motor Car Company, the Hewitt Motor Company announced yesterday it recently purchased from that company all the rights to manufacture and sell Hewitt trucks. The Metzger Motor Car Company has no further connection with trucks bearing the name Hewitt, for its product is known as the "Everitt." The Hewitt line ranges fro mone to ten ton capacity models, four of these being shown in the Garden. They include a ten-ton chassis that looks big enough to carry an apartment house if it were tied on tight; a seven-ton brewery truck just sold to one of the largest brewing concerns; a three-and-a-half-ton model which is brand new in design, and a one-ton chassis.

Scooter Race at Patchogue.

Members of the Patchogue Scooter Club will be afforded a chance to get into competition to-morrow when the club will hold a scooter race for the trophy cup off Patchogue. The start will be made at 2 P. M.

RIMS FOR TRUCK TIRES.

Firestone Removable Rims Attract Attention at Shows.

According to leading men in the truck industry, scarcely any tire improvement in recent years has met with such appreciation as the quick removable rim for making quick tire changes on trucks.

Merchandise delivery problems are based purely upon efficiency as measured by dollars and cents. This new means of insuring freedom from lay-ups and interruptions to deliveries on account of the tires is of immense value to truck owners, and hence quickly taken advantage of by truck manufacturers. The large number of trucks at the shows carying Firestone removable rims is proof of this statement.

By means of these rims a tire that has worn out or needs repairing can be changed right on the spot, with only a few minutes' delay to deliveries, or it may be changed after business hours at the garage. In doing so the driver removes several nuts, takes off the tire, rim, and all, and substitutes a fresh tire already applied to the spare rim. The principle is much like the demountable rim on pleasure cars. There is no temptation to keep running on an injured tire until it is beyond repair.

Another economy of the Firestone rim lies in the fact that side-wire tires can be repaired to give frequently thousands of miles more service.

The removable rim is one of the improvements that have helped to bring motor trucks to the front the past two years and to insure their greater popularity in the future.

In order to give truck owners everywhere the benefit of this improvement and the several new types of truck tire the Firestone Company has recently brought out, their list of service stations has been increased to over 100. Every place where trucks are used now has one of these stations conveniently located.

Injury Wins in Track Record Time.

JUAREZ, Mexico, Jan. 16—Injury, running to his best form, easily won the fourth event, seven furlongs, here to-day, and clipped a fifth of a second off the track record, making the distance in 1:24 2-5. The attendance was good and the racing excellent. The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—Six furlongs. Won by Golden Ruby, 104 pounds, (Hill,) 5 to 1; Minneolette, 112, (Callahan,) 5 to 1, second; Orba Smile, 112, (Small,) 2 to 1, third. Time—1:14 2-5. Earlene, Ala March, Louise B., Irish Beauty, Chess, Mauretania, and Dactylis also ran.

SECOND RACE.—One mile. Won by Sona, 108 pounds, (Borel,) 2 to 1; Misprison, 103, (Carter,) 12 to 1, second; Ben Uncas, 108, (Imes,) 6 to 1, third. Time—1:41 1-5. Little Jane, Acquia, Charles Green, Wicket, Little Marchmont, Black Mate, and Whidden also ran.

THIRD RACE.—Five and a half furlongs. Won by Tourist, 114 pounds, (Keogh,) 8 to 5, Manasseh, 100, (Rosen,) 3 to 1, second; Sidon, 100, (Carter,) 6 to 1, third. Time—1:05 4-5. Florence, Roberts, Mimorioso, W. H. Ford, Yanker, and Moralight also ran.

FOURTH RACE.—Seven furlongs. Won by Injury, 105 pounds, (Gross,) 4 to 1; Arasee, 108, (Carter,) 3 to 1, second; John Louis, 98, (Mulligan,) 10 to 1, third. Time—1:24 2-5. Labold, Pinkola, Kootenay, Leopold, and Sebago also ran.

FIFTH RACE.—Six furlongs. Won by Delaney, 97 pounds, (Carter,) 3 to 1; Ed Keck, 108, (Taplin,) 4 to 1, second; Angelus, 108, (Gross,) 2 to 1, third. Time—1:12 1-5. Swede Sam, Brave Withers, Bob Lynch, and Marie Hyde also ran.

SIXTH RACE.—One mile. Won by Juan, 105 pounds, (Callahan,) 5 to 1; Hanis, 105, (Gross,) 6 to 1, second; L. M. Eckert, 105, (Small,) 6 to 1, third. Time—1:39. Lotta Creed, Figent, Flying Feet, New Capital, The Monk, and Setback also ran.

Entries for Juarez Racing.

FIRST RACE.—Purse; for maidens two years old; three furlongs. Truly, Philopena, Negligee, Tenderest, Rosa Rablee, 109 pounds each; Palatable, Hubert, King Stalwart, 112; Sumptuous, 109; Blue Jay, 112.

SECOND RACE.—Selling; one mile. *Great Caesar, 95 pounds; Rampant, *Weymouth, 98; Maizie Girl, 102; Hancock, 105; Dave Montgomery, 108; Little Marchmont, 109.

THIRD RACE.—Selling; six furlongs. *First Fashion, 100 pounds; Ailsa Paige, Amohalko, Homesick, Decesarion, Florence Kripp, Modern Priscilla, 103; Sam Connor, Booger Battle, 105; Skillute, Jack Wainwright, Error, 108; Camarada, 110; Penang, 112; Dromi, 115.

FOURTH RACE.—Selling; seven furlongs. *Gelico, 100 pounds; Ocean Queen, Chanticleer, Lena Leech, 103; Pit-a-Pat, Waner, 105; Judge Walton, 108; Fred Mulholland, 110.

FIFTH RACE.—Selling; five and one-half furlongs. *Serenade, *Heart's Relief, 103 pounds each; Boana, 106; Little Jane, Star Venus, 108; Balella, 109; John H. Sheehan, Braxton, Bill Eaton, Tom Franks, Stafford, Oonoomoo, Lyte Knight, 100; Arch Oldham, Lomond, 113.

SIXTH RACE.—Selling; one mile. *Cross Over, 96 pounds; Startler, 103; Dutch Rock, Henry Walbank, 105; Doncaster, 108.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Self-Starting Talk for Engineers.

The livest issue at present before the experts of the automobile world is the self-starter. For years engineers have worked on this problem, and it is only recently that a commercial success, as well as an engineering success, has been accomplished. J. Watson Fitzgerald has been invited by the Society of Automobile Engineers to present a paper Saturday morning at 10 o'clock on the construction, installation, and operation of the different types of self-starters now on the market.

PALACE AUTO SHOW CLOSES TO-NIGHT

Exhibitors Pleased Over Volume of Business Transacted During the Exhibition.

The successful show under the auspices of the National Association of Automobile Maunfacturers in the Grand Central Palace, Lexington Avenue and Forty-sixth Street, ends to-night. The attendance has been very satisfactory both to the exhibitors and to the management. The exhibitors are especially pleased over the show because the business done has been excellent both in retail sales and in securing new agents.

One of the most interesting things about the development of the motor truck as shown by the vehicles exhibited in the Palace is the care taken to safeguard the trucks from the recklessness and ignorance of drivers. In some instances provision has been made to seal up certain parts of the trucks in an effort to make certain that they will be run only at a conservative rate of speed. A fixed ignition is being adopted for the truck use and many makers of business motor vehicles are putting governors on the engines in order to prevent the drivers sending the vehicles along at a rate that would soon send the trucks to the junk heap or the repair shop. In one case it is openly stated that a light delivery wagon has been so designed that even a rash youngster of 16 cannot easily harm its mechanism. Because it is the general practice to place cheaply paid men on motor trucks the designers of this class of vehicles must make them as near fool-proof as possible.

Another tendency of motor truck design is to so construct the chassis that it is possible to remove the transmission, or the clutch, or the engine, in a few minutes and substitute another in case of damage. It is felt by the motor truck designers that provision of this kind is an absolute necessity because it does away with the possibilities of trucks being out of service for extended periods undergoing repairs to some part of the mechanism that ought to be easily and quickly removable.

One of the interesting announcements made at the show yesterday was to the effect that A. G. Spalding & Brothers had taken the agency for the King car. Frank Eveland, manager for the Spalding company, said the Spaldings would sell the King in Newark and Philadelphia as well as New York.

Among the visitors at the new Grand Central Palace Automobile Show yesterday was Dr. Charles G. Percival, who has been driving the famous Abbott-Detroit "Bulldog" on its 100,000-mile trip He was expected to arrive in the city early this week, but was delayed by the deep snow between here and Buffalo. Dr. Percival left the car at Buffalo to continue along down the State under another crew while he visited the show. He rejoins the Abbott to-day and with his companion, George D. Brown, expects to bring the Bulldog into Broadway Thursday or Friday and complete the first automobile trip across the continent in mid-Winter.

The business man who visits the Palace show for the first time is amazed at the varieties of motor business wagons shown. A striking one is a great big canary-colored moving van. Alongside of it is a panel-bodied carpet dealers wagon, done up in green with a top on it and rolling side curtains. A big beer brewery truck comes next, alongside of it is a monster stake truck, painted red, and there are some little wagons for laundrymen, grocers, butchers, and bakers, that sell as low as $525, including a top.

There is a black-bodied undertakers' wagon also, which shows another way the automobile can be utilized. Among the little fellows there is a three-wheeler, of course it is called a tricar. The Edison Company of Brooklyn shows an electric wagon with an internal rear wheel drive. It is safe to say that every trade, business, or profession can find just what motor wagons they want at the show in Lexington Avenue.

International Yacht Races at Chicago.

CHICAGO, Jan. 16.—An international series of yacht races will be sailed here next Summer. G. H. Atkin and Ogden T. McClurg, acting for the Chicago Yacht Club, obtained the events at a conference with members of the Royal Canadian Yacht Club at Toronto. The Patricia will be the challenging boat. A new $10,000 racer is to be built by the Chicago yachtsmen for the contests. It will be the first participation in international contests by local yachtsmen since 1901.

Pennant A. C. Election.

At the annual election of officers of the Pennant A. C. the following were elected for the coming year: President—C. P. Kirschner; Vice President—F. Fairbrother; Treasurer—B. C. Crossen; Financial Secretary—W. J. Martin; Recording Secretary—M. Weiss; Corresponding Secretary—T. Murphy; Captain—S. Martin; Lieutenant—E. Guastaperro; Sergeant-at-Arms—T. Matthews; Assistant—T. O'Neil; Trustees—E. Potts, R. Gillings, and H. Nagle.

Roeber Issues Challenge.

Ernest Roeber, the retired Graeco-Roman wrestler, is much excited over the recent offer of $15,000 for a finish match between Gotch and Raicevich, or a $10,000 purse for a bout between Zbyszko and Raicevich. Roeber is now looking after Smejkal, the Bohemian wrestler, and he sees no reason why he is overlooked in the offers. Roeber offers to put up a side bet of $5,000 for a bout with either Raicevich or Zbyszko, and will post $1,000 immediately as a forfeit to bind the match.

Union College Track Squad Drilling.

Special to The New York Times.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., Jan. 16.—The Union College track squad has begun Winter practice in the gymnasium. Nearly all the 'Varsity men of last year will be seen on the track again this Spring. The schedule for 1912 has been partly arranged, as follows: May 11, Hamilton at Clinton; May 18, Interscholastic Day; May 25, New York University at Schenectady; May 30, New York State Intercollegiate Athletic Union at Rome, N. Y.

Alco Truck Ahead of Record.

The Alco truck continued its non-stop run yesterday, despite the difficulties in the nature of hilly roads, to maintain the route scheduled by the express company. In 24 hours it hauled 27,500 pounds of parcels and boxes, covering 71 miles and making 84 stops in the course of 16 trips from Jersey City to Hoboken. The previous record for the non-stop run was 168 hours, while the Alco truck has been running continuously 239 hours.

Dr. Lyon's
PERFECT
Tooth Powder
cleanses, preserves and beautifies the teeth, prevents tooth decay and imparts purity and fragrance to the breath.

This is one of five Alco Trucks in the service of Joseph Stern & Sons.

ALCO
Motor Trucks

The Factor of Safety is Five

EVERY Alco truck is built to withstand a shock *five times* greater than the normal strain. The factor of safety built into the Alco truck is five. This is a high factor, as all engineers know. In a huge bridge the factor of safety is only two.

Assume that a five ton Alco truck with five tons aboard is travelling along at nine miles an hour. Assume that a rear wheel drops accidentally into a hole ten inches deep. The rear springs, the rear axle and the frame are prepared for the shock.

They are prepared for even a far greater shock—and not only one but hundreds and hundreds like it.

For Alco springs, and axles and frames are tested in the Alco shops by special superhuman machines which register how much strain each can withstand.

As an instance an Alco truck is run over the country near the Alco shops for a road test. A wheel is dropped into a hole. An instrument attached records the strain in pounds pressure. The Alco engineers know by reading the instrument if the springs have the desired factor of safety.

To test an axle in the Alco physics laboratory, the axle is placed on a machine representing spring seats and wheel centers, and the load is applied.

If it is a five ton rear axle the pressure applied is five times the capacity load, or 25 tons, plus the weight of the chassis. The machine which does the testing is capable of a draw-bar pull of 500,000 pounds.

That is the reason you never see the wheels of an Alco truck toeing in at the top and out at the bottom. When a wheel toes in at the top and out at the bottom it is a sure indication of a weak axle.

But a large factor of safety, such as five, in the Alco truck, does not mean a super-heavy monster.

The Alco truck is no heavier than the average truck of its rating. The reason for this is clear; by using materials of high physical properties with great ductility—materials that show a high elastic limit and tensile strength—materials minus seams, flaws, checks, pipes and cracks, the weight can be reduced to a minimum.

The analysis and specifications covering these materials are determined by long heat treating and laboratory tests—an experience common to the American Locomotive Company.

A large factor of safety also means long life. *No one can tell how many years an Alco frame will last—perhaps longer than a man's lifetime. A front or a rear axle may last twenty, thirty or forty years.*

And thus through the truck. An Alco truck never wears out.

Few considerations are as important in buying a truck as that of the factor of safety. Study it in the Alco exhibit at the motor truck show. You will see with your own eyes what a *transportation experience of seventy-six years* means in motor truck building.

AMERICAN LOCOMOTIVE COMPANY, - - 1886 Broadway, NEW YORK
Builders also of Alco 6-cylinder and 4-cylinder Motor Cars and Alco Taxicabs

Movers of the World's Goods since 1835

Capital, $50,000,000

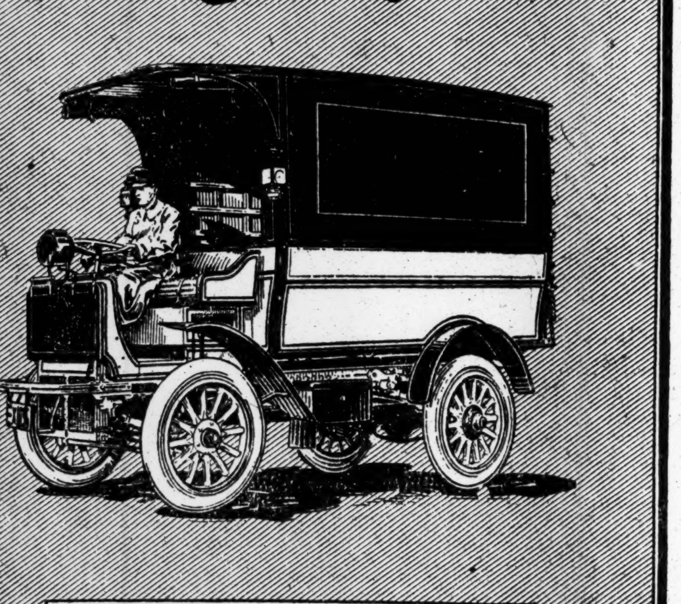
Stevens-Duryea
THREE POINT SUPPORT · UNIT POWER PLANT

Did you see our "Olympic" Limousine which created such a sensation at the Show?

This car of distinction and individuality may be seen at our show-rooms during the rest of this week together with the "Two-Purpose" car for summer and winter, and the rest of the Stevens-Duryea exhibit.

A G Spalding & Bros
Broadway at 62nd Street

Stevens-Duryea Company Chicopee Falls Mass
Pioneer Builders of American Sixes



The Autocar
"Used in Every Line of Business"

John Wanamaker owns *fifty* of our Commercial Vehicles.

The Shults Bread Company owns *twenty-five.*

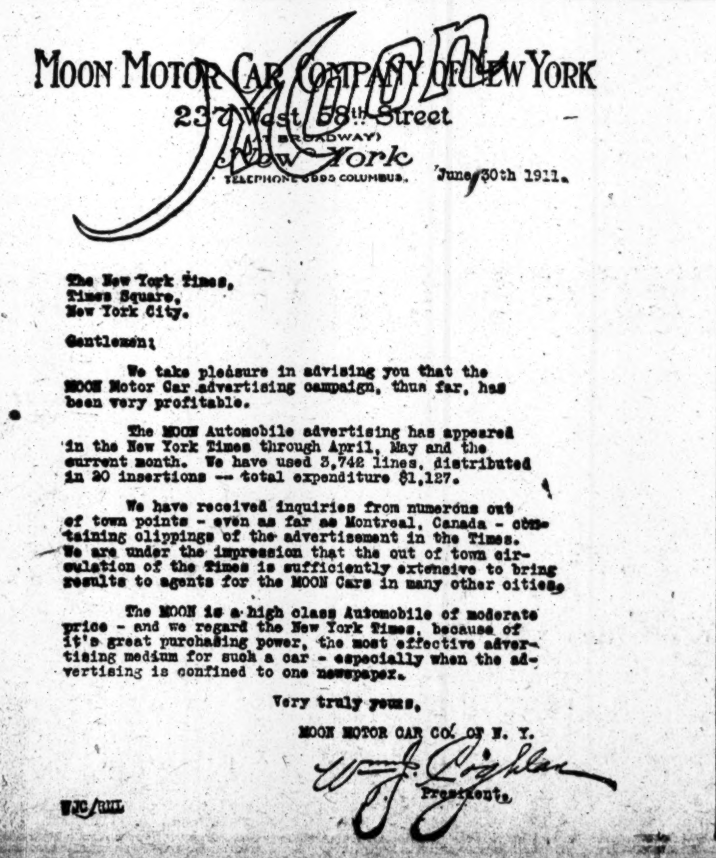
More than 500 other concerns have adopted the Autocar.

SEE THE AUTOCAR EXHIBIT
MADISON SQUARE GARDEN,
JANUARY 15 TO 20.

Write for catalog and list of users.

Continuous Efficiency Guaranteed

The Autocar Company
FACTORY, ARDMORE, PA.
(Established 1897)
Sales and Service Buildings
Philadelphia 23d & Market Sts.
New York 428-430 W. 19th St.
Boston Beacon St.—Commonwealth Ave.



MOON MOTOR CAR COMPANY OF NEW YORK
Moon
237 West 58th Street
(AT BROADWAY)
New York
TELEPHONE 5995 COLUMBUS.

June 30th 1911.

The New York Times,
Times Square,
New York City.

Gentlemen;

We take pleasure in advising you that the MOON Motor Car advertising campaign, thus far, has been very profitable.

The MOON Automobile advertising has appeared in the New York Times through April, May and the current month. We have used 3,742 lines, distributed in 20 insertions -- total expenditure $1,127.

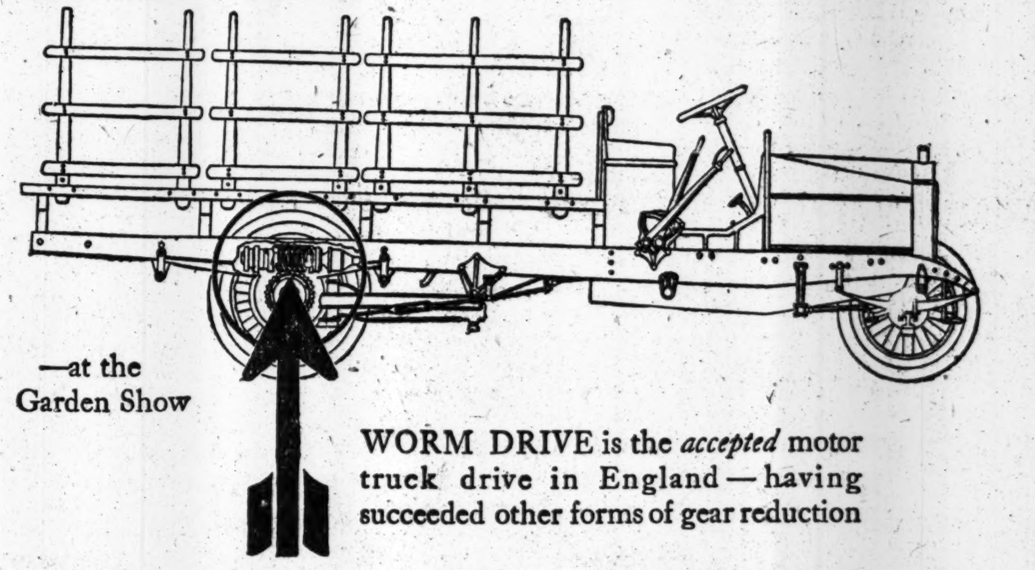
We have received inquiries from numerous out of town points - even as far as Montreal, Canada - containing clippings of the advertisement in the Times. We are under the impression that the out of town circulation of the Times is sufficiently extensive to bring results to agents for the MOON Cars in many other cities.

The MOON is a high class Automobile of moderate price - and we regard the New York Times, because of it's great purchasing power, the most effective advertising medium for such a car - especially when the advertising is confined to one newspaper.

Very truly yours,

MOON MOTOR CAR CO. OF N. Y.
Wm J. Coghlan
President.

WJC/RHL



—at the Garden Show

WORM DRIVE is the *accepted* motor truck drive in England—having succeeded other forms of gear reduction

This Unqualified Guarantee shows where the makers of the Pierce-Arrow Motor Truck stand in regard to *worm gear drive:*

The worm wheel and worm shaft, generally known as worm gear construction, employed in the Pierce-Arrow Truck, are warranted to fulfill their functions for one year from date of shipment, under normal service.

Noise means useless expenditure of power. Silence means *utilized* energy. The silent worm drive means maximum efficiency, economy and durability.

PIERCE-ARROW
5-TON MOTOR TRUCKS

THE PIERCE-ARROW MOTOR CAR COMPANY, BUFFALO, N. Y.

NEW YORK: Harrolds Motor Car Co., 233-237 W. 54th St.
BOSTON: J. W. Maguire Co., 743-745 Boylston Street
NEWARK, N. J.: Ellis Motor Car Co., Central Ave., Second to New Sts.
PHILADELPHIA: Foss-Hughes Motor Car Co., Market at 21st Street

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

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Paterson..........236 Main Street
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PHILADELPHIA..........Public Ledger Building
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Entered as second-class mail matter.

NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, JAN. 17, 1912.

THE CREED AND THE PREACHER.

Where did Mr. DARWIN P. KINGSLEY get the idea that our laws, any of our laws, make success a crime? In his address at the bankers' dinner on Monday evening Mr. KINGSLEY mentioned a few "remedies" for certain undesirable business conditions, but he declared that "to make success a crime" is no remedy, since "life and liberty cannot be protected by failure." It is the general opinion, and we believe it to be the fact, that the Sherman act denounces as criminal, not success, but the wicked methods which certain business men have adopted to attain success. There is all the difference in the world between the two things. The law and its enforcers have singled out offenders, not because they have been successful, but because they have used unfair means, means that every honest man must condemn, to win success.

This confusion of thought reappears in Mr. KINGSLEY's attack upon President TAFT and Attorney General WICKERSHAM for enforcing the law, notably in this passage:

> A return to ruthless competition is no remedy. The attempt of the President and the Attorney General to compel men who have adopted the law of co-operation to abandon it and return to the barbarism of competition will be futile as was the attempt of the Emperor JULIAN (a pagan at heart) to compel the restoration, in a Christian age, of the worship of the ancient gods.
>
> The historian tells us that JULIAN met with bitter disappointment. JULIAN failed, and he was an Emperor. If those officials who are now attempting to compel business to abandon its new faith and readopt a dying paganism would cast their own political horoscopes they would do well to remember JULIAN's end, because that end will be theirs politically. Tradition, if not history, says that when wounded and dying in the desert of Persia, JULIAN threw his own blood toward heaven and cried, "Thou hast conquered, O Galilean!"

If we understand Mr. KINGSLEY's comparison, competition is the analogy of the old pagan religion which the Emperor JULIAN sought to restore, and co-operation, that is, the combination of big business interests, is compared to the new light of the Christian religion. The inference is that Mr. TAFT and Mr. WICKERSHAM have set themselves in the path of an irresistible force, and that they will be overthrown by it. We have felt, and have said, that Mr. TAFT has been somewhat too sanguine about the restoration of competitive conditions, but neither the President nor the Attorney General can go beyond the law as it is construed by the courts, and the law does not insist upon "the barbarism of competition," it does not seek to bring about universal competition. In dissolution suits the decree commands that competitive conditions shall be restored to the end that unlawful monopolies created and existing in defiance of law may be destroyed. That was what happened in the Standard Oil case and the Tobacco case. In the tobacco business and in the oil business there is still a good deal of concentration, but no monopoly. The law does not make competition a fetich, it does make monopoly a crime, and it makes criminal those unfair methods, illegal at common law, by which monopoly has in this country sometimes been established. The President and the Attorney General are not crusaders in the cause of competition. They have enforced, as it was their sworn duty to enforce, a law they found upon the statute books. We think Mr. KINGSLEY's remarks about Mr. TAFT and Mr. WICKERSHAM might with great propriety have been omitted, particularly in view of this expression:

> When sinful business—whether so consciously or unconsciously—learns, as it will and with no further legislation, that there is a power in public opinion beyond even the power of statutes—that will be a remedy.

The bankers' guests found beside their plates a dinner souvenir. It was a printed card, framed in metal. The printed matter, entitled "A Patriotic Creed," we here reproduce:

> We believe in our country—the United States of America. We believe in her Constitution, her laws, her institutions, and the principles for which she stands. We believe in her future—the past is secure. We believe in her vast resources, her great possibilities—yes, more, her wonderful certainties.
>
> We believe in the American people, their genius, their brain, and their brawn. We believe in their honesty, their integrity, and dependability. We believe that nothing can stand in the way of their commercial advancement and prosperity.
>
> We believe that what are termed "times of business depression" are but periods of preparation for greater and more pronounced commercial successes.
>
> And we believe that in our country are being worked out great problems, the solution of which will be for the benefit of all mankind.

Mr. KINGSLEY, who is President of the New York Life Insurance Company, was somewhat in the position of a pastor who has been invited to occupy the pulpit of a church not his own. A certain doctrinal range and freedom is permissible in such cases, we suppose, but Mr. KINGSLEY seems to us to have departed strangely from the creed of the congregation he addressed. They declared that they believed in our country, "in her Constitution, her laws, her institutions, and the principles for which she stands." Among those principles are fair dealing, honest methods in business, and the prohibition of such practices as were enumerated by Chief Justice WHITE in the two great cases recently decided by the court, practices which fell within the prohibition of law, practices that are odious, that cannot be permitted. The people's disapproval of these practices, we say, is one of the principles upon which this Government is founded, because in hundreds of laws they are prohibited. We like the creed better than the preacher's discourse, or many parts of that discourse. The creed is optimistic, it sanctions what is good in the present, it looks to the future. Mr. KINGSLEY's mistaken conception of the law as aiming to make a crime of success reflects the backward view; that part of his remarks would take us to evil times, to days when practices now condemned and made odious were much in fashion. We fear it is from the occasional expression of such opinions that the rest of the country gets the idea that New Yorkers, and particularly Wall Street and its bankers, are hostile to laws enacted for the proper regulation of business and the protection of the people. We are confident that the country's judgment of New York is mistaken, because that hostility is not a prevalent sentiment in this community.

WELCOME TO CARDINAL FARLEY.

The welcome to Cardinal FARLEY, for which the members of his Church are making preparations with a measure of enthusiasm that zero weather cannot discourage, will be shared in spirit by the whole community. It is felt, justly, that the high honor conferred by the Vatican on the Archbishop of New York is unmistakably an honor in which all his neighbors and fellow-citizens should take pride. The appointment of two American Cardinals, in recognition of the growth and influence of the Church of Rome in America, is also in recognition, inevitably, of the largely increased relative importance of our country in the world's affairs.

The Church Cardinal FARLEY so ably represents here has grown with the country. It has been an important factor in the development of good citizenship. The recognition at Rome of the vast importance of the American Catholic body to the welfare of the ancient institution must appeal to the pride of Americans who are not Catholics. The Church here occupies no uncertain position, as in some countries where its bonds with the State have lately been strained or entirely broken. Here it has never been joined with the State. All religions are alike here, but the influence of religious training and teaching in making the citizen is not denied. Wherefore the honors bestowed upon Cardinal FARLEY reflect credit upon us all, and as an eminent citizen, who has carried the fame of his country abroad, we all welcome his return.

TWO WAYS WITH SUBWAYS.

The defenders of the city against the Interborough Company represent the company's insistence upon the protection of its present profits as extortion. Rather than submit to such a "hold up" the friends of the people will build subways with tax money and provide such competition as shall destroy the profits. Whatever prospect of success there may be for such a policy rests upon the assumption that it is popular, and that what is wanted is revenge rather than subways.

There can be no argument with any in that frame of mind. Those who have a preference for subways, and a particular preference for subways of greatest service to farepayers and least burden to taxpayers, look at the subject from another point of view. To them it seems that the present exorbitant profits are one of the good things about the present subways. If they did not exist there would be no hope of more subways in any manner whatever, since nobody could be induced to support subways built in any manner if the competition were in deficits instead of in profits. Now, the profits being so obvious as to be obnoxious to many, it is proposed to destroy them by competition of a character so wasteful and on plans so ill-devised that private capital cannot be induced to venture without a guarantee.

This is a game of beggar your neighbor, wherein the champions of the city are engaged in cutting off its nose to spite its face. What they represent as guaranteeing private profits is merely safeguarding those profits so that they may be made the basis of credit adequate for the construction of subways which the city cannot secure in any other manner, or at any other time if this opportunity be destroyed. Surely it is the part of common sense to build upon those profits rather than to destroy them. Surely it is better in the city's straitened circumstances to lighten the taxpayers' burdens by enticement of private capital to aid in the task rather than to repel it in the cause of alleged civic righteousness. The negotiators—who might rather be called the combatants—are said now to be separated by what is a mere fraction of the city's loss of taxes in each and every year that the subways are delayed. Already there has been a decade of such delays, and the time is but a few months distant when the new tax list must be reduced many times what it was reduced this year through reduction of values by delay of transit facilities. These reductions, actual and threatened, are the best proof that the city is in no position to build any sort of subways unaided. That it should build an inferior sort painfully when it can get a superior sort at no greater expense than swallowing a lot of nonsense about extortion by a monopoly ought to be unthinkable. Yet that is the situation as it exists.

THE ARMY CANTEEN.

It is distinctly encouraging that women are taking part in the movement to repeal the law abolishing the army canteen. At the meeting yesterday of the National League for the Civic Education of Women, Mrs. JAMES B. BURBANK and Mrs. CHARLES F. ROE, wives of military officers, set forth the reasons why the doing away with the canteen has resulted in great detriment to the men of the army. Gen. LEONARD WOOD, Chief of Staff at Washington, sent a letter, which was read at this meeting, adding to the long series of similar documents condemning present conditions that have been put forth by the chief authorities in the army.

Now that the women have begun this necessary work of enlightenment, they should persist until their well-intentioned but mistaken sisters who were instrumental in destroying an institution which contributed to the discipline of the army are duly informed of the consequences.

AN ILLUSTRATIVE ANECDOTE.

The public is this morning apprised of the reason why Col. GEORGE HARVEY, the editor of Harper's Weekly, has ceased to support WOODROW WILSON's aspirations for the Presidency. It seems that Gov. WILSON told Col. HARVEY that the support of Harper's Weekly was "injurious to his candidacy." Like a gentleman and a loyal though much grieved friend, Col. HARVEY takes down the Governor's name, and, like Iago, will henceforth speak no word more.

It will be remembered in this community that the late CHARLES A. DANA was accustomed to have a good deal of fun with Mr. GEORGE W. CHILDS in the columns of The Sun. He always wrote the name GEORGE WASHINGTON CHILDS, although well knowing that it was GEORGE WILLIAM CHILDS. He made merry over the obituary verses in The Public Ledger, and in many ways held Mr. CHILDS up to a mild and probably harmless sort of ridicule.

Once upon a time a very estimable gentleman who was a friend of both the distinguished editors called upon Mr. DANA to tender his good offices for an adjustment. "Now, Mr. DANA," he began, "I love you and I love Mr. CHILDS. It pains me deeply to read your articles ridiculing my good Philadelphia friend, and I have come to ask if you won't take dinner with me some evening to meet Mr. CHILDS, to the end that hereafter you may be good friends. Mr. CHILDS never complains of what you write, but I know that he is pained by it, that he is injured by it." "You amaze me," said Mr. DANA. "I injure GEORGE W. CHILDS? Why, I have made GEORGE W. CHILDS! If it hadn't been for The Sun he would never have been heard of outside the City of Philadelphia. Pray dismiss from your mind the delusion that I am not friendly to Mr. CHILDS. I am his best friend. I have made him known to the people of this country."

The exigencies of the Wilson-Harvey falling out seem to call for no other comment.

LABOUCHERE.

HENRY LABOUCHERE, who has died in his eighty-first year, had lived apart from the tide of public affairs for a few years, stricken by age and ill-health. It is a mistake to credit him with the recent policies of London Truth. But he sat in the House of Commons until six years ago, and he was still considered a man to be reckoned with in British politics when Sir HENRY CAMPBELL-BANNERMAN became Prime Minister. LABOUCHERE was then made a Right Honorable, as Privy Councilor. He had been in Parliament, off and on, since 1866, and while he sat in the House he kept himself well in the public view.

A Liberal, of strongly radical bias, a speaker whose eloquence and humor never failed him, a genial obstructionist, a flamboyant but quite harmless opponent of royal prerogative and aristocratic dominance, LABOUCHERE would have gained much distinction if he had never entered journalism. He was always on his feet when the question of royal grants or annuities or high honors to the leaders of wars of conquest arose. He opposed the grants to Lords ALASTER and WOLSELEY in 1882 as vigorously as he opposed that to Lord ROBERTS in 1901. In the debate following the Jameson raid, in 1896, he made a famous speech accusing the "two front benches" of a "conspiracy of silence," which aroused the ire of both Sir WILLIAM HARCOURT and Mr. CHAMBERLAIN. Throughout the Boer war he opposed the policy of the Unionist Government.

In journalism he was certainly a vital force. His personality shone on every page of Truth. It was the common idea that LABOUCHERE wrote the whole paper. He was an aggressive, ironical, witty critic, invading all fields—politics, literature, art, social life. He conducted an onslaught on magistrates' courts, and denounced various popular stock enterprises and benevolent institutions as frauds. But he was too violent, too aggressive, generally too inaccurate in his statements, and, withal, too emotional to be a leader. His talent was destructive, not constructive.

He had great popularity. Everybody liked "LABBY" for his wit, his courage, his good-fellowship, and his generosity. Sometimes he helped his party, but not much better than many less brilliant men. Oftener he opposed its policies without avail. Whenever he spoke he was listened to. In his time he had no equal in the House of Commons as an extemporaneous speaker. Every sentence he uttered was clear and crisp, his wit and humor were irresistible. To see the profound scholar LECKY, in his seat on the Tory side, leaning forward, hand at ear, so as not to miss a word of "LABBY's" grave nonsense, while opposing a motion which was sure to prevail, was a sight to remember. He lived well and long. In his leisure he had his house at Florence, where he entertained men and women of distinction, while at home he long dwelt in the historic villa of POPE at Twickenham. He might have been a greater man if he had combined with his brilliant gifts more sobriety of character and larger constructive ability. But then he would not have been "LABBY."

FEWER ARRESTS.

Chief Magistrate McADOO has reported to Mayor GAYNOR that the number of arrests by policemen during 1911 fall 70,000 below the average for the two preceding years. In his letter of congratulation upon this report, the Mayor says that the falling off began in 1910, and it was conclusively shown that this was "due solely to making fewer arrests for frivolous things."

Undoubtedly, abuses existed which have been rectified. The percentage of arrests to population in New York still far exceeds the percentage in the well-ordered city of London. In London the system of issuing summonses is better perfected than here. But we wish we could be as sure as the Mayor that there has not been a coincident reduction of arrests in other than frivolous cases. Police Commissioner WALDO complained the other day that, when arrests were made in very serious cases, Magistrates too frequently ordered the charge altered to one of something trivial, and, in other serious cases, Judges suspended sentence after conviction. We are sure the Mayor can get from Police Headquarters lists of such cases. Would it not be well that he obtain them and make them public?

THE DEATH PENALTY.

Senator "Big TIM" SULLIVAN is not sure whether the expression "a life for a life" originated in DUMAS' works, in the biography of PAUL KELLY, or in the Scriptures; at any rate, if there are to be executions, he would have the executioners punished in their own electric chairs. Mr. SULLIVAN has joined with Socialist MERRILL of the Assembly and Assemblymen BROOKS and COPP in introducing bills that would do away with all executions.

Bishop DOANE of Albany believes there is Scriptural warrant for the death penalty. However that may be, our friends of the Senate and Assembly should consider the practical objection raised by Mr. CORNELIUS V. COLLINS, formerly Superintendent of State Prisons, that, with the death penalty removed, there would be nothing to deter a prisoner convicted of murder "from killing his guard and as many others as he wanted to." Already committed for life, he could suffer no further punishment for such a crime. True, Assemblyman MERRILL's bill limits the maximum penalty for murder to thirty years' imprisonment. That is fifteen years longer than the average life of a convict.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Death Did Not End His Service.

When Battalion Chief WALSH fell in one of those battles that confute that claim that only war creates opportunities for the display of heroism, he lay dead beneath the avalanche of fire and iron that had crushed him down, and it seemed that his work for others was ended. It was only seeming. The death of this man, whose habit was to lead his men into danger when duty called and when the duty had been done to follow them out of it, always the last to seek safety, was such a magnificent illustration of courage and devotion that many hearts have been moved and many purses opened.

The result is that WALSH, though dead, is still serving the Fire Department, and in the most practical of ways. For it must be remembered that by far the greater part of the money raised and to be raised as a result of the emotions excited by his fate will go, not to WALSH's widow, but into the general departmental pension fund, and so will increase the allowance that can be made from it to surviving dependents whenever a fireman of any rank comes to a like lamentable, glorious end. Of the many contributions now making, only those specifically given as for Mrs. WALSH will be handed over to her. The rest will help every fireman in his perilous work by increasing his assurance that though he dies those whom he leaves behind will be safe from want. This may not make him more brave or more eager to obey orders at whatever risk to himself, but certainly it will enable him to face the innumerable chances of death and injury that come to him with every great fire and with many a small one, more nearly free from the one anxiety that is his nearest, though remote, approach to fear.

The Firemen's Pension Fund, with the city always ready to make up temporary deficiencies, has long been large enough to provide with something like adequacy for the widows of the department martyrs, but it could be made much larger than it is without becoming in any sense excessive, and the increase of it which has followed WALSH's death is something to be noted with satisfaction outside the Fire Department as well as in it.

This Loss Has Its Compensation.

Boston without the Revere House will hardly seem Boston to those whose knowledge of the city was attained three or four decades ago and has not been revised to take in the very different hotels, thoroughly up to date in magnificence, luxuries, and prices, which for later visitors have represented such of Bostonian hospitality as was open to all. The Revere House, while not exactly a historic monument, was an old building, as buildings go in this country, and it had the distinction, lacking to so many palatial hotels, of having lodged in its time not a few guests possessing that more durable eminence which rests on something else than the ability and inclination to spend money lavishly.

Yet it is not necessary or well to mourn too deeply the destruction of the Revere House—which seems, after all, not to have been complete, or as tragical as the first excited reports indicated—for it was, and would have been as long as it stood, a standing invitation for just such a fire as at last put in such deadly peril every person in it who was not close to the front door.

Like most buildings of its time, the Revere House, for all its apparent solidity, was made in a way that rendered it, according to modern ideas of safe construction, little better than a structure wholly of wood, and to call it a "fire trap," as the event showed, is not an exaggeration. The fewness of its stories was the one redeeming feature of the building, as of all its class, and some day the question may rise why edifices the erection of which would not now be permitted should be allowed to await the inevitable conflagration to put them out of the way.

The only reason why they continue to stand is that they are standing—that they were in accordance with "the state of the art" when made, and that to order them torn down would not only be a hardship for their owners, but also the violation of a sort of tacit contract. To destroy all the buildings that are dangerous in themselves and to their neighbors would indeed be terribly expensive, but probably the cost would be less than that which is involved in sparing them.

Of course there is not a city in the country that does not contain such buildings by the score or hundred; New York, in spite of all the typical specimens that have been burned or torn down, still has thousands of them, though the hotels of this class, having ceased to pay rent for the land they occupy, are going fast under the wrecker's attack. The faster the process goes on the better, and sentimental regret for the disappearance of buildings with "associations" hardly counts against added safety for both life and property.

Solution of a Problem.

A British legal authority is quoted as saying that the word "obey" cannot, any more than any other word or phrase, be dropped from the marriage service. Why the same powers that put the word into the service cannot take it out is not clear, or even comprehensible, to the lay mind, but possibly enough the British legal authority is right. It has often been observed that when a legal authority speaks, rightness and absurdity are not necessarily incompatible—that, on the contrary, they frequently have a sort of tenderness for each other and get along together very well. Be that as it may, this particular legal authority, having pronounced against the elimination of "obey," makes a suggestion that will much endear him to the ladies whom that word so deeply annoys. He says that it would be not only easy, but quite permissible, to make both "N." and "M." take the vow of obedience—in other words, to make the man as well as the woman promise to obey!

That, now, would be a fine way out of the difficulty. It is obvious that if each of the partners obeys the other, commands will meet half way between the two, like bullets between armies, and fall harmless. Then everybody will be happy and free to do as he or she pleases, which is, of course, what everybody wants.

FLAMES WITHIN STEEL SAFES

Can Be Prevented After a Fire by Pouring In Carbonic Acid Liquid.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have read the letter of Mr. Mackenzie in regard to the contents of steel safes after a fire. I have given a good deal of attention, both experimentally and otherwise, to the sources and origin of fire, and have often been surprised at the comparatively low temperature at which charred and partially charred wood and paper will ignite. The ignition point of some kinds of charcoal is far below a red heat.

To wait thirty days for a safe to cool might be destructive of business, and it is not at all necessary. In every large city there may be procured steel cylinders filled with liquid carbonic acid under great pressure. By proper management this liquid may be injected into any safe by opening the door the slightest crack, (not enough to admit a current of air,) and it will not only extinguish any fire but it will cool off the interior of the safe very rapidly. I have frozen half a pound of mercury in a few seconds by means of it. The contents of any safe which has so far cooled that the exterior could be handled would be perfectly safe under such conditions.

Details are unnecessary, but I might suggest that the operator would do well to follow the modus operandi of the burglar who undertakes to dynamite a safe. JOHN PHIN.

Paterson, N. J., Jan. 13, 1912.

Finds Fault with Historical Society.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It seems a pity that the vast collections of historical and genealogical records of such great value to the student of American history as are housed in the new building of the New York Historical Society should be literally buried.

On a recent limited trip to New York I made two visits to the Historical Society's rooms in Central Park West for the purpose of collecting historical data from original sources for a work about to go to press, and on each occasion I failed to find the librarian present, and the young clerk in attendance seemed to be at sea. J. M.

Philadelphia, Jan. 15, 1912.

The "Insanity" of McNamara.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Apropos to the statement published in your valuable columns that one Ryan considers Murderer McNamara insane, I submit that the proper field for nearly all ambitious young men of the rising generation to enter is clearly indicated. As we advance in civilization there will be a tremendous demand for expert alienists. Bigamists, forgers, firebugs, absconders, seducers, and all murderers in future will of course be proved insane and discharged, or harbored at the expense of a paternal state.

New York, Jan. 14, 1912. LEX.

WON'T REINSTATE DR. WALKER

Court Also Refuses to Grant $13,026 Back Pay as a School Lecturer.

Justice Marean of the Supreme Court, Brooklyn, gave a decision yesterday in the suit of Dr. Jerome Walker to compel the Board of Education to reinstate him in the department and give him back pay amounting to $13,020. The court decided against the physician.

Dr. Walker was a lecturer in the Commercial High School in Brooklyn in 1902. At that time the Board of Education abolished the post. Dr. Walker contended that the board acted illegally, but Justice Marean decided that the board had exercised a right, and also declared that it could not be compelled to put the physician back in his former place.

MR. ROOSEVELT'S POPULARITY

"Drummer" Finds That Business Men in Many States Would Vote for Him.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am a commercial traveler for a New York City firm, and have just completed a long trip through many States. I move fast, visiting two, three, and often four towns each day, calling on the leading retail merchants.

In order to get an expression from those thousands of representative citizens, and as a means of further conversation after finishing my business, I asked them whom they prefer for President, and in no instance did I inquire as to their politics.

Well, to get down to brass tacks, it's Roosevelt—he is the Big American, the most popular citizen in all this land, and the very large majority want him.

I covered nearly every town of any size in Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Missouri, Arkansas, Texas, Louisiana, Mississippi, and Alabama, and it's all one way by a big margin.

They say that Teddy is absolutely honest and truthful, and that no one has been able to put him in a hole or damage him; that he is on the square; and while they admit that other candidates possess equal virtues none measures up to Teddy for doing things quickly. In the present general condition of business he is looked upon by this great army of thinking men of business as the man of the hour.

In Indiana, Ohio, and Illinois men of both parties say that these States will surely go Democratic unless Roosevelt is nominated.

Chicago, Jan. 14, 1912. A DRUMMER.

Polygamy Among the Mormons.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A letter from a representative of the Mormon Church in this city to THE TIMES asserts that polygamy was instituted because the Indians and the privation of early days took away so many men and left a surplus of women.

Either the writer of your communication or the Mormon prophet states what is not true; because in the "Doctrine of Covenants," the standard work of the Mormon Church, on Page 463, is recorded the revelation which Joseph Smith claimed to have received from the Lord commanding polygamy, and upon this revelation is based the Mormon plea for polygamy as a religious principle. That revelation was given July 12, 1843. The Mormons sent their first detachment of emigrants to Utah in 1847. Therefore polygamy was instituted four years before the Mormons crossed the plains.

How, then, could polygamy have been instituted because the Indians had killed so many Mormon men? There was not a surplus of girls in Mormondom until the Mormon Elders begun to bring from abroad.

HANS P. FREECE.

New York, Jan. 15, 1912.

Wording of Marriage Service.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

"With all my worldly goods I thee endow." Yes, this is a part of the marriage service, and it was a part of it in the days when the law of every State in the Union made husbands absolute owners of their wives' earnings, clothing, property, even the children they bore, everything. It is also included in the marriage service of impoverished Dukes and American heiresses, in spite of the fact that agreements are entered into whereby the heiress settles an annual sum of money on the scion of nobility for his personal needs, regardless of the amounts spent on his castles and other impedimenta.

It must be remembered that the marriage service was formulated by men, and as we have from time immemorial been assured that men (and men only) possess a "sense of humor," we, of course, must meekly accept the assertion as final, notwithstanding their wording of the marriage service and the grievances of the men and women affected thereby.

HELEN R. CRANE.

New York, Jan. 16, 1912.

Public Whippings in Delaware.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

This Nation went to war with Spain "in the interests of humanity," but the dark ages of the Spanish Inquisition could boast no more inhuman or fiendish practices than the one in vogue in Wilmington, Del. For theft, men are strapped to the whipping-post, bared to the waist in zero weather, and their backs are lacerated with whips. RUSSELL LAW.

New York, January 14, 1912.

Foreign Postal Orders.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

If I am correctly informed at our post office, there has been a considerable advance in the price of foreign postal orders. Formerly you paid five cents to send three or four dollars abroad; now you pay fifteen cents. Can any one tell why this has been done? H. M.

New York, Jan. 15, 1912.

Likes The Times's Foreign News.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Permit me to congratulate you on the splendid showing of foreign news in THE TIMES of Sunday. Your article of two and a half columns on the Anglo-French-German political situation, carried by Marconi wireless, was a particularly fine piece of work. G. W.

New York, Jan. 15, 1912.

High Price of Butter.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

What has become of the Government investigation into the price of butter? The plain people can never be convinced that the present price is justified. W.

New York, Jan. 16, 1911.

Loss of a Daughter's Earnings.

A young working woman, 22 years of age, ill with tuberculosis, has been sent to the mountains for rest and treatment. She has always given her wages regularly to her widowed mother to help with the expenses of the home. When mother and daughter and the fifteen-year-old son were working their combined earnings of $14 a week barely sufficed to pay the cost of rent and fuel and food for themselves and the three younger children. The loss of the daughter's wages is, therefore, being keenly felt, especially now when Winter weather is making extra expenditure for fuel and warm clothing necessary. The Charity Organization Society asks for $156 to make good this wage loss of $5 each week during the young woman's absence, and to provide for her the extra heavy garments which are needed in the outdoor life that is to bring her back to health.

Gifts may be sent to the office of the society, 105 East Twenty-second Street, and will be gratefully acknowledged.

The Charity Organization Society acknowledges with thanks the following contributions received in response to previous appeals in THE TIMES:

T. J. R., $1; T. B. Barringer, $1; Anonymous, $3; M. S., Bronxville, $1; M. E. S., $2; Mrs. Anna A. Stowe, $2; S. D. S., $1; H. S. McGrath, $5; E. B. S., $1; M. W. L., $5; H. W. W., $5; Mrs. B. I. Ambler, $5; M. S., $1; Ellen S. B., $5; Walter Katte, $5; Anonymous, $10; C. B. W., $5; Mrs. R. Elizabeth Oakley, $1; A. H. Y., $1; M. L. Rawson, $2, and R. A., $2.

A DIFFERENCE IN SEASONS.

Her slender hands were numb with cold,
Her quivering lips were blue;
Her short, thin skirt was clinging-wet,
And her drooping hair, like streams of jet,
Was damp as the night-cold dew.
Yet the glad throng passed with no pitying glance;
Her woes she must never tell.
For an English lord (she was after him)
Had offered to teach her how to swim—
And she was a Newport belle.

FRANCES L. WARNER.

MORE TOMB JADES IN ART MUSEUM

Samuel T. Peters Gives 279 Specimens Which Had Been Buried for 1,000 Years.

CHINESE PAINTING ON SILK

A Book of Persian Poems by Sheik Talik, an Illustrated Volume of XVI. Century, Also Among Accessions.

A wonderful collection of tomb jades is the most important acquisition of the Metropolitan Art Museum the last month, and they may be seen in two long cases in the Recent Accessions Room. There are 279 examples, the gift of Samuel T. Peters. These jades do not make the imposing appearance of the Bishop collection of jades on the upper floor of the Museum, and many of them are of a peculiar brown shade color, strange to the average lover of jade. The color is in the nature of a stain, and comes to jades which have been buried for 1,000 or more years.

There are few similar pieces in the Bishop collection, the discovery of these tomb jades having taken place only within the last five or six years. There are many interesting amulets in the collection, which is made up entirely of small pieces, and a number of the undecorated bracelets belong to prehistoric times. The decorated pieces resemble the bronzes of the same periods as the jades. There is a special name to the tomb amulets, "Han-Jue," the latter word meaning jade and the former referring to the ancient practice of putting a piece of jade in the mouth of the dead before burial.

The collection includes all the known types of tomb jades, and is one of the finest existing, and with the Bishop jades puts the Museum collection in the very first rank.

A Chinese water color painting on silk, "Ts'ing-ming-shang-ho-t'u," "A Trip Up the River on the Feast of the Tombs," is an interesting recent purchase of the Museum. It is an addition to a not well represented line of art in the Museum. It is a panorama picture on silk, 21 feet 2½ inches of it when it is unrolled, showing the scenes of Chinese village life along the banks of a river, in the Spring, the time of the Feast of the Tombs, April. There are children and animals playing, the grown people going on with the duties of their daily life, the gentleman in his sedan chair and the common people buying and selling and carrying burdens, all done in more or less brilliant colors showing up against the background of the brown silk, with the hills in soft greens and the delicate pink and white of the blossoms of the trees.

A beautiful and wonderfully preserved book of Persian poems is an illustrated volume of the sixteenth century written by Mir Ali—the poems of the Sheik Talik. These are written in delicate Persian script, and the illustrations are in brilliant, but exquisite, colors, vivid reds and rich blues. In one of these is shown a polo game, but with the ball smaller than in the modern American form. The cover exhibits beautifully fine leather cut work with the use of more of the brilliant blue in the coloring.

Four flags, which will later decorate the Hall of Arms, are a big Arab flag of the fifteenth century, two large seventeenth and eighteenth century Spanish banners, and a Portuguese banner of the latter century, all now in the Room of Recent Accessions. There are a number of interesting pieces of furniture, including a unique globe-shaped work table on a standard, a purchase, and an early nineteenth century spinning wheel, the gift of Mrs. H. P. Hodgson.

Among recent accessions of sculpture are two fine bas relief Italian portraits. Ferdinand Hermann, a New York collector, has presented the Museum with two framed panels, Dutch, of the sixteenth century, "The Despoilment of Christ" and "Ecce Homo" and "A Cavalry Charge on the Southern Plains," by Frederic Remington, has been presented through Henry Smith by a number of donors. These, in addition to Mr. Smith, are A. Barton Hepburn, Augustus Thomas, James Wall Finn, Harry Folsom, John C. Howard, George A. Hearn, Horace Russell, William R. Mygatt, V. B. Wheelock, Mrs. G. P. Hilton, William T. Evans, George M. Wright, Samuel T. Shaw, and Ray L. Skofield.

WOULD REDUCE TAXI RATES.

Alderman Nicoll's Amended Ordinance Also Abolishes Private Stands.

With the hope of passing new laws for the regulation of taxicab rates Alderman Nicoll reintroduced in amended form at yesterday's meeting of the Board of Aldermen the proposed ordinances relating to the control of cabs and coaches. The ordinance was referred to the Committee on Laws and Legislation, and a hearing will be held in about three weeks.

The ordinance, in its present form, says that all licensed drivers, including chauffeurs, shall be 21 years of age, or over; shall be able to read and write English; shall be clean in person and dress; must not be subject to any infirmity of mind or body; must be strong enough to deal with the language of passengers, and shall not be addicted to the use of intoxicating liquors. The license fee for each driver is fixed at $1, with a fifty-cent annual renewal fee. Each person obtaining the license is to have his photograph appear thereon, and licenses may be suspended or revoked at any time by the Mayor, the Chief of the Bureau of Licenses, or any city Magistrate.

Three suspensions shall result in revocation, and no driver whose license has been revoked shall be relicensed. The penalty for violating the provisions of the proposed ordinance is fixed at not less than thirty nor more than fifty days in jail.

Taxicab fares the ordinance fixes at 40 cents for the first mile or any part thereof, and 10 cents for each additional one-third mile or any part thereof. For automobile coaches the fare is to be 60 cents for the first mile and 10 cents for each additional one-third mile or any part thereof. If the trip is but a half mile or less, 30 cents is to be charged.

The waiting time for cabs and taxis is made chargeable at $1.50 an hour for stops exceeding five minutes. Hourly rates, applying to shopping and calling, and not including park or road driving, and not driving more than five miles from starting point, are fixed at $1.50 for the first hour or any part thereof, and 50 cents for each additional half hour. For travel from one borough to another or outside of the city an additional fee of $1 is to be charged, with an additional allowance of 50 cents between midnight and 8 A. M. For each piece of luggage, except handbags and suitcases carried in the interior of vehicles, a fee of 20 cents is allowed.

Cab drivers must carry receipt pads and give receipts to passengers whenever they are demanded. Private stands are abolished altogether.

THE EVENING POST SUES.

Its Publisher Also, for Jersey Comment on Issues for Advertising.

Special to The New York Times.

SUMMIT, N. J., Jan. 16.—An editorial published by The Summit Record on Dec. 2, 1910, commenting on the publication by The New York Evening Post of two Sunday issues last Fall in order to comply with an order for advertising the New York official primary and election notices, has brought upon Alfred J. Lane, editor of The Record, two suits for $10,000 each. One plaintiff is The Evening Post and the other William J. Pattison, publisher.

The allegation is that the editorial in question reflected on the honesty of The Post and was libelous. Papers were served on Mr. Lane a few days ago, as he was about to leave on a trip to Florida. They are returnable Jan. 22 at the Supreme Court in Trenton.

The Record published on Dec. 30 a letter from William Wherry, counsel for the New York newspaper, demanding a retraction, and with it another editorial which was not satisfactory to The Post. Mr. Pattison is a resident of Summit, and so is Rollo Ogden, editor of The Post.

MRS. OGDEN MILLS GIVES LATE DANCE

Host, with Mrs. Phipps, Receives 250 Guests in Her East 69th Street Home.

DINNERS BEFORE THE EVENT

Dancers Occupy Large French Ballroom Until Early Hour—Seated Supper Served.

Mrs. Ogden Mills gave her customary January dance last night at her residence, 2 East Sixty-ninth Street. For the first time there was no cotillion, but general dancing took its place. Last year the dance was omitted owing to the family being in mourning.

The house was simply decorated with cut flowers, including American Beauty roses, but as the house is very complete in its own ornamentation there were no elaborate floral garnishings.

The dance was a late one, as many small dinners preceded it, including a large one given at Sherry's by Mrs. Mills's daughter, Mrs. Henry Carnegie Phipps.

It was about 11 o'clock when the guests began arriving. They were received by Mrs. Mills and Mrs. Phipps near the top of the marble stairway on the drawing room floor.

A seated supper was served before 1 o'clock in the large dining room and foyer hall. The dancing was in the large French ballroom and was almost continuous until an early hour in the morning.

Among the two hundred or two hundred and fifty guests asked were Mr. and Mrs. F. Gray Griswold, Mr. and Mrs. Robert L. Gerry, Mr. and Mrs. Ogden L. Mills, Mr. and Mrs. William Earl Dodge, Mr. and Mrs. Francis C. Bishop, Mr. and Mrs. P. G. Gerry, Mr. and Mrs. Elbridge T. Gerry, Mr. and Mrs. James F. D. Lanier, Mr. and Mrs. M. Orme Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Pell, Mr. and Mrs. Orme Wilson, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Havemeyer, Mr. and Mrs. Royal Phelps Carroll, Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Winthrop, Mr. and Mrs. Frances Hoppin, Mr. and Mrs. George L. Rives, Mr. and Mrs. R. Fulton Cutting, Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Gillespie, Mr. and Mrs. Payne Whitney, Mr. and Mrs. Henry C. Phipps, Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Sloane, Mr. and Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Sr., Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Sands, Mr and Mrs. James A. Burden, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Osgood Field, Mr. and Mrs. W. De Lancey Kountze, Mrs. Vanderbilt, Mr. and Mrs. Edmund L. Baylies, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Cooper Hewitt, Mr. and Mrs. Whitney Warren, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Iselin, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Iselin, Mrs. Gambrill, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Earle Stevens, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Goelet, Mr. and Mrs. I. Townsend Burden, Mr. and Mrs. Craig Biddle, and Mr. and Mrs. Forsythe Wicks.

The Misses Louise and Anna Sands, Angelica and Mabel Gerry, Sadie Jones, Dagmar Wetmore, Edith Starr Miller, Emily Winthrop, Dorothea Carroll, Alice Drexel, Evelyn Burden, Therese and Louise Iselin, Emily Sloane, Constance Warren, Laura Webb, Elisabeth Cutting, Miss Bishop, and Evelyn Witherbee.

Also, Craig Wadsworth, Lispenard Stewart, Worthington Whitehouse, Phoenix Ingraham, Eugene Gallatin, Frederick Townsend Martin, Moncure Robinson, G. Beekman Hoppin, Thornton Wilson, F. Burrall Hoffman, Jr., W. W. Hoffman, J. Harry Alexandre, Jr., E. Victor Loew, G. W. Warren, Jr., James Barney, and other dancing men.

SINGS FOR THE PRESIDENT.

Miss Eloise Baylor Heard by Official Washington at White House.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Miss Eloise Baylor of Chattanooga sang at the White House diplomatic dinner and reception this evening, receiving enthusiastic approval of her excellent rendering of a programme embracing Massenet's "Melodie des Baisers," Strauss's "Prima Vera," Vidal's "Printemps Nouveau," a pastoral from Carey Roy Smith's "My Wee Birdie," and "Haesche's Love Song." Miss Alice Burbage accompanied her at the piano.

MME. MAETERLINCK TO SING.

Will Entertain Mrs. Orme Wilson's Guests at Her Home on Jan. 23.

Many entertainments are being arranged by prominent hostesses for the next fortnight at which well-known people recruited from the dramatic and operatic stage are to appear. Mme. Maeterlinck is to make her first private appearance in New York on the night of Jan. 23, when she will sing at an entertainment to be given by Mrs. Orme Wilson at her residence, 3 East Sixty-fourth Street.

Mme. Simone and Arnold Daly are to appear in a one-act play on Sunday night at the home of Mrs. W. K. Vanaderbilt, 660 Fifth Avenue. The play is called "Bryant 5800," and is adapted from the French of Tristan Bernard.

Mme. Simone recited on Saturday night for Mrs. Robert Goelet's dinner guests, and Mme. Marguerite Namara-Toye is to sing on Friday afternoon at a matinée musicale at the home of Mrs. Frederick W. Vanderbilt.

Kitty Cheatham Aids Woman's Exchange.

Miss Kitty Cheatham gave a recital yesterday afternoon at the Plaza in aid of the Madison Avenue Exchange for Woman's Work at 645 Madison Avenue.

The officers of the exchange are Mrs. J. Hood Wright, President; Mrs. Frank H. Platt, Acting President; Mrs. J. Jarrett Blodgett, Mrs. Samuel R. Callaway, Mrs. George W. Jenkins, and Mrs. Benjamin Thaw, Vice Presidents; Mrs. J. Hull Browning, Secretary; Mrs. W. Townsend Colbron, Corresponding Secretary; Mrs. Herman O. Armour, Treasurer, and Mrs. Chauncey S. Truax, Assistant Treasurer.

Miss Heppenheimer Engaged.

Gen. and Mrs. W. C. Heppenheimer of Jersey City have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Gladys Heppenheimer, to J. Robinson-Duff of this city. The wedding will occur in the Spring.

CELESTINS
VICHY
Natural Alkaline Water
Not Genuine without the word
CELESTINS
Bottled at the Springs
ASK YOUR PHYSICIAN
VICHY
CELESTINS

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mrs. J. Allen Townsend of 237 Madison Avenue is giving a series of three dinners, the first to be given to-morrow. The other two will be given on Jan. 25 and 27.

Mme. la Comtesse Camilla Hoyas of Paris is at the Belmont for the remainder of the Winter.

Mrs. John Markle of 723 Fifth Avenue will give a bridge on Wednesday afternoon, Jan. 24.

Mrs. S. Charles Welsh will give a dinner dance on Monday evening, Feb. 5, at 27 West Eighty-first Street for Miss Ruth Welsh, a débutante of a year ago.

Mrs. Charles G. Ayres is giving a 5 o'clock tea this afternoon for Mr. and Mrs. Archibald McCrea at 152 West Fifty-seventh Street.

Mrs. Stephen H. P. Pell is giving a dinner on Sunday, followed by a small and informal musicale, at her residence, 3 East Sixty-ninth Street. Miss Maggie Teyte will sing.

Mrs. Harry Kearsarge Knapp will give a small and informal dance this evening at her residence, 34 East Thirty-fifth Street, for her débutante niece, Miss Margaret Knapp.

Miss Winifred Holt will give this afternoon the second of two receptions at 44 East Seventy-eighth Street.

Mrs. H. Hollingshead Dean's bridge will be held this afternoon at the Plaza.

Mrs. Henry Wolcott Warner is giving a large theatre party on Jan. 26 for her two nieces, the Misses Viola and Adeline Townsend.

Miss Mildred Gautier Rice returned yesterday from Chicago, where she spent several weeks with Mr. and Mrs. John J. Mitchell.

Gen. Stewart L. Woodford has purchased a large tract of land at Green Farms, Conn., where he will erect a large estate for the occupancy of his family.

Mrs. J. Pierpont Morgan, Jr., gave a large informal reception last evening at her residence, 231 Madison Avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederic A. Stevenson of Croton-on-Hudson are at the Hotel Manhattan.

Mrs. William Willit McAlpin will give a dinner of twenty covers to-morrow, afterward taking her guests to the Three Dances at the Plaza.

A LEAP YEAR DANCE.

First of Three Subscription Affairs Given Last Night at St. Regis.

The first of the new leap year subscription dances was given last night at the St. Regis. The dancing, which was general, began about 9:30. The new forms of dancing, like the "turkey trot" and "grizzly bear," were not allowed. A seated supper was served about midnight and the favors were fans for the women and scarf pins for the men.

Dinners were given preceding the dance by Mrs. Henry Clarke Coe, Mrs. E. F. Slauson, and Mrs. James B. Curtis.

The hostesses for the dance, besides those mentioned, were Mrs. Edgar Van Etten, Mrs. Howard K. Coolidge, Mrs. Benjamin A. Jackson, Mrs. Clarence E. Chapman, Mrs. Wright Barclay, Mrs. Otis K. Dimock, Mrs. Benjamin A. Griffen, Mrs. George C. Hutchinson, Mrs. A. Effingham Lawrence, Mrs. Daniel O'Day, Mrs. Royal C. Peabody, and Mrs. George S. Palmer.

The other dances of the series will be held on Feb. 14, March 15, and April 9.

Mrs. Lauterbach's Reception.

Mrs. Lauterbach gave yesterday the second of her series of receptions at 761 Fifth Avenue. The apartment was decorated with roses, and a bevy of young girls assisted in receiving the guests. They included the Misses Eva Ingersoll Brown, Florence and Isabel Eaton, and Margaret Madeleine Smith. Mrs. Donald McLean and Mrs. Henry L. Burnett poured tea. Among the callers were Mrs. Stanley Menken, Mrs. Patten Glover, Mr. and Mrs. Robert A. Livingston, Mrs. Walston Brown, Miss Maude Ingersoll, Mrs. Alfred R. Conkling, Mrs. Robert J. Ide, Mrs. R. A. C. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Eaton, Mrs. Winfield Scott, Mrs. Robert P. Hart, Mrs. W. A. Slayback, Mrs. Eastman Johnson, Mrs. Cortland S. Van Rensselaer, Mrs. Walter Rutherfurd, Baron Schlippenbach, Count Lafayette, the Italian Vice Consul; Mr. Gentile, Frederick Townsend Martin, George William Chester, Gen. S. F. Kneeland.

Mrs. Thorne's Reception.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Thorne gave a large reception last night at their town house, 914 Fifth Avenue, for their grandson, Landon K. Thorne, and his bride of last June, who was Miss Julia Loomis of Tuxedo, and also for Mrs. Harry Kearsarge Knapp, who was Miss Phoebe von S. Thorne, and her husband. Mr. and Mrs. Knapp were married a short time before Mr. Thorne and Miss Loomis. The latter are making their home at Babylon, L. I., and Mr. and Mrs. Knapp are living at Madison, N. J.

Last night's reception was the first large affair given for the two young couples. It was a general reception for the older friends of Mr. and Mrs. Thorne as well as the young friends of the guests of honor. It began at 9 o'clock and guests came in until nearly midnight.

An orchestra played throughout the evening, and there was informal dancing. A buffet supper was served from 11 to 1 o'clock.

Mme. Kalich to Act at Benefit.

Mme. Bertha Kalich, who has been appearing in English drama for the last eight years, is to return to the Yiddish stage for a single performance of "The Kreutzer Sonata" at Kessler's Theatre in Second Avenue this afternoon. The occasion will be a benefit for the family of Henry G. Ginsberg, Mme. Kalich's former leading man, who died several days ago, leaving a widow and several small children. Mme. Kalich will have in her supporting company most of the prominent Yiddish actors in New York, all of whom have volunteered their services for the occasion. This will be her only appearance on the east side this year, as she is to enter vaudeville soon in Mrs. Fiske's one-act play, "The Light from St. Agnes."

Dinner to Ambassador and Mrs. Reid.

Mrs. Charles B. Alexander gave a dinner last night, followed by music, for the Ambassador to England and Mrs. Reid.

The guests were chiefly married people, but a few of the younger set came in for the music. Mme. Alma Gluck sang and Miss Ada Sassoli, the harpist, played. There were about 200 guests.

Miss Barbara Spofford Engaged.

The engagement is announced of Miss Barbara Spofford, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Ainsworth Spofford of 155 West Fifty-eighth Street, to Shepard Ashman Morgan of this city, son of the late Judge John S. Morgan of Rochester, N. Y. No date has been set for the wedding.

Dahn-Mulford.

The engagement is announced of Miss Ethel V. Dahn, daughter of Mrs. J. H. Dahn of 179 Washington Park, Brooklyn, to Dr. Leslie Frank Mulford of this city and Philadelphia.

To-Day's Weddings.

Miss Marguerite Martin, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Truman J. Martin, will be married this afternoon to Henry Phipps Hoffstot, son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank N. Hoffstot, at the Hotel Marie Antoinette by Bishop Talbot of Pennsylvania. Mr. and Mrs. Dexter Jerauld Thayer, Miss Cora Quay, daughter of the late Senator Quay, and Miss Agnes Davidson of Pittsburgh are here to attend the wedding. Mr. Hoffstot and his bride will sail for Germany on Saturday.

Miss Anna Beatrice Cozzens, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Broome Cozzens of 307 West Eighty-seventh Street, and James Dudley Dusenberry will be married this evening in All Angels' Church. A reception will follow at Delmonico's.

Miss Kirkby to Wed H. H. Lyman.

The Rev. L. Holwell Kirkby, formerly rector of Collingwood and Aurora, Ontario, and Mrs. Kirkby announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Florence Holwell Kirkby, to Henry Herbert Lyman, M. A., of Montreal. Miss Kirkby is a niece of the Rev. Charles W. Kirkby of New York. The wedding is to take place in the early Spring.

POLICE TO RUN DOWN ALL ILLEGAL FILMS

Mean Also to Find Out Who Is Displaying Them to Selected Gatherings.

RESULT OF THE HARLEM RAID

Ownership of the Questionable Pictures Not Yet Discovered—Hall Didn't Have a Theatre License.

As the result of a raid made on Monday night by detectives attached to the staff of Inspector Dennis Sweeney of the Sixth Inspection District a searching investigation will be instituted by the police to discover the identity of persons engaged in the manufacture and production of indecent moving picture films.

This industry, which has sprung into existence within a few months, furnishes amusement at so-called "stags" and smokers given by private clubs or individuals to which admission is by "invitation." The invitation usually carries with it a "check room" coupon which costs the holder of the ticket a dollar.

For several months it has been known to the police that moving-picture shows of a questionable nature were being given, but evidence sufficient to justify an application for a bench warrant was not forthcoming. Owing to the fact that the tickets, or "invitations," which entitled the bearer to admission to these entertainments, were limited to a selected list, the police were powerless to get the needed evidence.

On Monday night, however, two detectives attached to Inspector Sweeney's office were sauntering along West 116th Street when they were accosted by a shabbily dressed man, who asked them if they wanted to see "something rich."

"What is it?" queried one of the sleuths.

"A ripe moving-picture show—something good—hot stuff," was the response.

Two Willing Sleuths.

The detectives expressed their willingness to witness "hot stuff" of any description, and were directed to the Lenox Casino, at Lenox Avenue and 116th Street, a dance hall. They immediately notified Inspector Sweeney of their discovery, and the latter, accompanied by three other detectives, joined them a short distance away from the hall where the exhibition was to take place.

Fearing discovery, the Inspector, who is well known throughout the district, remained behind and sent the five detectives ahead to see if they could gain admission. Arriving at the hall, two of the detectives ascended the stairs. At the top they were challenged by a dapper youth, who inquired in confidential tones whether they were supplied with "invitations."

"I had two—one for myself and the other for my friend," replied the foremost sleuth, "but, unfortunately, I left them in my other clothes."

"Wait a minute," directed the doorkeeper, as he disappeared inside. Presently he reappeared at the door and beckoned to the detectives.

"Two dollars, please," he remarked in a businesslike tone. The detectives complied with his demand and were admitted.

Seated within the dance hall they found a crowd of fully a thousand men, among whom, they alleged, they recognized prominent local politicians. On the stage, or platform, had been hung a large white screen upon which the pictures were to be thrown. At the rear of the hall a small elevated platform was erected upon which was mounted an ordinary moving-picture machine. Toward this platform the detectives were unobtrusively elbowing their way, when a man in the crowd recognized them and yelled:

"The cops are here! The place is raided!"

The Operator Escaped.

The operator, who had been waiting to unwind the first film, hopped off his perch and mingled in the crowd. There was a general rush for the door, which stopped when it was discovered that the exit was locked. Inspector Sweeney and his remaining sleuths had ascended the stairs and bolted the door from the outside.

When it became evident that there was no one present willing to respond to the repeated demands for the "manager" made by the two detectives who had gained admission, the door was thrown open, and by order of Inspector Sweeney the films and slides were examined. According to the police they were found to portray a wide variety of questionable poses, and the machine and films were confiscated.

As the police were preparing to remove them a man, said to have been a former Alderman, came forward and declared that they had no right to remove private property without a warrant.

"Does this paraphernalia belong to you?" demanded Inspector Sweeney. The man replied in the negative.

"The owner can claim it now or call later at the property room at Police Headquarters," was the Inspector's ultimatum. "We would be glad to know who he is." When there was no response to the challenge the crowd was permitted to depart, with the exception of the door tender, who was detained and questioned. He told Inspector Sweeney that he had been employed "for the night by the Lenox Amusement Company," which he said was giving the show. He denied having any knowledge of the identity of his employers, and was permitted to go after explaining that he had been engaged by a stranger he met in a saloon.

Not Properly Licensed.

At the Police Headquarters License Bureau yesterday afternoon it was learned that the Lenox Casino management had obtained no theatre license, and at the City Hall License Bureau it was ascertained that no "general show license" or moving picture permit had been issued. The confiscated machine bears the usual individual identification number, but the police said that no permit for its operation had been issued by the Department of Gas and Electricity, as required by law.

No certificate as to seating capacity had been issued to the Lenox Casino by the Department of Buildings, which is demanded when a building is used for theatre purposes, nor had the Fire Department passed on the place as a show house. The only license held by the management is for a dance hall for which the requirements are not so rigid.

At the offices of the National Board of Censorship, an unofficial body which passes on the morality of moving picture films, Walter Story, the general secretary, was much interested when informed of the raid by a TIMES reporter. He said it had been known for some time to his organization that there existed a secret traffic in indecent films, but expressed the conviction that none of the large film producers was concerned in the business.

"We have reason to believe," he said, "that pictures have been produced by irresponsible persons which are violations of criminal statutes in any States, where they are exhibited, and are to be classed with the indecent postal card, but we can find no record of a definite instance where such a picture has strayed into a regular theatre or showhouse. Pictures of this kind are produced before persons who are expecting a questionable production."

How the Censors Work.

Mr. Story explained that the National Board of Censors works in co-operation with various manufacturers of films, and is thus enabled to pass upon all films before they go forth to the various moving-picture theatres. The producing companies, he explained, are scattered throughout the country, while all the manufacturing is done in this city except in the case of foreign concerns. The Censoring Committee, which consists for the most part of settlement workers and teachers, meets on certain mornings and afternoons at appointed places and usually reviews twelve films at each session.

The big manufacturers, he said, had too much at stake to venture to produce indecent films. No photo-play was manufactured unless of sufficient merit to justify the reproduction of from fifty to one hundred and fifty copies, which sell for an average price of $100 each. Ten cents a foot, said Mr. Storey, was the trade price, and 1,000 feet was considered the trade unit for a film.

"This new development looks to me," continued Mr. Story, "like the work of men who have rented a studio with stage settings somewhere and can produce scenes with interior settings much cheaper than can the big manufacturers who are forced by competition to produce original and interesting scenes. Some time ago we heard that such films were being shown privately in this city, and we communicated with the Secretary of the Parkhurst Society, which instituted an investigation, but nothing came of it."

Deputy Police Commissioner Dillon, who has supervision of the Police License Bureau, expressed his approval of the raid made by Inspector Sweeney, and said that a determined effort would be made to trace the source of the films and to prosecute the offenders.

For Sleeplessness
Build up your system and make rich blood and avoid all ills with the world's best
Whit-=bread
Ale and Stout
N.B.—Absolutely matured in bottles by the brewers in England.
There's a GREAT difference.
St. James Importing Co., (Importers,) N. Y. City.

BARON VON RADOVITZ DEAD.

Ex-German Ambassador Was Protege of Prince Bismarck.

BERLIN, Jan. 16.—Joseph M. von Radovitz, formerly German Ambassador in Constantinople and Madrid, died to-day.

Baron Joseph M. von Radovitz, representative of Germany at the Algeciras conference on the Moroccan question and warm friend and protégé of Prince Bismarck, was a member of a family that has been known since Bismarck's time as the "diplomatic family of Germany." He was born in 1839, and, having studied law at Berlin and Bonn, he entered the Diplomatic Service at the age of 21. His first post, a Secretarial one, took him into the Far East, and he came home possessed not only of an exceptional collection of Japanese bronzes, but with a wide and varied knowledge of the Orient, which helped him to a position in the Prussian Embassy at Constantinople, where he later returned as Ambassador. The subsequent years found him appearing in diplomatic work in various European capitals, Athens, St. Petersburg, Paris, Madrid, up to the time of his retirement from the active Diplomatic Service, in 1898.

Baron von Radovitz had no small part in drafting and preparing for signature so momentous a document as the Treaty of Berlin. Prince Bismarck was not particularly fond of the late Baron's father, Gen. von Radovitz, who was a prominent figure in Prussian history, from the battle of Leipsic, when he was taken prisoner, to the treaty of Olmutz, when he retired in disgust from public life, but his second son, Joseph, was a favorite with the Chancellor, who not only considered him a valuable public servant, but looked upon him as a close friend. When Herr von Radovitz's son was born on the birthday of Bismarck the latter stood as godfather.

ARNOUX OF ELMSFORD DEAD.

For 45 Years He Lived Life of Hermit—Brother a Justice.

Special to The New York Times.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., Jan. 16.—Gabriel Arnoux, 78 years old, a brother of the late William Arnoux, Justice of the New York Supreme Court, died in the Tarrytown Hospital last night from a stroke of apoplexy. Mr. Arnoux lived the life of a hermit at Elmsford for forty-five years and was found unconscious Sunday morning by his neighbor, Theodore Townsend. He was removed to the hospital and never recovered consciousness.

Mr. Arnoux was a brilliantly educated man and in his younger days had travelled abroad and was known in New York's best society. His brother bought him a farm at Elmsford about 1866, and he left New York and went there to live. He interested himself in real estate and was also School Collector at one time. Wealthy relatives abroad have been notified of his death by cable and funeral arrangements will be made to-morrow.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. MARY J. MUNSILL, one of the richest women of Hartford, Conn., died at her home yesterday. She was the benefactress of scores of philanthropic institutions. She was the daughter of Gail Borden, prominent in New York City fifty years ago, and one of the pioneers in Texas. Mrs. Munsill is survived by a son, Gailborn Munsill of Hartford, and a daughter, Mrs. John Ulrich of New Haven.

THOMAS STEWART, a broker, who for more than fifty years had made his home at Great Neck, L. I., died Monday at his apartments, 53 East Eighty-sixth Street, at the age of 73 years. He is survived by two daughters, Mrs. Fred Wallace, wife of Commodore Wallace, who is attached to the marine division at the Brooklyn Navy Yard, and Miss Florence Stewart, and one son, Frederick Stewart.

JAMES F. HAGUE, veteran turfman and driver of harness horses, and known all over the United States, died in Los Angeles, Cal., Monday. Mr. Hague, who was 61 years old, formerly lived in Peoria, Ill. For several years he had lived in retirement in Los Angeles.

GEORGE W. EMORY, who for many years was connected with the Long Island Railroad, died yesterday of pneumonia at the home of his son, George S. Emory, in Garden City, L. I., at the age of 83 years. Mr. Emory was the son of John Martin Groome Emory of Easton, and on his mother's side was descended from Col. Caleb North, one of Washington's aides de camp and for several years President of The Cincinnati. He married Susan, the daughter of the late John A. Searing, a member of Congress from the Long Island District for a number of terms. Mr. Emory is survived by a son, George S. Emory, Vice President of the Appleton Company, and a daughter, Mrs. William J. Youngs.

WILLIAM BYRAS RAMSAY died yesterday at his home, 23 East Thirty-fifth Street, Bayonne, N. J., aged 74 years. He retired from business several years ago. Mr. Ramsay is survived by five daughters, three of whom are school teachers.

DANIEL E. SULLIVAN, a pioneer railroad builder, who built a large part of the Nickel Plate Railroad, died suddenly Monday evening at his home in Columbus, Ohio. Death was caused by apoplexy. Mr. Sullivan was born in Lynden, Mich., in 1840.

JOHN G. W. COFRAN, for two years Vice President of the Hartford Fire Insurance Company, died of apoplexy Monday morning at Hartford, Conn. Born in Goshen, N. H., Cofran went into the insurance business when he was 19, and in 1881 he became a special agent of the Hartford company. Moving from the Pacific Coast department to the post of assistant general agent of the Western department in 1895, he became a general agent the following year. Mrs. Cofran survives him.

FANNIE HOPKINS, Postmistress at Portage des Sioux, St. Louis County, Mo., under the Cleveland Administration, and for many years actively interested in Democratic politics, died recently at her home in St. Louis. Miss Hopkins was 69 years old. She wielded no little political influence, and was known to be a hearty admirer of Speaker Champ Clark.

WILFORD W. LINSLY died suddenly of heart disease on Saturday at his home, 1 West Eighty-second Street. Mr. Linsly was an architect. He was 33 years old and a Yale man of the class of 1901. Mrs. Linsly survives him.

JAMES H. DOREMUS, a member of the Society of Old Brooklynites, and a Brooklyn Inspector in the Building Department, died of cancer on Sunday at his home, 681 Hancock Street. He was 72 years old. Mr. Doremus served throughout the civil war, and is said to have stood close to President Lincoln during the delivery of the Gettysburg address.

DAVID TERRY died on Sunday at his home, 554 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn. Mr. Terry, who was 56 years old, was a member of the firm of Young & Girard, lumber merchants at Greenpoint. Mrs. Terry, one son, and two daughters survive him.

CHARLES W. HALLOCK died of paralysis on Sunday at his home, 679 East 220th Street, the Bronx. He had been ill for two years. Mr. Hallock was 65 years old. Thirty-one years ago he opened the first real estate office in what was at that time the village of Williamsbridge. Two sons and two daughters survive him.

EDMUND BRODERICK died of cerebral hemorrhage on Monday at his home, 78 West 103d Street. He was 44 years old, and was in the hotel business at 144 Fulton Street. Mr. Broderick had been in that business since his youth. Mrs. Broderick and two children survive him.

HORACE H. EPES, well known as an educator in the South, is dead at Newport News, where his home was and where he organized the school system. He had been identified with schools and colleges in Kentucky and Alabama. Prof. Epes was 63 years old.

HENRY LABOUCHERE, EDITOR AND WIT, DEAD

Founder of London Truth and Able Parliamentarian Dies at His Villa in Florence.

ADVENTURESOME IN YOUTH

Lived with American Indians, but Returned Home to Become a Diplomat—His Fearless Conduct of Truth.

FLORENCE, Italy, Jan. 16.—Henry Labouchère, the editor of London Truth, died at his villa here this morning.

The passing of Henry Labouchère, diplomat, journalist, parliamentarian, wit, brings to a close one of the most richly varied and engagingly interesting careers in England of the latter part of the nineteenth century. Though the spirit of vagabondia in his youth and the subsequent accident of a succession of diplomatic posts caused his younger days to be spent in many lands, and though he made Italy the real home of his declining years, Labouchère, as the founder and proprietor of Truth and for forty years an audacious member of the House of Commons, was a conspicuous figure in the public life of his native country.

"Labby," as he was always affectionately called, was born in London in 1831, and absorbed the conventional education afforded the English youth of his day by Eton and Cambridge. Then, before waiting for his degree, he crossed the Atlantic, following, it is said, in the trail of a circus that numbered in its talent a woman bareback rider of great beauty. At all events, he wound up in Mexico, where he took a deep interest in a passing revolution, and from which country he journeyed northward till he found himself in St. Paul. Near there he fell in with a band of Black Feet Indians, and, finding them to his liking, spent several months in their company.

All this befell him in his earliest twenties, but at the age of 23 his biographer finds him back in civilization, docilely accepting a diplomatic post at the hands of his uncle, Lord Taunton. Back he came to these shores, this time as a respectable Attaché to the British Legation, and subsequent appointments took him to Munich, Stockholm, St. Petersburg, Frankfort, Dresden, and Constantinople. The year 1870 saw him within the walls of Paris at the time of the siege, volunteering his services to the correspondent of The London Times, who wished to rejoin his wife and family in London. Labouchère's reports gave the outside world some of its most vivid impressions of the siege, and not long after he was in London plying the pen that grew to be such a famously caustic weapon. It was at this period that he founded Truth, and made it a journal sought out as a clever, intimate, gossipy, and yet sound at heart, just as "Labby's" friends said he was sound at hearth beneath all the quips and tilting of his lively political career.

He first entered the House in 1866 for Windsor, and from 1880 to 1906 he was returned from Northampton. He first loomed up as an extreme radical, agonizing the deep-rooted conservatives of the eighties, and, himself clinging to his chosen rôle of free lance, never seeking a place in any Cabinet. With the passing of years Labouchère's lively opinions seemed comparatively less radical, but for a long time he and his ancient colleague, Bradlaugh, were associated with the most Socialistic legislation proposed in Parliament.

To go out and do battle against any sort of humbug was Laubouchère's particular delight, and, despite all its more airy qualities, Truth won a reputation for sound business sense by its consistent, unrelenting attack on quacks, frauds, and swindlers of every description. The attacks were carried on with such gusto that Truth was continuously beset with libel suits, although seldom with any success.

Truth also had its charitable side, as did Labouchère, and its Doll Show for the benefit of crippled children grew to be an accepted part of the Christmas festivities of London.

Labouchère was married to Henriette Hudson, a great stage favorite. It was she who chaperoned Lily Langtry on the latter's first theatrical tour of the United States and who, in her disapproval of certain things which her charge chose to do, made an abrupt return to England. Mrs. Labouchère died in Florence. He was devoted to his only daughter, Dora, and was deeply disappointed by her marriage to Carlo di Rudini, eldest son and heir of the late Marquis di Rudini. She is a brilliant figure in European society to-day.

The airy, venturesome spirit of Labouchère touched with picturesque color all that he did, and the trail of his wanderings is a trail of vastly amusing anecdotes, enlivened by long-remembered and oft-quoted epigrams. And he was proverbially lucky, forever landing on his feet after every escapade.

Col. George M. Greene.

Col. George M. Greene, a retired Lieutenant Colonel of the Mexican Army, who received the surrender of Maximilian at Queretaro, died on Monday in Mexico City. A Canadian by birth he was successively an American and a Mexican citizen. Col. Greene organized the Loyal Legion in San Francisco, and it was from there that he went to Mexico to help Juarez against the French. He is said to have been the first war correspondent to use a camera in Mexico. Col. Greene was 78 years old. Mrs. Greene survives him.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

PLATT.—Jan. 15, Danbury, Conn., to Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Platt, a daughter.

VON GAL.—Jan. 14, Danbury, Conn., to Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Von Gal, a daughter.

Engaged.

MULFORD—DAHN.—The engagement is announced of Miss Ethel V. Dahn, daughter of Mrs. J. H. Dahn of 179 Washington Park, Brooklyn, to Dr. Leslie Frank Mulford of Philadelphia and New York.

Married.

GERRISH—BROUN.—Jan. 17, 1912, Brooklyn, Madeleine Broun to Thornton Gerrish.

COHEN—BENDINE.—Jan. 14, Selina Bendine to Samuel Cohen.

New Jersey.

IGLESDER—GRIFFIN.—Jan. 12, Hoboken, Nellie Griffin to Francis X. Iglesder.

SCHREIBER—ENDLICH.—Jan. 13, Newark, Bertha Endlich to Nathan Schreiber.

New York State.

HARRINGTON—HOYT.—Jan. 14, Scarborough, Ruby Hoyt to Alonzo Harrington.

Died.

ALLEN.—Suddenly, in Atlantic City, Monday night, Jan. 15, 1912, Jessup Lightfoot Allen, youngest son of the late Major William Allen and Frances Jessup Allen of Claremont-on-the-James River, Virginia. Funeral at Hollywood Cemetery, Richmond, Va., Thursday morning, Jan. 18, 11 o'clock.

BOETTIGER.—On Sunday, Jan. 14, 1912, Katherina Boettiger, in her 84th year. Relatives and friends respectfully invited to attend funeral service at her late residence, 79 Himrod St., Brooklyn, Wednesday evening, at 8 o'clock. Funeral Thursday, 2 P. M.

CARD.—On Sunday evening, Jan. 14, 1912, James Van Dyck Card. Funeral service at his late residence, 248 West 73d St., on Wednesday morning, at 10 o'clock.

NOTICE.

CARD.—At a meeting of the Board of Trustees of The Franklin Savings Bank, held on Jan. 15, 1912, the following preamble and resolution were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, Almighty God in His inscrutable wisdom took to Himself on the 14th day of January, 1912, our late friend and associate, James VanDyck Card; and,

Whereas, Mr. Card was a member of this board for over twenty years, always evincing a great interest in the progress and welfare of the institution and pointing with pride to its success. He was a man whose honesty of purpose was never doubted, whose personal character was beyond reproach, and whose genial personality endeared him to all with whom he came in contact. By his death the bank has lost a most true and loyal friend and a wise counsellor, who never swerved from the duties imposed upon him; be it, therefore,

Resolved, That the bank extend to his family our sincere and heartfelt sympathy in this hour of their deep bereavement, and that this minute be entered upon our records and a copy suitably engrossed be presented to the family.

WILSON M. POWELL,
J. EDGAR LEAYCRAFT,
CHARLES A. WALKER, Committee.

CARD.—Ye Olde Settlers' Association of Ye West Side, office of the Secretary, 30 Church St., N. Y.

We announce with great sorrow the death of James Van Dyck Card, and request the members of this association to attend the funeral services at his late residence, 248 West 73d St., on Wednesday morning, at 10 o'clock.

WARREN C. CRANE, President,
ARTHUR V. LYALL, Secretary.

CARD.—To the members of the West End Association of the City of New York: The members are notified of the death on Sunday, Jan. 14, 1912, of Mr. James Van Dyck Card, for six years President of the Association.

The Executive Committee will attend in a body the funeral at his late residence, 248 West 73d St., Wednesday, Jan. 17, 1912, 10 o'clock A. M.

All members of association are invited to attend. G. B. SHEPPARD, Secretary.

COWEN.—Newman, on Monday, Jan. 15, at his residence, 35 East 60th St., in his 81st year. Funeral services Wednesday, Jan. 17, at Congregation Bnai Jeshurun, 65th St. and Madison Av., at 10 A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

COWEN.—Newman. On Monday, Jan. 15, 1912, at his residence, 35 East 60th St. Funeral services Wednesday, Jan. 17, at Congregation B'nai Jeshurun, 65th St. and Madison Av., at 10 A. M. Alumni, students, and friends of the Jewish Theological Seminary of America are requested to attend.

WHEREAS, It has pleased Almighty God to call unto Him His servant, Newman Cowen, in the ripeness of his old age, after faithful service for many years in the Jewish community in various capacities and especially as Vice President of the Jewish Theological Seminary of America and life Director thereof, be it

RESOLVED, On behalf of the directors, faculty and students of the Jewish Theological Seminary of America, that record be hereby made of the deep loss sustained by the institution, through the death of Newman Cowen, associated with the seminary from its earliest years. Newman Cowen loved the institution with the love of one who was himself a student. He was a personal friend of professors and students, rejoiced at the progress of the seminary, and worked with heart and soul for its advancement and for the cause for which it stands. He loved Torah and those who devoted their lives to it, and extended his support to them in all parts of the world. "May his soul be bound up in the bond of life. May his rest be glorious, with fullness of joy, in Thy presence, and pleasures for evermore at Thy right hand."

S. SCHECHTER, President,
The Jewish Theological Seminary of America.

COXFORD.—Rose B., widow of the late William F. Coxford. Funeral notice to-morrow.

EMORY.—On Wednesday, Jan. 16, 1912, at the home of his son, Garden City, L. I., George W. Emory, in his 84th year. Funeral services at the Methodist Church, Hempstead, L. I., Thursday, Jan. 18, at 3 P. M. Carriages will meet train leaving Pennsylvania Station at 2 P. M.

FULTON.—Tuesday, Jan. 16, 1912, Ann Adele, widow of William Fulton. Funeral services at her late residence, 109 West 136th St., New York, on Thursday at 10:30 A. M.

GILROY.—At Far Rockaway, on Sunday Jan. 14, 1912, in his 34th year, Eugene C. Gilroy, beloved husband of Elizabeth G. Gilroy and son of the late Thomas F. Gilroy. Requiem mass for the repose of his soul will be offered up at the Church of St. Mary Star of the Sea, Far Rockaway, on Wednesday, Jan. 17, 1912, at 10:30 A. M. Interment at Woodlawn Cemetery, at convenience of the family. Train leaves Pennsylvania Railroad Station, at 9:32 A. M.

GUTMANN.—On Monday, Jan. 15, 1912, Jacques Gutmann, beloved husband of Josie (nee Leopold) and brother of Carl Gutmann and Flora Kaufmann, in his 60th year. Funeral services will be held at the chapel of Salem Field Cemetery (Cypress Hills) on Wednesday morning Jan. 17, 1912, at 10 A. M.

GRAEF.—On Monday, Jan. 15, 1912, Helene S. Graef, in her 43d year. Funeral services at Christ Protestant Episcopal Church, corner 2d Av. and 73d St., Bay Ridge, Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Jan. 17, at 3:15 P. M.

HARD.—On Tuesday, Jan. 16, 1912, at her late residence, 21 East 80th St., Ellen Whipple, wife of Anson Wales Hard. Funeral services will be held at St. Bartholomew's Church, corner 44th St. and Madison Av., on Thursday morning, Jan. 18, at 10:30 o'clock.

HAYWARD.—At Hackensack, N. J., on Jan. 16, 1912, Julie Mercein Hayward, wife of Judson Hayward. Funeral service at her late residence Thursday, Jan. 18, at 3:30 P. M. Carriages will meet train at Hackensack, via Susquehanna & Western Railroad leaving Jersey City, Erie Station, at 2:30 P. M.

JAMES.—Mary E. James. Funeral THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d St., Frank E. Campbell Building.

LACE.—Jan. 16, Jane Lace. Funeral from Morgue, East 26th St., Thursday, 1:30 P. M.

MASON.—On Tuesday, Jan. 16, at his residence, 59 Danforth Av., Jersey City, William B. Mason, in his 72d year. Notice of funeral hereafter.

OBER.—On Tuesday, Jan. 16, 1912, at 8:50 A. M., in Washington, D. C., Frank Somes Ober, aged 43. Funeral services at 1,237 Massachusetts Av., N. W., on Thursday, Jan. 18, at 2:30 P. M. Interment private.

PEARSALL.—Suddenly, Alexander Pearsall. Notice of funeral hereafter.

STEWART.—On Monday, Jan. 15, Thomas Stewart, beloved husband of Elizabeth M. Stewart, at his late residence, 53 East 86th St., in the 74th year of his age. Funeral private. Interment Wednesday morning, at Great Neck, L. I.

STURR.—On Monday, Jan. 15, 1912, at his late residence, Florida, N. Y., William E. Sturr died suddenly of acute indigestion. Funeral Thursday, Jan. 18, 1912.

TAIT.—Suddenly, Jan. 15, 1912, at his late residence, New York City, James R., son of David and Marian Tait. Funeral private.

TOSSLER.—Victor, beloved husband of Carrie Tossler, died Jan. 16. Funeral services from his late residence, 233 East 7th St., on Wednesday, Jan. 17, at 12 o'clock noon. Kindly omit flowers.

VAIL.—Entered into rest Jan. 15 at the home of his son-in-law, William Howard Doughty, Jr., Williamstown, Mass., Richard Philip Hart Vail, D. D., in the 69th year of his age. Funeral private.

VALENTINE.—On Monday, Jan. 15, 1912, Henry C., husband of Grace C., Valentine, in the 82d year of his age. Funeral services will be held from his late residence, No. 131 East 66th St., on Wednesday, Jan. 17, at 10 A. M. Interment at the convenience of the family. Boston and Pittsfield, Mass., papers please copy.

WEIDENSELD.—On Tuesday, Jan. 16, 1912, Edward A. Weidenseld. Funeral at the Church of St. Agnes, 43d St., near Lexington Av., on Thursday, Jan. 18, at 9:30 A. M.

YOUNG.—At Evanston, Ill., suddenly, on Jan. 14, 1912, John W., son of the late John and Susan Tucker Young of Brooklyn, N. Y.

ARAKELIAN.—Walton, 417 East 24th St., Jan. 15.

BEATTIE.—Thomas, 161 West 66th St., Jan. 15. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

BOOS.—Albert, 1,052 Washington Av., Bronx, Jan. 15, aged 25. Funeral to-day.

BOYLE.—Michael, 351 Water St., Jan. 15.

BRODERICK.—Edmond J., 78 West 103d St., Jan. 15. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

BRUCKEL.—William, 1,121 Ogden Av., Bronx, Jan. 15. Funeral to-day, private.

BURKE.—Ellen, 514 West 169th St., Jan. 14. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

CLAASEN.—Herman H., 420 East 83d St., Jan. 15, aged 7. Funeral to-morrow.

COTTER.—Mary, 130 West 78th St., Jan. 15.

CUMMINGS.—Patrick J., 279 West 128th St., Jan. 14.

DEVLIN.—Margaret, 214 East 84th St., Jan. 14. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

DOLL.—Josephine, 1,238 Brook Av., Jan. 15, aged 28. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

FABIAN.—Bertha, 119 West 138th St., Jan. 15.

HALPIN.—Harry, Jan. 15. Funeral 4,221 Park Av., to-day, 10 A. M.

HOEGES.—William, 404 East 75th St., Jan. 14. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

KELLY.—Lawrence, 458 West 42d St., Jan. 15.

McKEON.—John, Reisenweber's Hotel, Jan. 15. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

MOLLOY.—Ellen, 222 East 47th St., Jan. 14. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

NEWHOUS.—Moe, 610 East 6th St., Jan. 15. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

SCHMIDT.—Maria, 64 2d Av., Jan. 15. Funeral to-morrow, 1 P. M.

SWEENEY.—Margery, Jan. 14. Funeral 64 6th Av., to-day.

UNGER.—Emma, 150 West 96th St., Jan. 14, aged 47. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

WEIL.—Dorance, 850 East 161st St., Jan. 15. Funeral to-day.

Brooklyn.

BAUMANN.—Karoline, 32 Hemlock St., Jan. 15, aged 76. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

BRUCHER.—George, 180 Madison St., Jan. 16. Funeral Jan. 19, 9:30 A. M.

CAMPION.—William, 94 2d St., Jan. 15. Funeral to-day.

DAVIS.—Celia, 279 South 4th St., Jan. 15, aged 77. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

DUNNE.—John T., 807 Union St., Jan. 16, aged 54. Funeral notice later.

DWYER.—William, 44 Sands St., Jan. 14. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

ERNST.—Fred, 697 Quincy St., Jan. 16, aged 55. Funeral to-morrow.

FINK.—Charles S., 177 Wyckoff Av., Jan. 14. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

FLECKENSTEIN.—Michael R., 531 Morgan Av., Jan. 15, aged 57. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

HART.—William J., 7 South Elliott Place, Jan. 15. Funeral to-morrow.

HANNAFIN.—Jeremiah, 124 3d Place, Jan. 14. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

HICKMAN.—Flora W., 19 East 5th St., Jan. 15. Funeral to-morrow.

HUMPHREY.—Edith W., 1,310 Avenue P, Jan. 14, aged 51. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

JOHANESEN.—Vilas A., 768 44th St., Jan. 15, aged 40. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.

KEANE.—John, 1,186 Bushwick Av., Jan. 15, aged 65.

KEARN.—Emilie, 162 7th Av., Jan. 14. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

KIND.—Moritz and Sidney, 84 Bay 13th St., Jan. 14.

LINDEROTH.—Emilia C., 34 St. Mark's Place, Jan. 16, aged 65. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

McDERMOTT.—Catharine, 45 Driggs Av., Jan. 15. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

McKNIGHT.—William, 258 Jefferson Av., Jan. 15. Funeral private.

McPARTLAND.—Rose, 794 Manhattan Av., Jan. 15, aged 48. Funeral to-morrow.

MENDEZ.—Domingo, 462 Nostrand Av., Jan. 15. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

O'MAHONEY.—Ellen, 1,230 Sterling Place, Jan. 15.

PARLAMAN.—Mariam, 95 Quincy St., Jan. 15, aged 79.

RICE.—Katharine M., 571 Quincy St., Jan. 15. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

ROONEY.—Ann, Hudson Av. and Tillary St., Jan. 15. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

SANTRY.—John, 922 Atlantic Av., Jan. 15, aged 41. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

Connecticut.

ARCHAMBAULT.—Emile, Bridgeport, Jan. 14, aged 30. Funeral to-day.

BARTRAM.—Ann R., Bridgeport, Jan. 13, aged 72.

BEERS.—George N., Danbury, Jan. 14, aged 2 months.

CAMP.—Sarah J., Hawleyville, Jan. 14, aged 78.

CASHMAN.—James L., Bridgeport, Jan. 14, aged 47.

COFRAN.—John W., Hartford, Jan. 15, aged 57.

COLBY.—Caroline E., Bridgeport, Jan. 14, aged 48.

COON.—Amelia, Stamford, Jan. 14, aged 66.

CULLEN.—Harriet A., Bridgeport, Jan. 14. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.

FERRIS.—Phoebe H., New Haven, Jan. 14, aged 74.

HAYDEN.—Amanda M., Westbrook, Jan. 15, aged 85.

HORN.—Katie A., Bridgeport, Jan. 14, aged 46.

JONES.—Mary A., Stamford, Jan. 15, aged 81. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

McNAMARA.—Kate, New Haven, Jan. 14. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.

PARROTT.—Emma, Bridgeport, Jan. 14, aged 87.

RIETHMILLER.—Dewey St. L., Bridgeport, Jan. 15, aged 62. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

SACKETT.—Sarah J., Beacon Falls, Jan. 14, aged 73.

SEELEY.—Rev. Nicholas J., Hartford, Jan. 15, aged 91. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

SULLIVAN.—John, Hartford, Jan. 15. Funeral to-day, 7:30 A. M.

Long Island.

BARTON.—Richard, Woodside, Jan. 14, aged 59.

BYRNE.—Mary, Jamaica, Jan. 13, aged 22.

CARPENTER.—Mary, Freeport, Jan. 15. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

CHADWICK.—Elizabeth, Brooklyn Hills, Jan. 14, aged 78.

CLARK.—John, Jamaica, Jan. 14, aged 65.

CLOSE.—Mary, 929 Steinway Av., Long Island City, Jan. 14, aged 43.

FENTOLNEY.—William, Long Island City, Jan. 14, aged 59.

HAMILTON.—Barbara, Flushing, Jan. 14.

HAUSER.—Louise, Glendale, Jan. 14, aged 27.

HOFFMAN.—Mary E., Astoria, Jan. 14, aged 72.

KERR.—Nancy E., Flushing, Jan. 14, aged 55.

LAMBERT.—Theresa P., Rockaway Beach, Jan. 15, aged 56.

LARKIN.—John, Flushing, Jan. 14, aged 55.

MARCH.—Frank, Jamaica, Jan. 13, aged 7 months.

MUNDHENK.—Mary M., Evergreen, Jan. 14.

PAAREN.—John M., 181 9th Av., Long Island City, Jan. 14.

PLUNKETT.—John, 87 Grand Av., Long Island City, Jan. 14, aged 66.

ROTH.—Lena, Glendale, Jan. 14, aged 67.

SHOEMACKER.—Richard, Rockaway Beach, Jan. 13.

SUTPHIN.—Mary, Jamaica, Jan. 13, aged 15.

WETCEL.—Joseph, Far Rockaway, Jan. 14, aged 43.

WILLIAMS.—Mary R., Richmond Hill, Jan. 14, aged 85.

WOHLETKA.—Anthony, 85 Williams St., Long Island City, Jan. 13, aged 22.

New Jersey.

ARMSTRONG.—Mary, 93 Cabinet St., Newark, Jan. 15.

BROOKS.—Florence M., Paterson, Jan. 13, aged 10.

BROWN.—Andrew J., Kearny, Jan. 14, aged 82.

BURRELL.—Amy L., Dover, Jan. 14, aged 63. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

CARREL.—Louise F., Dover, Jan. 14, aged 74. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

CASSIDY.—Antoinette L., Jersey City, Jan. 15. Funeral to-morrow.

CORCORAN.—Mary, Newark, Jan. 14, aged 61.

DE GRAW.—Anna M., Trenton, Jan. 14. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

DODD.—Edna M., Paterson, Jan. 13, aged 7.

FINNIGAN.—Nicholas, 182 Hamburg Place, Newark, Jan. 15, aged 62.

FRENCH.—Neil, 377 Henderson St., Jersey City, Jan. 15.

HILL.—William, Newark, Jan. 15, aged 35.

HILLIARD.—Minnie, 50 Gautier Av., Jersey City, Jan. 15. Funeral to-day.

HOCKENBURY.—Isaac N., High Bridge, Jan. 15, aged 69.

HOOD.—Ralph S., Jersey City, Jan. 15, aged 25.

HUNT.—Edith, 228 Bank St., Newark, Jan. 15, aged 19.

JONES.—Charity L., Rahway, Jan. 14, aged 79. Funeral to-day, 3 P. M.

KEARNS.—John P., Paterson, Jan. 14, aged 46.

KELLER.—Frank G., Elizabeth, Jan. 14, aged 41.

KEPPLER.—Emil, Paterson, Jan. 13, aged 73.

KERKS.—Mary, Paterson, Jan. 14, aged 31. Funeral to-day.

KUKAL.—Anna, 544 South 11th St., Newark, Jan. 15, aged 58.

LEONARD.—John, Union, Jan. 15, aged 80. Funeral to-morrow, 1:30 P. M.

McVEY.—Michael, Atlantic Highlands, Jan. 16, aged 45.

MAHON.—John, 28 Oak St., Jersey City, Jan. 15.

MUELLER.—Magdalena, Newark, Jan. 15, aged 67.

RAMSAY.—William B., Bayonne, Jan. 15, aged 74. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

RICHTER.—Daisy E., Fort Lee, Jan. 15. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

RINGO.—Mrs. Steven, North Washington, Jan. 14, aged 44.

RIZZOLI.—Joseph, 9 Courthouse Place, Newark, Jan. 15. Funeral to-day.

SAUTTER.—Carl F., West Orange, Jan. 14. Funeral to-day, 12:30 P. M.

SCHAEFFER.—Franz, Kearny, Jan. 14, aged 81.

SMITH.—Annie M., Newark, Jan. 16. Funeral service to-morrow.

STRAUB.—Joseph, Newark, Jan. 15, aged 78. Funeral to-morrow.

SWEENEY.—Michael J., Trenton, Jan. 13, aged 49.

THOMPSON.—Elizabeth S., Long Branch, Jan. 14.

VREELAND.—John E., Paterson, Jan. 13.

WACHLIN.—August, West Hoboken, Jan. 14. Funeral to-day, 8 A. M.

WASHBURN.—Albert, Kearny, Jan. 14, aged 69.

New York State.

COTTON.—John, Newburg, Jan. 15.

EWING.—William, Yonkers, Jan. 15, aged 73. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

FITZGERALD.—Francis, Kingston, Jan. 14.

GEIGER.—Margaret F., Hudson, Jan. 14, aged 83.

KIRBY.—Elizabeth, White Plains, Jan. 15, aged 78. Funeral service to-day.

LARTER.—Clara, Mamaroneck, Jan. 15. Funeral to-morrow, 1 P. M.

LYNE.—Elizabeth, Scarsdale, Jan. 15. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

O'CONNOR.—Edward, Sr., Poughkeepsie, Jan. 14.

PROPER.—Sophie, Humphreyville, Jan. 13, aged 52.

REITZNER.—Mary A., 70 Adams St., Mount Vernon, Jan. 15, aged 53. Funeral to-morrow.

ROSCH.—Nettie A., White Plains, Jan. 14, aged 24. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

STURR.—William E., Florida, Jan. 15. Funeral to-morrow 2 P. M.

YEOMANS.—Clifton E., Acra, Jan. 14.

In Memoriam.

BERGDORF.—In loving memory of our dear deceased husband, father, and brother. Family Bergdorf.

FOX.—Sarah, mass, St. Patrick's Cathedral, Newark, N. J., to-day, 8 A. M.

SHANLEY.—Mass, St. Patrick's Cathedral, Newark, N. J., to-morrow, 9 A. M.

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HOE MANUSCRIPTS BRING HIGH PRICES

Bernard Quaritch Wins a 15th Century French "Hours" with a Bid of $9,200.

EVENING'S TOTAL $79,738

Monstrelet's "Chronicles," Printed in 1503 by Verard, Goes for $4,000—Scarce Miltoniana Sold.

A fine manuscript, "Horae Beatae Mariae Virginis," written on vellum and probably executed at Tours in France in the fifteenth century, brought $9,200 at the Hoe library sale at the Anderson Company's auction room last evening. It was the highest price of the day, and was bid by Bernard Quaritch, who also won a majority of the other manuscripts, 102 in number, which were auctioned off. He had as competitors Joseph Baer & Co. of Frankfort-on-Main, Dr. A. S. W. Rosenbach and Charles Sessler of Philadelphia, James F. Drake and George D. Smith of this city, and W. K. Richardson of Boston.

The total for the evening was $79,738, for the day $101,288, and for Part II. of the sale to date $354,876. The grand total for the thirty-three sessions of the sale is $1,352,188.

For the beautiful "Missale ad usum Ecclesiæ Turonensis," or "Touraine Missal," as it is generally called, a manuscript on vellum of 160 leaves, with two fine full-page miniatures, three large ones occupying half a page, and nineteen small miniatures, Mr. Quaritch paid $7,050.

A French manuscript, "Hours," on vellum, of the fifteenth century, embellished with 29 large and 34 small miniatures, went to W. K. Richardson of Boston for $7,100. This manuscript was executed for one of the family of Habert du Berry d'Artois, possibly the progenitor of the celebrated Habert poets.

Joseph Baer & Co. of Frankfurt-on-Main obtained for $5,500 a manuscript "Hours" on vellum, probably executed at Anjou in the fifteenth century for Catherine d'Armagnac, second wife of Jean II., Duc de Bourbon, called "Le Bon." James F. Drake paid $5,250 for a manuscript "Hours" of the fifteenth century, executed in the northeast of France. He also bought for $3,250 a manuscript "Hours" of the same period and also executed in the northeast of France. It is believed that it was for Margaret of Anjou, wife of King Henry VI. of England.

Other "Hours" sold as follows:

Manuscript of the first part of the fifteenth century, written on vellum, 187 leaves, twenty-six full-page miniatures, probably executed in the northeast of France, $1,600 (Quaritch.)

Manuscript of the fifteenth century, "Ad usum Bisuntinum cum Calendario," written on vellum, executed in the east of France, $775 (Bonaventure.)

Manuscript of the fifteenth century, 121 leaves, fourteen large miniatures painted in gold, silver, and colors, executed in the northeast of France, binding by Trautz-Bauzonnet; from the Yeminez and Firmin-Didot collections, $500 (Quaritch.)

Manuscript of the fifteenth century, "Ad Usum Parisiensem," on vellum, executed in the northeast of France, probably for one of the members of the royal family of that century, as the fleur-de-lys is introduced in several of the borders, $450.

Manuscript of the year 1537, written on vellum, "En la Noble Maison et Abbaye de Saint Amand a la Requeste de Maistre Franchois du Queilin," ornamented with fine and brilliant full-page miniatures; probably executed for presentation to a member of the Orleans family, as the Orleans arms are painted on the foot of fourteen pages, $425, (Dr. Rosenbach.)

Manuscript of the beginning of the sixteenth century on vellum, ten miniatures; in the centre of the front cover the device of Charles V., with the motto, "Plus Ultra," and on the back cover the imperial eagle; this manuscript is said to have been executed by order of Emperor Maximilian I. for presentation to his grandson, Charles V., $1,200, (Quaritch.)

Flemish manuscript on vellum of the end of the fifteenth century, executed for Cornelis Crosinck, Lieutenant Forester of Holland, whose jurisdiction extended over nearly the whole of the ancient Rhine land, $1,950, (Bonaventure.)

Gift of Pope Alexander VII.

Among the other manuscripts sold were the following:

"Aelianus et Onosander," Latin manuscript of the fifteenth century, written on vellum, and probably executed in Florence, $500 (Richardson.)

Giovanni Boccaccio's "De la ruyne des Nobles et Femmes," French manuscript of the fifteenth century, written on vellum, ornamented with ninety-three miniatures, $435 (Charles Sessler.)

Saint Bonaventure's "Psalterium Beatae Mariae Virginis," Latin manuscript on vellum, embellished with miniatures and vignettes attributed to the renowned painter, Federigo Baroccio of Urbino; this manuscript is said to have been a present from Pope Alexander VII. to Queen Christina of Sweden, who gave it to her Chaplain shortly before her death, $375, (Quaritch.)

"Contract de Mariage de Henry IV., Roy de France et de Navarre, Avec Marie de Medicis, Princesse de Florence," French manuscript of the year 1643, with portraits of Henry IV. and Marie de Medicis, engraved by L. Gaultier, and portraits of Louis XIII. and Anna of Austria engraved by B. Moncornet; in old brown morocco, the arms of Henry IV. in the centre of the front cover and the arms of Louis XIII. in the centre of the back cover, $650, (Dr. Rosenbach.)

"Evangelia Quatuor," Latin manuscript of the sixteenth century, executed in Flanders, with four large miniatures of the evangelists and 172 smaller miniatures, $550.

"Arte de lo Ben Morire," Italian manuscript of the fifteenth century, with the arms of Cardinal Barberini, $3,000, (Lange.)

Paul Avril's "Histoire d'une Epingle," nineteenth century, $1,025, (Dodd & Livingston.)

"Prieres devotes," French manuscript, on vellum, with headings and initials in gold, blue, and red, executed by Nicolas Jarry in 1649, and with his signature on Page 149, $1,100 (Quaritch.)

"Les Prieres du salut pour la Chapelle du Roy," French manuscript on vellum, executed by Prevost in the eighteenth century for Marie Leczinska, Queen of Louis XV., $1,200 (Quaritch.)

"Prieres de la Messe," by Jean Pierre Rouselet, French manuscript, executed at Paris in 1725 by order of Louis XV. and presented by him to Marie Leczinska on Sept. 4, 1725, the day of their marriage, $1,500, (Quaritch.)

"Le Roman de la Rose" of Guillaume de Lorris and Johan de Meung, French manuscript on vellum, fifteenth century, $3,500, (Drake.)

"Office of the Virgin Mary," Spanish manuscript of the fifteenth century, $1,500, (Quaritch.)

"Psalterium Davidis," Latin manuscript on vellum, of the thirteenth century, $900, (Rosenbach.)

"Psalterium Davidis," manuscript on vellum, executed in the Low Countries in the thirteenth or fourteenth century, $2,600, (Quaritch.)

Record Bids for American Works.

A copy, printed on vellum, of Enguerrand de Monstrelet's "Chronicles," second edition, issued from the press of Anthoine Verard in Paris in 1503, brought $4,000, the highest price of the afternoon session. There was a lively competition for it, although signature X 3 of the first of the three volumes is in fac simile. It was finally knocked down to M. Sondheim of Joseph Baer & Co., Frankfurt-on-Main. The bindings are probably the best specimens of Zortic's skill and taste, and apparently the only ones executed by him in this style. They were exhibited in the Exposition Universelle of 1878. It is the A. Firmin-Didot copy, described by the eminent bibliographer, Brunet. Robert Hoe bought this book at the Techner collection sale for 30,000f., or $6,000. It is embellished with six full-page miniatures and 150 small ones.

Record prices were paid for two rare New England works. One was Nathaniel Morton's "New Englands Memoriall," the first American edition, printed at Cambridge, Mass., in 1669. It is the copy that was owned by John Evelyn, the famous diarist, and has his autograph inscription on the fly leaf, "Catalogo Ivelyn Inscriptus. Meliora retinete." It was knocked down to George D. Smith for $700. C. Gerhardt paid $400 for the other rarity, Thomas Morton's "New English Canaan," printed at Amsterdam in 1637. Among the poetical pieces interspersed through this curious work is one by Ben Jonson, entitled "Of the Baccanall Triumphs of the Nine Worthies of New Canaan." Morton made himself very objectionable to the New England Puritans by the lively times he had at New Canaan and also because he persisted in independent trading with the Indians. He figures in John L. Motley's "Morton's Hope," and in one of Nathaniel Hawthorne's works.

Other rarities sold during the afternoon were as follows:

"Meliadus de Leonnays," first edition, Paris, 1528, binding by Trautz-Bauzonnet, $235, (Paul Gottschalk.)

"Querer por Solo Querer," by A. de Mendoza, paraphrased in English, 1654, and the "Festivals of Aranwhez," translated by Sir R. Fanshaw, first edition of both parts, London, 1670, $340, (Quaritch.)

"Essais" of Michel de Montaigne, first edition, Bourdeaus, 1580, two octavo volumes, in binding by Chambolle-Duru, $925. (Dr. Rosenbach.)

Two other editions of the same work, Paris, 1588, and 1595, $290 each, (J. F. Drake.)

"Le Temple de Guide," by Baron de Montesquieu, Paris, 1772, $1,100, (G. S. Hellman.)

Fifteen sheets of musical score of Thomas Moore's songs, with text in his handwriting, $250, (Charles Sessler.)

The following first editions of Thomas Middleton were bought by Mr. Smith: "The Blacke Booke," London, 1604, $350, record price; "Michaelmas Terme," London, 1607, $200; "Your Five Gallants," London, 1607, $725, one of the rarest books of the period; "A Mad World, My Masters," London, 1608, $450, the record price; "The Inner-Temple Masque," London, 1619, $350, no copy in either the British Museum or the Dyce collection; "Honorable Entertainment," London, 1621, $925, apparently the only known copy, and "A Game at Chesse," no place of publication, printed in 1625, $1,250.

The last is the rare first issue, of which only one other copy is known, that in the University Library at Cambridge, England. A third edition of the same work, undated, brought $225. The British Museum has only a fragment of it.

Editions of John Milton's works also were obtained by Mr. Smith at the following prices: "Poems," first edition, London, 1645, $325; "Paradise Lost," rare first issue of the first edition, with the title page in its first state, and in the original calf binding, London, 1667, $1,510; "Paradise Lost," first edition, seventh title page, London, 1669, $150; "Paradise Regain'd," first edition, London, 1671, $105, and "Paradise Lost," large paper copy of the first illustrated edition, London, 1688, $130.

Two more sessions will be held to-day.

LEHIGH ON SAFE SIDE.

Offers Coal Stock Through Bankers, So Distribution Can't Be Questioned.

The reason the Lehigh Valley Railroad designated Drexel & Co. of Philadelphia the board's bankers, as the medium through which stockholders must apply their 10 per cent. cash dividend payable Feb. 26 as payment for their 10 per cent. pro rata share of the stock of the new Lehigh Valley Coal Sales Company, it developed yesterday, was to avoid leaving a possible loophole by which the dissociation of the railroad from its coal properties might be attacked.

It was felt that if the company itself handled the subscriptions of its stockholders to the company which is to take over the coal business doubt might arise as to the company's compliance with the interpretation of the Supreme Court on the commodity clause of the Hepburn law.

In other respects the plan of the railroad closely follows that adopted by the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western some two years ago in ridding itself of its coal properties.

Stockholders were assured by President Thomas yesterday that the elaborate process adopted cost the company nothing, since Drexel & Co., being the regular bankers of the road, would not be paid any special compensation for receiving the subscriptions.

A minor point of difference between the Lehigh Valley's plan of turning its coal properties over to its stockholders and that used by the Lackawanna is that the Lackawanna's stockholders are specifically required to state before 3 P. M. on Feb. 23 whether they wish to exercise their privilege of subscribing to the new coal stock. This gave rise to a technical situation in Stock Exchange practice which was distorted in published reports yesterday as one likely to operate to the disadvantage of short interests in the shares.

It was explained by an authority on Stock Exchange matters that the situation in regard to the Lehigh Valley's 10 per cent. dividend was exactly the same as that obtaining when other companies, such as the Lackawanna or several of the large National banks whose shares are listed on the Exchange, have declared cash dividends to be applied on the purchase of new stock issues. Unlike the issuance of new stock, with the privilege of stockholders to subscribe, such dividends do not carry rights. When the Lackawanna declared a 50 per cent. dividend, at the time of the organization of its coal company, stockholders were allowed to apply 25 per cent. of this amount to the purchase of the coal stock, but such action was not compulsory.

As is usual in such cases, the Stock Exchange Committee on Securities has announced that transactions in Lehigh Valley Railroad Company made prior to Jan. 19 and settled thereafter must be accompanied by a due bill for the Lehigh Valley Coal Sales Company shares accruing thereon or the dividend.

As in the case of the Lackawanna distribution, no "rights" to the Lehigh coal stock are traded in, but only contracts of the coal stock "when issued."

NEW DEATH AVENUE BILL.

It Abolishes Grade Tracks and Grants Certain Subway Rights.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 16.—Another death avenue bill was introduced in the Legislature to-day by Senator McManus and Assemblyman Murray. It repeals that part of the law of 1846 which confers on the Hudson River Railroad Company the right to operate a railroad at grade south of Spuyten Duyvil in the streets of New York, and grants rights to operate a railroad in a subway under any street where at present it has franchises to operate a surface or elevated road. Provision is made for an extension of time until the end of 1913, in which to relocate the tracks and change the motive power.

The bill does not impair any agreement entered into between the railroad company and the city for the removal of the tracks from grade under the enabling act of last year.

Other bills introduced to-day included:

Senator T. D. Sullivan—Amending the insurance law so that insurance agents in rural districts may obtain a certificate of authority to do business as insurance brokers in connection with the real estate brokerage business.

Senator Saxe—The Massachusetts Ballot bill. It abolishes straight ticket voting, making it necessary to place a cross in the square in front of every candidate to be voted for.

Assemblyman Wilson—Authorizing any citizen to search for liquors kept for unlawful traffic. Such seizure must now be made by a State excise agent.

Assemblyman Thorn—Appropriating $750,000 for the improvement of highway routes 17, 18, and 19 in Erie County.

FLAGLER SEA RAILWAY READY.

Extension Over the Florida Keys to Open in Five Days.

Henry M. Flagler's Florida East Coast Railway extension, which for several years has been building out over salt water along the string of Florida keys to Key West, will be opened on Jan. 22, it was announced yesterday. The extension is 128 miles long, 70 miles of it being carried on concrete viaducts over the water, and it makes the total length of the road 522 miles, connecting all of the Florida Winter resorts from Jacksonville to Key West.

Thirty islands of the Keys have been connected by the road, which in some places spans gaps of salt water more than a mile across and deep enough to float an ocean steamer. The longest, that between Long Key and Grassy Key, is 2.7 miles across.

Central Bids $175 for Harlem.

Having received the approval of the up-State Public Service Commission for the proposed merger of the New York & Harlem, the New York Central & Hudson River has formally offered to purchase the Harlem stock at $175 for each $50 share. J. P. Morgan & Co. are receiving the stock

Bank Stockholders Fully Assessed.

WASHINGTON, N. J., Jan. 16.—An assessment of $50,000, equalling the capital stock of the bank, has been levied on the stockholders of the defunct Washington National Bank, of which Mayor R. M. Petty was President. The bank failed a few months ago on account of injudicious loans. The assessment is levied by the Controller of the currency.

COAL MINERS DIFFER OVER WAGE DEMANDS

Divided as to Whether Individual Districts or National Body Can Make Them.

MAY STRIKE AFTER APRIL 1

Then Present Scale Expires—Meantime Efforts to Avoid Walkout Will Be Made, Says President White.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 16.—Division of opinion as to the policy to be pursued by the bituminous and anthracite coal miners' unions of the country in attempting to enforce a demand for higher wages appeared among the leaders of the United Mine Workers of America when its annual convention opened in this city to-day. Some 1,300 delegates representing 300,000 miners were present.

The question, which will be brought before the convention, is whether the individual districts of the miners' general union shall sign new wage contracts with mine owners, as they can be negotiated, or whether the miners as a National organization shall refuse to sign any contracts until the operators of all the districts have agreed to the miners' terms.

President John P. White of the United Mine Workers of America, in his annual report, said that the new wage contracts with the mine owners, to go into effect on April 1, made it necessary for the United Mine Workers to put aside internal dissension and prepare to struggle for advancement.

"So far as I am concerned, and I think I voice the sentiments of the rank and file, it is my opinion that our policy should be such as to leave no doubt in the mind of any one that there will be no reductions from existing wage contracts, and we should earnestly strive for such advancements as it is within the range of possibilities to secure.

For Peace if Possible.

"While we will never surrender the right to strike, we should not lose sight of the fact that some of the greatest successes our organization has ever achieved lay in the channels of peace. When I speak of peace I mean an ennobling peace, where the rights of our people are wholesomely respected; a greater and broader recognition of their just and legitimate demands acknowledged, and when we can behold a great army of men intelligently working out the problems that seem difficult to overcome."

Of the condition of the union in the anthracite field largely in Pennsylvania, in the present crisis, President White reported:

"The problem of organizing the anthracite mine workers and building up a strong organization in that field has been a matter of serious concern to our movement for many years.

"The small membership reported in the anthracite field indicates that the miners are indifferent to their surroundings, and their failure to join the organization and support it is one of the great reasons why they have been unable to secure the conditions they are demanding. With the expiration of the award in the anthracite field April 1 it is to be hoped that they will realize the condition that confronts them and join the organization, thus making success possible."

The President reported that efforts were under way to bring about a joint conference between miners and operators of the bituminous fields of Western Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Ohio, Indiana, and Illinois, to discuss the terms of the new wage contract, at the close of the present miners' convention.

Machinery Displacing Labor.

The President's report also stated that the machine was fast displacing the skilled miner with the less experienced laborer, presenting a problem that should receive thoughtful consideration.

"The organization," the report says, "while not opposed to the introduction of labor-saving machinery, must put forth every effort to establish equitable differentials for the machine and pick-mined coal.

"In the year 1910, there were 13,254 machines in use, producing 174,012,293 tons, or 41.7 per cent. of the total coal production, an average for each machine of 13,129 tons."

While he declined to commit himself in the matter Vice President Frank J. Hayes said that opposition to the policy of a national strike, if it can be averted, will come largely from officials of districts bordering on unorganized coal fields.

"It must be remembered that while the United Mine Workers have a membership of nearly 300,000, there are about 450,000 coal miners that are unorganized," said Mr. Hayes. "The question as to whether we should hold out for a national agreement, though in some districts the operators come to our terms, is a very serious one."

Vice President Hayes expressed the view that until coal mine owners became more enlightened and end their campaign against the growth of the United Mine Workers of America, they would continue to injure their own business, and pay out vast sums to detectives and unscrupulous politicians for protection from the imaginary evil.

Unorganized Districts.

"We find in Virginia, West Virginia, Maryland, Kentucky, Tennessee, and Alabama" Mr. Hayes said "approximately 150,000 mineworkers, the vast majority of whom are unorganized and utterly helpless in meeting the encroachments of organized wealth. It is interesting to note that a considerable number of operators in these unorganized States seem to be laboring under the delusion that the establishment of the organization in their respective fields means the ruination of their properties and the enforced idleness of their mines, that it is a conspiracy engineered by Northern miners to retard the legitimate growth of their trade.

"In dealing with this proposition we have made it clear to both sides that it is not our intention to unionize these fields for the purpose of strangling competition with the operators in the Northern States, nor to establish prohibitive wages and conditions, viewed from a competitive standpoint, that will keep their product out of its most favorable market. Every mining district in the country has a natural market and an inherent right to the name. We are well aware of the peculiar geographical location of those particular fields, and in dealing with this complex problem we fully realize that we are face to face with a condition and not a theory, and must meet it with reason and intelligence, and with the sincere desire to be constructive and not destructive, to build up and not to tear down, until, at least, in the evolution of things, now being hastened by intelligent, world-wide discontent, universal co-operation shall supplant the present inefficient system of competition, with all its waste, brutality, and utter disregard for the higher and nobler phases of our common life."

In his financial report Secretary-Treasurer Edwin Perry called attention to the fact that while on April 1, last, 17,000 coal miners were on strike, requiring an expenditure for aid of $40,000 a week, the only strikes now in progress are in Colorado and at a few mines in Tennessee and Missouri.

The motion of Vice President Bittner of the Pittsburgh District to instruct the Credentials Committee to consider the protests of Francis Feehan and his supporters against the delegates from the district who are friendly to the Robert Gibbons faction started the first real fight at the convention.

The Credentials Committee's report showed several Gibbons men as delegates, and Feehan protested against these on the ground that they had been expelled from the organization for rebelling against his authority last year, when the fight between the two factions was at its height. Bittner's motion was carried without protest.

The insurgency spirit against Feehan is said to have grown to such proportions that Feehan's position is practically untenable, and the administration is finding it difficult to support him.

Feeling over the old political fight waged by President White and former President Thomas L. Lewis for supremacy in the international organization was evident while the President read his annual report.

He referred to the theft of approximately 10,000 ballots cast in his favor in the 1911 election in such a manner as to show that Mr. Lewis was the only person who could have gained in his race for the Presidency by the theft.

President White described the theft of the votes as an unprincipled attempt to thwart the desires of the rank and file of the miners' organization.

CONVICT CLEVER SMUGGLER.

Medical Officer on Italian Liner Was a Glove Fancier.

Dr. Savino de Bellis, formerly a surgeon on board the Italian liner Louisiana of the Lloyd d'Italiano Line, was convicted in the United States Court in Brooklyn, yesterday, of smuggling kid gloves into the United States. His way of getting the gloves in without paying duty was one of the most original, the special agents of the Treasury Department who worked up the case say, they have ever known.

At the Custom House, it was stated that the agents worked for four years investigating the glove smuggling cases, and that through an anonymous communication to Collector Loeb, the agents have seized thousands of pairs of kid gloves that have been brought into the country without duty. The job of locating and getting the man higher up seemed impossible at times. In September, 1908, however, Agents Wilson and Yorke hit on the right trail. In the home of a Mme. Marie de Louise, at 97 Schenck Avenue, Brooklyn, they found 150 pairs of kid gloves, and also a mass of correspondence.

The correspondence showed that immigrants were being used by Dr. de Bellis, who was then the surgeon of the Louisiana. Dr. de Bellis would wait until the customs examination of the steerage baggage was concluded, and would then give the gloves to immigrants, who would put the gloves in their trunks which had been passed by the customs. About that time Dr. de Bellis left the Louisiana and was not heard of again until October, 1909, when he came back as the surgeon of the Italian liner Reginia d'Italia. He was arrested when that vessel arrived in October, 1909.

Yesterday he was tried before Judge Chatfield, in Brooklyn, and convicted. Sentence will be pronounced to-morrow.

STRICTER ON PULP IMPORTS.

Only Those of Canadian Growth Can Be Brought in Free.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—To be entitled to free entry into the United States from Canada wood pulp and paper must be the product of the woods of the Dominion, and not Canadian manufacture of foreign materials, according to a decision by Secretary of the Treasury MacVeagh to-day.

The question was raised on a recent importation at Detroit, Mich., of paper from Canada. It developed that this paper was made in Canada from wood pulp imported into that country from Sweden. American importers of Swedish wood pulp and paper were among those who recently appealed under the most favored nation clause of the commercial treaties for the abolition of the tariff on those articles imported direct into the United States. This question now is before the Board of General Appraisers at New York on its way to the United States Court of Customs Appeals.

Mr. MacVeagh held that it was the intent of Congress to limit the free entry of wood pulp and paper from Canada to these articles made from wood of Canadian growth.

ADVERTISING AND EDITORIALS

Congressman Humphrey's Statement Connecting Them Flatly Contradicted.

Frank Presbrey, who handles the advertising for the Hamburg-American Line, issued a statement yesterday afternoon in which he denied what Congressman William E. Humphrey of Washington told to the Rules Committee of the House on Monday.

"With an evident and malicious desire to mislead his fellow-members of Congress and the public," says Mr. Presbrey, "Representative Humphrey is quoted as saying: 'No newspaper favoring the upbuilding of the American merchant marine could get any foreign steamship advertisements. I don't know whether the favorable editorials get advertisements or the advertisements get the favorable editorials,' and, in confirmation of this untruth, Mr. Humphrey said: 'I am merely stating the facts.'"

Mr. Presbrey then says that he has handled the Hamburg-American advertising for many years, and that during all that time he has never received, either directly or by inference, any instructions from that company or any official connected with it to pay any attention to the editorial attitude of any publication on shipbuilding or any other qhestion. No newspaper or magazine, he adds, has ever been taken off the Hamburg-American advertising list because of bias one way or the other.

"I characterize Mr. Humphrey's statement," he says, "as absolutely false and without foundation of any sort."

SCHAUS PICTURES GO ABROAD

Heinnemann, a Dealer from Munich, Buys Freely at Sale.

The second evening's sale of the Herman Schaus pictures by the American Art Association at the Plaza last night brought low prices and a total of $25,515. The man who bought the greater number of pictures was Theodore Heinnemann, a dealer of Munich, who came in on the George Washington, which docked late yesterday. He hurried up to the American Art Galleries, which were kept open a little after hours that he might examine the pictures carefully.

Fritz Von Lenbach's "Portrait of Bismarck" brought the highest price last night, going to Mr. Heinnemann for $3,600, and he paid one of the lowest prices of the evening—$30—for "The Prisoner," by H. Breling. Claus Meyer's picture, "The Letter," the standing figure of a young woman reading, done after the style of Vermeer of Delft, went to Mr. Heinnemann for $575. He gave $750 for the work of another modern German artist, "Day Dreams," by Von Kaulbach; "The Flight," a large picture by Fritz Von Uhde, went to him for $1,800, and he paid $320 for E. Keyser's "Bringing Home the Apple Bough." These pictures will go back with him to Munich.

"Inundation, Place St. Marc," by Ziem, which brought the second highest price of the evening, $3,500, will also go abroad to the Georges Petit Galleries, Paris. A picture by a French artist, Antoine Auguste Ernest Hébert, went to Bousson, Valadon & Co., also of Paris. Another Ziem, "Sunset Over Cadore," went to Peter W. Rouss; "The Tulip Craze," an interesting picture by Gérôme, went to J. C. Ebans for $1,650; "Cows Beside a Pool," by Marie Dieterle, went to F. Layton of Milwaukee for $1,400, and "An Old Oak," by Georges Michel, to the same buyer for $310. Mrs. Albert Flake paid $625 for a large rose picture by Robie; "With Bonaparte in Italy," by François Fleming, brought $1,650, and Jules Worms's "The Tomato Seller," $475, both going to Otto Berneto. The largest and most important pictures of the collection will be sold at the Plaza this evening.

WICKERSHAM FOR MORSE?

Reported That He Now Favors Pardoning the Ex-Banker.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Mrs. Charles W. Morse came to Washington to-day in the hope of seeing Attorney General Wickersham, but, failing in that expectation, went to-night to New York. Morse's attorneys, Harry Daugherty of Cincinnati and Thomas Felder of Atlanta, are here to see the Attorney General, and also the President, to give the latest accounts of the physical condition of the former banker. They say that he has been steadily sinking during the last few days and that his life was continued a few nights ago only by prompt action of Major Baker, the army Surgeon at Fort McPherson, Ga.

In the night a nurse ran from the quarters where Morse lay to the surgeon's house and awoke him to call him to Morse's bedside. The prisoner had one of the sharp heart failures that have a few times assailed him, and it was only by the quick administration of stimulants that Mr. Morse was kept alive. The lawyers said that it is wholly out of the question to move the prisoner from Atlanta to Hot Springs as proposed. They now hope to get the President to pardon Morse, believing that with the load of worry off his mind he might improve and his life be somewhat prolonged.

They say that Attorney General Wickersham is convinced that the time has come for the President finally to grant the pardon, and there was a rumor this evening that the Attorney General had gone to the White House to urge the President to act to-night in the prisoner's favor. This report received no confirmation.

JUDGE HOUGH ON BANKRUPTCY FRAUDS

Tells Jewelers the Present Act Is Imperfect, but System Itself Is Good.

URGES TRADE DISCIPLINE

Welcomes Increasing Influence of Organizations Which Maintain the Stability of Honest Business.

When members of the jewelry and kindred trades gathered at Kalil's restaurant on Park Place yesterday for the third monthly noonday luncheon, held under the auspices of the National Jewelers' Board of Trade, the chief guest and only speaker was Judge Charles M. Hough of the United States District Court. "Bankruptcy and Mercantile Stability" was the subject of his talk and the burden of his message to his audience and to all such commercial bodies was that theirs is the duty, privilege, and opportunity to make the Bankruptcy act of 1898 provide for an excellent system of commercial discipline.

"You, gentlemen, if you will put your minds to it, are far more competent than any body of lawyers to ascertain how and by what means frauds in your own business are likely to be accomplished. You are your own best policemen if you will believe that the examination in bankruptcy of a debtor by the agent of your organization is his court-martial, from which he may emerge vindicated so far as evil intent is concerned, or condemned so that you may all know what manner of man he is."

"I welcome them," said the Judge, referring to such organizations and their increasing influence. "They make for economy and yet are peculiarly able to employ in commercial matters lawyers of standing and ability, which honorably and vigilantly exercised, will do more than anything else to maintain the stability and supremacy of honest business."

The Altruistic Spirit.

"There were just as many debts, as large a number of failures," said the Judge at the opening of his speech, "and as numerous an army of swindlers, small and great, before the enactment of the present Bankruptcy act as there are now, and dealing with commercial difficulties in those days was more profitable to the legal fraternity generally than it is to-day. I speak whereof I know, so that any lawyer who has a good word for bankruptcy is manifesting an altruistic spirit with which my profession is not generally credited.

"That the theory of bankruptcy is right, that it rests on sound moral principles, is something that I have never heard denied by any one, except a few lawyers who stopped learning anything new thirty years ago, and some laymen whose opportunities for personal profit have been interfered with by the Bankruptcy Court."

Judge Hough agreed heartily with the complaint that the present Bankruptcy act is imperfect and capable of great improvement by Congressional action and betterment of practice, but he takes issue with the complaint against the system itself. He made a brief picture of conditions before 1898, when "the great houses, with careful credit managers, with traveling men as detectives, with skillful lawyers posted like sentinels over the country, usually got ahead of the mercantile community generally, the banks usually got ahead of them and the debtor's family usually got ahead of everybody."

Continuing, Judge Hough said: "There is a common but discouraging method of treating statutes. It is to expect the statute to execute itself, to let it severely alone so far as personal effort is concerned, and then curse the law if the results are not satisfactory.

"This absent treatment was largely given the bankruptcy statute for a number of years after its passage. The merchant who was not deeply involved in a failure thought he had done the needful when he handed over his claim upon a contingent fee to the most inexpensive lawyer of his acquaintance. Having done this by telephone, he piously waited for statutory miracles. The only miracle that happened was inefficiency.

"I firmly believe that we have improved on that, but why? To be sure, the bar and bench have gained greater familiarity with the new machinery; but that would make small difference if bankruptcy proceedings had continued to be a sort of cockpit where attorneys, almost as numerous as creditors, fought each other for small advantages. It has become recognized that bankruptcy is not primarily a debt-collecting machine or a debt-discharging machine, but it is in the hands of a united and intelligently directed mercantile community an excellent system of commercial discipline.

Strength in Organization.

"There never was an army, a hierarchy, a community, or organization of any kind that did not beget camp followers, hangers-on, rascals, and scum of sundry kinds. Similarly, there never was any such organization that did not produce its martyrs, men to whom misfortune seems to cling like a garment—as well as its well-intentioned incompetents. Sooner or later every business or occupation puts its members where they belong; every man has a sort of specific gravity, which in the long run decides his place among his fellows, irrespective of titles or wealth or other accidents.

"If your friend or your enemy, the man whom you admire or the one whom you despise, falls into financial trouble, how can you individually and effectively go to his succor or see to his punishment? It is too great a burden for the individual to bear. But if you organize, and look upon your organization as a matter of duty, and fulfill your first duty by keeping able men at the head of your machine you have created a power which finds in the system of bankruptcy a sword wherewith to punish and a shield wherewith to protect those who, commercially speaking, deserve punishment or succor.

"But it is often said that these admirable results are not always obtained and that men still emerge from bankruptcy with traces of prosperity about them not at all consistent with the story of tribulation told at the first meeting of creditors. This is true, and always has been true; but it is less true than it was before, and the reason for that improvement is principally the growth of the sense of power, the increased acceptance of responsibility and performance of duty on the part of the commercial organizations of the greater cities of this country."

President M. D. Rothschild presided yesterday at the luncheon, and among the 150 men attending were Arthur Lorsch, John Spencer, J. D. Little, Charles H. Ingersoll, Gilbert T. Woodhull, Ludwig Nissen, and H. J. B. Willis.

TRUST MAY AGREE TO QUIT.

Conference on Shoe Machinery Suit To-Day—Defended.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Conferences looking to a settlement of the Government's suits against the United Shoe Machinery Company, without a protracted contest in the courts will begin at the Department of Justice to-morrow. Charles F. Choate, general counsel for the corporation, will confer with Attorney General Wickersham and assistant to the Attorney General Fowler regarding the civil and criminal prosecutions which have been initiated at Boston, Mass., charging violation of the Sherman Anti-Trust law. It is expected that Mr. Choate will present the extent to which the company will go voluntarily to meet the contentions of the Government.

The investigation of the corporation's affairs found an echo in the Senate Committee on Inter-State Commerce to-day when R. O. Green, Secretary and Manager of the Green-Wheeler Shoe Company of Fort Dodge, Iowa, entered a general defense of the concern and its methods. He denied that the corporation's methods were oppressive, and said that the system really was a partnership, through which the small manufacturer of shoes could obtain on lease machinery that he otherwise could not purchase.

IN WAY OF NEW COURT HOUSE

Plans Filed for Chimney Building on Land Needed for Park.

The need of prompt action by the Board of Estimate, if it is to carry out economically the scheme for a Court House park combined with a civic centre, which was brought forward last Thursday by the McAneny committee, was emphasized yesterday when Samuel Green, a real estate operator, filed plans for the erection of an eighteen-story building in the area recommended for condemnation. The lot mentioned is remarkable for its diminutiveness. It is almost at the point where Lafayette and Centre Streets run into each other. The actual apex of the triangular block is unoccupied and is used as a lumber yard. Just to the north of it is a lot with a frontage of 40 feet on Centre Street and 45 feet on Lafayette Street and an average depth of 33 feet.

It is here that the lofty structure is to go up, and it can be compared to nothing else in the city but the "chimney corner," which was erected two or three years ago at the southeast corner of Wall Street and Broadway.

There is, however, little doubt that the Board of Estimate will take the first steps to acquire the proposed Court House site to-morrow. Mayor Gaynor expressed himself yesterday as favorably disposed toward the site, but said that he thought some of the Judges were not very well satisfied that it was the best that could be done. He was not, however, so sure that he approved of the civic centre idea unless it could be shown that the placing of the public buildings in this centre was the best thing to do to promote their convenient use. He spoke yesterday of other cities, both in this country and Europe, and said that they had spread their public buildings about, thus beautifying not one spot but many different districts, and he thought that the adoption of a civic centre required a good deal of study before it was finally agreed to.

Borough President McAneny had a search made yesterday for the old grant to the Federal Government of a site in City Hall Park for the Federal Building and Post Office. He wished to have the exact terms before him in preparation for his conference to-morrow with Senator O'Gorman. He was not prepared yesterday to say on what basis the city would negotiate with the Washington authorities. It might suggest that the Government should consent to pull down the present building on the ground that it had outlived its usefulness and should provide its own site for a new Federal Building, or it might be that the city would have to offer to Congress a new site in return for the erection of a modern building. The terms were, Mr. McAneny said, a matter for negotiation.

Though some kind of proposal for the appointment of a City Planning Commission is to be made, it does not follow as a matter of course that its creation would necessitate the abolition of the Court House Commission. This also, Mr. McAneny explained yesterday, would depend on further consideration. The Court House Commission, of which Morgan J. O'Brien is the head, has definite functions of its own, and the question of its continuance would depend on the distribution of powers that were finally considered advisable.

WON'T FLY FOR WRIGHTS.

Friction Over Prizes Cause Parmlee and Turpin to Resign.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Jan. 16.—Phil. O. Parmlee and Clifford Turpin, aviators who have been flying for the Wright Brothers, to-day severed connection with the Dayton inventors. Friction over prizes won by the aviators is said to be the cause of the breach.

The two stars are here for the coming aviation meet at Dominguez Field. Both will fill their contract here, but will have to pay a royalty of $200 a day to the Wrights in addition to putting up a cash bond of $3,000.

Supreme Court Justice Cohalan dismissed yesterday the $15,000 suit of the Wright Brothers against the Aero Corporation, Limited, which ran the aviation meet last Fall at the Brighton Beach Race Track. After hearing the final evidence in the case yesterday afternoon, he decided that the Wrights had failed to show that the meet had made profits over expenses, and had failed to establish a contract to share in profits before the subscribers to the $125,000 guarantee fund had been repaid. The Wrights will appeal.

Wilbur Wright took the stand yesterday to state his version of the negotiations with Allan Ryan, Alan Hawley, and others, as the result of which the Wrights agreed to participate in the meet and not to interfere through patent injunction proceedings against the foreign aviators who had been invited to compete. He said that he was led to believe positively that the Wright Brothers Company was to receive all the profits of the meet up to $15,000, and that the profits were to be figured without deducting the guarantee fund.

EDITOR ATTACKS HITCHCOCK.

Has Thrown Away $1,000,000 in Payment to Railroads, Says Walters.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Postmaster General Hitchcock was charged before the House Committee on Reform in the Civil Service to-day with having "thrown away" $1,000,000 in payments to railway companies in the last two years "for services never rendered." This attack was made by Urban A. Walters, editor of The Denver Harpoon, who appeared in advocacy of a bill introduced by Representative Lloyd of Missouri to prohibit the removal of employes of the Federal classified civil service because of affiliation with labor unions.

Editor Walters based his charges on the ground that the department had paid large sums to railway companies under the law compelling installation of sanitary and safety devices and which, he alleged, had not been installed.

"I charge," said Mr. Walters, "that the railway mail service employes have been intimidated by official orders, and have been ordered to certify to the untruth that these facilities were being supplied. I have the original copies of such orders issued by the department. The Postmaster General can not be logically expected to call the attention of Congress or the public to the shortcomings of his own department."

Representative Prouty of Iowa declared the Walters charges should be investigated, and suggested the appointment of a special committee, or that the charges be brought to the attention of the Committee on Expenditures in the Post Office Department.

JUDGE GARY ANSWERS BRANDEIS CHARGES

Explains Rather Than Justifies the 7-Day Week and 12-Hour Day in the Steel Mills.

WAGES HIGHER THAN EVER

Admits if Pay Were More Men Might Work Shorter Hours—Changes Going on and He Asks Fair Play.

Judge E. H. Gary, Chairman of the United States Steel Corporation, issued a statement yesterday replying to the charges of labor-slavery made against the United States Steel Corporation by Louis D. Brandeis at the Republican Club's luncheon last Saturday. He does not precisely deny what Mr. Brandeis said, but rather explains conditions and asks for fair consideration. He says it is always a question whether wages are high enough, but he is sure the corporation is paying more than ever before, and that it means to make things better for the men.

The seven-day week of which Mr. Brandeis complained, he says, is worked by the men in order to earn extra money, and the same is true of the twelve-hour day, but "to a large extent" he believes these working hours have been abandoned. He admits that if the corporation paid better wages per hour the laborers would not have to work so long.

Here is Judge Gary's statement:

"We do not resent criticism. On the contrary, we endeavor to benefit by it when we believe it is deserved. Many times statements are made which are not based upon the facts, and conclusions are drawn which we think are not justified. We would, of course, prefer to have any one interested in our affairs make inquiry of us in regard to the facts before indulging in unfavorable public criticism. It seems to us this would be fairer and wiser. However, there appear to be two different opinions with reference to this question. There should be a disposition on the part of all thinking persons to avoid hasty conclusion, to refrain from unjust attack, to encourage friendly relations between all classes, rather than to excite unnecessary animosities; and, more, to use every reasonable effort to overcome and eliminate any real and substantial abuses on the part of any one or any interest.

Making Liberal Expenditures.

"I am not satisfied that our management is wholly in accord with the sentiments above expressed, though such is our intention, and I trust will be recognized to be our conduct. I believe, taking everything into account, the treatment accorded by our corporation to its employes compares favorably with that of any line of industry in this country or any other country at the present time or any period in the history of the world. I may be mistaken, but I believe not. We are paying 25 per cent. higher wages than we were when the corporation was organized, and we have spent and are spending millions to prevent accidents in the works, to improve the sanitary conditions, to furnish voluntary relief in case of accident, regardless of legal liability, and for pensions to superannuates. We have standing committees constantly engaged in welfare work. We have largely abandoned seven-day-week work and have to a large extent eliminated twelve-hour-a-day work. It is true there is considerable of the latter still in force; but this is largely because the employes prefer twelve-hour-a-day work in order to receive a larger compensation. This question, therefore, comes back to the amount paid for labor.

"We could, of course, reduce the hours of labor by reducing the wages. Whether or not we are paying as much as we ought to pay is one always up for consideration. It is well known we have in the past declined to reduce wages when many, if not most, others were making reductions. Above all, we are trying to satisfy our employes that they are receiving fair and liberal treatment; and I think they appreciate our efforts. As to the disposition of the corporation toward its employes, I would refer to remarks made by me to the Presidents at one of their meetings many months since, which were not made for publication, but were given out by some of our officials.

Wages Never So High.

"As to the business success of the corporation since it was organized, it would not be becoming for the management to say very much at this time. We publish the facts and figures from time to time and leave those who are interested to determine. We are making a better quality of products at a less cost, considering everything, and selling at lower prices on the average, and are paying higher wages than ever before in the trade. We have increased and are increasing our export business enormously, and during the year 1911 it amounted in dollars and cents to not less than seventy millions—probably ten times as much as the subsidiary companies were doing at the time of the organization of the corporation.

"Our corporation and its affairs have been under investigation by various departments of the Government most of the time for many years, and the pending Government suit has brought into question our organization and its management since; and we believe, if every one interested will keep cool and postpone judgment until full development of all the facts and conditions is made, there will be no good ground for charging that the creation or the management of the corporation has been inimical to the public welfare."

In giving out the statement, Judge Gary asked that the fact be emphasized it was at the request of the newspapers. Ever since Mr. Brandeis made the labor enslavement charges at the Republican Club last Saturday, Judge Gary has, in fact, been persistently asked by newspaper men for a reply. Judge Gary stated to a TIMES reporter last Sunday that he was inclined to reply to the charges only after having fully considered them.

An official of the Steel Corporation—not Judge Gary—pointed out yesterday that the condition of the steel workers was much better now than it was twenty years ago, their work having been greatly lightened by mechanical devices and their lives and health protected by safety devices. This official, too, admitted that a twelve-hour day was objectionable from a sociological and economic point of view.

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INVESTMENT SECURITIES

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Anthracite and Tobacco Groups the Features of the Trading in Stocks.

JERSEY CENTRAL UP 13

Lehigh Valley Declines a Little, Despite Short Covering—Money Abundant; Some Gold Taken for Export.

Except in two groups of stocks, the anthracite shares and the Tobacco issues, the movements in the stock market yesterday were for the most part unimportant and the volume of trading was further reduced. The net changes of a half point or less in Union Pacific and United States Steel were typical of the apathy of the general list, while the net gain of 13⅛ points in Central Railroad of New Jersey and the net advance of 8⅛ points in Liggett & Myers Tobacco common showed the extent to which the forward movement ran in the groups to which these two stocks belong. The bonds of the tobacco companies were much more active than the stocks, but they changed but little as a result of the day's trading. It took but relatively little trading in the common stock of the American Tobacco Company in the days antedating the disintegration to which the company has had to submit in compliance with the decree of the Supreme Court to move the stock sharply in either direction. That this same characteristic, arising from concentration of holdings of the stock, attaches to the new securities distributed to the American Tobacco shareholders as part of the plan for the breaking up of the "Tobacco Trust," is suggested by the fact that yesterday the 8⅛ point advance in Liggett & Myers common resulted from trading in only 1,500 shares, while transactions in 1,100 shares were enough to raise the price of Lorillard common 4½ points. This has more than stock market interest when viewed in the light of the discussion, waged during the consideration of the plan of readjustment, over the probability that control of the new companies would rest practically in the hands of those who dominated the old. The concentration of holdings suggested by the wide movements on narrow trading shows that no change has yet been brought about in this respect, but a larger view of the manner in which the American Tobacco Company is now controlled requires that consideration be given to the fact that the preferred stock of that company, larger in amount than the common, now has voting rights which were denied to it under the old organization.

The advances in Central Railroad of New Jersey, in Delaware & Hudson, and in Reading carried forward the upward movement in these shares which has been under way since the recent announcement of the special distribution by the Lehigh Valley. It was noteworthy that Lehigh and Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, the two anthracite roads which have so far adopted special plans for the separation of their coal business from their railroad operations, declined in yesterday's trading, while the other stocks, which have not yet put any such plans into effect, advanced. No inference is to be drawn from this in respect to the estimate put upon the effect of such separation of coal business from railroad operations. The divergent movements in these stocks was rather to be attributed to the fact that hopes are still entertained regarding the Central of New Jersey, Reading, and the Delaware & Hudson, which have already been realized in the case of the Lehigh and the Lackawanna. The very sharp rise in Central of New Jersey in particular gave new life to reports of that company resorting to a plan similar to the Lehigh Valley's or to a further increase in its dividend. Neither suggestion received encouragement in the best informed banking quarters, where more stress was laid upon the profits accruing from the record anthracite tonnage than upon any immediate prospect of special distributions.

The movement in Lehigh Valley, a net decline of ⅝ for the day, indicated clearly there was no general uneasiness arising from the apprehension dwelt on in some quarters that a very uncomfortable situation confronts the short interest in that stock. Whatever short covering went on yesterday was conducted in the face of so ample a supply of the stock that it lost instead of gained in price on the covering movement.

Money was in the same abundant supply which has been responsible for declining interest rates since the beginning of the year. Call money loaned as low as 2 per cent., and the ruling rate did not exceed 2¼ per cent. Rates abroad are still sufficiently above our own to attract advances from this side and to permit of the profitable resort by the European markets to drafts upon the New York gold supply to meet gold demands which South America is making on Europe. Preliminary arrangements for gold shipments, presumably to South America, were one of the incidents of the day's money market.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

Fall River Gas Works for dividend.

St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad for dividend on first preferred.

DIVIDEND PAYABLE.

Anaconda Copper Mining Co.

ANNUAL MEETING.

Pere Marquette Railroad.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2¼@2⅜ per cent., with the last loan at 2¼ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2¼ per cent.

Time money rates, 2½@2¾ per cent. for sixty days, 2¾@3 per cent. for ninety days, 3@3¼ per cent. for four months and 3¼@3½ per cent. for five and six months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 3¾@4 per cent. for prime four to six months' maturities, with the ruling rate 4 per cent.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $483,183,434; balances, $22,527,096; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $2,465,776.

Private discount rate abroad: London, 3 11-16 per cent., unchanged; Paris, 3⅛ per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 3¼ per cent., off ¼ per cent.

The local banks have gained $2,867,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Foreign Exchange rates at the points noted were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, $4.8735; demand, $4.8695.

Paris—Cable, 5.17½ plus 1-32; check, 5.18⅛ plus 1-64.

Berlin—Cable, 95⅛ less 1-64; check, 95 plus 1-32.

Switzerland—Cable, 5.18¾ less 1-32; check, 5.19⅜ less 1-64.

Holland—Cable, 40.34; check, 40.30.

Belgium—Cable, 5.20⅝ plus 1-16; check, 5.20⅝ less 1-32.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', 60 days, $4.8360; 90 days, $4.82¼.

London—Commercial, 60 days, $4.83½; 90 days, $4.82⅛.

Paris—Bankers', 60 days, 5.21¼; 90 days, 5.22½ less 1-32.

Paris—Commercial, 60 days, 5.21¼ less 1-32; 90 days, 5.22½ less 1-16.

Berlin—Bankers', 60 days, 94½; 90 days, 94¼.

Berlin—Commercial, 60 days, 94⅜ less 1-32; 90 days, 94 1-16.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE RATES.

Boston, par; Chicago, 20c premium; St. Louis, 10c premium; St. Paul, 80c premium; San Francisco, 50c premium; Montreal, 32½c premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was quoted ¼d higher in London, at 25 13-16d per ounce, and ½c higher in New York, at 56c. Mexican dollars were quoted at 47c.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

To Strengthen Bill of Lading Plan.

H. Kern, Chairman of the Liverpool Cotton Bills of Lading Conference Committee, and James H. Simpson, Secretary of the European Bankers' Conference Committee, arrived in New York yesterday to take up again the question of safeguarding cotton bills. They will meet a number of New York bankers at the Chamber of Commerce to-day and will talk to Southern cotton shippers in Memphis on Saturday. The operating of the Central Bureau of Lading has not proved as successful as its organizers had anticipated and steps are to be taken by the visitors to broaden its scope. It has not been in favor with many of the Southern shippers and bankers, while most of the New York institutions use the bureau only in cases where the shipper requests that a notification be forwarded to the central office. One bank reports that only about 15 per cent. of the drafts which it receives have notification blanks attached.

⁂

Federal Mining & Smelting Mistake.

Shareholders in the Federal Mining and Smelting Company have become accustomed to wide fluctuations in the stocks, and there have been this year several heavy declines between sales. When the ticker on Monday quoted the bid and asked prices of the preferred at 27 and 28 the figures were not questioned except by those directly interested. Yesterday stockholders who had accepted philosophically a further decline of 10 points in the stock were cheered by a correction appearing on the morning sales sheets which explained that the prices should have been 37 and 38.

Renewing Cotton Loans.

⁂

Cotton planters as a rule live most of the year on credit. When they sell their crop they take up their loans with the local banks, pay off accounts which have been running for months with the storekeeper, and for a while carry ready money. This year many of the growers have been unwilling to let their cotton go at the prices which have been offered by the traveling buyers. Fortunately for the planters, their loans have matured at a time when money is in little demand, and they have had no trouble as a rule in renewing them. The banks in the larger cities have been making extensions in favor of their Southern correspondents in recent weeks as a result of the unusual delay in marketing the crop.

⁂

State and Federal Bonds Strong.

The new New York State Canal bonds, which were issued late in 1911, sold yesterday at 102⅝, which is a record price. The older issues sold at 102½. This improvement in the State bonds is in line with the strength of the Government issues. United States coupon 4s sold at 113¾, which was an advance of ½ from the last sale on Jan. 8. On that day the United States 3½s sold at 101½, and since then have touched 102.

⁂

Big Drop in Copper Supplies.

Statistics of European copper supplies for the middle of January, which reached Wall Street by cable yesterday, show a heavy decrease in stocks and copper afloat, which combined reduced the visible supply on Jan. 15, as compared with that of Dec. 31, by 3,808,000 pounds, which compares with an increase of about 1,500,000 pounds in the last two weeks in December. Stocks decreased by 500 tons and supplies afloat by 1,200 tons in that period, leaving stocks at 124,880,000 pounds, which is the smallest figure in over two years.

⁂

New Virginian Stock.

In connection with the increase of the stock of the Virginian Railway Company from $36,000,000 to $65,000,000 the official notice of the annual meeting yesterday explains that the $29,000,000 5 per cent. cumulative preferred stock, which is to constitute the increase, may be redeemed as an entirety at any time after three years at 105 a share by a majority vote of all classes of stock. The redemption price is in addition to any accumulated dividends which may have accrued. The accrued dividends must also be paid up in the event of dissolution of the company before the common stock is considered.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Trading attention on the Consolidated Stock Exchange was focused upon the anthracite coalers throughout the day. Both Reading and Lehigh Valley touched high prices which were above the top quotations attained on the New York Stock Exchange. The short interest in Lehigh Valley showed very plainly in the early dealings that it was nervous and that stock opening at 185⅞, compared with an initial quotation on the other board of 185⅝, with a high price registered immediately thereafter of 186, against a high on the other Exchange of 185⅝. Only a small amount changed hands at the high quotation, but several hundred shares sold at 185¾ and 185⅞. The upward movement in Reading was attended by heavy dealings.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,680	Amal. Copper	64¼	65½	64¼	65⅛
30	Am. Beet Sug.	57	57	57	57
70	Am. Can.	11⅞	12	11⅞	12
10	Am. Can., pf.	92¼	92¼	92¼	92¼
20	Am. Loco.	33¾	33¾	33¾	33¾
70	A., T. & S. F.	105	105¼	105	105¼
500	Am. Smelting	70¾	71½	70½	71⅜
20	Balt. & Ohio	104	104	104	104
730	Brook R. T.	78⅝	79⅜	78½	78½
110	Can. Pacific	231	232	230½	231
40	Ches. & Ohio	72¾	72¾	72¾	72¾
870	C., M. & St. P.	107½	108⅛	107¼	108⅛
120	Col. F. & I.	26½	26½	26½	26½
250	Consol. Gas	141¾	143⅛	141¾	143⅛
290	Corn Products	10	10⅛	9⅞	10⅛
620	Erie	31	31½	30⅞	31½
20	Erie, 1st pf.	52	52	52	52
120	Gt. North. pf.	126⅞	127¼	126⅞	127¼
140	Inter.-Met.	17	17	16⅞	16⅞
60	Inter.-Met. pf.	54	54⅛	54	54
30	L. E. & W.	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛
2,900	Lehigh Valley	185⅞	186	184¾	184⅞
30	Mo., K. & T.	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛
20	Nat. Lead	53	53	53	53
30	N. Y. Central	106¾	107¼	106¾	107¼
70	Nevada Con.	19⅜	19⅜	19⅜	19⅜
50	N. Y., O. & W.	38½	38½	38½	38½
20	Nor. & West.	109	109	109	109
20	North. Pacific	115⅞	116	115⅞	116
180	Pacific Mail	31⅞	32¼	31⅞	32
20	Pennsylvania	123½	123½	123½	123½
10	Peoples' Gas	105½	105½	105½	105½
22,420	Reading	153⅝	155	152⅝	154¼
100	Southern Pac.	109½	110	109½	110
11,290	Union Pacific	167⅞	168⅜	167	168
40	U. S. Rubber	46½	46½	46⅜	46⅜
8,590	U. S. Steel	66⅞	67¼	66¼	66⅞
80	Utah Copper	55⅝	56¼	55½	56¼
140	West. Union	83	83⅛	83	83⅛
51,260					

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
600	Atlanta	.18	.18	.18	.18
300	Challor	.19	.19	.19	.19
500	Com. Virginia	.87½	.87½	.87½	.87½
700	El Paso	.74	.75	.74	.75
250	Jim Butler	.35	.35	.35	.35
500	Jumbo Ext.	.22	.22	.22	.22
100	Mexican	4.10	4.10	4.10	4.10
500	Medway	.22	.22	.22	.22
400	Montana	1.08	1.08	1.08	1.08
300	Tonopah Ext.	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20
500	West End	.74	.74	.74	.74
4,600					

SHORT TERM NOTES.

		—Maturity.—		Bid.	Ask.	Yield
Amal. Copper	5	Apr.	1,'13	100¼	100½	4.55
Balt. & Ohio	4½	June	1,'13	100¼	100⅜	4.18
Beth. Steel Co.	6	Nov.	1,'14	100¼	100½	5.80
Ches. & Ohio	4½	June	1,'14	99¼	99⅝	4.88
C., H. & D., pur. money	4	July	1,'13	99¼	99½	4.35
Col. & Alton	5	Mar.	15,'13	98⅞	99⅜	5.59
Chi. El. Rys.	5	July	1,'14	97⅞	98¼	5.75
Erie	6	Apr.	8,'14	101	101¼	5.39
Erie	5	Oct.	1,'14	99⅝	100	5.00
Gen. Motors	6	Oct.	1,'15	98⅛	98¾	6.38
Gen. Rubber	4½	July	1,'15	97	97⅞	5.39
Hudson Co.	6	Feb.	1,'13	98⅛	99	7.03
Int. & Gt. N.	5	Aug.	1,'14	96⅞	97⅛	6.09
Int. Harv. Co.	5	Feb.	15,'15	100⅝	100¼	4.82
Int. Rapid T.	4½	....	1912	100	100¼	
Lack. Steel Co.	5	Mar.	1,'15	91½	92½	7.75
Minn. & St. L.	5	Feb.	1,'13	94⅞	96	8.00
Mo., K. & T.	5	May	1,'13	99⅛	99⅜	5.53
Mo. Pacific	5	June	1,'14	95⅞	96⅛	6.80
N. Rys. of M.	4½	June	1,'13	98⅛	98⅝	5.40
N. Y. Central	4½	Mar.	1,'14	100⅛	100⅜	4.31
N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R.	4½	....	1912	100	100¼	
Oakland Rys.	6	Sep.	1,'15	100⅛	101	5.66
Pac. T. & T.	5	Jan.	5,'13	100⅛	100⅜	4.22
St. L. & S. F.	5	Mar.	1,'13	99¼	99½	5.47
St. L. & S. F.	5	June	1,'13	98⅝	99¼	5.51
Southern Ry.	5	Feb.	1,'13	100¼	..	4.22
Tidewater Co.	6	June	1,'13	101⅛	101¼	4.96
U. S. Rubber	6	Dec.	1,'13	103⅞	104⅛	5.16
U. S. Smelt., Ref. & Min.	5	Aug.	1,'14	98⅝	99⅜	5.30
Westinghouse	5	Aug.	1,'13	101⅝	101⅞	4.00

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN

Many Substantial Gains in Local Issues Feature of Trading in Other Centres.

PHILADELPHIA TRACTION TALK

Gossip of Amalgamation of Philadelphia Electric and Philadelphia Rapid Transit—Some Coppers Up in Boston.

Trading in the principal out-of-town markets yesterday centred in the local issues.

The bond market in Baltimore fell off somewhat, but the demand for stocks was better than for many days. A large block of Virginia Railway and Power common sold at an advance of a full point. The other securities maintained an even level.

Trading in Boston was moderately active, though the tendency favored specialties in the copper share group. Of these, Hancock, Centennial, and Trinity were the leaders, the first above 34 and the second above 20, and the last above 6. Buying for Lake Superior interests was said to be a cause of strength in Hancock, and Street gossip concerned the underground condition of the property, which it was thought might warrant a quotation materially higher than at present. For the rise in Centennial there was no explanation. Trinity was put up on the circular from President Lawson regarding his discovery of a new process to mitigate the smoke nuisance, which caused the closing down of First National, another Lawson property, in California. American Telephone was stronger and higher, leading the industrials. Railroad stocks were quiet but firm.

The latest story on the Philadelphia Exchange regarding the Philadelphia Electric Company, in explanation of the recent heavy buying, is to the effect that a holding compaany is to be formed to take over the power plants of both the Philadelphia Electric and Philadelphia Rapid Transit Companies, together with the McCall's Ferry Power Company, which, it is said, has been acquired quietly by interests friendly to the Philadelphia Electric Company. Future operating requirements of both the Philadelphia Electric and the Philadelphia Rapid Transit will, it is argued, be too heavy for their present respective power plants to meet unless combined and reinforced.

Yesterday's transactions on the various out-of-town Exchanges, as reported to THE NEW YORK TIMES, were as follows:

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	Aug. & A. Elec. Co. common	25½	25½	25½
10	Am. Bonding Co.	77	77	77
5	Balt. Elec. Co. pf.	41	41	41
18	Fidelity & Dep. Co.	149	149	149
200	G. B. S. Brew. Co. common	1½	1½	1½
697	Houston Oil Co. com. certificates	8¾	8½	8¾
150	H. O. Co. pf. ctfs.	70½	70½	70½
10	Maryland Cas. Co.	97	97	97
10	Mercantile Trust Co.	150	150	150
50	Northern Central Ry.	127½	127½	127½
5	Nat. Bank of Balt.	164	164	164
10	Old Town Bank	13	13	13
1,450	Va. Ry. & P. com.	44⅝	44	44⅝
25	U. S. Steel	66¾	66¾	66¾

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$20,000	At. Coast L. deb. 4s	101¼	101¼	101¼
200	A. C. L. R.R. 4s, ctfs.	81½	81½	81½
2,000	Balt. Brick 5s	84	84	84
18,000	Con. G., E. L. & P. 4½s	89	89	89
2,000	Cotton Duck 5s	77⅝	77½	77½
2,000	Col. & Green 1st 6s	107	107	107
3,000	Jamison C. & C. G. Cr. 5s	93¼	93¼	93¼
4,000	Milwaukee rfg. 4½s	94¼	94	94¼
1,000	Seaboard adj. 5s	83⅞	83⅞	83⅞
1,000	Suffolk & Car. 5s	103	103	103
2,000	St. Jos. L., H. & P. 5s	99¼	99¼	99¼
25,000	Un. Rys. incomes	62⅞	62⅞	62⅞
25,000	Un. Rys. 4s	86¼	85⅞	86¼
3,000	Un. Rys. fdg. 5s	86½	86⅜	86⅜
1,000	Un. Elec. 1st con. 4½s	93½	93½	93½

BOSTON.

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
5	Atchison	105¼	105¼	105¼
56	Boston Elevated	133½	133½	133½
10	Boston & Albany	221	221	221
1	Boston & Maine	100	100	100
100	Boston & Worcester	12¾	12⅝	12¾
100	Boston & Worcester pf	54½	54½	54½
10	C. J. R. & S. Y.	170	170	170
20	C. J. R. & S. Y. pf.	109¼	109¼	109¼
13	Fitchburg pf	127¾	127	127
175	Mass. Elec	22½	22⅛	22¼
21	Mass. Elec. pf.	96	95⅝	95⅝
15	Mass. Elec. pf., stpd.	82	82	82
64	Mas. Elec. pf. war.	80	79½	79¾
2,480	Mass. El. pf., fr. war.	21c	20c	20c
56	N. Y., N. H. & H.	139	138½	139
30	Old Colony	186⅝	186⅝	186⅝
25	Rutland pf.	50	50	50
160	Union Pacific	168	167¼	168
8	Union Pacific pf.	91⅜	91⅜	91⅜
25	Vermont & Mass.	164	164	164
15	West End	87½	87	87

TELEPHONES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
1,868	American	141⅜	140⅞	141⅜
10	New England	158	158	158

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
73	Am. Agr. Chem	61¼	60⅝	60⅝
154	Am. Agr. Chem. pf.	101⅜	101	101
5	Amoskeag	78	78	78
90	Amoskeag pf.	100	100	100
1,076	Am. Pne. Sve.	5⅛	4⅞	4⅞
210	Am. Pne. Sve. 2d pf.	17¼	16⅞	16⅞
65	Am. Sugar	115¼	115	115¼
19	Am. Sugar pf.	116	116	116
162	Am. Woolen pf	88¾	88	88¾
130	At., G. & W. I. S.S. pf.	18¼	18¼	18¼
1	Eastern S. S.	111½	111½	111½
30	Edison	298	297	298
5	Gal. & Houston Elec.	72½	72½	72½
14	General Electric	159	158¾	159
100	Ga. Ry. & Electric	172	170	170
23	Mass. Gas	91⅝	91½	91½
132	Mass. Gas pf	94½	94¼	94¼
1	McElwain Co. 1st pf.	105½	105½	105½
8	Mergenthaler	223	223	223
3	N. E. Cotton Yarn	105	105	105
2	North Texas Elec	98½	98½	98½
25	Portland Electric	73	73	73
33	Pullman	160⅝	160	160⅝
10	Reece Buttonhole	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜
30	Reece Folding Mach.	4½	4½	4½
55	Seattle Electric	111	111	111
172	Seattle Electric pf.	102	102	102
376	Swift	100¼	99½	99⅞
3	Torrington Class A	31¼	31¼	31¼
166	United Fruit	185	184	184
130	United Shoe Mach. pf.	28	27¾	28
2,272	U. S. Steel	67⅛	66¼	67⅛
72	U. S. Steel pf.	111⅛	110⅝	110⅝
10	Western Union	83⅝	83⅝	83⅝

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
275	Adventure	6	6	6
65	Algomah	4⅞	4¾	4¾
95	Allouez	43	42	42
569	Amalgamated	65⅛	64⅝	65
60	Am. Zinc	25¾	25⅝	25¾
7	Anaconda	35⅞	35⅞	35⅞
460	Ariz. Com'l ctfs.	3½	3⅜	3½
115	Bonanza	45c	45c	45c
705	Boston & Corbin	9	8¼	9
170	Butte Coalition	22⅞	22⅛	22⅞
728	Calumet & Ariz.	62	61½	61½
7	Calumet & Hecla	442	442	442
200	Catalpa	5c	5c	5c
1,347	Centennial	20⅛	18	19⅞
230	Chino	25⅝	25	25¼
2,500	Cons. Mercer	9c	5c	5c
195	Copper Range	54	53½	54
235	Daly-West	5⅝	5½	5½
465	East Butte	12⅝	12½	12⅝
825	Elm River	75c	75c	75c
45	Franklin	12	11⅞	12
330	Giroux	4⅝	4½	4⅝
60	Granby Cons	38	37	38
285	Greene-Cananea	8½	8½	8½
2,755	Hancock	34⅝	33¼	34⅝
700	Indiana	12⅞	12⅝	12⅞
733	Inspiration	10½	10	10½
50	Island Creek	41	41	41
85	Island Creek pf.	85¼	85¼	85¼
20	Isle Royale	21⅞	21⅜	21⅜
50	Kerr Lake	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞
310	Keweenaw	1½	1⅜	1¼
145	Lake	36½	36	36½
20	La Salle	5	5	5
415	Live Oak	40⅛	40⅛	40⅛
405	Mason Valley	11⅞	11½	11⅝
75	Mass Cons	8¼	8¼	8¼
2,035	Mayflower	7	6⅞	6⅞
40	Miami	23⅞	23⅞	23⅞
123	Michigan	3	2½	3
100	Mohawk	57	56	56⅞
74	Nevada Cons	19⅝	19¼	19⅝
1,095	New Arcadia	4¼	3¾	4
110	Nipissing	6¼	6⅛	6¼
829	North Butte	27⅜	27	27
80	North Lake	6	6	6
445	Ojibway	6¼	6	6¼
2,685	Old Colony	5⅝	4⅞	5⅝
50	Old Dominion	47	47	47
91	Osceola	109	107	109
26	Parrot	13¼	13	13¼
10	Quincy	75½	75½	75½
445	Ray Cons	17⅞	17⅝	17⅞
200	South Utah	65c	65c	65c
25	Superior	27½	27½	27½
180	Superior & Boston	4⅝	4½	4 7-16
75	Tamarack	30	29½	30
8,470	Trinity	6⅛	5⅝	6⅜
230	Tuolumne	3⅝	3⅜	3⅜
680	U. S. Smelting	35⅛	34⅝	34⅞
74	U. S. Smelting pf.	48	47⅞	48
170	Utah	3⅛	3	3 1-16
115	Utah Cons	16	16	16
70	Utah Copper	56⅛	56	56⅛
20	Victoria	4½	4½	4½
100	Winona	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜
300	Wyandotte	2½	2½	2½

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Am. Agr. Chem. 5s	102¼	102¼	102¼
69,000	Am. T. & T. 4s	90⅞	90⅛	90⅞
26,000	Am. T. & T. cv. 4s	111¼	111	111¼
5,000	A., G. & W. I. S.S. 5s	67⅝	67⅝	67⅝
28,000	A., G. & W. I. S.S. 5s	67⅝	67⅝	67⅝
28,000	C., B. & Q. joint 4s	97⅛	97⅛	97⅛
1,000	C., B. & Q. Il. 4s, reg	97⅛	97⅛	97⅛
8,000	C. J. & S. Y. 5s, '15	101	101	101
500	Dominion Coal	98	98	98
1,000	K. C. M. & B. inc. 5s	89	89	89
2,000	U. F. 4½s, 1923	96	96	96
7,000	West. T. & T. 5s	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
200	American Can	12	11⅞	12
115	American Can pf.	92¼	91⅞	92¼
100	American Shipbuilding	50¼	50¼	50¼
50	American Telephone	141⅜	141⅜	141⅜
20	Chi. Pn. Tool ex div.	47⅞	47⅞	47⅞
145	Chi. Telephone rights	140	140	140
28	Com. Edison	138	138	138
800	Diamond Match	110⅛	109	110⅛
10	Illinois Brick	57⅞	57⅞	57⅞
95	People's Gas	105⅝	105½	105⅝
66	Quaker Oats	225	220	225
10	Quaker Oats pf.	109¼	109¼	109¼
50	Sears-Roebuck	140¼	140¼	140¼
184	Swift & Co.	100⅛	98⅞	100⅛
70	United Boxboard	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
285	U. S. Steel	67⅛	66⅝	67⅛
15	National Carbon	108¼	108¼	108¼
10	Hart, S. & M. pf.	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Armour 4½s	92	92	92
2,000	Armour 4½s	91⅞	91⅞	91⅞
5,000	Chicago Rys. 5s, A.	96⅛	96⅛	96⅛
1,000	Chicago Rys. 4s, B.	91⅛	91⅛	91⅛
11,000	Chicago Rys. 1st 5s	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛
2,000	Chicago Rys. 1st 5s	100	100	100
33,000	Chicago City Rys. 5s	102⅞	102⅞	102⅞
7,000	Chicago City Rys. 5s	102⅞	102⅞	102⅞
13,000	Chicago City Rys. 5s	103	103	103
10,000	Chicago El. Ry. 5s	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛
2,000	Chicago Pneu. Tool 5s	92⅝	92⅝	92⅝
8,000	Diamond M. deb. 6s	109	109	109
5,000	Diamond M. deb. 6s	109⅛	109⅛	109⅛
4,000	Diamond M. deb. 6s	109⅛	109⅛	109⅛
2,000	Met. Elev. gold 4s	85⅞	85⅞	85⅞
3,000	Met. Elev. gold 4s	85⅝	85⅝	85⅝
5,000	Met. Elev. ext. 4s	82⅞	82⅞	82⅞
8,000	Met. Elev. ext. 4s	82⅝	82⅝	82⅝

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
40	Alliance Insurance	14½	14½	14½
3	American Railways	45⅞	45⅞	45⅞
83	Baldwin Loco. pf.	103½	103½	103½
50	Cambria Steel	43½	43½	43½
150	Erie	31⅞	31⅞	31⅞
110	Electric Co. of Am.	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛
1	Electric Storage Bat.	52⅝	52⅝	52⅝
5	Insurance Co. of N. A.	21⅞	21⅞	21⅞
85	Lehigh Nav. t. c.	89½	89½	89½
207	Lehigh Valley	92⅞	92⅝	92⅝
250	P. R. T. t. c.	23⅞	23⅝	23⅝
427	Pennsylvania R. R.	61 9-16	61½	61½
5	Penn. Salt Mfg.	113	113	113
27	Philadelphia Co. pf.	43¾	43¾	43¾
2,728	Philadelphia Electric	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝
12	Philadelphia Traction	84⅝	84⅝	84⅝
4,365	Reading	77½	76⅞	77⅜
76	Tonopah Belmont	8	8	8
166	Tonopah Mining	6 15-16	6 13-16	6 15-16
506	U. G. I.	87⅞	87⅞	87⅞
7,475	U. S. Steel	67⅛	66⅝	66⅞
280	Union Traction	51½	51⅜	51⅜
16	Warwick I. & S.	11	11	11

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
150	Crucible Steel	12¼	12¼	12¼
60	Crucible Steel pf.	83¼	83⅛	83¼
260	Fireproofing	6	5⅞	6
80	Ind. Brewing pf.	24½	24½	24½
355	Mfrs. I. & H.	29	29	29
4,084	Ohio Fuel Oil	16⅛	14½	16
180	Ohio Fuel Supply	48	47	48
30	Pitts. Brewing	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛
10	Pitts. Brewing pf.	40	40	40
21	Pitts. Oil & Gas	4	4	4
10	Pitts. Plate Glass	104⅞	104⅞	104⅞
155	Pure Oil	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞
500	San Toy	.36	.36	.36
25	Union Switch	88½	88½	88½
250	U. S. Steel	67	66⅝	67
52	Westing. Air Brake	157	157	157
232	Westing. Electric	37	36¾	37

BANKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
16	Bank of Pitts., N. A.	116	116	116
10	Colonial Trust	179	179	179

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	Ind. Brewing 6s	90	90	90
$3,000	Pitts. Coal deb. 5s	91¼	91¼	91¼

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.02	Julia	.26
Alpha Con.	.01	Justice	.05
Andes	.09	Kentucky Con.	.04
Belcher	.60	Mexican	4.12½
Best & Belcher	.15	Occidental Con.	.50
Bullion	.09	Ophir	1.47½
Caledonia	1.45	Overman	1.10
Challenge Con.	.14	Potosi	.10
Chollar	.19	Savage	.16
Confidence	.55	Sag Belcher	.20
Con. Cal. & Va.	.88	Sierra Nevada	.27
Con. Imperial	.03	Union Con.	1.22½
Crown Point	.60	Utah Con.	.08
Gould & Curry	.04	Yellow Jacket	.45
Hale & Norcross	.17		

TONOPAH.		Booth	.06
Belmont	8.00	Daisy	.12
Jim Butler	.33	Diamondf'ld Bl. B.	.07
McNamara	.26	Goldfield Con. M.	4.30
Midway	.22	Goldfield Merger	.23
Montana	1.00	C. O. D.	.12
North Star	.30	Jumbo Extension	.22
Rescue Eula	.24	Florence	.57
Tonopah Extension	1.30	Lone Star	.04
West End	.72	Red Hills	.01
GOLDFIELD.		Sandstorm Kendall	.03
Adams	.01	Vernal	.15
Atlanta	.18	Silver Pick	.06
Blue Bell	.01	Nevada Hills	2.40
Combination Fract.	.13	Man. Con.	.10

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	6½	7	McKinney	53	54
Elkton	69	69⅝	Old Gold	3	4¼
El Paso	75	75½	Portland	91	95
Gold Dollar	17	18	Vindicator	69½	72
Isabella	17¼	17½	Jen. Samp.	6⅞	7
Jackpot	6¼	6¾			

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday trading continued quiet, with the tone irregular. Copper was up ⅛c in the bid for all deliveries to April. Tin was easy at a recession of ½c in the bid and 1½c in the asking price.

The closing bid and asked prices follow:

	Tuesday. Bid.	Tuesday. Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Monday. Asked.
Standard copper—				
Spot	13.90	14.00	13.75	14.00
January	13.90	14.00	13.75	14.00
February	13.90	14.00	13.75	14.00
March	13.90	14.00	13.75	14.00
Lead	4.40	4.50	4.40	4.50
Spelter	6.45	6.55	6.45	6.55
Tin	42.50	43.50	43.00	45.00

On the London Metal Exchange yesterday the following table of prices obtained for spot and future deliveries of copper and pig tin. These final figures compare with Monday's last prices:

	Tuesday. £ s. d.	Monday. £ s. d.
Copper, spot	62 13 9	61 17 6
Copper, futures	63 8 9	62 11 3
Pig tin, spot	189 0 0	190 0 0
Pig tin, futures	186 15 0	188 10 0

The market ended easy. Spanish pig lead was down 1s 3d, to £15 10s. Spelter was unchanged at £26 15s. Cleveland warrants were firm at 49s 7½d.

STANDARD OIL ISSUES.

Capital.	Company.	Bid.	Asked.
$5,000,000	Anglo-Am. Oil	17	18
5,000,000	Atlantic Refining	280	300
200,000	Borne-Scrymser	100	125
10,000,000	Buckeye Pipe Line	60	90
500,000	Chesbrough Mfg.	650	800
250,000	Colonial Oil	..	200
300,000	Continental Oil	525	650
3,000,000	Crescent Pipe Line	25	50
1,000,000	Cumberland Pipe Line	40	80
5,000,000	Eureka Pipe Line	110	140
8,000,000	Galena Signal Oil	210	225
2,000,000	Galena Signal Oil pf.	125	135
1,000,000	Indiana Pipe Line	50	110
12,727,575	National Transit	22	27
5,000,000	N. Y. Transit	120	160
4,000,000	Northern Pipe Line	80	110
10,000,000	Ohio Oil	70	80
10,000,000	Prairie Oil & Gas	205	225
500,000	Solar Refining	400	600
10,000,000	Southern Pipe Line	125	150
2,500,000	South. Penn. Oil	365	395
3,500,000	S. W. Penn. Pipe Line	100	120
17,000,000	Standard Oil, (Cal.)	140	160
1,000,000	Standard Oil, (Ind.)	3,500	4,000
1,000,000	Standard Oil, (Kan.)	125	150
1,000,000	Standard Oil, (Ky.)	140	190
600,000	Standard Oil, (Neb.)	125	175
98,383,000	Standard Oil, (N. J.)	360	370
98,383,000	Standard Oil, (old, N.J.)	680	700
..	Standard Oil subsidiaries	310	325
15,000,000	Standard Oil, (N. Y.)	260	280
3,500,000	Standard Oil, (Ohio)	140	190
100,000	Swan & Finch	400	500
3,500,000	Union Tank Line	50	60
2,500,000	Vacuum Oil	325	425
110,000	Washington Oil	8	11
400,000	Waters-Pierce	650	..

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday and the elapsed periods of the month and of the fiscal year as follows:

	Jan. 15.	Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs	$407,726	$11,007,432	$161,873,458
Internal rev.	520,128	9,807,851	160,526,060
Corp. tax	1,294	185,205	2,000,387
Miscell.	225,613	2,744,061	28,961,650
Total receipts	$1,154,762	$23,744,629	$353,361,576
Expenditures	1,583,147	31,411,679	382,426,080
Deficit	428,384	7,667,049	29,064,504

These figures exclude Panama Canal and public debt transactions.

At the beginning of business to-day the condition of the United States Treasury was: Working balance in Treasury offices, $61,534,851; in banks and Philippine Treasury, $34,706,524.

The total balance in the general fund was $120,186,402.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Monday. Asked.
4½s, May, 1957, old	107⅝	107⅞	107⅝	107⅞
4½s, Nov., 1957, new	107⅝	107⅞	107⅝	107⅞
4½s, May, 1917, old	102	102⅝	102	102⅝
4½s, Nov., 1917, new	102	102⅝	102	102⅝
4½s, Mar., 1960-60, old	102⅛	102⅜	102⅛	102⅜
4½s, Sept., 1960, new	102⅛	102⅜	102⅛	102⅜
4s, May, 1959, l'chg	99⅝	100	99⅝	100
4s, Nov., 1958, l'chg	99⅝	100	99⅝	100
4s, May, 1957, l'chg	99⅝	100	99⅝	100
4s, Nov., 1955-56, reg	99	99⅝	99	99⅝
4s, May, 1919, l'chg	99½	100½	99½	100½
3½s, Nov., 1954, l'chg	87⅛	87⅝	87⅛	87⅝
3½s, May, 1954, coup	87⅛	87⅝	87⅛	87⅝
3½s, May, 1954, reg	86⅝	87⅝	86⅝	87⅝
3½s, Nov., 1941, reg	88⅝	89½	88⅝	89½

BOURSES OF EUROPE

Paris Bankers Doubt Report of Large Gold Exports from New York to Argentina.

LONDON DISCOUNTS FIRM

Canadian Pacific Strong and American Issues Harden—Prices Better in Berlin.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 16.—French bankers discredit the report that the Paris market will try to force large shipments of gold from New York to Argentina. This report was cabled from New York and printed here. New York has lately sent some gold to Buenos Aires for account of Paris banks, but it is pointed out that the natural working of the international exchanges favored these shipments, and that they were in no sense forced transactions.

While the simultaneous presence in Europe of J. Pierpont Morgan, Otto Kahn, and Henry C. Frick excites much speculation, their respective friends profess complete ignorance relative to their reported intention to hold an informal conference in this city. As to their taking concerted action regarding Argentine finances the utmost skepticism prevails.

Brokers whose complex interests force them to be well informed about Mr. Morgan's movements believe that he is gradually withdrwing from activity in international finance with the intention of enjoying a well-earned rest.

Otto Kahn is understood to be more interested in Mexico than in Argentina, and he may consult ex-President Diaz and Señor Limantour while in Europe.

As regards actual gold movements to Argentina, it is known that large shipments were made from this side about a month ago, when sovereigns to a large amount were dispatched from London. At almost the same time a large quantity of gold was sent from Paris in the form of American eagles. The Bank of France generally declines to part with national gold louis, so the gold consignments from Paris this season consisted chiefly of United States coinage.

Some ten days ago the demand for more gold in Buenos Aires resulted in a further dispatch from London. The Paris check on the latter capital was then 25f. 20c., and Argentina credits were sufficient to justify gold shipments. Argentina depends largely for gold on her exports of frozen meat, hides, linen, wool, corn, maize, and kindred products. This season's output was not so good as usual, consequently exchange rates are scarcely likely to justify further large gold imports in the immediate future. The gold movements toward Argentina are comparable to those toward the United States dependent on such crops as cotton.

Gold is to-day still greatly demanded, but prices in the grain markets scarcely seem to warrant further large shipments, whether from New York, London, or Paris.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Wednesday, Jan. 17.—The Times says in its City article to-day:

"The money market was not disturbed yesterday by any unusual movements of cash, but the supply was, as usual, barely sufficient for the day's requirements. This was partly due to the preparations made for the American mail, which should have been delivered in the afternoon, but was not delivered when business hours ended.

"A few short bills were taken to the Bank of England in order to obtain money to replace resources thus temporarily rendered unavailable, and toward the close, when it became clear that the American mail would arrive too late to be dealt with, balances released were offered at rates as low as 3 per cent. for the night.

"Discount rates were easier in tendency for all dates exceeding two months, and were quoted a shade lower for four months.

"Some sovereigns were withdrawn from the bank for Egypt. It is expected that a large amount will be taken for India to-day.

"Apart from the continued investment demand, which again centred in Exchequer bonds and other gilt-edged securities, business on the Stock Exchange was rather quiet all around. The markets, however, were enlivened by a few notable features.

"Paris was firm and bought some of its favorite securities, Rio Tinto showing a sharp recovery. Unexpectedly good traffic returns by the Southeastern & Chatham Company caused the home railway market to recover after a dull opening, and there was a substantial advance in Canadian Pacific shares, chiefly owing to buying orders from Berlin.

"Although still very idle in tone, the American market was a shade firmer."

LONDON, Jan. 16.—Money and discount rates were firm to-day.

The stock market was irregular, specialties receiving the most attention. Rubber, Omnibus, and shipping shares were dearer, and consols gained three-sixteenths, but the other sections were easy on profit taking.

American securities were quiet and steady during the forenoon. Canadian Pacific was the feature of the early trading, and advanced 1¼ points. In the afternoon Canadian Pacific gained another point, and the rest of the list hardened in sympathy. The market closed steady.

Money, 3@3½ per cent.; rate of discount in the open market for short bills, 3⅞ per cent.; for three months' bills, 3¾ per cent.

Gold premium at Madrid, 7.95; at Lisbon, 8.

PARIS, Jan. 16.—Prices were generally steady on the Bourse to-day.

Three per cent. rentes, 93f 50c for the account.

Exchange on London, 25f 21c for checks.

Private discount rate, 3⅜ per cent.

BERLIN, Jan. 16.—Prices were firm on the Boerse to-day.

Exchange on London, 20 marks 50 pfennigs for checks.

Money, 2½ per cent.

Private discount rate, 3¼ per cent.

LONDON CLOSING PRICES.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	77 3-16	..	..	+3-16
Consols, account	77 5-16	..	..	+3-16
Anaconda	7⅜	35⅞	*35½	— ¼
Atchison	107⅝	104⅝	105	— ⅛
Canadian Pacific	237	230⅝	228⅞	+ 2
St. Paul	110½	107½	107⅜	— ¼
Erie	31½	30⅝	31	— ⅜
Erie 1st pf.	52½	51⅛	51¼	— ⅛
Illinois Central	143½	140	139⅝	+ ¼
Louis. & Nash.	159	155¼	..	— ..
N. Y. Central	109⅞	106⅞	107	— ¼
Pennsylvania	63⅛	123⅛	123	+ ½
Reading	78⅝	153⅝	152⅞	+ ⅛
Southern Pacific	112½	109⅝	109⅜	— ½
Union Pacific	172	167⅝	167¼	+ ⅜
U. S. Steel	68⅛	66⅛	66⅝	+ ⅛
U. S. Steel pf.	113⅜	110⅜	110⅜	..

Exchange, 4.87.

*Ex dividend.

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
Camp Bird	1 11 6	Esperanza	2 2 6
Tomboy	1 3 9	Dolores	1 10 0
El Oro	0 17 3	Stratton's Ind.	0 3 1½

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25 Guaranty Trust Stock
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42 American Snuff Com. Stock
150 Bush Terminal Com. Stock
100 Cuban Distilling Pfd. Stock
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FIFTH AVE. and 47th STREET
CLARK WILLIAMS, . . President

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Tuesday, Jan. 16, 1912.

Total sales Jan. 16, 1912..........398,088
From Jan. 1, 1912..........5,291,947
Same period last year..........5,481,010

Closing. Bid.	Closing. Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
6⅛	7	200	Allis-Chalmers pf	6½	6½	6½	6½	−1⅛
65	65⅛	8,800	Amalgamated Copper	64½	65½	64¼	65⅛	+ ½
60½	60¾	100	Am. Agricul. Chem	60¾	60¾	60¾	60¾	− ⅛
101	102	100	Am. Agricul. Chem. pf	101	101	101	101	...
57¼	57⅜	460	Am. Beet Sugar	56⅝	57¼	56⅝	57¼	+ ⅝
91⅞	92	700	Am. Can pf	11¾	12	11¾	12	+ ⅛
81⅞	92	700	Am. Can pf	92¼	92⅜	91⅞	91⅞	− ⅛
52¾	53	900	Am. Car & Foundry	53	53	52¾	53	+ ⅛
115½	116¾	200	Am. Car & Fdy. pf	115⅝	115⅝	115½	115½	−1
46	46½	300	Am. Cotton Oil	46¼	46⅜	46¼	46⅜	− ⅛
10½	11	100	Am. Linseed	11	11	11	11	−1
33¾	35	300	Am. Locomotive	33⅞	33⅞	33⅞	33⅞	+ ⅝
6⅛	6½	2,000	Am. Malt	5¾	6⅜	5¾	5⅝	+ ⅝
44½	46	200	Am. Malt pf	45	45	45	45	...
71	71⅛	2,800	Am. Smelt. & Ref	70⅞	71½	70⅝	71⅛	+ ⅜
102⅝	103	100	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf	103	103	103	103	+ ⅜
86¾	87¼	100	Am. Smelt. Sec. pf. B	87	87	87	87	...
102½	104½	100	Am. Snuff pf	102⅛	102⅛	102⅛	102⅛	−2⅝
114¾	115¼	100	Am. Sugar Ref	115	115	115	115	+ ¼
115¼	116	100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	116	116	116	116	...
141¼	141⅝	2,500	Am. Tel. & Tel	141⅛	141½	141	141½	+ ¾
104	104⅛	6,100	Am. Tobacco pf	103⅝	104⅛	103⅝	104	+ ½
104	104⅛	1,500	Am. Tobacco pf. t. r.	104	104⅛	104	104⅛	+ ¾
101½	101¾	3,450	Am. Tobacco pf. new	101¾	101⅞	101⅝	101⅝	+ ⅛
88	89¼	115	Am. Woolen pf	89⅛	89⅛	89⅛	89⅛	+ ⅛
35⅝	36	900	Anaconda Copper Co	35¾	36	35⅝	36	+ ½
106	107¾	150	Assets Realization	107	107	107	107	− ½
105⅛	105¼	2,200	Atch., Top. & S. F	105	105¼	105	105⅛	+ ⅛
133½	134½	100	Atlantic Coast Line	133¾	133¾	133¾	133¾	− ⅛
103	103¼	50	Baldwin Loco. pf	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜	...
104¼	104⅜	3,000	Baltimore & Ohio	104¼	104½	104	104½	+ ⅞
..	..	2	Bank of Commerce	198	198	198	198	...
1¼	1⅝	100	Batopilas Mining	1½	1½	1½	1½	+ ⅛
30½	30⅞	200	Bethlehem Steel	30⅞	31	30⅞	31	...
60¾	61⅜	100	Bethlehem Steel pf	61⅜	61⅜	61⅜	61⅜	+1¼
78¼	78½	6,100	Brooklyn Rapid Tran	78¾	79¼	78⅜	78⅜	− ⅜
140	141½	100	Brooklyn Union Gas	141⅜	141⅜	141⅜	141⅜	+1⅜
100	108	100	Buf., Roch. & Pitts	105	105	105	105	...
232	232¼	3,900	Canadian Pacific	231	232⅜	230½	232¼	+3⅜
..	..	2,300	Can. Pacific Rights	7¾	8⅛	7¾	8	+ ¼
330	375	1,341	Central R. R. of N. J	320	335	320	333	+13⅛
72¾	73	1,200	Chesapeake & Ohio	72¼	72¾	72⅛	72¾	+ ⅜
18	18½	800	Chicago Gt. Western	18	18½	18	18¼	+ ¼
36	36⅞	700	Chi. Gt. Western pf	36	36½	36	36	+ ½
107¾	107⅞	2,400	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	107½	108¼	107½	107⅞	+ ⅞
5	5½	100	Chi. Un. Tr. pf. t.r.sta	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	+ ⅛
25⅜	25½	1,300	Chino Copper	25⅛	25½	25⅛	25½	+ ½
26⅜	26½	200	Colorado Fuel & Iron	26½	26½	26¼	26¼	− ⅝
76	77	100	Col. & South. 1st pf	76	76	76	76	+ ⅜
142¼	142½	5,500	Consolidated Gas	141½	143	141¼	143⅜	+ ⅝
10¼	10⅜	1,400	Corn Products Ref	10⅜	10¾	10	10⅜	+ ⅜
78	79½	1,200	Corn Products Ref. pf	78	78¼	77½	78¼	+ ¼
169	172	1,200	Delaware & Hudson	168	171¾	168	171	+2¼
540	550	100	Del., Lack. & West	540	540	540	540	−2
21½	22	100	Denver & Rio Grande	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	+ ⅛
31¼	31⅜	5,300	Erie	30⅞	31⅛	30⅞	31⅛	+ ¼
51½	52	1,000	Erie 1st pf	50⅞	51⅞	50⅞	51¾	+ ½
158½	159	300	General Electric	158½	158⅞	158½	158⅞	+ ⅞
75½	76	60	General Motors pf	76	76	75¾	75¾	...
4¼	4⅜	900	Goldfield Consol	4⅜	4⅜	4¼	4¼	− ⅛
126¾	127¼	1,900	Great Northern pf	126⅝	127¼	126⅝	127	+ ⅞
39¾	40	900	Gt. N. certs. ore prop	39¾	40¼	39¾	40	...
80	..	100	Green Bay & West	85	85	85	85	...
139½	140½	100	Illinois Central	140	140	140	140	+ ¼
16⅞	17	6,900	Inter.-Met. v. tr. cfs	16¾	17	16½	17⅛	− ⅜
54¼	54⅜	6,700	Inter.-Met. pf	54	54½	53½	54¼	− ¼
108	108½	400	Int. Harvester	108	108	107¾	108	+ ¼
31	32	100	Int. Steam Pump	31	31	31	31	+ ⅛
82	83	50	Int. Steam Pump pf	82	82	82	82	...
106½	106⅞	100	Laclede Gas	106¾	106¾	106¾	106¾	...
12¼	14½	230	Lake Erie & Western	12½	12½	12½	12½	−1⅛
184⅝	184¾	35,900	Lehigh Valley	185⅜	185⅝	184⅝	184⅝	− ¾
165½	167½	1,550	Ligget & Myers	157	165	157	165	+8⅛
109	109½	1,550	Ligget & Myers pf	107¾	110	107¾	109⅛	+2⅛
155	155¼	1,200	Louisville & Nash	155¼	155¼	154½	155	...
69	69¾	300	Mackay Cos. pf	69⅜	69½	69⅜	69½	+ ½
109½	112⅛	50	May Dept. Stores pf	112	112	112	112	...
23⅞	24	700	Miami Copper	24	24	23⅞	24	+ ⅜
131	131½	100	Minn., St. P. & S. S.M	131½	131½	131½	131½	+ ½
28⅛	28⅜	900	Mo., Kansas & Texas	28	28	28	28	...
39½	39⅞	100	Missouri Pacific	39¾	39¾	39¾	39¾	+ ¼
53	53½	100	Nat. Lead Co	53	53	53	53	+ ¼
35⅜	35½	900	Nat. Rys. of M. 2d pf	35	35⅜	35	35⅜	+ ¾
19⅜	19½	1,100	Nev. Consol. Copper	19⅜	19½	19¼	19½	...
55	56	100	New York Air Brake	55½	55½	55½	55½	+ ½
107	107¼	900	New York Central	107	107⅛	107	107⅛	+ ⅛
38¼	38½	200	N. Y., Ont. & West	38⅜	38½	38⅜	38½	+ ⅛
109	109⅜	1,750	Norfolk & Western	108⅜	109⅜	108⅜	109⅛	+ ⅜
75	75¼	100	North American	75	75	75	75	...
57½	75	100	No. Ohio Tr. & Light	57½	57½	57½	57½	+1¾
116	116¼	1,450	Northern Pacific	115½	116⅜	115½	116	+ ¼
31¾	32½	600	Pacific Mail	32	32⅜	32	32⅜	− ⅛
48¾	49½	200	Pacific Tel. & Tel	49	49	49	49	− ½
123⅜	123½	1,960	Pennsylvania R. R	122⅞	123½	122⅞	123½	+ ½
105½	106	300	People's Gas, Chi	105½	105¾	105½	105¾	+ ⅛
175	..	1,100	P. Lorillard	171½	177½	171½	175½	+4½
110¾	111¼	350	P. Lorillard pf	111	111	111	111	+ ⅞
18¼	18⅞	200	Pittsburgh Coal	18½	18½	18½	18½	...
82	82¼	100	Pittsburgh Coal pf	81½	81½	81½	81½	+ ¾
160	161	210	Pullman Company	160½	160½	160½	160½	+ ½
17⅞	18	1,800	Ray Consol. Copper	17⅞	17⅞	17½	17⅞	+ ¼
30½	33	100	R'way Steel Spring	30½	30½	30½	30½	...
101	105	200	R'way Steel Sp. pf	101	101	101	101	+2½
154⅛	154¼	130,900	Reading	153⅜	154¾	152⅝	154⅛	+1¼
89	92	100	Reading 1st pf	91⅜	91⅜	91⅜	91⅜	− ⅛
95¼	97	100	Reading 2d pf	97	97	97	97	+1⅞
25½	26	300	Rep. Iron & Steel	26	26	25½	25½	− ½
84¾	85¼	415	Rep. Iron & Steel pf	85	85	85	85	− ⅛
24½	24¾	800	Rock Island Co	24⅜	24½	24¼	24½	+ ⅜
52	52¼	1,750	Rock Island Co. pf	51¾	52	51½	52	+ ¼
24	25	100	St. Louis & San Fran	24	24	24	24	...
109¾	110	1,600	Southern Pacific	109⅝	110¼	109½	109⅝	− ⅛
28	28⅛	500	Southern R'way ext	28	28⅛	28	28⅛	+ ⅛
69¾	70	325	South. R'way pf., ext	70	70	69¾	69⅞	+ ¼
79½	80¼	100	Texas Co	81	81	81	81	−2⅜
21½	22	100	Texas & Pacific	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	− ⅛
46¾	47	2,200	Third Avenue, w. i	46¾	47⅜	46½	47	− ⅜
40	41	100	Third Av., 2d in. pd	40	40	40	40	−1
13	13½	400	Tol., St. L. & West	13¼	13⅜	13¼	13⅜	− ⅛
33	33¾	400	Tol., St. L. & W. pf	33⅜	33⅜	33⅜	33⅜	+ ½
167¾	167⅞	52,300	Union Pacific	167⅞	168¼	167	167¾	+ ½
91½	92¼	100	Union Pacific pf	91¾	91¾	91¾	91¾	− ¼
100¼	106	50	United Cigar Mfrs. pf	105	105	105	105	...
104¾	105	135	United Dry Goods pf	105	105	105	105	− ½
16	17	100	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	16	16	16	16	...
46¼	47	300	U. S. Rubber	46¾	46¾	46¼	46¼	− ¾
66¾	66⅞	46,700	U. S. Steel	66⅜	67⅛	66¼	66¾	+ ⅜
110¾	110⅞	400	U. S. Steel pf	110¾	110⅞	110¾	110⅞	+ ⅛
56¼	56⅜	5,300	Utah Copper	55⅝	56⅜	55⅝	56⅜	+ ⅝
44	45	200	Va. R'way & Power	44¼	44¼	44¼	44¼	+ ½
83¼	83½	1,800	Western Union Tel	83¼	83½	83	83⅜	+ ⅝
73	73½	1,500	Westinghouse E. & M	73½	73½	73	73½	+ ⅛
12¾	13¾	35	Wheel. & L. E. 1st pf	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾	...

BONDS ON THE STOCK EXCHANGE.

Tuesday.

Total sales Jan. 16, 1912..........$3,900,000
From Jan. 1, 1912..........54,293,000
Same period last year..........41,905,500

U S 4s, coupon
15,000..........113¾
Argentine Gov 5s
1,000.......... 97
Chinese Ry 5s, rcts, full paid
3,000.......... 94¼
Jap Gov 4½s, s in
500.......... 93⅛
2d Series
5,000.......... 92
N Y State 4s, 1961
27,000..........102½
N Y Canal 4s, 1961
110,000..........102½
new
245,000..........102⅝
N Y City 3½s, 1954
2,000.......... 87¼
4s, 1957
1,000..........100
1959
14,000..........100
4,000.......... 99⅞
N Y City 4¼s
15,000..........102¼
4½s, 1917
2,000..........102½
Alb & Susq 3½s
10,000.......... 92
10,000.......... 92½
5,000.......... 92
4,000.......... 92¼
6,000.......... 92⅝
Allis-Chalmers 5s
1,000.......... 55
Am Ice Secur 6s
1,000.......... 73¼
1,000.......... 74
1,000.......... 75
Am Smelt Secur 6s
5,000..........102¾
25,000..........102¼
10,000..........102⅝
6,000..........102¾
Am T & T col 4s
35,000.......... 90¼
convertible 4s
31,000..........111¼
5,000 s 3..........111½
22,000..........111½
Am Tobacco 6s
28,000..........120¼
Tr Co ctfs of dep
50,000..........120¾
6,000..........120¼
1,000..........120⅜
2,000..........120¼
Am Tobacco 4s
99,000.......... 93⅝
111,000.......... 93⅞
Tr Co ctfs of dep
20,000.......... 93⅝
Armour & Co 4½s
1,000.......... 91⅞
1,000.......... 92
13,000.......... 91⅞
2,000.......... 92
4,000.......... 91⅞
A, T & S F gen 4s
20,000.......... 99¼
6,000.......... 99¼
adjustment 4s
15,000.......... 91⅞
1,000.......... 92
convertible 4s
21,000..........106⅜
conv 4s, 1960
4,000..........100⅜
10,000..........100¼
3,000..........100⅜
Trans St L 4s
5,000.......... 93
Balt & O pr ln 3½s
2,000.......... 91⅞
gold 4s
1,000.......... 98¼
1,000.......... 98¼
S W Div 3½s
4,000.......... 91¼
Peo, Lake Erie & W Va 4s
2,000.......... 91⅜
Bethlehem Steel 5s
5,000.......... 94
B R T gold 5s
2,000..........103
ref conv 4s
25,000.......... 85¼
11,000.......... 85⅛
33,000.......... 85¼
20,000.......... 85⅜
Bklyn Un El 1st 5s
2,000..........101⅜
Cal Gas & Elec 5s
1,000.......... 95
Canada Southn 1st
1,000..........101½
Cent of Ga Ry, M & N Div 5s
2,000..........107¼

Cent Leather 5s
9,000.......... 95
2,000.......... 94¾
3,000.......... 95
Cent Pac gtd 4s
6,000.......... 96½
Ches & O gen 4½s
6,000..........101½
convertible 4½s
6,000.......... 93¼
1,000.......... 93⅛
C, B & Q gen 4s
11,000.......... 96⅞
joint 4s
50,000.......... 97½
43,000.......... 97⅝
15,000.......... 97¼
deb 5s
3,000..........100⅞
Ill Div 4s
5,000..........100
Chi & East Ill ref & imp 4s
1,000.......... 80⅝
general 5s
3,000..........110
C, M & St P Ter 5s
2,000..........101¾
Chi & N W gen 4s
1,000.......... 98¼
10,000.......... 98⅜
general 3½s
6,000.......... 87
C, R I & P gen 4s
1,000.......... 96⅜
registered
5,000.......... 96
Chi, Rock Isl & P Ry ref 4s
20,000.......... 90¼
5,000.......... 90⅜
18,000.......... 90¼
10,000.......... 90¼
12,000.......... 90⅜
3,000.......... 90½
C, R I & P R R 4s
48,000.......... 72½
8,000.......... 72¼
2,000.......... 72⅜
9,000.......... 72¼
C & W Ind gen 6s
4,000..........108
Chino Copper 6s
3,000..........120
Clev, Cin, Chi & S L gen 4s
2,000.......... 92⅝
Col & Southn ref & ext 4½s
5,000.......... 97¼
Consol Tobacco 4s
2,000.......... 93¾
Del & Hud conv 4s
2,000.......... 98¼
30,000.......... 98⅜
5,000.......... 98½
10,000.......... 98⅜
lien equip 4½s
10,000..........101⅜
1st & ref 4s
12,000.......... 98⅞
Den & R Gr con 4s
5,000.......... 89¼
improvmt 5s
15,000.......... 96⅛
4,000.......... 96
1st & ref 5s
35,000.......... 87⅞
15,000.......... 87¼
Det Edison 5s
1,000..........101⅞
Dist Secur Corp 5s
5,000.......... 75½
Erie 1st con 4s
1,000.......... 89¼
4,000.......... 89¼
4,000.......... 89¼
1,000.......... 90
1st gen 4s
2,000.......... 78½
Genl Motors 6s
24,000.......... 98⅝
1,000.......... 98⅝
Hock Val 1st 4½s
3,000..........102
Hudson Co Gas 5s
3,000..........104¼
Ill Cent ref 4s
1,000.......... 96¼
4,000.......... 96⅜
1,000.......... 96½
Ind, Ill & Iowa 4s
1,000.......... 95
Inter-Met 4½s
46,000.......... 81¼
10,000.......... 81⅛
20,000.......... 81⅞
13,000.......... 81⅜
2,000.......... 81¼
25,000s20f.......... 81¼
1,000.......... 81½

Inter Rap Tran 5s
25,000..........103⅞
5,000..........104
10,000..........103⅞
15,000..........103⅜
Internatnl Nav 5s
5,000.......... 80
Iowa Cent 1st 5s
1,000..........102
K C, Ft S & M 4s
5,000.......... 80⅛
1,000.......... 80⅛
Kansas City So 5s
14,000..........100¼
Kansas City So 3s
2,000.......... 73⅝
Kings Co Elev 4s
1,000.......... 83½
Lack Steel 5s, 1915
11,000.......... 91½
Lake Sh & Mich So 4s, 1931
7,000.......... 93⅝
Liggett & Myers 7s, temp bonds
10,000..........120
20,000..........120⅜
5,000..........120¼
12,000..........120⅜
15,000..........120¼
5,000..........120⅛
10,000..........120
11,000..........120⅛
1,000..........120¼
70,000..........120¼
25,000..........120¼
2,500..........120¼
3,000..........120¼
5s, temp bonds
3,000.......... 91¼
44,000.......... 91¼
10,000.......... 91¼
20,000.......... 91⅜
77,000.......... 91¼
2,000.......... 91½
8,000.......... 91⅜
1,000.......... 91¼
5,000.......... 91⅜
7,000.......... 91¼
8,000.......... 91⅜
10,000.......... 91½
Long Isl con 5s
1,000..........110
Lou & N unifd 4s
2,000.......... 99¼
5,000.......... 99⅜
Atl, Knox & C 4s
8,000.......... 92⅝
Man con 4s, tax ex
5,000.......... 97
Mer Mar col tr 4½s
1,000.......... 67⅝
10,000.......... 67⅝
Met St Ry gen 5s, Trust Co ctfs
20,000..........102
1,000..........101¼
adj mtg inc 5s, when issued
10,000.......... 58¼
15,000.......... 58⅜
10,000.......... 58¼
20,000.......... 58⅜
ref 4s, w i
10,000.......... 80⅜
Mo, K & T 1st 4s
2,000.......... 96⅞
2d 4s
1,000.......... 84¼
s f 4½s
16,000.......... 89
Mo Pac 5s, 1917
3,000.......... 99⅞
1920
2,000.......... 99⅞
convertible 5s
9,000.......... 89¼
Nassau El R R 4s
9,000.......... 79½
N Rys of Mex gen 4s
3,000.......... 86¼
N Y Air Brake 1st conv 6s
500.......... 99⅜
N Y Cent gen 3½s
40,000.......... 87½
deb 4s, 1934
1,000.......... 92½
Lake S col 3½s
3,000.......... 83¼
Mich C col 3½s
2,000.......... 82¼
N Y Dock Co 4s
1,000.......... 84⅜
N Y G, El L, H & Pow col tr 5s
1,000..........103
1,000..........102⅞
N Y, N H & H conv deb 6s
5,000..........132⅜
1,000..........132⅜

N Y Telephone 4½s
5,000..........100¼
Nor & Wn conv 4s
5,000..........108¼
con 4s
6,000.......... 98¼
Northn Pacific 4s
3,000..........100
registered
5,000.......... 98⅝
Northn Pacific 3s
10,000.......... 69⅞
Ore R & N con 4s
1,000.......... 95⅜
Ore Short L 1st 6s
2,000..........113⅜
2,000..........113¼
gtd ref 4s
8,000.......... 94¼
Ore-Wash R R & N 1st & ref 4s
10,000.......... 92⅛
1,000.......... 92½
Pac Tel & Tel 5s
10,000.......... 99¼
4,000.......... 99⅜
8,000.......... 99½
Penn conv 3½s, 1915
13,000.......... 97
1,000.......... 96⅞
Peo & E 1st 4s
1,000.......... 91⅜
P Lorrld Co 7s, temp bonds
5,000..........121⅝
2,000..........122
4,000..........121¾
4,000..........121⅞
7,000..........122
12,000..........121⅝
25,000..........121½
35,000..........121¼
37,000..........121⅝
1,000..........121½
20,000..........121⅝
16,000..........121½
4,000..........121⅝
3,000..........121½
5s, temp bonds
25,000.......... 92
2,000.......... 92¼
10,000.......... 92¼
2,000.......... 92⅞
5,000.......... 92¼
7,000.......... 92⅜
2,000.......... 92¼
69,000.......... 92⅜
10,000.......... 92¼
6,000.......... 92⅝
7,000.......... 92¼
64,000.......... 92⅜
4,000.......... 92⅝
27,000.......... 92¼
2,000.......... 92⅝
3,000.......... 92¼
5,000.......... 92⅜
Reading general 4s
4,000.......... 98⅜
1,000.......... 98¼
Rep Ir & Steel s f 5s, 1940
1,000.......... 93⅜
St L, Iron Mt & So general 5s
1,000..........106
unify & ref 4s
3,000.......... 81½
St L & San Fran R R ref 4s
6,000.......... 80½
general 5s
1,000.......... 88⅞
St L S W 1st 4s
8,000.......... 91¼
con 4s
5,000.......... 79¼
1,000.......... 79⅝
10,000.......... 79¾
10,000.......... 79¼
7,000.......... 79⅝
St P, M & M 4½s
5,000..........105½
San An & A P 4s
8,000.......... 87
Seab Air L adj 5s
1,000.......... 83⅜
4,000.......... 83⅞
5,000.......... 83⅝
refunding 4s
2,000.......... 82⅝
So Pac conv 4s
1,000 c.......... 96⅜
10,000.......... 96⅜
1,000.......... 96⅜
25,000.......... 96¼
10,000.......... 96⅝
1st ref 4s
35,000.......... 95¼
1,000.......... 95¼
5,000.......... 95¼
San Fr Ter 4s
10,000.......... 91

Southn Ry 1st 5s
2,000..........107⅝
general 4s
3,000.......... 78⅝
21,000.......... 79
Stand Millg 1st 5s
1,000.......... 88½
Term Assn of St L refunding 4s
5,000.......... 95
Third Av con 4s, Trust Co ctfs
10,000.......... 81
5,000.......... 80½
registered
5,000.......... 80⅛
tr ctfs, stpd
83,000.......... 80
ref 4s, w i
9,000.......... 85⅜
32,000.......... 85¼
28,000.......... 85⅛
adj 5s, w i
24,000.......... 79¼
41,000.......... 79¼
13,000.......... 79⅜
10,000.......... 79¼
Undergr Elec Rys of London 4½s
18,000.......... 95⅝
income 5s
25,000.......... 77
5,000.......... 77½
Union Pac 1st 4s
1,000..........100⅜
10,000..........100⅜
2,000..........100⅜
3,000..........100½
10,000..........100⅜
convertible 4s
16,000..........102
1st & ref 4s
15,000.......... 97½
U S R & Imp 5s
2,000.......... 89¼
U S Rubber 6s
4,000..........104

U S Steel S f 5s
10,000..........102¼
10,000..........102⅛
24,000..........102¼
4,000..........102⅜
registered
500..........102¼
Va-Car Ch 1st 5s
2,000..........100¼
16,000..........100
Va & S W con 5s
1,000.......... 97½
Va Mid gen 5s
1,000..........108
Wab, Det & C 5s
5,000..........106
1,000..........107
Wabash 2d 5s
4,000.......... 98
Wab ref & ext 4s
10,000.......... 57⅞
2,000.......... 57½
10,000.......... 57⅜
15,000.......... 57⅜
23,000.......... 57⅝
11,000.......... 57⅜
Wab, Pitts Ter 1st Cent Tr ctfs
21,000.......... 41
West Lt Co 5s
5,000..........105½
West Elect 5s
2,000..........102⅜
14,000..........102¼
W Un Tel col tr 5s
2,000..........102½
West Un fund & real estate 4½s
7,000.......... 98½
10,000s20f.......... 98¼
West Shore 4s, reg
7,000.......... 98½
West El & M 1st conv s f 5s
8,000.......... 94
Wis Cent gen 4s
1,000.......... 92⅜
1,000.......... 92⅜
1,000.......... 92⅜

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for United States Government bonds:—

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	100	100½	Pan 2s, r, 1938	100	..
2s, c, 1930	100	100⅝	Pan 3s, r, 1961	101⅝	101¾
3s, r, 1918	101½	102¼	Pan 3s, c, 1961	101⅜	101¾
3s, c, 1918	101½	102¼	D C 3-65s	105	..
4s, r, 1925	113	113¼			
4s, c, 1925	113¼	114			
Pan 2s, r, 1936	100	..			

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Exp.	195	203
Alb & Sus.	265½	..
Alle & W.	128	..
Allis-Chalm.	1	1¼
A B S pf.	98½	99
A B S & F	91	92¾
A B S & F pf.	130⅞	132½
Am Coal	75	95
A C Oil pf.	94	..
Am Exp.	205	209
A H & L.	3½	3¾
A H & L pf.	20	23
Am I Sec.	18¼	18½
A L Co pf.	32	33
A Loc pf.	102¾	104
Am St Fd.	32	33
A T & C.	..	80⅛
Am W Co.	27⅛	29½
A W Pa pf.	25¼	26
Ann Arbor	20	40
Ann A pf.	60	80
A, T & S F pf.	102¼	102¾
B & O pf.	88½	90
Bruns Ter.	7¾	9
B, R & P pf	129	150
But'k Co.	29¼	30
Canada So.	64	72¼
Cent Leath.	19	19¼
Cent L pf.	86⅞	87¼
C & S A T.	116¾	117¾
Chi & Alt.	18	24
C & A pf.	35	79¼
C, I & L pf.	50	80
C, M & St P pf.	143¼	147½
C & N W.	141½	142
C & N W pf.	190	200
C, St P, M & Om	137	141
C, St P, M & Om pf.	150	160
Chi Un Tr ctfs sta.	1¾	2
C, C, C & St L.	52	60
C, C, C & St pf.	92	100
Cleve & P.	163⅝	..
C & P Sp.	95	..
Col & So.	44	48
C & S 2d pf	65	75
Crex Carpet	71	78
Cub-Am S.	..	45
C-Am S pf.	94½	96½
D & R G pf	43⅝	45
D M & Ft D	5	..
D M & Ft D pf.	25	..
Det & M.	110	..
D & M pf.	100	112
Det U Ry.	70	78
Dist Sec.	30¼	31
D, S S & A.	8½	10
D, S S & A pf.	16¾	18
Du P de N Pow pf.	90⅝	95
Erie 2d pf.	42⅝	43¼
Ev & T H pf.	..	105
F M & S.	12	15
F M & S pf	37	39
Gen Motors.	33½	35½
Gen C Co.	125	134
G C Co pf.	107	110
G & S Tel.	113	..
Granby Con.	..	60
Hav E R.	101	..
H E R pf.	..	110
Hock Val.	120	..
Homestake.	87	89
Ill C I I.	90¼	..
Inger-Rand	95	..
Inger-R pf.	97	..
Int H pf.	115	120
Int Paper.	9½	10
Int P pf.	46¼	46½
Iowa Cent.	13	15
Iowa C pf.	26	30
K C, Ft S & M pf.	77½	80
Kan C So.	27	28¾
K C So pf.	63½	64
K & D M.	7	9
K & D M pf	37	50
K I, C pf.	..	78½
Lack Steel.	30¼	35
L E & W pf	29	33¼
Lake Shore.	350	..
Long Island	44	52
Mackay Cos.	78	80
Man Elev.	134	137
Mer Marine	4½	5
Mer M pf.	22¼	22½
May Dep S.	70	72
Mich Cent.	150	190
M & St L.	25	31
M & St L pf.	55	56¾
M. St P & S S M pf.	148	150
M. St P & S S M I L.	87½	90¼
Mo. K & T pf.	63	65

	Bid.	Asked.
Mor & Es.	168½	171½
N,C & St L.	160	173
Nat Biscuit.	141	143½
Nat B pf.	125½	128
Nat Enam.	14	14½
Nat En pf.	93	95½
Nat L pf.	105⅞	107½
Nat Rs of M 1st pf.	69	71
N Y, C & St L.	54	59½
N Y, C & St L 1st pf.	98½	110
N Y, C & St L 2d pf.	82	90
N Y D Co.	..	25
N Y D Co pf.	..	64½
N Y, N H & H.	138½	139
Norf So.	49	55
N & W pf.	91	91¼
Ont Mining	1	1⅝
Pac Coast.	90	97½
P C 1st pf.	85	105
P C 2d pf.	90	105
P T & T pf.	98¼	..
Peo & East	13	20
Pere Marq.	..	30
P M 2d pf.	..	38
Phelps-D'ge.	205	..
P, C, C & St L.	100¾	101⅝
P, C, C & St L pf.	105	118
P, Ft W & C.	164½	..
Pitts St pf.	101	102
P Y & A pf.	160½	..
Pr St Car.	32½	33½
P S C pf.	100	102
Pub S Cor.	106	109
Quicksilver.	3	3¾
Q'ksil'r pf.	4	5
Rens & Sar.	184	..
R. W & O.	117	..
St L & S F 1st pf.	66	68
St L & S F 2d pf.	40¼	40½
St L & S F, C & E I ctfs.	125	200
St L & S F, C & E I new ctfs.	53	60
St L & S F, C & E I pf ctfs.	105½	125
St L S W.	28¾	30
St L S W pf.	68	69
Sears-Roeb.	140⅛	142
Sears-R pf.	122	122½
S-S S & I.	40	45
S-S S & I pf.	..	108¼
So P R S.	81	88
S P R S pf.	107½	112
So Ry, M & Ohio ctfs.	80	89
Tenn Cop.	37½	38¼
Stand Mill.	15	16¼
Stand M pf.	53	55
T P L Tr.	90	93
Third Av, f paid	..	50
T, P & W.	16	..
T R & L.	3	3½
T C R T.	104	106
Und Typew.	101	103
Und T pf.	110¼	112
U B & P.	4½	4¾
U B & P pf.	51	53
Un Dry G.	98	100
U Rys Inv.	31½	32
U R Inv pf.	59	59½
U S I Alc.	24¾	27
U S I A pf.	95	98
U S C I P pf.	42	51
U S Exp.	84	88
U S R & I.	69	69¼
U S R & R.	2	3
U S R & R pf.	..	12½
U S R 1st pf.	109	110
U S R 2d pf	73	75
V R & P pf	84	..
Va-C C Co.	53½	53¾
Va-C C Co pf.	121	122
Va I, C & C.	60	80
Vulcan Det.	16	19
Vul D pf.	72¼	76
Wabash	6¾	7
Wab pf.	18¾	19
W F Exp.	142	145
West Md.	57¼	57⅞
W Md pf.	76¼	80½
Westingh'se 1st pf.	118	120
W & L E.	3¾	4¼
W & L E 2d pf.	5¼	6
Wis Cent.	52¾	56

THE OUTSIDE SECURITIES.

Market Moves Narrowly, Though Trading Is in Fair Volume.

Curb trading was in fair volume yesterday, but price movements were narrowly confined. In the mining list there were a number of small gains. The Tobacco issues were irregular and sluggish. British-American sold up from 17¾ to 18 and closed at 17⅝, after sales of 5,000.

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Transactions reported yesterday in the outside market, with opening, high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
330	Am. C. P., w. i.	106¼	106½	105¼	106½
8	Am. Snuff	130	130	125	125
1,000	A. Tob. ex sub.	250	252	249	251
20	A. Tob. ex war.	468¼	468½	468½	468½
500	Bay State Gas.	½	½	½	½
5,000	Brit. Am. Tob.	17¾	18	17⅝	17⅝
2	Conley Foil Co.	250	250	250	250
50	G. W. Helme.	146	160	146	160
830	Hous. Oil cts.	8½	8½	†8¼	8½
100	Hous. Oil pf. cts	70½	70½	70½	70½
3	J. S. Youngs.	170	170	170	170
2	Johnson T. Foil.	125	125	125	125
250	Kayser	63½	64	63½	64
60	Kayser pf.	104¼	104¼	104¼	104¼
482	Lehigh V. Coal Sales Co. w. i.	197	192	192	198
25	Mc. A. & For.	170	185	170	185
52	R. J. Reynolds.	190	192	190	192
165	M. Rumely Co.	98¾	98⅞	98¾	98⅞
5	St. Oil ex sub.	369	369	369	369
150	F. W. Wool.	80½	80½	80½	80½
25	F. W. Wool. pf.	109½	110	109½	109½
60	‡Un. C. Stores.	195	198	195	196
50	Wey. & Brut.	163	171	163	171

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
300	Braden Cop.	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
1,500	Butte Coalition.	22½	22½	22½	22⅝
1,000	*C. O. D. Con.	14	14	13	14
1,000	Con. Ariz. Sm.	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅜
500	Davis-D. Cop.	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞
475	First National.	2⅞	3	2⅞	3
2,000	Giroux Min.	4 9-16	4 11-16	4 9-16	4 9-16
1,000	*Greenwater	6	6	6	6
1,500	Greene-Can.	8⅜	8½	8⅜	8½
45	Guggenheim Ex.	183	183	180	180
2,000	Inspirat'n Cop.	10⅛	10¼	10⅛	10¼
100	Mason Valley	11½	11½	11½	11½
100	Nevada Hills	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
300	Nip. Mines Co.	6¼	6⅜	6¼	6¼
1,500	Ohio Copper	1	1	1	1
1,000	Pacific Smelt.	7-16	7-16	7-16	7-16
800	Porcupine Cent.	3½	3⅝	3½	3⅝
1,700	Porcupine Nor.	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞
9,500	Preston E. D.	8	8	7	7
2,500	Ray Central	1 13-16	1⅞	1 13-16	1⅞
300	So. U. M. & S.	11-16	11-16	11-16	11-16
1,500	Tonopah Ext.	1 5-16	1 5-16	1 5-16	1 5-16
135	‡Tonopah Min.	6⅞	6⅞	6 13-16	6⅞
3,000	*Wettlauf. S.M.	79	79	77	77
900	Yukon Gold M.	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$8,000	Adams Exp. 4s.	85	85¼	85	85¼
13,000	Chi. Elev. 5s.	98⅛	98¼	98⅛	98¼
8,000	Int. Harv. 5% notes	100⅜	100½	100⅜	100½
38,000	N. Y., W. & B. 4½s	98⅜	98⅜	98¼	98¼
8,000	Ray Con. 6s	111	111	111	111
3,000	Ray Con. 6s	111	111	111	111

*Sells cents per share. †Odd lots. ‡Ex dividend.

***

	Jan. 16. Bid.	Jan. 16. Asked.	Jan. 15. Bid.	Jan. 15. Asked.
A., G. & W. I.	7	8	7	8
A., G. & W. I. pf.	16	17	16	17
Am. Light & Traction	296	300	296	300
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	106	108	106	108
Am. Writing Paper	1½	2	1½	2
Borden's Cond. Milk	129	130½	130	132
Borden's Cond. Milk pf.	108½	109½	108¼	110
Braden Copper	5⅝	5¾	5⅝	5¾
British Col. Copper	4	4½	4	4½
Butte Coalition	22⅜	22½	22½	23¾
Con. Rubber Tire	5	6	4	4¾
Con. Rubber Tire pf.	28	28	22	30
Davis-Daly Copper	13-16	15-16	13-16	15-16
F. W. Woolworth	80	81	80	81
F. W. Woolworth pf.	100	110	109	110
First Nat. Copper	2⅞	3	2½	2⅞
Giroux Mining	4⅝	4¾	4½	4⅝
Greene-Cananea	8½	8⅝	8⅜	8½
Guggenheim Explor.	180	185	185	195
Int. Rubber ctfs.	15	17½	16	17½
J. Kayser	63½	64½	63½	64½
J. Kayser pf.	104	104½	103	104
Kerr Lake	2¾	2⅞	2¾	2⅞
Lehigh V. S. Co., w. i.	198	199	..	..
M. Rumely Co., w. i.	98⅜	99	98¾	99
Mason Valley	11⅜	11⅝	11½	11¾
Mason Valley 6s	117	..	117	..
Nipissing	6⅛	6⅜	6⅛	6¼
Ray Central	1 13-16	1 13-16	1 13-16	1⅞
Studebaker Co.	58⅝	59	58½	59
Studebaker Co. pf.	103	104	103	104
Tonopah Mining	6¾	6⅞	6 13-16	6⅞
United Cigar Mfrs.	54⅛	55½	53½	55
U. S. Cigar Stores	195	196	195	196
U. S. L. & H., new	16	16	15½	16½
U. S. L. & H., new, pf.	80	84	88	86
Western Pacific 5s	86	88	87½	89
Yukon Gold Mines	3⅜	3 7-16	3⅜	3 7-16

AMERICAN TOBACCO ISSUES.

	Jan. 16. Bid.	Jan. 16. Asked.	Jan. 15. Bid.	Jan. 15. Asked.
Am. Snuff com., new	127	135	126	132
Am. Snuff pf.	100	105	100	104
Am. Tob., old, ex war	460	475	450	470
Am. Tob., ex subsid	250	252	250	252
British-American	17½	17¾	17	17¼
Conley Foil	230	260	220	250
G. W. Helme	145	155	145	152
G. W. Helme pf.	95	..	95	..
Johnson Tinfoil & Met.	120	175	110	130
J. S. Young	150	180	140	160
MacAndrews & Forbes	170	190	162	178
Porto Rico-Am	230	275	220	235
R. J. Reynolds	190	195	189	194
United Cigar Stores	195	197	194	197
Weyman-Brutton	165	180	160	170
Weyman-Brutton pf.	95	..	95	..

To Bondholders and Stockholders
OF
National Surety Company
We have just completed the most satisfactory year in our history. Full particulars later.
National Surety Company
115 BROADWAY
"America's Leading Surety Company"
WE BOND MORE PEOPLE THAN ANY OTHER COMPANY IN THE WORLD

Founded 1873
Tobey & Kirk
WILL SELL:
2 shs. American Caramel Com. @ 22¼
$10,000 American Pipe & Foundry 1st 6s @ 104
25 shs. American Press Association @ 90
90 shs. American Seeding Machine Pfd. @ 101
27 shs. American Seeding Machine Com. @ 82½
100 shs. Borden's Milk Com. @ 130½
$10,000 Brooklyn Ferry Cons. 5s, Ctfs. @ 12 flat
$20 Brooklyn Union "L" Pfd. Scrip @ 70
411 shs. Buffalo Gas Com. @ 3¾ flat
$4,000 Buffalo Gas 1st 5s @ 60½
9 shs. Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Pfd. @ 98½
$1,000 Detroit, Toledo & Ironton 4½s Ctf. @ 5 flat
20 shs. Edison Portland Cement Com. @ 1
$2,000 International Salt Co. 5s, 1951 @ 48½ flat
10 shs. Manhattan Rubber Mfg. @ 128½
100 shs. Metropolitan Life Insurance @ 170
50 shs. Metropolitan Street Railway 25% Pd. @ 11½
$10,000 Mexican Government 3s, J. & D. 30th @ 36 flat
12 shs. Mississippi Wire Glass Com. @ 110
40 shs. North Jersey Land Co. @ 6¼
100 shs. Somerton Hills Cem., Philadelphia @ 5½
22 shs. Standard Oil Cloth Pfd. @ 97
$1,702 Trenton Potteries 4% Funding Ctfs. @ 50 flat
100 shs. Union Typewriter Com. @ 38½
25 shs. Union Typewriter 2d Pfd. @ 99¼
Bonds "and interest."
TOBEY & KIRK
25 Broad Street, New York
'Phones: 4294-5-6-7-8-9 Broad.

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES
The most attractive investments at the present time from both the standpoint of security and large income are bonds of public utility corporations operating in prosperous localities and rendering necessary service to rapidly growing territories.
The companies whose securities we offer are under competent and successful management; they serve a population of approximately 600,000; the equities in physical assets are most substantial.
We shall be pleased to submit our special circulars for your consideration.
Smith-Tevis-Hanford Company
60 BROADWAY. NEW YORK CITY.

The World's Best Security —Manhattan Island Real Estate—
Protects the
6% Mortgage Bonds
of the New York Real Estate Security Company. The Company invests only in high-grade, improved, income-producing business and apartment properties in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, and such property is held by a Trustee as security for the bonds.
These bonds are in denominations of $100-$500-$1000 and are offered to investors at par [100] and interest. They are tax exempt in New York State, and interest is paid semi-annually, January and July.
New York Real Estate Security Company
42 Broadway, New York City
Write for Circular 5
Capital $3,950,000

HARRIMAN NATIONAL BANK
Fifth Avenue and 44th Street
NEW YORK
Capital and Surplus, $400,000
Deposits - - - $7,000,000
Merchants and others of responsibility and standing, who appreciate the services and facilities afforded by a conservative bank, and contemplate any change in their banking arrangements, or the opening of a new account, are invited to consider relations with this bank.
SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS
Open from 8 A. M. to 12 Midnight

ASSETS REALIZATION COMPANY
CAPITAL $10,000,000
Will loan on security requiring special investigation or close supervision, and not available for bank loans.
Large enterprises financed.
Prompt investigation of security offered, whatever its character or location.
CORRESPONDENCE INVITED
NEW YORK - - - 25 Broad Street
PHILADELPHIA - Lafayette Building
CHICAGO - First National Bank Bldg.

The New York Produce Exchange Safe Deposit & Storage Co.
INCORPORATED 1883.
An unusually secure PRIVATE VAULT for $1,000 per year. SAFES from $5 to $300 per year.
FIREPROOF ROOMS
for storing records, books, etc., $50 to $500 per year.

American Bank Note Company
Broad and Beaver Streets, New York

Chartered 1836.
Girard Trust Co.
PHILADELPHIA
Capital and Surplus $10,000,000
E. B. Morris, President

THE NEW YORK CENTRAL & HUDSON RIVER R. R. COMPANY

New York, January 16, 1912.

THE NEW YORK CENTRAL & HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY, pursuant to authority given by the Public Service Commission of the State of New York, offers to purchase the stock of the **NEW YORK & HARLEM RAILROAD COMPANY** at $175.00 for each share of the par value of $50.00. Stock, properly endorsed for transfer, may be delivered to the fiscal agents of the Company, Messrs. J. P. MORGAN & COMPANY, New York, who, upon such delivery, will make payment therefor,

By the Board of Directors.

W. C. BROWN, President.

DWIGHT W. PARDEE, Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE IDAHO-OREGON LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY, a corporation of the State of Maine, in accordance with the provisions of Section 2 of Article VIII. of its Consolidated First and Refunding Mortgage and Deed of Trust, dated November 1, 1910, has appointed the BANKERS TRUST COMPANY and F. N. B. CLOSE, both of the City and State of New York, trustees under its said mortgage and deed of trust, to succeed the Windsor Trust Company and Marmaduke Tilden, both of the City of New York, resigned, and that the said Bankers Trust Company and F. N. B. Close have respectively accepted in writing their appointment as such trustees, upon the terms and conditions set forth in said mortgage and deed of trust.

Dated January 16th, 1912.

IDAHO-OREGON LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY,
By WILLIAM MAINLAND, President.

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.
The Franklin Society
A savings institution, founded 1888 under the N. Y. State Banking Law. Accounts of $10 or more opened on or before Jan. 31 earn from Feb. 1. Write for Booklet A. Or start at once. 38 Park Row, New York City.
4½%

STOCK MARKET PROSPECTS.
Wall Street business in a nutshell in The New York Times Weekly Financial Review. Reliable newspaper for investors. Range of prices for many years. Crop reports, summary of metal, wheat, and cotton markets. Every Monday. Mailed anywhere in the United States for One Dollar a year.—Adv.

EQUITABLE TRUST CO. BUYING OUT A RIVAL

Offer of $375 a Share for Trust Company of America Stock Likely to be Accepted.

OAKLEIGH THORNE APPROVES

His Stockholders Also Willing—Equitable Will United Both Companies Under Its Name—Deposits $70,000,000.

An offer of $375 a share for the 20,000 shares of the Trust Company of America has been made by President Alvin Krech of the Equitable Trust Company, and if it is accepted by a vote of two-thirds of the stock of the former company the two institutions will be merged. This announcement was made yesterday by Oakleigh Thorne, President of the Trust Company of America, who said that he had canvassed a number of his shareholders, and had found them in favor of the sale. A notice to all stockholders was sent out last night, informing them that the offer stands open until Feb. 15, and that a special meeting will be called to vote on the proposal.

The Equitable Trust Company, which has made rapid strides in the last few years, has been contemplating expansion for some months and early in the Summer tentative plans for the absorption of the Knickerbocker Trust Company became known, but because of the widely scattered stock ownership of that company and the disinclination of a large body of its owners who had stood by the Knickerbocker through the panic to favor the idea, the proposal was dropped. At that time it was also reported in Wall Street that the Trust Company of America, which like the Knickerbocker Trust Company, has a large building advantageously situated in the financial district, was also spoken of as a possible purchaser of the Equitable.

President Krech explained yesterday that the Equitable building fire which had driven the Equitable Trust Company out of its old quarters, at the corner of Nassau and Pine Streets, in temporary shelter in the old offices of the Carnegie Trust Company, at 115 Broadway, had brought matters to a head. The Trust Company of America owns the skyscraper at 37 to 43 Wall Street, and if the merger plans go through as expected, the Equitable Trust Company will occupy the banking rooms on the ground floor now used by the Trust Company of America. The merged company will carry the name of the Equitable Trust Company, and the title of the Trust Company of America will be eliminated.

Total Deposits $70,000,000.

This would make the Equitable Company one of the five largest in the city, giving it aggregate deposits of about $70,000,000. According to the latest statement of the Trust Company of America, that of Dec. 30 last, it had capital of $2,000,000, surplus of $6,000,000, and undivided profits of $163,849. This gives the stock a book value of $408 a share, but the highest price at which it sold in 1911 was $370. The last sale was at $327, and the bid price on Monday was $330.

Deposits of the company on Dec. 30 were $27,337,330. The price offered by Mr. Krech of $375 a share would require a payment of $7,500,000. President Krech made this explanation of his proposal:

"I have made an offer to purchase the stock of the Trust Company of America at $375 on behalf of the Equitable Trust Company. The company could not make the purchase itself, but I made the offer personally. We will take not less than two-thirds of the stock, thereby giving us control, and we have given the Trust Company of America until Feb. 15 to give consent of the holders of two-thirds of the stock. The purchase of the stock will include the building in which the Trust Company of America is located at 37 Wall Street, as well as the business of the company. The building is owned by the Trust Company of America.

"We had outgrown our old quarters on Nassau Street, and as soon as the Equitable fire started last Tuesday I began negotiations with Mr. Thorne for the purchase of the Trust Company of America. Our object is to secure permanent banking quarters which will be large enough to accommodate our growing business.

"I believe there is a mortgage of $2,000,000 against the Trust Company of America building, which, I think, is held by the trust company itself. They carry the building among their assets at $2,000,000. The two items make up the actual cost of the building at $4,000,000. The Trust Company of America has deposits of $27,000,000."

Third Company It Absorbs.

The Equitable Trust Company, with a capital of $3,000,000 and surplus and undivided profits of $11,205,300, had deposits at the time of the last statement of $40,318,700. It has absorbed two other trust companies since the panic of 1907, taking over the Bowling Green Trust Company, with resources of $14,000,000, on March 31, 1908, and the Madison Trust Company, with resources of $6,579,800, on June 1 of last year.

When J. P. Morgan bought controlling interest in the Equitable Life Assurance Society two years or more ago, President Alvin Krech of the trust company formed a syndicate which absorbed the 14,531 shares of Equitable Trust stock then held by the Equitable Life. The price paid was $500 a share, which involved the payment of $7,265,500. The shares were taken over by about twenty members of the syndicate. John D. Rockefeller was one of those largely interested. Henry S. Cooper was afterward elected to the board to represent him. George J. Gould is also interested in the Equitable Trust.

The Trust Company of America was one of those in which interest centred during the panic. It withstood a run lasting several days. The Trustees of the Equitable Trust Company are Charles B. Alexander, Harry Bronner, Urban H. Broughton, Henry R. Carse, Robert C. Clowry, Herman J. Cook, Henry E. Cooper, Frederic R. Coudert, Paul D. Cravath, William H. Crocker, Thomas DeWitt Cuyler, William A. Day, Frederick W. Fulle, Robert Goelet, Edwin Gould, Edwin Hawley, Thomas H. Hubbard, Richard R. Hunter, Edward T. Jeffery, Bradish Johnson, Otto H. Kahn, Alvin W. Krech, Leonor F. Loree, George Welwood Murray, Ralph Peters, Winslow S. Pierce, Lyman Rhoades, William H. Taylor, and Henry Rogers Winthrop.

The Directors of the Trust Company of America are Albert B. Boardman, William H. Chesebrough, Ashbel P. Fitch, Charles D. Freeman, H. B. Hollins, Frank R. Lawrence, Charles C. Meyer, Seth M. Milliken, Morgan J. O'Brien, Joseph J. O'Donohoue, Jr., Lowell M. Palmer, Stephen Peabody, E. Clifford Potter, William F. Sheehan, George R. Sheldon, Henry F. Shoemaker, Oakleigh Thorne, and W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Dr. John Franklin Crowell will speak on "Maritime Aspects of the Panama Canal" and Richard D. Wyckoff will speak on "Tape Reading" at 8 o'clock to-night at the Finance Forum, West Side Y. M. C. A., 318 West Fifty-seventh Street.

A dividend of 4 per cent., an increase of 1 per cent., has been declared by the Binghamton Railway Company, 2 per cent. payable Feb. 15 and 2 per cent. Aug. 15. The books of transfer close Feb. 1, 1912, and Aug. 1, 1912, respectively. It is announced that earnings were equivalent to 6½ per cent. upon the stock for the past year.

Equitable Trust Company interests state that sufficient Wabash refunding and extension 4 per cent. bonds, though not a majority, have been deposited with the Pierce Protective Committee to insure to it the control of the reorganization of the Wabash.

Middlebury College of Middlebury, Vt., has elected William H. Porter, partner in J. P. Morgan & Co., to a Trusteeship. Mr. Porter has accepted. He was born in Middlebury and spent his early life in Vermont.

The British-American Tobacco Company has issued a circular to stockholders, who have come into possession of its shares through the distribution by the American Tobacco Company of its two-thirds interest, as required by the Circuit Court decree, explaining how they may transfer their holdings. Certification of transfers, which in England is made at the company's office, can be made at the New York office, which will also look after the payment of the English duty of ½ of 1 per cent. and the registration fee of 2s. 6d. on each transfer.

THE RISE IN SHOE PRICES.

Retailers Worried About It and They Agree Not to Buy Novelties.

All retail shoe dealers are not welcoming the anticipated advance in the price of shoes this Spring. Many of them anticipate trouble in persuading the customer that the increase of cost is a necessity thrust upon them by the manufacturers, and not an effort at extortion. If the public takes the latter view, sales will be diminished to an uncomfortable degree, and to have shoes lie on his shelves for any length of time always makes a retailer nervous. He fears that a change in style will leave them on his hands indefinitely.

For this reason a movement has been set on foot to urge retailers, buying now for the Spring trade, to buy more largely of the standard styles of footgear and more sparingly of the innumerable new styles which are shown by the manufacturers each season.

In giving advice along this line to the retailer, The Dry Goods Economist says in its current issue:

> To meet present conditions the average retailer of shoes, we believe, must confine his styles to a few that are fully up to the newest trend of fashion, but that preclude the hundred and one freaks adorning the salesmen's sample trunks. Measure your success by a three or five years' business review along this line. For one extreme style that your competitor is selling he will have probably at least three "stickers" on his shelves.

President A. H. Meadors of the Southern Shoe Retailers' Association says:

"We are heartily in sympathy with the uniform styles suggestion and shall gladly co-operate with other associations in the advancement of this big work."

Wilmer Hanan of John H. Hanan & Son, whose shoe factories are in Brooklyn, was asked yesterday by a TIMES reporter how this would affect the shoe manufacturer, and he replied: "If any considerable majority of retail shoe dealers should really unite in refusing to buy shoe novelties, of course the factories would cease to turn them out; but I don't believe they ever will unite. There is always some member of a compact like that who will seek to take advantage of his fellows, and when he sees them loading up their shelves with staple goods will himself buy the novelties and advertise them."

Nevertheless the movement is going forward.

MOVE FOR BATH TRUST MEN.

Oil Decision Quashes Criminal Feature of Trust Law, Says Counsel.

DETROIT, Mich., Jan. 16.—Whether the recent Standard Oil decision of the United States Supreme Court eliminated the criminal feature from the Sherman anti-trust law was a question that arose today in the United States District Court here before Judge A. C. Angell, on a motion made in behalf of the Colwell Lead Company of New York to quash indictments in the Government's criminal case against the "Bath Tub Trust."

Likelihood of a postponement of the trial, which is set for Jan. 30, appeared when Judge Angell received with evident interest a suggestion from Attorney Henry E. Bodman, for the defense, that if the pending motion to quash were sustained the Government could appeal at once directly to the United States Supreme Court, while if the ruling were against the defense, the matter could not reach the Supreme Court until after an expensive trial.

President Taft's name was injected into the case when Attorney Bodman said: "If the Sherman law had been shown to Judge Taft when it was being drafted, if he had been asked whether it could be sustained as a criminal act, and if it was so drawn that a person subject to its provisions could not tell until he had been tried whether he had violated the act or not, Judge Taft would, in my judgment, have advised that such a statute could not be sustained."

Mr. Bodman referred to the Sherman law under present conditions as a veritable trap in which a man might suddenly find himself liable to be imprisoned after having conducted his business carefully with the advice of lawyers.

Judge Angell said this was perhaps the first time a court had been asked to decide whether an indictment under the Sherman law must classify an alleged restraint of trade as unreasonable within the meaning of the Standard Oil decision.

"A Judge is placed in a very delicate position in having to pass upon that point at this time," he said. He took the matter under advisement.

JOINING SURETY INTERESTS.

President Joyce of National Buys Into Empire State Surety.

William B. Joyce, President of the National Surety Company, and a number of his friends have bought a large interest in the Empire State Surety Company. It is their purpose to increase the company's facilities, and with the co-operation of the present officers and Directors endeavor to enlarge its field. The Board of Directors is to be strengthened, and Mr. Joyce has proposed these for membership in the board: John W. Platten, President United States Mortgage and Trust Company; Frank B. Keech of Keech, Loew & Co.; E. H. Clark, manager of the Hearst estate; Payson Merrill of Merrill & Rogers, and W. A. Tucker of Tucker, Anthony & Co. Later on others will be added to this last.

When it is found desirable the capital of the company will be increased to an amount necessary for the proper and successful conduct of the business.

PLANNING A CANAL LINE.

President of the Mercantile Marine Here for a Conference.

J. Bruce Ismay, President of the International Mercantile Marine Company, arrives to-day on the Olympic to discuss the business of the company with P. A. S. Franklin, the Vice President, who lives here.

One of the subjects for discussion will be the operating of passenger and freight steamships from New York by way of the Panama Canal to San Francisco. The company has already placed two of its steamships, the Finland and Kroonland, back under the American flag, and will probably build others for the coasting trade if Mr. Ismay agrees to the proposal.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—The following is the forecast for Wednesday and Thursday, as issued by the United States Weather Bureau, for the cotton and grain States:

North Carolina, South Carolina, and Georgia—Fair weather and rising temperature Wednesday and probably Thursday; light, variable winds, becoming southerly.

Alabama and Mississippi.—Fair and warmer Wednesday. Thursday, probably fair, with moderate temperature; moderate south and southwest winds.

Florida—Fair weather and rising temperature Wednesday and Thursday; light, variable winds, becoming east and southeast.

Louisiana—Fair and warmer Wednesday. Thursday, unsettled; moderate southeast and south winds.

Eastern Texas—Fair Wednesday. Thursday, unsettled, colder in northern portion; moderate to brisk southerly winds.

Western Texas—Fair Wednesday. Thursday, probably fair and colder.

Utah—Local rains or snows and somewhat colder Wednesday; Thursday probably fair.

Oklahoma—Fair Wednesday. Thursday unsettled and colder.

Arkansas—Cloudy and warmer Wednesday. Thursday unsettled; colder in western portion.

Tennessee—Fair and warmer Wednesday. Thursday probably rain, warmer in eastern portion.

Kentucky—Fair and warmer Wednesday, probably followed by rain or snow Wednesday night or Thursday.

Ohio—Fair and warmer Wednesday, probably followed by rain or snow Wednesday night or Thursday; moderate southerly winds.

Indiana and Illinois—Cloudy and warmer Wednesday, probably snow or rain Wednesday night or Thursday.

Lower Michigan—Local showers and warmer Wednesday. Thursday snow flurries and colder; moderate to brisk southeasterly winds.

Upper Michigan—Local snows Wednesday and Thursday; warmer Wednesday.

Wisconsin—Local snows Wednesday and probably Thursday; warmer Wednesday; moderate southeasterly winds, shifting to northerly Wednesday night.

Iowa—Local snows Wednesday; warmer in eastern and central portions. Thursday unsettled and colder.

Missouri—Cloudy and warmer Wednesday, probably rain or snow Wednesday or Thursday; colder in western portion Thursday.

North and South Dakota—Probably snow and colder Wednesday. Thursday fair.

Nebraska—Cloudy Wednesday; colder in western portion, probably local snows Wednesday night or Thursday.

Kansas—Cloudy Wednesday; warmer in eastern portion. Thursday local snows and colder.

CHICAGO TRADE ALL RIGHT.

Bankers Believe It Will Improve After the National Conventions.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Jan. 16.—Chicago bankers believe underlying business conditions are sound and trade betterment is only delayed by the prominence given to politics. Money is in plentiful supply and available at lower rates of discount than existed last Summer, due to the fact that the demands usually made upon banks at this period of the year are much less exacting than anticipated.

Country banks are returning funds withdrawn last Fall, and Chicago institutions have been sending money to New York for employment.

"There is nothing the matter with business," said George M. Reynolds, President of the Continental and Commercial National Bank, "except that people still lack confidence. Conditions surrounding finance and merchandising are absolutely sound. There is plenty of money to be had, but business men have not courage to go ahead.

"People in general are carrying small stocks, they have good balances in the banks, and trade is running smoothly, but there is no boom. That will come when the politicians get through talking and it will not come before. I can see some improvement even since the first of the year, and there have been no retrogressions."

Edmund D. Hulbert, Vice President of the Merchants' Loan and Trust Company, said:

"Conditions in general are rarely as sound as at the present time and the low rate at which money is available tells the story."

"Business is fair," said W. M. Cook, Vice President of the Central Trust, "and there is plenty of money to be had at 4½ per cent., while counter-rates range at 5 to 5½ per cent. The outlook is favorable for a rush in business when the season becomes a little more advanced."

BUTTER HIGHEST IN 28 YEARS

Some Retailers Selling It at 52 Cents a Pound—May Go Higher.

The wholesale price of butter, as quoted yesterday on the Mercantile Exchange, reached its highest point in twenty-eight years, and there was frequent prediction that the highest record for this country will be made before the end of the week. Wholesalers yesterday decided upon 42 cents as the lowest quotation for the best butter, and in some places the retail price was set at 52 cents.

Those familiar with the butter trade are pointing to several causes to explain this soaring so distressing to the householder. In the first place, the long period of drought last Spring was responsible for a scanty storing last Summer, and the present stretch of cold weather has curtailed the more recent output of the commodity. Besides this, the production was lowered last Summer by the great mortality among the cows, caused by the excessive heat.

Altogether the weather has had a good deal to do with it, but a contributing cause is seen in the anti-storage legislation in this and other States, which is believed to have restricted the packing. It was not until the middle of last July that the trade appreciated the reality of the foreshadowed shortage, and it was then too late to get large quantities. Some few, however, according to the gossip of produce circles, did have a premonition of what was going to happen, and they are said to have made big profits.

The cold weather has affected almost all the other lists on the Mercantile Exchange. Fresh poultry is higher than it was at this time last year, really fresh eggs are scarce, and all fresh vegetables have been injured by the frost.

BLAME EAST FOR HIGH BUTTER

Chicago Dealer Says Prices Are Due to Cold Storage Accumulation.

CHICAGO, Jan. 16.—Sixty cents a pound for butter was said to-day to be the price to which retail dealers in Chicago looked forward. Quotations this afternoon reached 47 cents, the highest in the city's market history.

This additional burden on the cost of living was blamed by the storekeepers to scarcity, resulting from the recent severe weather conditions, but other persons were not slow to ascribe the advance to an alleged trust, which has been under investigation by Federal authorities.

The onus, according to one usually well-posted authority, was declared to be on Eastern houses that have been manipulating prices by means of large holdings of cold-storage butter.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Exports for Foreign Countries Must Be So Declared on Entry.

It was decided yesterday by the Board of United General Appraisers that unless Canadian forwarders state their intentions at the time of entry, into this country, that their merchandise is intended for export, the regular duties under the American Tariff law will stand. It appears that empty barrels were shipped by Lever Bros, Limited, of Toronto, Canada, bound to Philadelphia, for transhipment to Liverpool, England.

The testimony shows that after arrival at Philadelphia, the goods were actually shipped abroad. The importer, or consignee of the goods in this country, was T. W. Saunders. After the barrels were emptied, it was sought to prove by oral evidence or by letters that these barrels were intended to be shipped to Philadelphia for export.

Judge Somerville holds, in overruling the protest, that the importer failed to comply with the custom of regulations in that at the time of entry he failed to show an intent to export the goods. It is held that a secret intention not communicated in the manner required by law, avails nothing. In view of these circumstances the protest is overruled and the assessment of duty affirmed, even though the merchandise did not enter into the trade and commerce of the United States for consumption.

The board, in a decision by Judge Somerville, denied a contention raised by F. B. Vandegrift & Co., regarding the allowance to be made for decayed lemons brought to this port and alleged to constitute a non-importation, therefore not liable to duty. Although the importers submitted proof attempting to show a percentage of the cargoes damaged, Judge Somerville holds that the "proof" fails to prove their case, the protest being overruled.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

AMERICAN RAILWAYS—

	1912.	1911.	Increase.
Month Dec.	$408,999	$381,934	$27,065
July 1-Dec. 31	2,470,882	2,335,777	135,105

ANN ARBOR—

1st week Jan.	34,366	34,185	180
July 1-Jan. 7	1,241,738	1,123,901	117,837

ATLANTA, BIRMINGHAM & ATLANTIC—

1st week Jan.	56,028	53,766	2,262
July 1-Jan. 7	1,728,296	1,476,505	251,787

HAVANA ELECTRIC—

2d week Jan.	44,504	43,208	1,296
Jan. 1-Jan. 14	94,714	84,957	9,737

ST. LOUIS, ROCKY MOUNTAIN & PACIFIC for November—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Gross	188,012	191,877	152,619
Net	60,886	78,512	47,383
Surp. after chgs.	25,416	46,612	14,030
Five mos. gross	730,505	809,035	721,507
Five mos. net	235,359	319,410	229,396
Five mos. surp. after charges	76,962	156,317	61,821

SPOKANE, PORTLAND & SEATTLE report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for November—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
Mileage	550.95	432.94	118.01
Total oper. rev.	427,450	307,726	119,724
Total oper. exp.	202,841	174,433	28,407
Net oper. rev.	224,609	133,292	91,317
Outs. op. (net)	123	†1,324	1,448
Total net rev.	224,733	131,968	92,765
Taxes	32,200	38,500	*6,600
Operating inc.	192,533	93,468	99,035
July 1 to Nov. 30:			
Total oper. rev.	2,201,928	2,118,617	83,310
Total oper. exp.	1,038,643	983,869	54,773
Net oper. rev.	1,163,285	1,134,747	28,537
Outs. op. (net)	8,930	†2,722	11,653
Total net rev.	1,172,216	1,132,025	40,190
Taxes	201,000	159,100	41,900
Operating inc.	971,216	972,925	*1,709

*Decrease. †Debit.

PHILADELPHIA RAPID TRANSIT CO. for December—

Gross	1,964,271	1,838,996	125,275
Expenses	1,168,293	1,114,680	53,613
Net	795,978	724,316	71,662
Charges	741,502	715,004	26,498
Surplus	54,475	9,311	45,164
Six mos. gross	11,344,407	10,732,534	611,873
Expenses	6,858,487	6,530,419	328,068
Six mos. net	4,485,920	4,202,115	283,805
Charges	4,430,323	4,384,315	46,008
Six mos. surp.	55,596	*182,200	237,796

*Deficit.

INTERBORO-MET. FIGURES UP.

Deficit $192,801, but Surface Line Earnings Expected to Improve Now.

Stockholders of the Interborough-Metropolitan Company held their first meeting yesterday since the company took over the operation of the old Metropolitan Street Railway, now known as the New York City Railways. To comply with requirements of the New York Stock Exchange, which make it necessary to send out annual reports fifteen days before the annual meetings, it was voted to change the fiscal year to end June 30 instead of Dec. 31. Mr. Shonts said that the changes brought about at the end of the calendar year by the reorganization of the surface lines have made it difficult to render an intelligent financial statement as of Dec. 31, 1911. For that reason, the report submitted at yesterday's meeting was made up for the twelve months which ended on June 30. The date for holding the annual meetings will be changed to September.

The Interborough-Metropolitan Company ended the past year with a deficit of $192,801, which reduced its profit and loss surplus to $681,500. The holding company received from its 9 per cent. dividend on 339,128 shares of Interborough Rapid Transit Company stock $3,052,152, and in interest on loans, advances, &c., $324,293, making its total income for the year $3,376,445. Interest on the $67,825,000 Inter.-Met. 4½ per cent. collateral bonds required $3,052,125, administration and general expenses $116,219, and interest on the 6 per cent. registered notes $400,901, a total of $3,569,246.

Mr. Shonts said that for the 427,400 shares of Metropolitan stock and $4,000,000 of improvement notes and the Central Crosstown stock the holding company will receive approximately $15,400,000 of stock in the new company out of a total of $17,500,000 to be issued. There are 3,046 Metropolitan stockholders who did not avail themselves of the opportunity to surrender their shares and pay the $12.90 assessment. Some of these have since asked to be allowed to make the exchange, and the Inter.-Met. is inclined to allow them to do so. The holding company met its assessment in part through a loan of $2,000,000 obtained from Hallgarten & Co. at 6 per cent.

Mr. Shonts said that net earnings of the traction lines should amount to $1,800,000 or more for the first year. He believes that the congestion on the present Subway and the delay in building new ones will help the earnings of the surface lines, especially for short-haul business.

Three vacancies of long standing in the board were filled by the election of Robert I. Jenks, Charles B. Ludlow, and B. J. Pepperman, who make up the full complement of twenty-one.

DELAFIELD IN UNION TRUST.

Elected, with Ernest Iselin, Who Succeeds His Father in the Board.

President Richard Delafield of the National Park Bank was elected a Trustee of the Union Trust Company yesterday to fill a vacancy in the board, and at the same time Ernest Iselin was elected to succeed his father, Adrian Iselin, Jr., who resigned. They were both elected to serve for three years in the class of 1915, along with Amory S. Carhart, Walter P. Bliss, Amos F. Eno, James Gore King, and M. Orme Wilson, who were re-elected.

The Board of Trustees of the American Surety Company has been increased by the election of Charles A. Boody, Otis H. Cutler, Guy E. Tripp, John D. Ryan, and Uzal McCarter.

COMMODITY MARKETS.

Grains Close Strong; Hogs Firm; Cotton Nervous; Coffee Slumps Again.

The grain markets after an early decline in wheat were firm, closing at net gains. Corn and oats were strong with good demand for domestic distribution and active export trade in corn. Provisions were dull, but very steady. Cotton was unsettled, with irregular fluctuations on conflicting reports regarding progress of negotiations for settlement of the labor question. Coffee was excited and weak, with heavy liquidation, closing at the low point.

WHEAT.

Wheat showed weakness early, but later rallied, and closed at a net gain in most markets, although the Northwest was relatively heavy. The early selling was due to weakness in Spring wheat markets, and to some liquidation. The Northwest declined about 1c a bushel, later recovering the loss. Other markets went off about ½c. The receipts were fairly liberal through the West and Northwest, while the reports as to the snow condition were very favorable. The snow covering is general throughout, and in some States heavy. Foreign markets were a little irregular in Europe. European crop news was favorable, with heavy snow in Russia. The Argentine market was higher, with some further talk of reduced estimates and delayed shipments. The European visible supply of wheat increased 400,000 bushels for the week, against a decrease of 1,300,000 bushels last year. The United States visible decreased 2,482,000 bushels east of the Rockies, the Canadian total increased 4,013,000 bushels. The world's total increased 1,976,000 bushels, against 3,596,000 bushels decrease last year. The world's visible supply is 209,808,000 bushels, against 187,807,000 bushels last year and 135,662,000 bushels two years ago. Reports regarding the cash situation at the West were somewhat contradictory. Locally no export business was reported. No. 2 red was quoted at $1.00½, free on board; No. 1 Northern, $1.19¾; No. 2 hard Winter, $1.10¼; No. 1 Manitoba, $1.14¼.

OTHER GRAINS.

CORN.—Trade was of good volume, with prices strong. Final quotations were at the highest of the day. Receipts were good, but not as heavy as expected. The severe weather West continues to increase the demand for feedstuffs all over the country. Export demand was active, and export sales were reported of 30 loads at New York and 12 loads at outports. The visible supply of corn showed a decrease of 148,000 bushels, compared with an increase of 416,000 bushels last year. Cash corn was firm, with No. 3 quoted at 71c elevator, domestic; steamer, 69¾c; No. 2 corn, at 70½c, free on board.

OATS.—Trading in oats was also of fair volume, with prices firm, the market showing a small net gain. Small receipts were again a dominating factor in the market. Offerings of futures were light, and the market was influenced by the strength in corn. The visible supply decreased 2,149,000 bushels. Cash oats were firm, with standards and No. 3 white quoted at 55¼c; No. 2 white, 55¾c.

PROVISIONS.

Provisions were quiet and about steady. The market sold off a little at the opening, but recovered late. Western receipts of hogs were again liberal, amounting to 147,000 at all points.

NEW YORK FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
May	1.03⅝	1.03½	1.03⅝	1.03⅝
July	..	..	99⅝	99⅝
Lard—				
Cash	..	..	9.41@9.50	9.46
January	..	..	9.40@9.55	9.45
March	..	..	9.49@9.63	9.54
May	..	..	9.70@9.79	9.75

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
May	99⅝	98⅝	99⅝	99⅝
July	94⅝	94	94⅝	94⅝
September	93	92½	93	92⅝
Corn—				
January	..	..	62¼	61⅝
May	65⅜	64⅝	65⅜	64⅞
July	65¼	64⅝	65¼	64⅞
September	65½	65	65½	65¼
Oats—				
May	49¼	48	49¼	49⅛
July	45¼	44⅝	45	44⅞
September	40⅝	40¼	40⅝	40¼
Lard—				
January	9.35	9.32½	9.32½	9.37½
May	9.55	9.50	9.55	9.55
July	9.65	9.62½	9.65	9.67½
September	..	..	9.77½	9.80
Ribs—				
January	8.57½	8.55	8.57½	8.60
May	8.80	8.75	8.80	8.77½
July	8.85	8.80	8.85	8.85
Pork—				
January	..	..	15.80	15.82½
May	16.30	16.22½	16.30	16.30
July	16.45	16.37½	16.42½	16.45

COTTONSEED OIL.

Trading was of good volume, with prices fractionally easier. Scattered liquidation developed, while demand was mixed and there was very little supporting evidence. Toward the close there seemed to be some selling by refining interests. Final prices showed fractional net decline.

Future prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	5.35	5.35
Jan.	5.43	5.40	5.42	5.39
Feb.	5.53	5.53	5.52	5.52
March	5.56	5.55	5.55	5.56
April	5.59	5.59	5.58	5.59
May	5.66	5.64	5.64	5.63
June	..	..	5.66	5.63
July	5.77	5.75	5.75	5.77

COTTON.

Trading was of a nervous, unsettled character, with prices alternately above or below the final of the preceding day, the market finally closing at practically unchanged quotations. The reports regarding the labor situation both in New England and in the Lancashire districts were the principal influences. Numerous reports were received from abroad regarding the progress of the negotiations looking to the final settlement of the trouble. The reported adjournment of the conference until Friday left the market in the last hour without much basis for operations, and there was a general evening up by traders. The fact that the market has had such a good advance from the recent low point tends to make buying interests extremely cautious. Such an advance, in view of the size of the crop and the developments in view of the labor conditions, tends to discourage speculative buying, while the price is so low that there is a pronounced feeling of hesitation about taking any pronounced position on the bear side. There was some speculation as to the probable next showing of the ginners' report. The claim is quite positively made that the ginners' report will show a total in several more States in excess of the Government estimate of the crop, and there will be very little doubt that the commercial crop will be considerable over the Government estimate. The weather is still cold at the South, but prospects of somewhat milder conditions, it is believed, will increase the offerings. The detailed report by the Census Bureau for the year ended Aug. 31 has just been issued and presents most interesting statistics regarding the production of cotton, the number of spindles, production of yarns, and the amount of cotton consumed in the different localities. Details of the production of cotton and the exports, with destinations, are given for the last eighty years. The figures on the world's consumption makes the aggregate use of cotton during the past year 19,013,000 bales and the number of active spindles 137,792,000.

Spot cotton was quiet at 10 points advance; middling uplands, 9.60c; middling Gulf, 9.85c.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
January	9.32	9.22	9.31@9.32	9.29
February	9.32	9.27	9.32@9.34	9.32
March	9.46	9.35	9.43@9.44	9.43
April	....	....	9.49@9.52	9.48
May	9.62	9.50	9.57@9.58	9.58
June	....	....	9.62@9.64	9.62
July	9.72	9.60	9.68@9.69	9.68
August	9.71	9.67	9.69@9.70	9.69
September	9.73	9.67	9.72@9.74	9.71
October	9.82	9.74	9.80@9.81	9.79
November	9.82	9.82	9.82@9.84	9.81
December	9.85	9.80	9.86@9.87	9.85

COFFEE.

COFFEE lost most of the advance made on Monday. The bear incentive came mostly from abroad, where prices failed to follow the gains here. Havre closed at a net loss of 1¼@1½f, with sales of 60,000 bags, and in Hamburg there was a decline of ¾@1¼ pfennigs, with sales of 200,000 bags. Europe sent selling orders here. First prices here were 11 to 25 points lower and closed barely steady at a net loss of 18 to 27 points, with total sales of 99,000 bags. Rio declined 50 reis on the regular cable and Santos was 100 to 150 reis higher, while the special Santos cable reported a decline of 50 reis for Santos 4s.

Spot coffee, 14c for Rio 7.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
January	....	....	12.40@12.41	12.61
February	12.52	12.52	12.43@12.45	12.61
March	12.41	12.37	12.36@12.37	12.54
April	12.39	12.39	12.30@12.32	12.53
May	12.40	12.26	12.26@12.27	12.53
June	....	....	12.26@12.27	12.53
July	12.36	12.31	12.29@12.32	12.53
August	....	....	12.29@12.32	12.53
September	12.40	12.31	12.32@12.35	12.52
October	12.27	12.27	12.27@12.29	12.45
November	....	....	12.25@12.27	12.45
December	12.30	12.20	12.20@12.25	12.45

COUNTRY PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.—Creamery, specials, pound, 42c; extras, 40½@41c; firsts, 36@38½c; seconds, 32@34c; thirds, 30c; held, specials, 38@38½c; extras, 36½@37c; firsts, 34@35½c; seconds, 31@33c; thirds, 28@30c; State dairy, tubs, finest, 37@39c; good to prime, 32@36c; common to fair, 24@30c; process, specials, 28½c; extras, 27@27½c; firsts, 25½@26c; seconds, 23½@24½c; factory, current make, firsts, 24c; seconds, 23c; thirds, 21@22c; packing stock, held, 23@23½c; current make, No. 2, 22@22½c; No. 3, 20@21½c.

CHEESE.—State, whole milk, Fall and earlier, specials, 17c; average fancy, 16¼@16¾c; Winter make, specials, 16¼c; average fancy, 16½c; undergrades, 14¼@16c; Daisies, Fall and earlier, best, 17c; State, skims, Fall and earlier, specials, 14¼@14½c; choice, 13@14c; Winter make, specials, 13½@13¾c; choice, 12¾@13¼c; undergrades, nominal, 7½@12½c.

EGGS.—Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 37@38c; extra firsts, 35@36c; firsts, 33½@34c; seconds, 32@33c; thirds and poorer, 25@31c; dirties No. 1, 26c; No. 2, 22@25c; checks, prime, 22@23c; poor to fair, 18@21c; refrigerators, special marks, fancy, 29½@30c; firsts, 28½@29c; seconds, 27@28c; thirds, 24@26c; poor, 18@23c; State, Pennsylvania, and near by, hennery whites, fancy, large, new laid, 40c; selected whites, fair to good, 36@39c; hennery brown, 37@38c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 33@36c; near, whites, small, 30@33c; gathered whites, Western, 35@38c.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

LEONARD LIEBLING, journalist, of 324 West Eighty-fourth Street, has filed a petition with liabilities $4,372 and no assets.

JOSEPH STOFF, salesman, formerly a clothing dealer, of 62 Forsyth Street, has filed a petition, with liabilities $746 and no assets.

MARCUS BULLER.—Judge Hough has appointed Henry Lesser receiver for Marcus Buller, jeweller, of 215 East Houston Street; bond $500.

DAVIS & O'BRIEN.—Judge Hough has appointed Matthew A. Henkel receiver for Davis & O'Brien, grocers, at 1,633 Amsterdam Avenue, with a bond of $500.

JOSEPH BRANDT.—Schedules in the assignment of Joseph Brandt, jeweler, of 132 East Thirty-fourth Street, show liabilities of $1,389, nominal assets of $1,046, and actual assets of $700.

GOLDMAN CLOAK COMPANY.—Max Goldman, doing business as the Goldman Cloak Company, manufacturer of cloaks and suits at 37 West Nineteenth Street, has made an assignment to Morris Jablow.

CAFE LYRIC COMPANY.—Judge Hough has appointed Edwin D. Hays receiver for the Cafe Lyric Company, in the Metropolitan Opera House, with authority to continue business ten days, and a bond of $2,000.

A. MOLTZ & CO.—A petition has been filed against Abraham Moltz and Maurice L. Glass, who comprise the firm of A. Moltz & Co., florists, at 57 West Twenty-sixth Street, by these creditors: N. Lecakes & Co., $266; James K. Allen, $172, and Moore, Hentz & Nash, $654.

LELAND COMPANY.—Schedules of the Leland Company, maker of monuments and mausoleums, of 557 Fifth Avenue, Barre, Vt., and Rochester, N. Y., show liabilities of $133,206 and nominal assets of $109,324. Among the creditors are the Fifth Avenue Bank, $31,300; Barre Savings Bank and Trust Company, $11,600; First National Bank of Stamford, Conn., $3,500; Henry E. Schwitters, $2,000, and Consolidated Quarry Company, Barre, $2,107.

SPANGENBERG & MACLEAN COMPANY.—A petition has been filed against the Spangenberg & MacLean Company, blank book manufacturers, at 21 Cliff Street, by these creditors: T. K. Brownell & Co., $469; John H. O'Donnell & Co., $1,665, and William Zinsser & Co., $500. In October the company made an offer of compromise at 15 cents on the dollar, which was accepted by some of the creditors. The liabilities then were reported to be $42,000.

COHEN, SCHMID & CO.—A petition has been filed against Howard Cohen, Godfrey Schmidt, Lawrence Shire, Gabriel Pollock, and Alphonse Goldstuker, who compose the firm of Cohen, Schmidt & Co., manufacturers of ladies' neckwear, belts, and bags, at 29 and 31 East Twenty-second Street, formerly at 604 Broadway, by Leonard Bronner for these creditors: L. F. Robertson & Sons, $500; Newman-Klamberg Company, $13, and Groetzinger Brothers & Guggenheimer, $25. Judge Hough appointed Henry Melville receiver, with authority to continue business for twenty days, on application of Leonard Bronner, who said that the liabilities are $50,000, nominal assets $40,000, and actual assets $20,000, and that an offer of settlement would be made in a few days.

CAFE DES BEAUX ARTS.—Schedules of Bustanoby Brothers, (corporation,) proprietors of the Cafe Des Beaux Arts at Sixth Avenue and Fortieth Street, show liabilities of $540,216, of which $282,824 are secured, and $251,453 unsecured; wages, $4,849, and taxes, $1,090, and nominal assets of $247,083. The assets consist of real estate at Huntington, L. I., where they had the Chateau Des Beaux Arts and sixty-three acres of land worth $200,000, on which there are nine mortgages, aggregating $262,000; supplies, $5,000; furniture and furnishings, $20,000; horses and wagons, $550; trademark, $500; accounts, $15,000; proceeds of sale of place at 8 Thomas Street, $10,000; insurance, $33, and lease of place at Fortieth Street and Sixth Avenue, $5,000. There are about 400 creditors, among whom are Elizabeth M. Anderson, $189,974; A. A. Anderson, $7,800; Commercial Trust Company, $42,553; Willard N. Baylis, $9,162; The J. Stiepel Company, $8,750; Charles & Co., $8,289; Thomas Carroll & Sons Company, Baltimore, $7,440; Robert McM. Gillespie, $8,832, and Louis Bustanoby, $78,061, solidity disputed.

JUDGMENTS.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Broda, Oscar—Lehrman & Co., $1,050.
Bininovich, Joseph—Liquid Carbonic Co., $145.
Ball, Louisa M.—Charles Segal Co., $134.
Becker, Julius—Manhattan Leasing Co., $821.
Bunnell, James L.—M. M. Williams, $549.
Barron, J., or Joseph—H. Simon, $121.
Buzzee, Pasquale—Canavan Bros, costs, $120.
Bloom, Edw. L.—Z. W. Sanborn, $113.
Convisser, Abraham L.—Pittsburgh Plate Glass Co., $1,631.
Cohen, Jacob; Harry Cohen, Maurice Cohen, Joseph D. Cohen, and Peter Cohen—J. Epstein, $1,448.
Cullen, Edw. F. and Henrietta—C. M. Krakower, $207.
Cuccia, Giacome—W. W. Farley, $1,820.
Child, Frank W.—A. Konta, $403.
De Rosa, Felice—G. Krouso, $267.
Epter, Benjamin—Bawo & Detter, Ltd., $1,242.
Ellis, John W.—Beyer & McConihe Co., $191.
Fine, Morris—M. & L. Jarmulowsky, $14,773.
Same—Same, $14,905.
Frankel, Ernestine; Samuel Rosen, and Morris Rosen—M. & L. Jarmulowsky, $12,509.
Fischer, Joseph C. and Leo—Arthur B. Albertis Co., $122.
Fleming, William L.—N. J. Packard et al., $519.
Fries, Longin F.—L. M. Woods, $204.
Gaites, Joseph M.—C. Rosenwasser, $147.
Grassberg, Leopold, and Lincoln Trust Co.—W. W. Farley, $1,820.
Gordon, Hyman B.—R. C. Surut, $806.
Gates, Emanuel—M. & L. Jarmulowsky, $11,742.
Grief, Philip—City of New York, $109.
Grief, Esther—Same, costs, $109.
Hurley, Thomas F.—D. H. Wrisner, costs, $108.
Hoffheinz, A. W.—A. Aspegren et al., $853.
Hemming, Harry G.—J. L. McCormack, $272.
Heinze, Bernice G. H.—R. B. Marx, $1,333.
Higgins, J. Wallace—F. M. Van Doren, $1,576.
Heinze, Bernice—G. Paletto, $107.
Hamilton, Frank C.—Northern Bank of New York, $126.
Hallett, Frederick W.—Michelin Tire Co., $366.
Herblum, Benjamin—M. Mayer, $640.
Hellman, Harry M.—M. Eichner, $224.
Johanson, Emil—F. Merlino, $103.
Kassner, Fritz, and Paul Brauno—Guttag Brothers, $1,809.
Kremer, Berel—M. & L. Jarmulowsky, $7,470.
Kuhne, Percival, Max Hesslin, Wilhelm Knauth, and Max Jaffe—L. Casper, $726.
Kutner, Louis—F. Tropkin, $843.
Kantrowitz, Hadafia—Rose & Siegman, $150.
Koller, Samuel—Clifton Mfg. Co., $182.
Kreth, August—H. A. Meyer, $368.
Lewis, Freeman—E. L. Hoag, $357.
Mahnken, Henry—Holz & Freystedt Co., $529.
Meisel, Joseph—I. J. Silverstein, $269.
Murtha, Margaret—M. Marrkil, $749.
Mackey, Martin L.—H. W. Vogel et al., $172.
Moore, Margaret M.—Ebling Brewing Co., $406.
Melbon, Ivan L.—Limerick National Bank, $2,128.
Magee, Alonzo H., and William Kerby—Brooklyn Bank in the City of New York, $423.
Lohrer, Francis A.—E. F. Bushnell et al., $112.
Mason, Margaret—S. J. Reed, $766.
Noe, Mrs. William—Jennie & Co., $132.
Quinn, Thomas M.—H. S. Harvey, $2,200.
Ray, Charles W.—Lathrop-Haskins Co., $146.
Rosenberg, Solomon—W. R. Ellison et al., $152.
Rait, David—M. Loeb, $204.
Saul, H. Nat—A. Wolff, $151.
Selonick, Edward—M. Margoninsky, $566.
Shapiro, David I.—A. A. Berg, $584.
Schultz, Charles R.—F. H. Brown, $229.
Schavrier, Isaac V.—O. R. Weiss, $154.
Spizzerro, Filipo—Nectar Co., $105.
Salomon, Joseph—A. Salomon, costs, $190.
Tady, Joseph—Horowitz & Appleman, $169.
Woodhull, Jesse C.—W. Flinn, $307.
Woodhull, Jesse C.—W. Flinn, $308.
Waldron, Robert H.—I. Greenbaum, $329.
Wheeler, Eleanor—A. J. Bates & Co., $206.
Young, Joseph G., and Anna S. Graham, (not summoned)—I. & M. Ottenheimer, $329.
Boone Construction Co.—S. Unger, $143.
James M. O'Dea Trucking and Stable Co.—J. J. O'Connor, $2,305.
Mill Machinery Manufacturers—Nutler Brothers, $670.
New York Central Realty Co.—R. Henderson, $177.
New York Addressing and Mailing Dispatch—E. H. Beach, $105.
New York Addressing and Mailing Dispatch—Business Men's Pub. Co., $290.
Thomas Crimmons Contracting Co.—V. Fusina, $1,534.
Valley Stream Development Co.—Williamsburg Trust Co., $482.
Savoy Trust Co. of New York—Ames Transfer Co., $1,597.
Smart Set Floral Co.—Henshaw & Fenrich, $326.
University Heights Hotel Co.—American Exchange Cigar Co., $114.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that when judgment was filed:

Depew, Mitchell and Leila—A. W. Barney, March 31, 1908, $369.
Joseph Frank & Sons—H. C. Miner Lithographing Co., Dec. 15, 1911, $199.
Proud, Taylor I.—M. D. Carrere, Oct. 23, 1911, $459.
Saunderson Co., Inc.—Union Petroleum Co., Dec. 15, 1911, $85.
Vittorio Colonna Mutual Aid Society—G. Benwissuto, Oct. 3, 1911, $130.
Same—R. Santamero, Nov. 3, 1911, $146.
Knox Construction Co. and Abraham Schlesinger—V. Capitellu, Aug. 9, 1911, $163.
Hemming, Mary M.—E. D. Pratt, Oct. 3, 1910, $535.
Berkowitz, Joseph—A. Mark et al., Oct. 24, 1911, $121.
Woodhouse, V. Hartland—Saks & Co., Aug. 25, 1908, $168.
Tucker, Angeline—Colonial Bank, Dec. 27, 1911, $3,896.
Eager, Emery J.—Same, Dec. 27, 1911, $3,896.
Beebe, Wm. W.—J. R. Walker, May 14, 1891, $430.
Roskam, Scott A.—F. P. Humphreys, Jan. 29, 1912, $541.
Krulewitch, Louis—City of N. Y., Oct. 23, 1911, $264.
Woodhouse, V. Hartland—I. Stern et al., Dec. 28, 1908, $270.
Rand, Leaville—T. Greenberg, Dec. 1, 1911, $145.
Byron, E. Eldred—F. E. Miller, Sept. 12, 1911, $130.
Boasburg, Herman Julius, also Nicholas Noyes—W. H. Smith, Oct. 29, 1908, $319.
Adler, Louis, and William Rotherson—I. Epstein, Jan. 11, 1912, $300.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY

First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of Section 10, Article Fourth, of the mortgage and deed of trust executed by this Company to The Equitable Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, dated January 3d, 1905, to secure its First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds, this Company has set apart out of the net income derived by it from the lines of railroad subject to the lien of said mortgage and deed of trust the sum of $12,000, in the year 1911, in trust to be used to redeem said bonds; and that bonds will be redeemed therewith. Bids are hereby invited for the surrender of such bonds at prices to be named by the bidders to the amount of $12,015.84 in the sinking fund. Such bids should be presented to this Company at its office, 120 Broadway, in the City and State of New York, on or before the 1st day of February, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon, and should be endorsed "Bids for surrender of Southern Pacific Railroad Company's First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds."

Dated December 26, 1911.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY: By G. L. KING, Secretary.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

CERTIFICATE OF CONTINUED USE OF PARTNERSHIP NAME.

Whereas, The business of the firm of KUHN, LOEB & CO., which has transacted business in the State of New York for three years and upwards, and has had business relations with foreign countries, is to be continued under said firm name by the undersigned, all of whom, except Jerome J. Hanauer, were heretofore partners therein;

Now, therefore, this certifies that the undersigned are the persons intending to deal under such firm name, and that their respective places of residence and Post Office addresses are as follows:

Jacob H. Schiff, 965 Fifth Avenue, New York City; Felix M. Warburg, 1,109 Fifth Avenue, New York City; Otto H. Kahn, Morristown, New Jersey; Mortimer L. Schiff, Oyster Bay, New York; Paul M. Warburg, 17 East 80th Street, New York City, and Jerome J. Hanauer, 159 West 75th Street, New York City.

In witness whereof we have signed this certificate as of the 30th day of December, 1911.

JACOB H. SCHIFF,
FELIX M. WARBURG,
OTTO H. KAHN,
MORTIMER L. SCHIFF,
PAUL M. WARBURG,
JEROME J. HANAUER.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

On this second day of January, 1912, before me personally appeared Jacob H. Schiff, Felix M. Warburg, Otto H. Kahn, Mortimer L. Schiff, Paul M. Warburg, and Jerome J. Hanauer, to me known and known to me to be the individuals described in and who signed the foregoing certificate, and severally acknowledged to me that they signed the same for the uses and purposes therein set forth.

EUGENE H. PAUL,
Notary Public, Kings County.
Certificate filed in New York County.

DIVIDENDS.

THE BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD COMPANY.
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY.
Baltimore, Md., January 11, 1912.

The Board of Directors this day declared from the net earnings of the Company for the six months ended December 31, 1911, a dividend of Two (2) Per Cent. on the Preferred Stock of the Company, payable March 1, 1912, to the stockholders of record at the close of business on February 1, 1912.

The Board also declared from the surplus earnings of the Company a dividend of Three (3) Per Cent. on the Common Stock of the Company, payable March 1, 1912, to the stockholders of record at the close of business on February 1, 1912.

The transfer books will not close.

C. W. WOOLFORD, Secretary.

HOMESTAKE MINING COMPANY.
January 9th, 1912.
DIVIDEND NO. 446.

Dividend No. 446 of fifty (50) cents per share has been declared, payable by the Transfer Agent in New York on the 25th inst. Transfer books close on the 20th inst.

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY, Transfer Agent.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

OFFICE OF
TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST COMPANY,
176 Broadway, New York, January 17th, 1912.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of this Company, held January 16th, 1912, the following gentlemen were duly elected Trustees:

CLASS EXPIRING IN THE YEAR 1915:
Robert W. de Forest,
Martin Joost,
James D. Lynch,
James H. Manning,
William H. Nichols,
Robert Olyphant,
Charles A. Peabody,
William H. Porter,
Ellis D. Williams.

At a subsequent meeting of the Board the following officers were unanimously re-elected: CLARENCE H. KELSEY, President; FRANK BAILEY, Vice President; EDWARD O. STANLEY, Second Vice President, Manager of the Banking Department; CLINTON D. BURDICK, Third Vice President; J. WRAY CLEVELAND, Secretary; FRANK L. SNIFFEN, Manager of the Brooklyn Banking Department; JOHN W. SHEPARD and CHARLES C. DICKSON, Assistant Treasurers; NELSON B. SIMON, HORACE ANDERSON, DAVID BLANK, CLARENCE C. HARMSTAD, Assistant Secretaries.

J. WRAY CLEVELAND, Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

BROADWAY TRUST COMPANY,
754 Broadway, New York.

To the Stockholders of Broadway Trust Company:

The Board of Directors of Broadway Trust Company and the Board of Directors of Savoy Trust Company of the City of New York having on the 3d day of January, 1912, pursuant to Section 36 of the banking law of the State of New York, made and entered into an agreement under the respective corporate seals of said companies, for the merger of said Savoy Trust Company of the City of New York into said Broadway Trust Company, and prescribing the terms and conditions thereof and the mode of carrying the same into effect, notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of Broadway Trust Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 754 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 22d day of January, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of considering and acting upon said agreement of merger, which will then be submitted to said stockholders for their consideration and approval, pursuant to Section 37 of the banking law of the State of New York; also to consider and act upon the proceedings of the Board of Directors of the company, taken at a meeting of the board held on the 3d day of January, 1912, concerning such agreement of merger and all other matters relating thereto, and the mode of carrying the same into effect; and also to consider and act upon any other matter or thing which may properly come before such meeting.

The stock transfer books of the company will be closed at the close of business on January 20th, 1912, and will remain closed until the opening of business on January 23d, 1912.

By order of the Board of Directors.

FREDERIC G. LEE, President.
JNO. W. H. BERGEN, Secretary.
New York, January 3d, 1912.

Savoy Trust Company of the City of New York,
520 Broadway, New York.

To the Stockholders of Savoy Trust Company of the City of New York:

The Board of Directors of Broadway Trust Company and the Board of Directors of Savoy Trust Company of the City of New York having on the 3d day of January, 1912, pursuant to Section 36 of the banking law of the State of New York, made and entered into an agreement under the respective corporate seals of said companies, for the merger of said Savoy Trust Company of the City of New York into said Broadway Trust Company, and prescribing the terms and conditions thereof and the mode of carrying the same into effect, notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of Savoy Trust Company of the City of New York will be held at the office of the company of No. 520 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 22d day of January, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of considering and acting upon said agreement of merger, which will then be submitted to said stockholders for their consideration and approval, pursuant to Section 37 of the banking law of the State of New York; also to consider and act upon the proceedings of the Board of Directors of the company, taken at a meeting of the board held on the 3d day of January, 1912, concerning such agreement of merger and all other matters relating thereto, and the mode of carrying the same into effect; and also to consider and act upon any other matter or thing which may properly come before such meeting.

The stock transfer books of the Company will be closed at the close of business on the 20th day of January, 1912.

By order of the Board of Directors.

CLARENCE FOOTE, Vice President.
ARTHUR BAUR, Secretary.
New York, January 3d, 1912.

UNION EXCHANGE
NATIONAL BANK OF NEW YORK.
New York, January 16, 1912.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of this Bank, held January 9th, 1912, the following Directors were unanimously elected:

Allen, Chas. H.
Barnet, Morris S.
Greenhut, B. J.
Herman Sydney H.
Kridel, Samuel.
Lloyd, Francis G.
Morgenthau, Maximillian.
Nevius, David.
Plimpton, Geo. A.
Presbrey, Frank.
Sabin, Chas. H.
Schefer, Anton H.
Strasburger, Byron L.
Taintor, Chas. N.
Thompson, Henry S.
Vogel, Frank E.
Vreeland, Herbert H.
Weil, Louis J.
Weingart, Isaac.
Wiggin, Albert H.
Wilson, Geo. T.
Wolf, Arthur D.
Herrman, Henry S.

At a meeting of the Directors, held this day, Mr. Henry S. Herrman, President; Mr. David Nevius and Mr. Louis J. Weil, Vice Presidents, were unanimously re-elected. Dr. David Nevius and Mr. George B. Connley were appointed Cashier and Assistant Cashier.

DAVID NEVIUS, Cashier.

Notice of Annual Stockholders' Meeting.

Please take notice that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Cuba Connecticut Tobacco Co., for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, and Inspectors of Election, and for the purpose of transacting such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held on the 25th day of January, 1912, at 1:30 P. M., at the office of the Company at 125 Maiden Lane, New York, County of New York, and State of New York. The transfer books will remain closed from the 10th day of January 1912, until the 26th day of January, 1912.

Dated the 10th day of January, 1912.

ERNEST WALKER SMITH, Secretary.
By order of the Directors.

January 10, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of stockholders of WARD EQUIPMENT COMPANY will be held on Monday, January 22, 1912, at four o'clock in the afternoon, at the office of the Company, No. 141 Cedar Street, in the Borough of Manhattan of the City of New York, State of New York, for the election of five Directors for the Company for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting. The Stock Transfer Books will be closed at four o'clock in the afternoon of January 12th, 1912, and will be reopened at ten o'clock in the forenoon of January 23d, 1912.

WARD EQUIPMENT COMPANY,
WALTER B. VAN BEUREN, Secretary.

UNITED PIPE COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the UNITED PIPE COMPANY will be held at the office of James J. Franc, Esq., the counsel of the corporation, at No. 30 Broad Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 31st day of January, 1912, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of voting upon a proposition that the said corporation be forthwith dissolved, in accordance with a resolution to such effect heretofore duly adopted by the Board of Directors of said corporation.

Dated New York, January 10, 1912.

JOSEPH LEVY, Secretary.

FLEISCHMANN REALTY & CONSTRUCTION COMPANY.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the FLEISCHMANN REALTY & CONSTRUCTION COMPANY will be held at the offices of the Company, No. 507 Fifth Avenue, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on the 31st day of January, 1912, at two o'clock P. M., for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Dated, New York City, January 16th, 1912.

GUSTAV J. FLEISCHMANN, President.
DANIEL P. HAYS, Secretary.

BILLINGS, KING & CO.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Billings, King & Co., for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as shall properly come before the meeting will be held at the office of the company, No. 438 Pearl Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Wednesday, the 31st day of January, 1912, at 2:30 o'clock P. M., the polls to remain open from 2:30 to 3:30 P. M.

R. C. ACKER, Secretary.

CONSOLIDATED GAS COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
4 Irving Place,
January 1st, 1912.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this Company for the election of Trustees to serve during the ensuing year will be held at this office MONDAY, January 22nd, 1912. Polls will be open from 12 M. to 1 P. M. Transfer books will close Saturday, January 6th, 1912, at 12 M., and reopen Tuesday, January 23d, 1912.

R. A. CARTER, Secretary.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the SOUTHERN NUT & FRUIT COMPANY, for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting will be held in the office of the Company, 402 World Building, Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, on January 29th, 1912, at 10:30 o'clock A. M.

MILTON S. KISTLER, Secretary.

A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE SONS OF the Revolution in the State of New York will be held at Delmonico's, 44th Street and Fifth Avenue, New York City, on January 24th, 1912, at 8:30 o'clock P. M., to act upon amendments to the By-Laws of the Society, of which notice was given at the last Annual Meeting.

By order of the Board of Managers.

HENRY RUSSELL DROWNE, Secretary.

SAN VICENTE COMPANY.
Notice of Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the San Vicente Company for the election of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the company, 5 Nassau Street, City of New York, on Thursday, January 18th, 1912, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon.

LEONIDAS H. BESSON, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of ADVERTISERS' SPECIAL SERVICE CORPORATION will be held at the office of the Company, No. 118 East Twenty-eighth Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, on the 22d day of January, 1912, at 4:30 P. M.

HORACE A. DAVIS, Secretary.
New York, Jan. 8th, 1912.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of THE SICILIAN ASPHALT PAVING COMPANY, for the election of Trustees and Inspectors of Election for the ensuing year and for such other business as may come before the meeting will be held at the offices of the Company, Rooms 305 to 311, 41 Park Row, in the City of New York, on Wednesday, the 31st day of January, 1912, at 3 P. M.

H. HAGGERTY, Secretary.

The Bank Clerks' Co-operative Building and Loan Association of New York City.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of shareholders will be held at 4:30 o'clock P. M., on Wednesday, January 24th, 1912, at No. 26 Broadway, N. Y., Room No. 203. W. E. JARVIS, Corresponding Secretary.

Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Fair, New Orleans; S. S. Mann, R. To W., muslin underwear and waists; 15 E. 26.
Hess Bros., Allentown; Miss L. Allbright, waists and dresses; 315 4th Ave.
Barnum, S. O. & Son Co., H. D. Fisher, Buffalo, N. Y.; hosiery and gloves; Broadway Central.
Whitney, Wm. & Co., Albany; P. J. Mcmanus, C. & S., 41 U. S.; Victoria.
Loveman & Co., Nashville; M. S. Hirsch, dress goods and silks; 148 W. 23; Cadillac.
Boggs & Buhl, Pittsburg; Miss J. M. Anderson, waists; 45 E. 17.
Washer Bros. Co., San Antonio; W. J. Bagot, ladies' R. to W.; Breslin.
Day Bros. & Co., Syracuse; C. H. Legg, upholstery, 220 5th Ave.; Breslin.
McCarthy, D. G. Co., Woonsocket; A. J. Laliberta C. and S. 41 U. S.
Greenbaum, Weil &Michaels, San Francisco; M. J. Carroll, domestics, trimmings; 43 Leonard.
Donaldson, L. S., Co., Minneapolis; T. E. Covington, upholstery; 2 Walker.
Capitol Millinery Co., Indianapolis; O. R. Muir, millinery; Bw'y Central.
Marott Dep't Store Co., Indianapolis; W. H. Bucks, carpets; 215 4th Av., Broztell.
Purcell, J. D., Co., Lexington; J. C. Taylor, domestics, dress goods and silks; 70 Franklin; Grand.
Kline Co., Kansas City; W. H. Clark, c. & s.; 7 E. 20th.
Bw'y Dep't Store, Los Angeles; W. W. Penry, ribbons, laces, trimmings and ladies' neckwear; 41 U. S.
Emery D. G. Co., Danville; G. C. Todd, carpets; 320 Church.
Levy Bros. D. G. Co., Houston; E. H. Hahlo, c. & s.; 148 W. 23d.
Liebes, H., & Co., San Francisco; B. S. Bush; c. & s.; 22 W. 26th.
Weinstock, Lubin & Co., Sacramento; J. Moloney; c. & s.; 220 5th Av.
Kaufmann Bros., Pittsburg; E. A. Tobey; shoes; 200 5th Av.
Brandeis, J. L., & Sons, Omaha; H. H. Boyd; fur'n goods and clothing; 1,261 Bw'y.
Harris & Mawry Co., Woonsocket; M. H. Briggs, c. & s.; 75 Spring.
Denholm &McKay Co., Worcester; L. B. Withstanley, domestics; 2 Walker.
Foster, Ross & Co., Auburn; J. H. Foster, hosiery laces and ribbons; 69 5th Av.
Cohen, Friedlander & Martin Co., Toledo; L. S. Ottenheimer, piece goods; 229 4th Av.
Brown, Durrell & Co., Boston; A. F. Powers, ladies' neckwear, infants' wear, and knit goods; 19 W. 19; Breslin.
Schwartz Bros., Chattanooga; S. Schwartz, cloaks and suits; 13 E. 22.
Goldberg Bros., Detroit; J. F. Doyle, r. to w.; Breslin.
Cohn, M. M., Co., Little Rock; A. D. Cohn, domestics; 114 5th Av.
Los Angeles Notion Co., Los Angeles; E. J. Risser, waists, hosiery, and knit underwear; 258 Church.
Horne, J., Co., Pittsburgh; J. F. Johnston, clothing, hats, and caps; 320 Church; King Edward.
Lord & Gage, Reading; H. F. Holmes, cpts.; 214 Church.
Neal & Hyde, Syracuse; J. I. H. Wright, hosiery and gloves; 72 Leonard.
Gilchrist & Co., Boston; G. A. Henkley, housefurn. goods; 55 White; Knickerbocker.
Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Miss Dunlop, r. to w.; 115 Worth.
Brittain, John S., D. G. Co., St. Joseph; J. S. Brittain, d. g.; 320 Broadway.
Edson, Moore & Co., Detroit; J. R. Tuthill, carpets; F. Stockwell, prints; 51 Leonard.
Farwell, J. V., Co., Chicago; H. Manning, flannels; 72 Leonard.
Stewart D. G. Co., Louisville; G. H. Milliken, linens; 214 Church.
Hengerer, Wm., Co., Buffalo; J. Reynolds, rugs and carpets; 214 Church.
Sweeney Co., Buffalo; W. H. Bader, upholstery; F. Streuber, laces, emb., neckwear, and toilet goods; P. J. Sweeney, linens, cottons, flannels, and blankets; 75 Spring.
Stearns, R. H., Co., Boston; W. Finlayson, gloves; C. W. Conklin, c. & S.; J. P. Hansen, linens and dress goods; 45 East 17th.
People's Store Co., Tacoma; A. Pepper, linens; 214 Church; Prince George.
MacDougall & Southwick Co., Seattle; O. C. Wolfinger, blankets, linens, and flannels; 214 Church; Prince George.
Woodward & Lothrop, Washington; J. H. Sisman, C. & S., 334 4th Av.
Filenes, Wm., Sons Co., Boston; F. Spear, children's coats and skirts; C. Biedermann, children's juniors' and misses, dresses and misses suits; Miss A. Milliken, infants' wear; M. J. Fox, mdse. mgr.; A. C. Smith, women's and children's knit underwear, infants' and children's dresses and coats; 4 W. 22d.
Condit & Davis, Austin; C. L. Condit, dry goods, notions, and R. to W.; 69 5th Av.
Johnson, O. T., Co., Galesburg; F. N. Delevan, C. & S., waists and furs; 69 5th Av.
White, R. H., Co., Boston; E. Levy, fancy goods; R. B. Slocum, furs; R. M. Dean, notions; 41 U. S.
Harris, A., & Co., Dallas; T. Doherty, C. & S.; 148 W. 23d St.
Gimbel, Bros., Philadelphia; F. E. Gordon, domestics and blankets; E. Goldman, women's C. & S.; J. Scammell, books; B'way & 32d St.
Mandel Bros., Chicago; S. Bamberger, shoes; 15 E. 22d St.
Emery, Bird, Thayer D. G. Co., Kansas City;
Miss Quett, infants' and misses suits; 896 Broadway.
M'c't'le Novelty Co., Denver; Mr. Sirlyn, notions, fcy goods, toilet and leather goods; 129 W. 27.
Hart, L., & Sons, San Jose; A. J. Hart, r. to. w.; 129 W. 27.
Malley, E., Co., New Haven; P. H. Harris, boys' clothing; J. Brosseau, housefurn.; 320 Church.
Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Pottsville; G. Arbagast, notions and laces; 2 Walker.
Callendar, McAuslan & Troup Co., Providence; F. E. Leach, dress goods; 2 Walker.
Dives, Pomery & Stewart, Harrisburg; W. Bennethum, wash goods, clothing, and waists; 2 Walker.
Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co., Buffalo; E. Fairbairn, knit underwear; 2 Walker.
Ives, Upham & Rand Co., Meriden; Miss R. Moore, waists, corsets, and muslin underwear; 75 Spring.
Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co., Rochester; S. C. Taylor, dress goods; H. B. Goold, stationery; 454 Broome.
Sanger Bros., Waco; A. Sanger, rep.; 15 Mercer.
Wyman, Partridge & Co., Minneapolis; G. H. Partridge, rep.; 43 Leonard St.; Holland.
Hess Bros., Allentown; J. Diefendorfer, silks; 315 4th Av.; Breslin.
Iszard, F. F., Co., Elmira; H. G. Chamberlain, carpets; R. S. Jennings, rep.; Breslin.
McWhirr, R. A., Co., Fall River; W. Corcoran, clothing; 75 Spring St.; Breslin.
Crane, F. L., Scranton; hats; Albert.
Donovan & Winch, Boston; J. J. Donovan millinery; Grand.
Laubach, Wm., & Sons, Easton; A. R. Willauer, house fur. goods; 41 U. S.; Grand.
Wanamaker, John, Philadelphia; Miss McMahan, misses' coats and suits; R. C. Cope, linens and hdkfs; Broadway and 10th St.
Kline, Eppehimer & Co., Reading; J. S. Tobias, upholstery; 315 4th Av.; Broztell.
Myers, J. G., Co., Albany; W. Harris, silks; 220 5th Av.; St. Denis.
Sutton, R. M., Co., Baltimore; J. W. Chambliss, hosiery and furn. goods; St. Denis.
Eisenberg, A., Baltimore; J. H. Brewer, hosiery, ladies' neckwear, and furn. goods; 102 5th Av.; Albert.
Silverman, M., & Son, Philadelphia; A. Silverman, d. g.; 18 W. 27; Latham.
McWhirr, R. A., Co., Fall River; J. Conn, c. & s.; 75 Spring; Broztell.
Kirschbaum, Ab., Philadelphia; M. A. Ellerman, clothing; Broztell.
Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Reading; J. F. Custer, jewelry; 2 Walker; Broztell.
Byrne & Hammer D. G. Co., Omaha; J. Lavalle, dress goods and silks; J. C. Byrne, domestics; L. J. Proebsting, furn. goods, hosiery, and gloves; 51 Leonard.
Hicks, Fuller & Pierson Co., Sioux City; F. C. Pierson, furn. and mfg. dept., c. & s.; N. W. Royley, notions, hosiery, and gloves; D. B. Fuller, d. g., 51 Leonard.
Almy, Bigelow & Washburn, Salem; H. P. Edgecomb, hosiery, furn. goods, women's and children's underwear; 2 Walker, Wellington.
Frederick & Nelson, Seattle; M. Malkan, hosiery, underwear, and gloves; W. L. Reynolds, silks; 22 E. 17; Elks.
Armstrong-Turner Mill' Co., Denver; J. J. Platfoot, millinery and ribbons; 621 Bwy. & 10.
Marks, A., Sons, Amsterdam; Chas. Marks, c. & s.; 102 5th Av.; Flanders.
Fine, C. L., Toledo; clothing; Cadillac.
Selig Bros. & Sachs, San Francisco; P. Selig, woolens; Elks
Daniels & Fisher Stores Co., Denver; J. A. Porter, c. & s., waists; 56 Worth.
Brown, Thompson & Co., Hartford; W. L. Ledger, house furn.; 2 Walker.
Friend, Moss & Morris, Chicago; H. Friend, woolens, dress goods, & silks; 860 Bwy.
Raike, Friedman & Co., Chicago, Ill.; L. Raike, millinery; 621 Bwy.; Cumberland.
Houston, J. A., Co., Boston; Miss H. M. Murphy, infants' wear & muslin underwear; Great Northern.
Robinson, J. M.-Norton Co., Louisville; H. A. Walton, cloths, dress goods, & silks; A. L. Terry, rep's; 72 Leonard.
Long, Jonas, Sons, Wilkesbarre; B. Long, rep's; 315 4th Av.
Pittsburgh D. G. Co., Pittsburgh; W. F. Dalzell, prints & dress goods; 43 Leonard.
Goldenberg Bros., Batlimore; J. Wolf, c. & s.; Marlborough.
MacInnes, J. C., Co., Worcester; J. C. MacInness, rep.; 55 White; Gregorian.
Hochschild, Kohn & Co., Baltimore; Mrs. M. G. Townsend, art embroideries; 220 5th Av.; Collingwood.
England Bros., Pittsfield; W. L. Noble; notions, furn. goods; A. Kallman, house furn.; 75 Spring; Herald Square.
Arbuthnot, Stephenson Co., Pittsburg; R. L. Thompson, domestics; G. F. Aufderheide, dress goods, silk, laces; 43 Leonard.
Porteous & Mitchell Co., Norwich; F. J. Stanley, notions and jewelry; 55 White; Hermitage.
Frunes, Wm. Sons Co., Boston; W. B. Warner, r. t. w.; 4 West 22d.
Drewry Hughes Co., Richmond; W. A. Power, d. g.; 75 Leonard.
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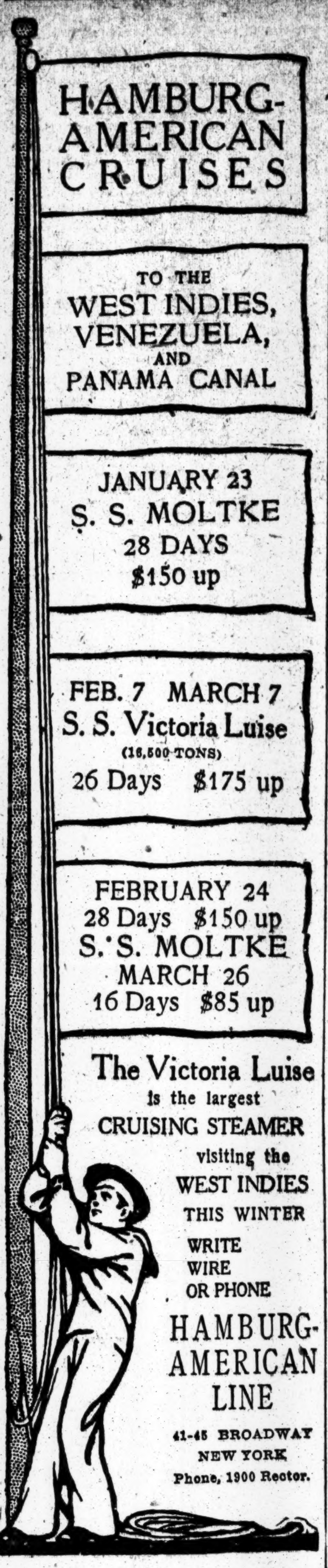

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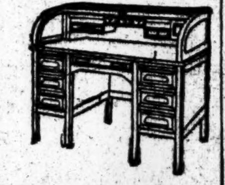

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ALL OUR STEAMERS HAVE WIRELESS TELEGRAPH AND SUBMARINE SIGNALS

THE LARGEST AND FINEST STEAMER IN THE WORLD
NEW S. S. OLYMPIC Sails from New York 12 Noon JAN. 24

Zeeland, Jan. 17, 10:00 A. M. | St. Louis, Jan. 20, 9:30 A. M.
Baltic, Jan. 17, 12:00 Noon | Minnehaha, Jan. 20, 10:00 A. M.

American Pier 62, N. R., 9:30 A. M.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—SOUTHAMPTON.
St. Louis.......Jan. 20 | New York.....Feb. 3
Philadelphia....Jan. 27 | †Oceanic, Feb. 10, noon
†White Star Line Steamer, Pier 59.

Atlantic Transport
NEW YORK—LONDON Direct. Pier 58, N. R.
Minnehaha, Jan. 20, 10 AM | Minneapolis..Feb. 10
Min'waska, Jan. 27, 11 AM | Minnetonka..Feb. 17

Red Star Pier 61, N. R., 10 A. M.
LONDON, PARIS VIA DOVER—ANTWERP.
Zeeland........Jan. 17 | Kroonland.....Jan. 31
Lapland (new).Jan. 24 | Finland........Feb. 7

White Star Piers 59 & 60, N. R.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—SOUTHAMPTON.
*St. Louis, Jan. 20, 9:30 AM | *Phila'phia..Jan. 27
Olympic (new) Jn. 24 noon | *New York..Feb. 3
*American Line Steamer. Pier 62.
NEW YORK—QUEENSTOWN—LIVERPOOL.
Baltic....Jan. 17, noon | Baltic..........Feb. 15
Celtic....Feb. 1, noon | Celtic..........Feb. 29
NEW YORK & BOSTON RIVIERA, ITALY, EGYPT
Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Villefranche, Genoa, Naples, Alexandria.
Cedric...Jan. 24, noon | Adriatic........Feb. 21
Canopic..Feb. 3, 10 AM | Cedric..........Mar. 6

White Star Line's New Triple Screw S. S. Laurentic, 31 Days Cruises West Indies, PANAMA CANAL, South America.
JAN. 20, FEB. 24. $150 UPWARDS.

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Via Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Villefranche
"ADRIATIC" ☆ "CEDRIC"
The Largest British Mediterranean Steamers
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Fastest, Finest, Largest Quadruple-Screw Turbine Steamships in the World

LUSITANIA FEB. 28, 1 A. M. — MAURETANIA MAR. 13, 1 A. M.
CARMANIA JAN. 27, 10 A. M. — CAMPANIA FEB. 14, 10 A. M. MAR. 6, 1 A. M.

Commencing February 28th, the "Lusitania," "Mauretania," and "Campania" will sail from New York at 1 A. M. Wednesdays, subject to the discretion of the Commander, instead of 9 A. M. Passengers served cold buffet supper between 9 P. M. and midnight Tuesday.

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Mauretania and Lusitania do not stop at Queenstown, east-bound

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Write for itinerary. Sailing hour noon
a FRANCONIA....Jan. 20 | b CARONIA......Feb. 20
a LACONIA......Feb. 3 | b CARMANIA....Mar. 2
c IVERNIA.......Mar. 28
a—Omits Trieste. b—Omits Trieste and Fiume. c—Omits Algiers and Alexandria.
A la carte service without extra charge. Stopovers permitted.
Special through rates to Egypt, Far East, South Africa, and South America.
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GEORGE WASHINGTON, TUES., JAN. 23
PRINZ FRIEDRICH WILHELM, TUESDAY, FEB. 6
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LONDON—PARIS—BREMEN
SPECIAL SAILINGS OF THE PRINZESS IRENE
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For Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa
Connections from Genoa or Naples for EGYPT, INDIA, CHINA, JAPAN, AUSTRALIA and the PHILIPPINES by North German Lloyd Imperial Mail Steamers.
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6,200 tons — 404 feet long

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Through tickets to all resorts with Stop-over privilege at Savannah

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SAVANNAH, GA.	$22.00	$37.00
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CITY TICKET OFFICE, 290 Broadway, GENERAL OFFICES, Pier 36, North River, } New York. 26

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
Direct Line to Havre—Paris (France.)
Sailing Every Thursday, 10 A. M.
From Pier 57, North River, foot West 15th St.
La Bretagne......Jan. 18 | *La Savoie........Feb. 8
*La Lorraine......Jan. 25 | *La Provence......Feb. 15
*La Touraine.....Feb. 1 | *Espagne.........Feb. 22
*Twin Screw Steamers.
SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILING 3 P. M.
One-class Cabin (II) and Third-class Passengers Only.
*Chicago ....Jan. 20
GENERAL AGENCY, 19 State Street, N. Y.

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A SHORT YACHTING CRUISE TO THE WEST INDIES ON THE
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Jan. 27, 19 Days, $100 up.
To NASSAU, HAVANA, KINGSTON, and COLON. Electric fans, sea sports, swimming pool, excellent cuisine, orchestra. Limited to 150 passengers. Early booking advised. Send for Booklet 53.
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MEDITERRANEAN ADRIATIC
Between New York & ALGIERS, ITALY, GREECE, AUSTRIA, KAISER FRANZ JOSEF I. (new), MARTHA WASHINGTON, etc. Sailing schedule 1912 in print, furnished on application. First-class, $70 up. Thru Bookings Dalmatia, Levant, Orient, India, China, Japan.
PHELPS BROS. & CO., General Agents, 17 Battery Place, N. Y. City.

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16,000 tons, fine, large, unusually steady
TO THE ORIENT
February 8 to April 19, 1912.
Seventy-one days, costing only $400.00 and up, including shore excursions. SPECIAL FEATURES: Madeira, Cadiz, Seville, Algiers, Malta, Athens, Constantinople, 19 days in Egypt and the Holy Land, Rome, the Riviera, etc.
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Columbia..Jan. 31, 10 AM | Caledonia..Feb. 3, 9 AM
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FIRST CABIN, $70 and $75.
SECOND CABIN, $50.
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HOLLAND AMERICA LINE
Paris—London—Rotterdam.
Twin-Screw Sailings Tues., 10 AM
†New Amsterdam......Jan. 23
*Noordam.............Jan. 30
*Ryndam..............Feb. 6
*Potsdam.............Feb. 13
*VIA BOULOGNE s/M.
†PLYMOUTH & BOULOGNE.
Office 39 B'way, N. Y.

FABRE LINE TO THE RIVIERA
AZORES LISBON NAPLES NICE MARSEILLES
Weekly Sailings (approx.) Special Winter Voyages.
JAS. W. ELWELL & CO., G. A., 17 State St., N. Y.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..7:22 | Sun sets..4:59 | Moon rises..6:30

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	6:06	6:50	12:41	12:00
Governors Island ...	6:40	7:28	12:37	1:28
Hell Gate	8:30	9:16	2:12	3:01

Arrived—Tuesday, Jan. 16.

SS George Washington, Bremen, Jan. 6.
SS Lapland, Antwerp, Jan. 6.
SS Soestdyk, Rotterdam, Dec. 31.
SS Creole, New Orleans, Jan. 10.
SS Manna Hata, Baltimore, Jan. 14.
SS Drumcraig, Savannah, Jan. 10.
SS Armanistan, Philadelphia, Jan. 5.
SS Dorothy, Jacksonville, Jan. —.
SS Hamilton, Norfolk, Jan. 15.
SS City of St. Louis, Savannah, Jan. 13.
SS El Siglo, New Orleans, Jan. 11.
SS El Sol, Galveston, Jan. 9.
SS Flora, Jucaro, Jan. 5.
SS Galileo, Boston, Jan. 14.
SS Iroquois, Jacksonville, Jan. 8.
SS Aquila, Santiago, Jan. 6.
SS Liv, Matanzas, Jan. 9.
SS Iniziativa, Naples, Jan. 30.
SS Havana, Havana, Jan. 13.
SS Laurentic, Liverpool, Jan. 6.
SS Alamo, Galveston, Jan. 5.
SS Berlin, Naples, Jan. 5.
SS Havana, Havana, Jan. 13.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.		
Dinsdalehall...........	Greenock	.....Dec. 30
Alexandria.............	Copenhagen	..Dec. 28
Kansas City............	Swansea	.....Dec. 30
Columbia...............	Glasgow	......Jan. 6
Moltke.................	Hamburg	......Jan. 6
Argentina..............	Algiers	.......Jan. 4
Louisiana..............	Dartmouth	...Dec. 30
Apache.................	Jacksonville	..Jan. 13
Denver.................	Galveston	.....Jan. 10
Harry Luckenbach.......	New Orleans	..Jan. 10
Katahdin...............	Brunswick	....Jan. 13
Nieuw Amsterdam........	Rotterdam	....Jan. 6
Bretagne...............	Havre	........Jan. 6
Chicago................	Havre	........Jan. 6
Pretoria...............	Hamburg	......Jan. 4
Olympic................	Southampton	..Jan. 10
Elise Marie............	Shields	.......Jan. 2
Trent..................	Colon	........Jan. 6
Sarnia.................	Kingston	.....Jan. 11
El Occidente...........	Galveston	....Jan. 11
American...............	Puerto Mexico	..Jan. 10
DUE TO-MORROW.		
Manhattan..............	Antwerp	......Jan. 3
Helios.................	Rotterdam	....Jan. 3
Santa Marta............	Colon	........Jan. 11
Sallust................	Barbados	.....Jan. 20
Maracas................	Trinidad	.....Jan. 10
Tagus..................	Bermuda	......Jan. 16
Momus..................	New Orleans	..Jan. 13
Huron..................	Jacksonville	..Jan. 15
DUE FRIDAY.		
Cedric.................	Liverpool	.....Jan. 11
Prometheus.............	Rotterdam	....Jan. 3
Potomac................	Shields	.......Jan. 3
Morro Castle...........	Vera Cruz	.....Jan. 11
Zulia..................	Curacao	......Jan. 11
City of Atlanta........	Savannah	.....Jan. 16
Rio Grande.............	Brunswick	....Jan. 16

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Baltic, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	*12:00 M.
Philadelphia, San Juan..	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Almirante, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Zeeland, Antwerp	——	10:00 A.M.
Iroquois, Jacksonville ..	——	1:00 P.M.
Manzanillo, Santiago ..	——	12:00 M.
Alamo, Tampa	——	1:00 P.M.
Antilles, New Orleans...	——	12:00 M.
Horatius, Argentina ...	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
SAIL TO-MORROW.		
Esperanza, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Oceana, Bermuda	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Altai, Inagua	1:00 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Katahdin, Brunswick ..	——	1:00 P.M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
Campanillo, Rotterdam..	——	2:00 P.M.
El Dia, Galveston......	——	12:00 M.
SAIL FRIDAY.		
Apache, Jacksonville ...	——	1:00 P.M.
Guantanamo, Tampico ..	——	12:00 M.
Jefferson, Norfolk	——	3:00 P.M.
SAIL SATURDAY.		
Franconia, Madeira	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
St. Louis, Southampton..	6:00 A.M.	9:30 A.M.
Queen Mary, Argentina.	3:00 A.M.	6:00 A.M.
Verdi, Bahia	5:30 A.M.	9:30 A.M.
Tagus, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Coamo, San Juan........	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Carillo, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Algonquin, Turks Island.	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Havana, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Trent, Jamaica	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Denver, Nassau	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Momus, New Orleans..	——	12:00 M.
P. Sigismund, Jamaica..	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Huron, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
Crossby, Rio Janeiro....	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Guiana, St. Thomas....	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
El Sud, Galveston.......	——	12:00 M.
Hellanes, Argentina ...	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Rio de Janeiro, Para....	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Berlin, Naples	——	11:00 A.M.
Chicago, Havre	——	3:00 P.M.
Oceania, Naples	——	11:00 A.M.
Minnehaha, London	——	10:00 A.M.
Columbia, Glasgow	——	9:00 A.M.
Nueces, Tampa	——	1:00 P.M.
City of Atlanta, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
Bordeaux, Havre	——	3:00 P.M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

By Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., JAN. 16. (MARCONI.)
SS Moltke, Hamburg to New York, 720 miles E. at 11:25 A. M.; due 18th, 10 A. M. Hamburg-American Line.
SS Columbia, Glasgow to New York, 198 miles E. at 12:15 P. M.; due 17th, 8:30 A. M. Anchor Line.
SS Nieuw Amsterdam, Rotterdam to New York, 230 miles E. at noon; due 17th, 8:30 A. M. Holland-America Line.
SS Argentina, Naples to New York, 750 miles E. at 10:15 A. M.; due 17th, 7 P. M. Austro-American Line.
SS Olympic, Southampton to New York, 875 miles E. at 1 A. M.; due 17th, 6:30 P. M. White Star Line.
SS Laurentic, Liverpool to New York, 193 miles E. at 10 A. M.; due 17th, 8:30 A. M. White Star Line.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Lusitania, at Liverpool, Jan. 16.
SS Saxonia, at Liverpool, Jan. 16.
SS Adriatic, at St. Michaels, Jan. 16.
SS Kalomo, at Algiers, Jan. 15.
SS Eastern Prince, at Bahia, Jan. 14.
SS Sibiria, at Montego Bay, Jan. 14.
SS Vasari, at Rio Janeiro, Jan. 14.
SS Arcadian, at Barbados, Jan. 15.
SS Voltaire, at Buenos Aires, Jan. 15.
SS New York City, at Bristol, Jan. 15.
SS Kennebeck, at Suez, Jan. 16.
SS Hydra, at Nagasaki, Jan. 14.
SS Pilar de Larrinaga, at Montevideo, Jan. 15.
SS Oceania, at Trieste, Jan. 13.
SS Madonna, at Marseilles, Jan. 15.
SS Caronia, at Gibraltar, Jan. 17.

Sailed.

SS Narragansett, from London, Jan. 16.
SS Christopher, from Para, Jan. 13.

Passed.

SS Hohenfels, Calcutta for New York, passed Gibraltar.
SS Taormina, New York for Naples, passed Gibraltar.
SS Pagenturm, Calcutta for New York, passed Gibraltar.

Transpacific Mails.

Destination and Steamer.	Mails Close in New York.
Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (via Vancouver)—Zealandia ....Jan.	19 6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, (via Tacoma.) Mexico—Manu..Jan.	15 6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Mongolia..Jan.	18 6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China (via Seattle)—Tencu ....Jan.	19 6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, (via San Francisco,) —Honolulan ....Jan.	19 6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, and China (via Seattle) — Kamakura Maru ....Jan.	22 6:30 P.M.
Tahiti and Marquesas (via San Francisco)—Mariposa..Jan.	28 6:30 P.M.
Guam and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—U. S. Transport ....Jan.	31 6:30 P.M.
Tahiti, Marquesas, New Zealand, Australia (via San Francisco)—Union Line steamer ....Feb.	7 6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver)—Montiagil ...Feb.	2 6:30 P.M.

For Latest Shipping News See Page 1.

FOREIGN HOTELS AND RESORTS.

England.

SAVOY HOTEL
LONDON, ENGLAND.
THE FAVORITE RESORT OF ALL AMERICANS IN EUROPE.

Germany.

BERLIN HOTEL BRISTOL
Unter den Linden

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Big Apartment Planned for Plot Adjoining New Fifth Ave. Home of James B. Clews—Many Deals in the Midtown Loft Zone—Lexington Ave. Property Active.

A new apartment house in the upper Fifth Avenue section will be built in the near future as the result of an important deal concluded yesterday by Douglas L. Elliman & Co., who sold 3 and 5 East Eighty-fifth Street to the Fullerton-Weaver Realty Company. The frontage is 50 feet on the street by 102.2, and adjoins the new home recently completed by James B. Clews on the north corner of Fifth Avenue.

Some interesting history is connected with this property. It was bought many years ago by the New York & Harlem Railroad to be used for car barns for the Eighty-sixth Street Crosstown Railroad, a subsidiary of the New York & Harlem Company. When the road was leased several years ago to the Metropolitan system the land was not needed and was never improved. The corner parcel was sold by the railroad to Mr. Clews over two years ago, and the recent sale disposes of the railroad's holdings at that corner.

J. E. R. Carpenter has been selected as the architect to prepare plans for the proposed apartment house, which will be nine stories high and will be built on lines similar to the structure recently finished by the Fullerton-Weaver Company at 116 East Fifty-eighth Street. The same company is now completing a twelve-story apartment on the northwest corner of Park Avenue and Eighty-second Street.

Cram Estate Leases Plot for Loft.

Continued activity seems to be the feature of the realty market in the Fifth Avenue shopping district, between Thirty-fourth and Forty-second Streets, and plans for the erection of another tall structure in that area, it was learned yesterday, have been practically completed. The deal involves a long lease of the property at 5 East Thirty-eighth Street and the abutting stable plot at 6 East Thirty-ninth Street, having a frontage of 87.6 feet on each street.

Public Service Commissioner J. Sergeant Cram for the Henry A. Cram estate has concluded negotiations to lease the plot, it is rumored, to a syndicate on the basis of about $35,000 a year. Before the proposed building can be started, court proceedings to determine the interests of various heirs in the Thirty-ninth Street parcel must be concluded.

In the meantime the plot will be used by the Equal Franchise Society as its home, the old stable having lately been remodelled for that purpose, and the rooms are to be opened next week. The Thirty-ninth Street frontage is separated by one plot from the Knabe Building on the Fifth Avenue corner.

Loft to Replace Hegeman Home.

The former residence of John R. Hegeman, President of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, at 19 Madison Avenue is to be replaced by a ten-story and basement fireproof structure. The structure has been leased from the plans for the owner, Mrs. Evelyn Hegeman, to Morimura Arai & Co., silk merchants. The lease, which is for a long term of years, was negotiated by L. Tanenbaum, Straus & Co.

Activity Along Lexington Avenue Subway Route.

Two deals along the line of the new Lexington Avenue Subway route, where there has been marked activity since the work of digging begun, were reported yesterday. At the southeast corner of Sixty-fifth Street and Lexington Avenue Daniel B. Friedman sold to Dr. Teofoli Parodi two four-story dwellings on a plot 34 by 80, known as 861 and 863. The buildings have been used as a sanitarium. Douglas L. Elliman & Co. negotiated the sale. Title was taken yesterday.

Further north on the avenue John J. Fleming sold to Ennis & Sinnott, operators, 1,225 Lexington Avenue, a three-story dwelling on a lot 16 by 62. The property adjoins the northeast corner of Eighty-third Street. McClure & Dowdney represented the owner.

The Private Dwelling Market.

Frederick W. Goodnow has sold to an investor 159 West 121st Street, a three-story brownstone dwelling, on a lot 19 by 100. The buyer is a client of Porter & Co.

John Grassel has purchased from Aaron Coleman 107 West Sixty-ninth Street, a four-story and basement private dwelling, on a lot 20 by 100.

Loft in Civic Centre Plot.

On a portion of the area recommended last week as the site for the new Court House and civic centre plans were filed yesterday in the Building Department for an eighteen-story loft by the architect, Harry Dean, for the owner, Samuel Green. The plot thus proposed to be improved is the triangular lot fronting 82.8 feet on Duane Street, 40.9 on Centre Street, and 45.6 on Lafayette Street. The adoption of the report has yet to be made by the Board of Estimate. The proposed loft is estimated to cost $150,000.

West Side Apartment Deal.

The six-story apartment house known as the Florentine figured in a two-hundred-and-thirty-thousand-dollar deal yesterday, in which a Seventy-second Street dwelling was given in part payment. The apartment was purchased by Mrs. Henrietta L. Brown from the Hoyt Realty and Leasing Company. It occupies a plot 75 by 100 feet on the south side of 124th Street, 100 feet east of Broadway. In part payment Mrs. Brown gives the four-story residence at 42 West Seventy-second Street, on plot 25 by 100. Edward C. Williams & Co. represented the Hoyt Company in the deal, and Mrs. Brown was represented by John L. Parish.

Modern Tenements to Replace Old Ones.

An east side deal that promises an immediate improvement was announced yesterday by Richard M. Lederer, who sold to Jacob Fish for Spiegler & Merl 66 Avenue B, a four-story tenement, on a lot 16 by 73.9, and for Nathaniel T. Leaird of Saginaw, Mich., 64 Avenue B, a four-story tenement, on a lot 16 by 93.9.

These two lots, together with the adjoining four lots, acquired by the same purchaser and forming the southwest corner of Avenue B and Fifth Street, being 96 feet on Avenue B and 73.9 feet on Fifth Street, will be improved with two modern apartments as soon as possession is secured.

Bronx.

Mrs. Henrietta Hoatling has sold to an investor 2,170 Washington Avenue, a five-story apartment, on a plot 37 by 100. Clement H. Smith negotiated the sale. The same broker has also sold for John Drakard 2,248 Bassford Avenue, a four-story double flat, on a plot 35 by 73, near 182d Street.

Alexander E. Michie, Jr., and J. C. Gleason & Son have sold for Mrs. Rose M. Kurr 2,047 Washington Avenue, near East 180th Street, a four-story triple flat, on lot 25 by 142, to William A. Towner. The buyer gave in exchange twelve lots at Pelham Manor, a polt 150 by 265 and irregular, fronting on Hudson Street and running through to Washington Avenue near the junction of Washington Avenue and Hudson Street.

A $500,000 Brooklyn Trade.

The two six-story apartment houses 7 to 17 Granada Place have been sold to an investor by the Colonial Holding Company. The structures occupy a plot 176 by 100 and irregular, and are located near Fulton Street. In part payment the purchaser gave 400 free and clear lots at Egg Harbor, N. J. The deal involves about $500,000.

The Brooklyn property was acquired by the seller last August in exchange for the Shenandoah and Chesapeake apartment houses, occupying the block front on the east side of Audubon Avenue, between 172d and 173d Streets.

Staten Island.

H. T. Metcalfe & Son have sold a half acre of land on the north side of the Staten Island Railway at Great Kills for the estate of Elizabeth A. Gill to S. P. Kutzer; also, on the westerly side of Nelson Avenue, about nine acres for David Bennett King, Trustee for the creditors of Erastus Wiman.

New Jersey.

Michael Samuel of the Standard Acreage Company has sold to a Long Island syndicate a tract of land of 65 acres in Lakewood, N. J., with a road frontage of about 3,000 feet on River Avenue and Cross street. The new owners will develop for a residential park.

Gen. Woodford Buys Acreage.

Gen. Stewart L. Woodford has purchased a tract of seventy-six acres at Green Farms, Conn., as a country estate.

Recent Buyers.

Arthur P. Browning, President of the Norwich and New York Propeller Company, is the purchaser of 205 Front Street, sold last week.

Private Dwellings Leased.

Pease & Elliman have leased the following dwellings: No. 444 Madison Avenue, a four-story and basement, in conjunction with Cruikshank & Co., for Mrs. L. S. Thompson; 1,013 Madison Avenue, a four-story and basement, for Dr. John B. White to Richard L. Morris, and 131 East Seventy-first Street, a five-story American basement, for Miss Elise De Wolf to R. Johnson.

Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company, have leased for the Robarts Company, 24 West Fortieth Street, a four-story dwelling to John Wallace Brett for business purposes.

Title Company Elects Officers.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Title Guarantee and Trust Company yesterday the following were re-elected Trustees for three years: Robert W. de Forest, Martin Joost, James D. Lynch, James H. Manning, William H. Nichols, Robert Olyphant, Charles A. Peabody, William H. Porter, and Ellis D. Williams.

The following officers were unanimously re-elected: Clarence H. Kelsey, President; Frank Bailey, Vice President; Edward O. Stanley, Second Vice President and Manager of the Banking Department; Clinton D. Burdick, Third Vice President; J. Wray Cleveland, Secretary; Frank L. Sniffen, Manager of the Brooklyn Banking Department; John W. Shepard and Charles C. Dickson, Assistant Treasurers; Nelson B. Simon, Horace Anderson, David Blank, and Clarence C. Harmstad, Assistant Secretaries.

Notes.

The Charles F. Noyes Company has been appointed agent of the Market and Fulton National Bank Building, a twelve-story office structure, occupying an entire block front on Gold Street, from Fulton to Ann Street.

The Minsky Realty Company, Louis Minsky, President, has removed its offices from 236 to 244 Eldridge Street, to the Commercial Building on the southeast corner of Second Avenue and Fourteenth Street.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

18th St, 120 and 122 West, s s, 230 ft w of 6th Av, 49x92, six-story loft building and stores; foreclosure, withdrawn.

95th St, 307-319 East, n s, 137.6 ft e of 2d Av; 187.6x100.8, five six-story brick tenements; stores in 307-313; foreclosure, to Harry Appelbaum, a party in interest for $50, over prior lien.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

A.—BUILDING LOAN MONEY.
1ST AND 2ND MORTGAGE MONEY.
ELISHA SNIFFIN
185 Broadway. 'Phone 7628 Cort.
Member Real Estate Board of Brokers.

Sidney R. Lash,
No. 6 Wall St. Phone 3795 Rector.
Money in any sum to loan on bond and mortgage.

First mortgage loans wanted on vacant property in Greater New York in amounts of $50,000 and upward; best of security, principals or direct representatives. Principal, 209 Times Downtown.

FIRST AND SECOND MORTGAGES.
MODERATE CHARGES.
Prompt Attention.
F. M. CLEAR & CO., 125 East 23d St.

Have large and small amounts; first and second mortgage money, Manhattan and Brooklyn; quick action. P. Rothenstein, 150 Nassau St.

Wanted—$35,000 A1 Brooklyn business property; best location. Address Personal, 602 Arbuckle Building, Brooklyn.

Mortgage Money Low rates and charges. H. H. Hazelton, 9 Church St.

Have mortgage money for Manhattan, Bronx. S. A. ISRAEL, 35 Nassau. Tel. 2673 Cort.

LOANS AT 4½%. LOW CHARGES.
IRVING BACHRACH, 74 East 92d. Tel. 2044 Lenox.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

Duane St, n s, from Centre to Lafayette Sts, for an eighteen-story office building, 82.8x40.9x47.4x45.6; S. Green, 43 West 34th St., owner; H. Dean, architect; cost, $150,000.

Gun Hill Road, s e corner of Webster Av., for a three-story brick store and tenement, 26.4½x77.7; Maria V. Armanino, 712 Third Av., owner, Philip Resnyk, architect; cost, $14,000.

Spuyten Duyvil Road, s w corner of 236th St, for one-story frame dwelling, 66.2x14.2; James Douglas, Spuyten Duyvil, owner; Ahneman & Younkhure, architects; cost, $800.

Van Dam St, n w corner of Macdougal St, for a seven-story factory, 65x20.1x irregular; McCotter Construction & Improvement Co., 150 West 4th St., owner; E. Wilbur, architect; cost, $70,000.

Washington Av, s e corner of 175th St, for a six-story brick tenement, 46.4x94; Sophie Mayer, 41 East 72d St., owner; C. B. Meyers, architect; cost, $55,000.

27th St, 330 and 332 West, for a three-story factory; Coca-Cola Co, 297 8th Av., owner; A. Tufts, architect; cost, $50,000.

187th St, s s, from Edgecombe to St. Nicholas Av., for a six-story tenement, 23.10x142.1x144.1; J. M. O'Regan, owner; Schwartz & Gross, architects; cost, $25,000.

163d St, n s, — ft w of Edgecombe Av, for a four-story boiler house, laundry, and dormitory, 37x36; Sisters of Charity of St. Vincent de Paul, owner; I. E. Ditmars, architect; cost, $60,000.

233d St, s s, 167.6 ft w of Laconia Av., for a two-story and attic frame dwelling, 22x45; Sidney Richardson, 233d St. and White Plains Road, owner; Carl B. Johnson, architect; cost, $6,000.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

Broadway, 865, to a five-story office building and store; Beers Realty Co., Westfield, N. J., owner; Hunt & Hunt, architects; cost, $7,000.

8th Av., 705, to a four-story tenement; J. L. Van Allen, Newport, R. I., owner; J. H. Knubel, architect; cost, $5,000.

36th St, s s, 232 ft w of 6th Av, to a five-story dwelling; A. H. Muller, 55 West 52d St., owner; Smith & Ross, architects; cost, $5,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

TUESDAY, JAN. 16.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. Where attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, e s, from 141st to 142d Sts, 199.10x35x irregular; George F. Picken to Audubon Impt Co, 974 St. Nicholas Av, ½ right title, and interest, (mtg $170,000,) Jan. 15; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway $100

SAME PROPERTY; Audubon Impt Co to Max Marx, 410 Convent Av, ½ part, all title, Jan. 15; same attorney $1

ATTORNEY ST, w s, 200 ft s of Houston St, 50x100; Jennie Adler to Jennie Jacobs, 540 West 163d St, quitclaim, Dec. 11; attorney, Morris Jacobs, 50 Pine St......$1

AVENUE D, 49-51, w s, 44x80, (foreclosure Jan. 10, 1912;) John H. Judge, referee, to Bertha Halpron, 53 Lenox Av, (mtg $42,000 and all liens,) Jan. 11; attorney, S. N. Tuckman, 320 Broadway......$8,000

GREENWICH AV, n e s, 22.6 ft s e of 8th Av, runs n e 55.11x e 28.9x s e 16.11 and 73.1 to avenue by n w 40 to beginning; Elisabeth Kratz and others, heirs of William Kratz, to Katherine Kratz, widow, 132 Greenwich Av, Jan. 16; attorneys, De Witt, L. & De Witt, 88 Nassau St......$1

HAMILTON TERRACE, 11, e s, 17.5x67.6x 17.6x66.3; Nellie K. Howell to Kentmore Operating Co, 99 Nassau St, (mtg $7,500,) Jan. 15; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway......$100

HORATIO ST, 75-77, n s, 46x84.4; Mary Meagher to Chrystie Street House, a corporation, 129 Chrystie St, (mtg $16,500,) Jan. 16; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway......$100

LEXINGTON AV, 861 and 863, s e corner of 65th St, 34.5x80; Daniel B. Freedman to Teofilo Paredi, 127 East 60th St, Jan. 15, (mtg $35,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$100

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, s e corner of 148th St, 99.11x105; Audubon Impt Co to George F. Picken, 475 West 141st St, (mtg $100,000,) Jan. 15; attorney Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway......$100

WEST END AV, 54, s e corner of 62d St, 25.5x100; Nancy Krakower to Arthur J. Bendick, 1,168 Broadway, B. & S., Jan. 16; attorney, A. B. Morrison, 140 Nassau St......$1

WEST END AV, s w corner of 106th St, 50.11x100; Yorkshire Realty and Construction Co. to Frederick F. J. Hatcliffe, 136 West 103d St, (mtg $120,000,) Jan. 15; attorneys, Rose & Putzel, 128 Broadway......$1

WEST END AV, same property; Frederick F. J. Hatcliffe to Rice L. Julian, 265 West 81st St, Jan. 15, (mtg $120,000;) attorneys, Rose & Putzel, 128 Broadway......$100

1ST AV, n w corner of 58th St, 25.1x75; John Burchhardt and others, heirs of John Burchhardt, to George Ehret, 1,197 Park Av, all liens, Jan. 15; attorney, E. M. Burghard, 135 Broadway......$100

2D ST, 124 East, n s, 24.8x121.11; Jennie Lazarus to Hyman Rosen, 182 Orchard St, all liens, Jan. 13; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway......$1

5TH ST, s s, 163.11 ft w of Avenue B, 19.11x96; Thomas F. Grady, referee, to Mary E. Wood, 259 Lenox Av, Jan. 16; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.. $25,500

5TH ST, s s, 183.10 ft w of Avenue B, 40x96; Thomas F. Grady, referee, to Nathan Michalover and another, 304 East Broadway, Jan. 7; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$55,900

5TH AV, e s, 28 ft n of 27th St, 30.8x100; Emil B. Meyrowitz to E. B. Meyrowitz, incorporated, 104 East 23d St, (mtg $275,000,) Jan. 4; attorney, Chester W. Cuthell, 52 Broadway......$100

8TH AV, n e corner of 153d St, 40x100; Isaac Goldberg to Rae Aisenstein, 215 West 100th St, (mtg $48,000,) Jan. 16; attorneys, Davis & K., 51 Chambers St......$100

12TH ST, 328 West, 23x44; Hugh E. O'Reilly to Sarah A. O'Reilly, April 5, 1902, (mtg $8,500;) attorneys, Johnston & J., 256 Broadway......Gift

25TH ST, 215 East, n s, 25x98.9; Nitram Realty Co. to Martin F. Huberth, 1,045 Forest Av, (mtg $23,000,) Jan. 12; attorney, Charles J. Leslie, 165 Broadway......$100

33D ST, n s, 146.1 ft e of 10th Av, 25.7x39.8x — along centre line of old Jersey St x37.7; interior lot centre line of block between 33d and 34th Sts, 139 ft e of 10th Av, 25x61.4x irregular; Mary A. Jones and others to Jules S. Bache, 8 East 67th St, and Hy Wollman, all liens, Jan. 15; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway......$1

43D ST, s s, 267.10 ft w of 6th Av, 21.5x100.5; Charles F. Dellinger, executor of Julia Dellinger, to Josephine M. S. Cugley, 931 Fox St, all liens, Jan. 16; attorney, Samuel J. Siegel, 38 Park Row......$67,500

52D ST, 156 and 158 East, s s, 43.6x100.5; Mary B. Hughes to Annie J. Boullon, 344 Convent Av, (mtg $14,000,) Jan. 16; attorneys, same......$100

52D ST, 158 East, s s, 22.6x100.5; Annie J. Boullon to Mary B. Hughes, 344 Convent Av, (mtg $14,000,) Jan. 16; attorneys, Amend & Amend, 119 Nassau St......$100

73D ST, 217 East, n s, 25x102.2; Mina Benach to George M. Bruestle, 132 East 23d St, (mtg $16,500,) Jan. 11; attorney, Hugo Cohn, 119 Avenue A......$1

75TH ST, 11 East, n s, 21x102.2; Wilford W. Linsly to Loretta L. Linsly, 1 West 81st St, ⅓ part, Dec. 20; attorney, S. R. Johnson, 71 Wall St......$100

82D ST, 403 East, n s, 26x102.2; Margaretha Schadt to Hy F. Schadt, 873 Macy Place, (mtg $10,000,) ½ part, Jan. 15; attorneys, A. & H. Bloch, 99 Nassau St......$1

86TH ST, 39 West, n s, 32.6x100.8; Anna Levy to Isabelle F. Harned, 39 West 86th St, (mtg $120,000,) Jan. 2; attorney, David H. Taylor, 165 Broadway......$100

SAME PROPERTY; Helen D. Jenkins to same, quitclaim; attorney, same......$1

88TH ST, 534 East, s s, 25x100.8; Margaretha Schadt to Hy. F. Schadt, 873 Macy Place, ½ part, all title, (mtg $14,000,) Jan. 15; attorneys, A. & H. Bloch, 99 Nassau St......$1

88TH ST, 524 East, s s, 25x100.8; Margaretha Schadt to Hy. F. Schadt, 873 Macy Place, ½ part, all title, Jan. 15, (mtg $7,600;) attorneys, A. & H. Bloch, 99 Nassau St......$1

94TH ST, 69 West, same property; Frederick F. J. Hatcliffe to Hy. Mayer, 251 West 92d St, Jan. 15, (mtg $18,000;) attorneys same. $100

95TH ST, 69 West, n s, 20x100.8; Sallie Julian to Frederick F. J. Hatcliffe, 136 West 103d St, Jan. 15; attorneys, Rose & Putzel, 128 Broadway......$100

108TH ST, 71 East, n s, 17x100.11; Julia Emmerich to Henry Kelly, 20 Middagh St, Brooklyn, (mtg $7,750,) Jan. 15; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway......$1

109TH ST, n s, 201 ft e of 2d Av, 25x100.11; Bertha Kaufmann to Jonas Weil and Bernhard Mayer, 41 East 72d St, B & S and all liens; attorneys, Weil & M., 5 Beekman St......$100

115TH ST, 336 East, s s, 25x100.10; Leah Cohn to Bertha Robinson, at Kensington Gardens, Far Rockaway, L. I., (mtg $14,000,) Jan. 8; attorney, H. Cohn, 19 Avenue A......$1

116TH ST, 7 and 9 West, n s, 54.6x100.11; Samuel and Abraham Bienenzucht to Alexander H. Pincus, 301 West 108th St, Jan. 15, (mtg $18,000;) attorney, Hy. Meyer, 302 Broadway......$1

117TH ST, 242 East s s, 25x100.11; Eclipse Bldg and Operating Co to Howard T. Cole, 906 St. John's Place, Brooklyn, or 87 Nassau St., N. Y., (mtg $16,000,) Jan. 15......$100

121ST ST, 518 East, s s, 17x80; Wells Holding Co. to Robert J. Moorehead, 415 East 140th St, Jan. 11; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway......$100

121ST ST, 224 West, s s, 18x100.11; Kentmore Operating Co. to Nellie K. Howell, 734 St. Nicholas Av, (mtg $14,000,) Jan. 15; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway......$100

128TH ST, 213 West, n s, 16.8x99.11; Wells Holding Co., 158 West 125th St, to Robert J. Moorehead, 403 East 140th St, mtg $10,000, Jan. 11; attorneys, Smith & P., 403 East 149th St......$100

132D ST, 554 West, s s, 25x99.11; George De Vries to Tillie Jalonack, 3,151 Broadway, mtg $23,000, Jan. 13; Mark Jalonack, 2,151 Broadway......$1

139TH ST, s s, 150 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 100x99.11; William M. Moore Construction Co. to Eliphalet L. Davis, 249 West 22d St., (mtg $135,000,) Jan. 15; attorneys, Roelker, B. & S., 62 William St......$100

139TH ST, s s, 150 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 100x99.11; Eliphalet L. Davis to Solomon L. Pakas, 50 West 77th St, (mtg $151,000,) Jan. 5; attorneys, Roelker, B. & S., 62 William St. $100

150TH ST, s s, 125 ft w of Broadway, 130x99.11; Nancy Krakower to Arthur J. Bendick, 1,168 Broadway, B. & S., Jan. 16; attorney, A. B. Morrison, 140 Nassau St......$1

Bronx.

ANDERSON AV, 974, e s, 31x157; Kemp-Jones Realty Co. to David Anderson, 1,671 Nelson Av, (mtg $21,000,) Jan. 15; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$100

BARRETTO ST, w s, 182 ft s of Oak Point Av, 25x100; East Bay Land and Improvement Co. to Mary K. Meyers, 822 Mamda St, Jan. 12; attorney, R. C. Dorsett, 25 Pine St......$100

BECK ST, w s, 115 ft n of Intervale Av, 79.11x100; Henry Morgenthau Co to Absar Realty Co, 919 Fox St, Dec 26; atty, A A Shlickerman, 215 Montague St, Brooklyn......$100

BRONX PLACE, n s, Lots 81 and 82, map of South Vernon Park, 50x100; Catherine C. Hill to Minnie Watzky, 4,579 White Plains Road, (mtg $3,000,) Jan. 11; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$100

BROWN AV, e s, 134.10 ft n of Mianna St, 50x100; Brown Av, w s, 36.2 ft n of Mianna St, 50x100; George Schwacke to Garvey Brothers Co., 1,911 White Plains Av, Jan. 16; attorney, Charles H. Baechler, 1,126 Walker Av. $100

BRYANT AV, w s, 245 ft s of 172d St, 20x100; Andrew A. Milne to Mathilda Plundeke, 1,295 Chisholm St, Jan. 16, (mtg $10,000;) attorney, Walter R. Lynch, 38 Park Row......$100

FOREST AV, 922, e s, 18.9x95; Catherine Milne to Mathilda Plundeke, 1,295 Chisholm St, Jan. 16, mtg $3,500; atty, Walter R. Lynch, 38 Park Row......$100

FREEMAN ST, s w cor of Chisholm St, 24x75; Mathilde Plundeke to Catherine Milne, 922 Forest Av, Jan 16, mtg $11,000; atty, T G & T Co, 176 Broadway......$1

HOFFMAN ST, n e s, s ½ of Lot 109, map of land of heirs of William Powell, 25x100; Adam Wiener, referee, to Hebrew Mutual Benefit Society, 160 West 82d St, Jan. 15; attorneys, Kantrowitz & E., 320 Broadway. $3,000

HULL AV, e s, 225 ft s of 204th St, 50x100; Marianna Marshall to William Marshall, her husband, 3,072 Hull Av, Jan. 8; attorney, J. V. Sheridan, 4,103 White Plains Road......$1

LOTS 890, 956, 957, 984, 985, 1,122, 1,130 to 1,134, and 1,140, map of Gleason property; Peoples Trust Co., as Trustee, to Long Island Properties Co., 200 5th Av, Dec. 11..$1,020

LOTS 192 and 193, map of Hunt's Point Realty Co.; Charles G. Lohman to Winona C. Schoefer, 1,975 Mapes Av, Jan. 13, (mtg $1,800;) attorney, Louis J. Schoefer, 1,975 Mapes Av......$100

LOTS 183 to 186, map of part of Trask estate, 25x100; Richard Kohlmann to Richard Pilehner, 758 Beck St, Feb. 4, 1911; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway..$100

LOT 492, map of Lohbauer Park; Samuel Schlesinger to Charlotte Helmler, 703 Prospect Av., Jan. 12; attorney, P. E. Jackson, 55 Liberty St......$100

LOT 396, map of part of Seton Homestead; Frank Danahy to Matthew Danahy, 5,189 Broadway, March 12, 1906; address 5,189 Broadway......$400

LOT 72, map of estate of Moses Devoe, at Fordham Heights; Richard C. Alles to Phelan Bldg Co, 45 Broadway, Jan. 12; attorney, Robert W. Patterson, 45 Broadway......$100

MACY PLACE, 873, n s, 25x100; Margaretha Schadt to Henry F. Schadt, 873 Macy Place, Jan. 15, (mtg $6,000;) attorneys, A. & H. Bloch, 99 Nassau St......$1

MANIDA ST, s e corner of Spofford Av, 16.8x42.9; Walter J M Donovan to James G Patton, at New Rochelle, N Y, Jan 16; atty, T G & T Co, 176 Broadway......$100

MINFORD PLACE, n e corner of Jennings St, 25x100; Duryea & Carey Construction Co. to Leonard Weill, 76 West 102d St, (mtg $28,000,) Jan. 15; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$1

SAME PROPERTY; Leonard Weill to Edward Rafter, 43 West 86th St., (mtg $28,000,) Jan. 15; attorney, same......$100

MORRIS AV, w s, 71 ft s of 184th St, 125x108.3; Morris Av, n w corner of 183d St, 147x106.9; Solomon L. Pakas to Martha E. Moore, 190th St and Aqueduct Av, Jan. 15, (mtg $27,500;) attorneys, Weschler & R., 135 Broadway......$1

MORRIS AV, n w corner of 183d St, 147x106.9; Moritz L. Ernst and another to Solomon L. Pakas, 50 West 77th St, Aug. 11, 1910; attorneys, Weschler & R., 135 Broadway......$1

PART OF Lot 138, map of East Tremont; Katherine C. Kasser to Henry Harms, 2,124 Mapes Av, Jan. 8; attorney, Edward H. Moran, 51 Chambers St......$1

PART OF LOTS 136 and 137, map of Cammann estate; William D. Peck to Katherine C. Kasser, 2,360 Crotona Av., Sept. 26, 1911; attorney, Edward F. Moran, 51 Chambers St......$60

STEUBEN AV, centre line, 180 ft n from centre line of 210th St, 50x130; Steuben Av, centre line, 130 ft n from centre line of 210th St, 50x130; Herbert K. Stockton, referee, to James B. Powers, Napier Av and 236th St, Jan. 15, (mtg $10,000;) attorney, James A. Donnelly, 26 Liberty St......$4,000

WASHINGTON AV, e s, 287.6 ft s of Fletcher St, 37.6x134.4; Elizabeth B. Hotaling to John Drakard, 2,250 Bassford Av, (mtg $28,000,) Jan. 13; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$100

WESTCHESTER AV, s e corner of Ferris Place, 80.4x22.11; Rosa Nathan and others, executrices, to Jacob Ruppert Corpn., 1,639 3d Av, Jan. 8, (mtg $14,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway. $23,000

157th St, 373 and 377 East, 49.7x100; Benjamin Benenson to John Muth, 425 East 162d St, Jan. 15 (mtg $12,000;) attorney, Hugo Cohn, 19 Avenue A......$1

162D ST, 425 East, 37.6x100; John Muth to John J. Fellner, 430 East 155th St, Jan. 10, (mtg $35,000;) attorneys, Elfers & A., 277 Broadway......$1

164TH ST, s s, 90 ft w of Washington Av, 30x100; Hyman H. Oltz to Abram Zucker, 60 West 115th St, Dec. 30, 1911; address, 60 West 115th St......$1

165TH ST, n e s, part of Lot 26, map of Morrisania, 20x117.10; Joseph E. Downey to John P. Tinnon, 441 East 165th St, Jan. 15, (mtg $1,700;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co. 176 Broadway......$100

240TH ST, n e s, Lot 215, map of Washingtonville, 50x100; Wilhelm Keller to Matilda K. May, 621 East 240th St, Jan. 15; attorney, J. M. Bell, Mount Vernon, N. Y...$1,000

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

AVENUE A, n e corner of 85th St, 25.8x71.11; Gesina Memken to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St, Jan. 11, 1 year; attorneys, R. & E. J. O'Gorman, 51 Chambers St......$19,000

BROADWAY, s e corner of 142d St, 20x70; Lenah W. Hoefler to Nathan J. Packard, 411 West End Av, Jan. 15, due April 15, 1912, 6 p. c.; attorney, I. Josephson, 5 Beekman St.. $1,500

CANAL ST, 179, n s, 20.10x99.9x20.10x99.8; John G. Kinkele to German Savings Bank, 157 4th Av, Jan. 12, 3 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney, M. Auerbach, 42 Broadway....$12,000

GREENWICH ST, 198, 25x78; Emma L. Smith to Thomas R. McNell, 106 West 75th St, Jan. 13, due Nov. 18, 1914; attorney, F. L. Hall, 30 Broad St......$2,000

LEXINGTON AV, w s, 109 ft n of 50th St, 20x80; Marcus M. Marks to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, Jan. 16, due as per bond; address, 176 Broadway..$15,000

MONROE ST, 128 and 128½, s s, 29.8x100; Jacob Richman and another to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, Jan. 16, due, &c., as per bond; address, 176 Broadway......$20,000

PARK AV, 1,808 to 1,816, and 125th St, 78 and 80 East, leasehold; Charles Bohling to Leopold Bergfield, 80 East 125th St, Jan. 15, installments, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Wesselman & Kraus, 55 Liberty St......$55,800

1ST AV, 2,267, w s, 29x78; Anquilina Parlato to Eliza R. Allien, 159 Glenridge Av, Montclair, N. J., prior mtg $14,000, Jan. 12, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Alvin Summers, 95 Liberty St......$2,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to Joseph Camps, 404 West 36th St, prior mtg $16,000, Jan. 15, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Morris Eder, 302 Broadway......$300

3D AV, e s, 22.5 ft s of 57th St, 26x70; May M. Lindsay to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St, Jan. 16, due Sept. 14, 1912; attorney, William C. Orr, 51 Chambers St......$1,000

5TH ST, s s, 143.10 ft w of Avenue B, 39.11x96; Mary E. Wood to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, Jan. 16, due as per bond; address, 176 Broadway......$20,000

5TH ST, s s, 183.10 ft w of Avenue B, 40x96; Nathan Michalover and another to Julius Grebel, 120 East 95th St, Jan. 16, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$40,000

31ST ST, 310 and 312 East, 45x98.9; Adolph Schlesinger to Harris D. Colt, 14 East 60th St, 5 years, 4½ p. c., Jan. 16; attorneys, Curtis, M., P. & C., 30 Broad St......$18,000

43D ST, 122 West, 21.5x100.5; Josephine M. S. Gugley to Charles F. Dellinger, executor, 52 West 51st St, Jan. 16, 3 years; attorneys, Harrison, E., & B., 59 Wall St......$55,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to Leo Kohn, 244 West 99th St, Jan. 16, prior mtg $55,000, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, Arnim Kohn, 115 Broadway......$8,000

52D ST, 406 East, 18.9x100.5; Lottie Bednowitz to Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, 120 Broadway, Jan. 16, 3 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway......$5,500

52D ST, s s, 256.6 ft e of Lexington Av, 43.6x100.5; Mary H. Hughes to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St, Jan. 16, 1 year; attorneys, Amend & A., 119 Nassau St......$11,000

55TH ST, n s, 125 ft e of 5th Av, 25x120; Woodbury G. Langdon to New York Life Insurance and Trust Co., 52 Wall St, Jan. 12, due March 15, 1916, 4½ p. c.; attorney, W. F. Emmet, 52 Wall St......$75,000

72D ST, 411 East, 25x102.2; Otto Leppert to Amanda Wolff, at Villa Rapp Untermais Meran, Austria, 5 years, Jan. 16; attorney, E. A. Hassey, 302 Broadway......$14,000

93D ST, 177 East, n s, 29.11x100.8; Philip Finkelstein to Sender Feldmark, 819 East 166th St, Jan. 12, due Feb. 1, 1914, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway......$3,500

94TH ST, 69 West, 20x100.8; Frederick F. J. Hatcliffe to Sallie Julian, 235 West 75th St, Jan. 15, 5 years; attorneys, Rose & P., 128 Broadway......$18,000

112TH ST, 56 and 60 East, 39x100.11; Barnet Turner and another to Samuel N. Freedman, 260 Riverside Drive, (prior mtg $38,000,) due Jan. 1, 1922, 6 p. c., Jan. 15; attorney, S. N. Freedman, 55 Liberty St......$18,000

113TH ST, n s, 20 ft e of 4th Av, 16x100.11; Mary J. Kelly to Margaret W. Burdsall, 12 Rochelle Place, New Rochelle, N. Y., Jan. 15, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Wilson, B. & W., 48 Wall St......$5,000

115TH ST, 336 East, s w s, 25x100.10; Bertha Robinson to Leah Cohn, at Kensington Gardens, Far Rockaway, L. I., Jan. 8, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Hugo Cohn, 19 Avenue A. $2,000

139TH ST, s s, 150 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 99.11x100; Eliphalet L. Davis to William M. Moore, 190th St and Aqueduct Av, Jan. 15, prior mtg $135,000, due July 15, 1914, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Weschler & R., 135 Broadway.. $16,000

Bronx.

ARTHUR AV, n w corner of 187th St, 27.7x113.9; Pasquale Gargiulo to Gaelana Trombetta, 423 East 118th St, prior mtg $27,000, Jan. 16, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Morris Eder, 302 Broadway......$5,000

BECK ST, w s, 194.11 ft n of Intervale Av, 79.11x115; Absar Realty Co. to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway, Jan. 16, 1 year, 6 p. c.; address, 160 Broadway. $38,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to Henry Morgenthau Co., 165 Broadway, prior mtg $38,000, Dec. 26, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, W. M. Weshsler, 165 Broadway......$7,000

CATHERINE ST, n e corner of 238th St, 50x119.9x50.5x120.6; Annie Prochaska to Corporate Mortgage Co., 55 Liberty St, Jan. 13, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Hy D. Patten, 55 Liberty St......$1,800

DAVIDSON AV, s e corner of Fordham Road, 146.1x—; Louise C. Holding to Henry Holding, 111 West 130th St, Jan. 5, prior mtg $14,000, 3 years; attorney, H. C. Knoeppel, 5 Beekman St......$6,000

FREEMAN ST, 1,395, 24x75; Catherine Milne to Mathilda Plemdeke, 1,295 Chisholm St, Jan. 16, prior mtg $11,000, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$5,000

JENNINGS ST, n e corner of Minford Place, 25x100; Edward Rafter to Leonard Weill, 76 West 102d St, prior mtg $28,000, Jan. 15, due May 1, 1912, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.. $6,000

LOTS 108 and 109, map of Lott G. Hunt estate, 2 mtgs, each $400; Garvey Brothers Co. to Theodore Schwacke, 200 West 144th St, Jan. 16, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Charles H. Baechler, 1,126 Walker Av......$800

LOTS 172 and 173, map of Lott G. Hunt estate, 2 mtgs, each $850; Garvey Brothers Co. to Theodore Schwacke, 200 West 144th St, Jan. 16, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Charles H. Baechler, 1,126 Walker Av......$1,700

LOT 179, map of 250 lots of Thompson-Rose estate; Dennis M. Conroy to Charles W. Holly, 162 West 42d St, Jan. 2, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Charles Kallmayer, 205 East 45th St......$700

MINFORD PLACE, w s, 173.10 ft s of Boston Road, 2 lots, 37.6x160 each, 2 mtgs, each $30,000; Stability Realty Co. to Terrain Realty Co., 95 Liberty St, Jan. 15, due July 15, 1912, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway......$60,000

MAPES AV, s e corner of 181st St, 25x100; 181st St, s s, 100 ft e of Mapes Av, 45.2x91.1; Henry Harms to Margaret Callagher, 436 East 134th St, Jan. 8, 3 years; attorney, E. F. Moran, 51 Chambers St......$7,500

NELSON AV, w s, 225.9 ft s of 169th St, 45x—; Chauncey De Voe to Edward P. Orrell, Jr., 461 13th St, Brooklyn, due as per bond, Jan. 16; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$2,600

ROCKFIELD ST, s s, 823.6 ft w of Williamsbridge Road, 25x100; Carrie L. Rogers to Ellen Connor, 1,230 Fulton Av, Jan. 8, 1 year; attorney, E. F. Moran, 51 Chambers St..$1,000

SPOFFORD AV, s e corner of Hamda St, 16.8x42.9; James G. Patton to Mary T. Donovan, 302 West 105th St, Jan. 16, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$1,000

VYSE AV, s w corner of Freeman St, 95x50; Martha Perua to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, Jan. 16, due, &c., as per bond; address, 176 Broadway......$12,000

162D ST, 425 East, 37.6x100; John J. Fellner to John Muth, 423 East 162d St, 3 years, 6 p. c., Jan. 10; attorney, Hugo Cohn, 19 Avenue A......$4,000

157TH ST, n e s, 224.6 ft s e of Courtlandt Av, 25x100; Benjamin Benenson to John J. Fellner, 430 East 155th St, Jan. 15, prior mtg $5,000, 3 years; attorneys, Elfers & A., 277 Broadway......$3,000

240TH ST, n e s, Lot 215, map of Washingtonville, 50x100; Mathilda K. May to Eastchester Savings Bank, 9 South 3d Av, Mount Vernon, N. Y., Jan. 15, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, J. M. Bell, 9 South 3d Av, Mount Vernon, N. Y......$1,500

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessees.

CHRYSTIE ST, 216, So. store and basement; Vincenzo Messineo to Carmela Magnano, 216 Chrystie St, 3 years from April 1, 1913; attorney, James Simonelli, 50 Spring St......$660

LEXINGTON AV, 305 to 413; 42d St, 137 to 143 East; 43d St, 130 to 140 East, all; Cooper Union for the Advancement of Science and Art to William H. Reynolds, 648 2d St, Brooklyn, 21 years from May 1, 1932; address, 225 5th Av......$1

PARK AV, 1,808 to 1,816, all; Wilmurt Realty Co. to Claus Bohling, 286 Convent Av, 25 3-12 years from Jan. 15, 1912; attorneys, Wesselman & K., 55 Liberty St......$14,000

MONROE ST, 33, store and basement; Louis Tekulsky to Carmelo Cordarro, 33 Monroe St, 5 years from May 1, 1911; attorney, Eastern Brewing Co., 205 Bushwick Av, Brooklyn.. $660

STANTON ST, 233, store and basement; Joseph Gold and another to Charles Tishman, 11 Attorney St, 3 years from May 1, 1912; attorney, I. Lowenbaum, 116 Nassau St......$1,600

WILLIS AV, s e corner of 134th St, 100x40, all; Reserve Realty Co. to Bronx Bath and Hotel Co., 20 years from Jan. 1, 1912; attorney, Maurice Meyer, 61 Park Row......$7,000

1ST AV, 557, store and part of cellar; Agnes L. Looram to Thomas Dolan, 132 East 124th St, 3 years from Feb. 1, 1912; attorneys, H. Koehler & Co., 501 1st Av......$780

8TH AV, 249, store and basement; Laura M. Moore to Ivers Batchelder, Morris Township, N. J., 5 years from May 1, 1911; attorney, Charles Zerbarini, 346 Broadway......$1,700

42D ST, 17 West; Walter J. Salomon to New Amsterdam Realty Co., 5 years from Jan. 1, 1910; attorneys, Kempner & Son, 17 West 42d St......$1,800

MECHANICS' LIENS.

BRAUMONT AV, 2,304; Haskins Boiler Co against Montefiore Building Co., owner; R. V. Stevens, contractor......$63

CLARK ST, 16 and 18; Clyde F. Howes against Lillian Heller, owner; John Kaneen, contractor......$508

ST. NICHOLAS AV, n w corner of 177th St, 94x100; Fiske & Co., Inc., against Melvin Realty Co., owner; Greenberg & Cohen, contractor......$1,665

2D AV, 219; John Wilkins against Eberhard Schneider, owner; Michael Normoyle, contractor......$57

24TH ST, 302 East; Thomas J. Galligan, Inc., against Otto Wagner, owner; Solomon Newberg, contractor......$30

26TH ST, 153 East, and Broadway Aelley, 3; Otis Elevator Co. against Margaret T. Johnston, owner; Charles Smith, contractor, (renewal)......$120

31ST ST, 23 West; National Bridge Works against Edward Margolies, owner and contractor; Margolies Construction Co., contractor......$395

97TH ST, 307 East; Joseph Cirrito against Wenare Holding Co., owner; Leo L. Wolins Co., contractor......$110

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

HUDSON ST, 503 to 507; Pietro Criscuolo against Greenwich Investing Co. and others, Dec. 12, 1911......$575

SAME PROPERTY; Reliance Fireproof Door Co. and others against same, Dec. 15, 1911. $717

LA FONTAINE AV, w s, 112.6 ft n of 178th St; Saverio Scalzo against Welles Meeker Realty Co. and others, Dec. 11, 1911....$1,095

SAME PROPERTY; Carter, Black & Ayers against same, Dec. 21, 1911......$100

SAME PROPERTY; Oriental Fireproof Sash and Door Co. against same, Dec. 21, 1911. $200

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, s e corner of 148th St; Emery Roth against Audubon Improvement Co. and others, Aug. 23, 1911......$3,000

141ST ST, 119 to 127 West; Michael McNamara against Kramer Contracting Co. and others, Jan. 8, 1912......$94

178TH ST, s s, 100 ft w of Audubon Av; Alfred Peats Co. against John Glass, Jr., Construction Co. and others, Feb. 23, 1911, (canceled)......$307

LIS PENDENS.

CHERRY ST, 421; Samuel Rosenblum against Miles Bradley and others, (action to impress lien;) attorney, W. Solomon.

CLINTON AV, e s, between 169th St. and Jefferson Place, Lot 19; Tax Lien Co. of New York against Margaret McCabe and others, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorney, W. Lustgarten.

FOREST AV, 859; Bronx Roofing and Waterproofing Co. against Lewis Realty and Construction Co. and others, (action to foreclose mechanics' lien;) attorney, J. Levy.

GLEASON AV, n s, 75 ft e of Hammond Av, 25x100; Samuel McCarthy and others against Edward L. Rouse and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) P. A. Hatting.

LEXINGTON AV, 1,655; William McBrien against Essex Delancey Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, R. D. Elder, Jr.

LOCUST AV, e s, 255 ft n of 138th St, runs n 260 ft to centre line 2d St x e 825 ft to East River x s 261 to centre line 3d St x w 864 to beginning; Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York against Robert C. Fisher and others, (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, F. L. Allen.

PERRY AV, s e corner of 209th St; Tax Lien Co. of New York against Frederick C. Thyson and others, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorney, W. Lustgarten.

WASHINGTON AV, w s, 125 ft s of Fletcher St, 50x150; Morris Av, 2,304 to 2,308; Henry W. Ruppert against A. Warren Construction Co. and others, (action to set aside deed;) attorneys, Ottenbourg, Steindler & Houston.

WHITE PLAINS AV, n e corner of 215th St, 25.10x56.9; White Plains Av, 103; Frances Stepath against Adelaide Burlando and others, (foreclosure of two mortgages;) attorneys, Kelly & Quinn.

2D ST, s w s, Lot 42, map of Prospect Hill, Bronx; Warren B. Sammis against Jennie Lyons, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. E. Sammis.

14TH ST, 205 East; Chester A. Luff against Daniel M. Connolly and others, (partition;) attorney, I. N. Williams.

92D ST, n s, 94 ft e of 1st Av, 40x100.8; Jacob A. Geissenhainer and others against Harris Kahn and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Norwood & Marden.

46TH ST, 427 East; Francis Speir and others against Eliza Cohn and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Speir & Bartlett.

108TH ST, 114 East; Frederick Muller and others against Samuel L. Wallenstein and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Rounds, Hatch, Dillingham & Debevoise.

108TH ST, 112 East; Frederick Muller and others against Annie Ruderman and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Rounds, Hatch, Dillingham & Debevoise.

136TH ST, n e corner of 3d Av, 180.5x26.5; John B. Harrison and others against James T. Ferris and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Stewart & Shearer.

236TH ST, s s, between Kepler & Katonah Avs, Lot 16; Tax Lien Co. of New York against James Y. Watkins and others, (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorney, W. Lustgarten.

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COURT CALENDARS.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court Proceedings.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Following were the Supreme Court of the United States proceedings to-day:

729—The United States et al., appellants, vs. the B. & O. R. R. Co. et al. Argument continued for the appellees and concluded for the appellants.

344—Metropolitan Water Co., appellant, vs. the Kaw Valley Drainage District, &c. Argued.

624—Leo Meyer, as Auditor of Oklahoma, appellant, vs. Wells Fargo & Co. Argued.

702—The United States Express Co., plaintiff in error, vs. the State of Minnesota. Argument commenced.

The day call for Jan. 17: Nos. 708, 292, 68, 112, (and 113,) 65, 150, 152, 153, 156, (and 157,) and 158.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Noyes, JJ. 142—Frank Sheppard Co v. Taylor Co. 157—Matter of Rosenblatt. 170—Cornhill S S Co v. West India S S Co. 166—In re Abbott Gamble Co.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Holt, J. Admiralty calendar. 32—Logue v. So Pacific Co. 52—Inter-State Lit Co v Tug Superior. 74—Guinan v. Tug Wyoming. 140—Goodwin Sand, &c., Co v. same. 98—West Shore R R v. Gladinah. 88—Owners' Barge Admiral Dewey, Limitation. 101—Harms v. Tug Golden Age. 102—C R R of N J v. Tug Transfer 18.

STATE.

APPELLATE DIVISION—SUPREME COURT—Ingraham, P. J., McLaughlin, Laughlin, Clarke, and Scott, JJ. Enumerated motions. 376—Deering v. Pierce. 399—Hall v. French-American Wine Co. 400—Thayer v. Thayer. 401—Jacobs v. Denzer. 402—Chapman v. C. R. Read & Co.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Gerard, J. Litigated motions. 1—Saloschin v. Comm'l Travelers' Mut. Accident Assn. 2—Robertson Sales Co v. Spiegel. 3—Farmer v. Keller-Farmer. 4—In re Harlem River Park Amuse Co. 5—Eisinger v. Hobby. 6—Clinchy v. Brown. 7—Wheeler v. Wheeler. 8—Heller v. Braus. 9—Stow v. Manning. 10—Moskowitz v. Prendergast. 11—In re Lydon. 12—In re Stone. 13—In re Gilroy. 14—Davidson v. Kaufmann. 15—In re Noyes. 16—In re Redbard. 17—Callivet v. Greenhaut. 18—Silver v. Silver. 19—In re Russian Monopole Co. 20—Michling v. Ehret. 21—Kantor v. Kantor. 22, 23—United Metals Selling Co v. American S & R Co. 24—Koch v. Bodine. 25—Nathan v. Nathan. 26—Wendover-Hall Co v. Co-operative Steam Laundry Co. 27—Eisner v. Eisner, Speir & Rauner. 28—In re [illegible]. 29—Schwartz v. Dunne. 30—Roberts v. Roberts. 31—In re Scaiso. 32—Siedenfried v. Siedenfried. 33—Webb v. Cram. 34—Berkovits v. Berger Spec & Outfitting Co. 35—Van Dyck & Co v. Van Dyck. 36—Downes v. Wenninger. 37—Am Woolen Co v. Goldberger. 38—Sherman v. Boos. 39—Mulhall v. Mulhall. 40—City of N Y v. Parsons. 41—De Keyser v. Frank. 42—Jones v. Marmac Const Co. 43—Baer v. Swartwaut. 44—In re Jenny. 45—Krim v. Krim. 46—Rizzo v. Scicizo. 47—Katz v. Lichenstein. 48—Donaghue v. Callanan. 49—Zimit v. Altman. 50—Ancher v. Ancher.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Lehman, J.—Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Bischoff, J. Motions. General calendar: 3376—Harter Realty Co v. Title Guar & Trust Co. 3487—Klosner v. Klosner. 3632—Kohring v. Clifford. 3640—Frank v. Mittler. 3753—Butler v. Butler. 3140—Lowndes v. Register & Transfer Co. 3398—Puritan Pure Food Co v. Stollwerck Bros. 3620—Buirkle c. Schaefer. 3767—Rovira v. Rovira. 3854—Avery v. Avery. 3668—Murphy v. Sulka. 2700—Burnstine v. Burnstine. 3107—Moore v. Moore. 2949—Wrightsville Hardward Co v. The Hardware & Woodenware Mfg Co. 2950—Same v. Colwell. Undefended divorces: 4400—Whitehead v. Whitehead. 4606—Mason v. Mason. 4421—Bradley v. Bradley. 4607—Larrony v. Larrony. 4608—Dockerell v. Dockerell. 4609—Baust v. Baust. 4610—Demarest v. Demarest. 4611—Goldberg v. Goldberg. 4612—Von Dewitz v. Von Dewitz. 4604—Parkes v. Parkes. Clear.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part IV.—Greenbaum, J. Case on. Part V.—McCall, J. Case on. Part VI.—Platzek, J.—Case on. Part VII.—Giegerich, J. Case on. Part VIII.—Delany, J. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Davis, J.—(Criminal Term.) 1—Noah Loder, (3.) 2—Emory M Rogers, (2.) 3—Bennette C Silver, (2.) Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Hendrick, J. 5349—Hawkins v. Littebrandt. 5146—Windsor Trust Co v. Baross. 5531—Termine v. Borgen Marble Works. Clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Guy, J. 508—Shull v. Linch. 395—Hartfield v. Int R T Co. 581—Kaufman v. Nassau Elec R R. 585—Moore v. same. 586—Koch v. same. 534—Lansburgh v. Joline. 541—Snyder v. same. 462—Dunne v. Erie R R. 517—Simons v. Joline. 518—Packard v. Glen Cove R R. 519-520—Barrett v. Int R T Co. 521—Mahler v. Waltridge. 522—Whitney v. C R R of N J. 525—Weiss v. Brooklyn Queens Co, &c. 531—Lerner v. N Y City Int Ry. [illegible]—De Luca v. Int R T Co.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Brady, J. Inquest. 3576—Bergman v. Moore. 3642-3643—Diamond Special v. Mugler. 3644—Levy v. Pursch. [illegible] v. Salomons. 3461—Ringler v. White Express Co. 3537—Donegan & Swift v. City of N Y. 3414—Resnick v. Central Park Taxicab Co. 3617—Perkins v. Saks & Co. 3624½—White v. Huber. 3634—Benyak v. Lehigh C & N Co. 3635—Traser v. City of N Y. 3640—Economidy v. Vlasto. 3650—Aybuchan v. McDonald. 3374—Lawton v. Ryan. 2772—McMahon v. City of N Y. 3274—Backer v. Joseph. 1420—Applegate v. Wanamaker. 3327—Noone v. Hedden Constr Co. 3355—Simmonds v. Simmonds. 3360—Blauner v. N Y Taxicab Co. 3475—Stadler v. Cohn. 3418—Sabatino v. Degnan Constr Co. 3287—Levystein v. Nash. 3495—Well v. Napoleon Constr Co. 3498—Blight v. John Pierce Co. 2866—Talbot v. Patterson. 3513—Calise v. Westcott Express Co. 3296—Burton v. Herbert. 3580—Croffey v. City of N Y. 1984—Squires v. Kingsley. 2681—Milner v. Khodoff. 3257—Aldrich v. Hones. 2851½—Joyce v. Convent Av Constr Co. 2092—Leunar v. Carlson. 3231—Makitonen v. American Ice Co. 3250—Brava v. Manheimer. 2775—Schaefer v. City of N Y. 1203—Boyle v. Robinson. 624—Draisin v. Brinn. 3182—Ferrante v. Norton. 2604—Teranova v. N Y Transp Co. 2278½—Corea v. Davis. 3218—Littman v. Shewan. 3145—Sage v. Thompson & Starrett Co. 3188—De Rose v. Piercy. 2886—Fullam v. Fullam Constr Co. 2887—Diehl v. same.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Blanchard, J.—Case on. Part V., Erlanger, J.—Case on. Part VI., Tompkins, J.—Case on. Part VII. Dugro, J. Case on. Part IX., Amend, J.—Clear. Part X., Newburger, J.—Case on. Part XI., Page, J.—Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV.—Bijur, J.—Inquest. 3767—Ingber v. Garber. 890—Canavan Bros Co v. Hedden Const Co. 2389—Am Woolen Co v. Kaltman. 4318—Travis v. Disoway. 4333—Bishop v. Whitcomb. 4334—Gordon v. Meade. 185—Coughey v. Lewis. 698—Simonson v. Byles. 699—Simonson v. Byles. 1986—Byles v. Simonson. 2135—Hamburger v. Blair. 2136—Adams v. Blair. 3229—Hellman v. Adams. 1268—Tooker v. Reynolds. 3406—Gaggiano v. Boxley. 4310—Mitchell v. Slattery. 1781—Katcher v. Lawrence. 1470—Bothwell v. Ebling Brew Co. 3926—Maltz v. U S Grand Lodge I O S B. 3012—Mero Nat Bank v. Heinze. 1153—Cammann v. Mittenthal. 748—Atkins v. Trowbridge. 1817—Belt v. Hartman. 3839—White v. Robinson. 3590—City of N Y v. Fowler. 4111—O'Gara v. Quinn. 3905—Orleans County Quarry Co v. Norton. 3914—Zinsser v. Schmitt & Schwanenfluegel. 4004—Mayers v. Sonora 'Phone Co. 4202—Brackway v. Shattuck. 4211—Hiepe v. Kennedy. 2552—Bonart v. Thorn. 3721—Razinsky v. Korn. 2926—McWilliams Co v. Kent Brew Co. 2435—Ward v. Connelly. 3022, 3023—Spier v. Josephthal. 2093—Bancker v. N Y Hippodrome. 4327—Marsden v. Holden. 5218—Czarnikow-MacDougall Co v. Baxter. 2032—Ungerer & Co v. Caillier. 1283—Hein v. Honduras Synd. 804—Rosenthal v. Donnheiser. 5222—Davidson v. Stacky. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XII.—Cohalan, J.—Case on. Part XIII., Ford, J.—Case on. Part XV., Gavegan, J.—Case on. Part XVI., Pendleton, J.—Case on. Part XVII., Devendorf, J.—Case on.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Fowler, S. Estates of Annie F Foley, Henrick Geus, Margaret McLean, William H. Garner, Julian F Burke, Margaret Burke, Edmund L Cocke, James Carr, Maria L. Campbell. Wills for probate: Jeannette B Allyn, Ethan Allen, Gustav Rau, Ellen Flanagan, Emmet Densmore, Isabella M Shattuck, Charles S Halstead, Elizabeth D Chaloner.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Cohalan, S. Contested wills: Mary Freeman, John Nolan, Emilie Mendel.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Lynch, J. Case on. Part III., Delehanty, J. Case on. Part IV., Smith, J. Clear. Part V., Schmuck, J. Case on. Part VI., McAvoy, J. Case on. Part VII., Finelite, J. Case on. Part VIII., Donnelly, J. Clear. Calendar called in Trial Term, Part I., at 9:45 A. M. 5319—Rosenberg v. Dokton. 2592—Resnick v. Hammerstein. 5010—Fitzpatrick v. Int R T Co. 5430—Essig v. Drake. 5387—Nat Cash Register Co v. Klein. 5364—Freedman v. Wise Fireproofing, &c., Co. 5552—Potick v. Ranko. 5560—Roach v. Hedden Const Co. 5572—Greenberg v. Goodman. 5574—Drucker v. Greenpoint Sash and Door Co. 775—Moore v. Pearsall. 5110—Petterson v. Thomas. 4123—Edelman v. Fox. 5404—Burge v. Metz. 5418—Kelly v. B H R R. 5452—Mushott v. Klein. 5458—Martino v. Scarpati. 5462—Reisler v. Int R T Co. 5457—Harrison v. Heidelberg. 5523—Mittelman v. Hoffman. 5532—Tomskos v. Conn Cab Co. 5493—Dennis v. Knowles. 5544—Naughton v. Joline. 5547—Prince v. Int R T Co. 4807—Yorkville Coal Co v. Walter. 5524—Mirsky v. Samstag. 5341½—Seletzsky v. Miles. 5580—Victor v. Newmark. 5581—La Spina v. Penn R R. 5582—Markowitz v. Turetsky. 5588—Bernstein v. Traverso. 5590—Belicky v. Kleinberg. 5595—Cappablanca v. Goodall Metal Nov Works. 5596—Grossman v. Isele. 5597—Zang v. same. 5598—Katz v. Williamson. 5600—Kahn v. 14th St Store. 5602—Wembaum v. McMartin. 5603—Ivanics v. Piermont Paper Co. 5604—Forman v. Weiss & Klein Co. 5605—Drews v. Needham. 5607—Schlussel v. Ulin. 5608—Pennamacoor v. Price. 5609—Oppenheimer v. Goodman. 5612—Lyons v. McNulty.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part II., Green, J. 3869—Riegelman v. Mandlowitz & Addio Co. 2472—Evans v. Pelts. 3917—N T Heyeman Co v. W J Rich Dev Co. 3782—Saulson v. Brooks. 3872—Petigor v. Colamoras. 3879—Lang v. Schatzkin. 3859—Carrington v. Acker. 3787—Bolton v. Isaac. 3866—Sosenko v. Lerner. 3886—Reisman v. Liberty R S Co. 3890—Silberberg v. Feldman. 3891—Hall v. Ferraza. 3893—Dwyers v. Considine. 3896—Humphreys v. Rau. 3905—Hanke v. Lasky. 3900—Haines v. Levy. 3916—Tompkins v. Weiant. 3921—Falb v. Goodfeld. 3924—Meller v. Seaboard Nat Bank. 3925—Morse v. Hoyt R & L Co. 3927—H B Boucher Mfg Co v. Marvel Auto Machine Co. 3932—Jaffe v. Boss. 3933—Wolff v. Matthes. 3908—Bluestein v. Lederer. 3468—Kaplan v. Wadler. 3619—Kalter v. Greenberg. 3935—Shapero v. Grand Mach & Button Co. 3940—Slawson v. Mayer. 3941—State Bank v. Lehman. 3045—Liberman v. Weinman. Case on. 3811—Bornstein v. Lowenstein. 3888—Gordon v. Larkin. 3795—Lombardi v. D'Amora. 3943—Brauer v. Cook. 3944—Roth v. McDonald.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Brady, Jr. Excelsior Savings Bank v. Meyer—John J. Hynes.

SUPREME COURT—Lehman, J. In re Kushinel—Vincent L. Seibell. Roosin v. Stroh—Joseph E. Davidson. Freese v. Malnich—Samuel D. Levy.

SUPREME COURT—Gerard, J. Hall v. Cunningham—Albert Falck. Raymond v. Dean Holding Co—William Klein. Smith v. Marrone—Charles L. Kingsley. Gannon, Jr., v. Lord—Hugo Wintner.

SUPREME COURT—Davis, J. Rogers Terra Cotta Co v. 416 West 33d St Realty Co—Donald McLean.

SUPREME COURT—Greenbaum, J. Columbia Construction Co v. Frisco Realty Co—Charles N. Morgan.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Lehman, J. Mary Sonnenstrahl v. Abraham Sonnenstrahl—William T. Quinn.

CITY COURT—O'Dwyer, C. J. George Daily v. Henry Radenberger—Edward J. McGean. Bernard Kopilk v. William Lemberg—George B. Hayes.

CITY COURT—La Fetra, J. Nathan Rothman v. Hirsch Tucker—Henry A. Foster.

Brooklyn Calendars.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Part II.—Jenks, P. J.; Hirschberg, Thomas, Carr, Rich, JJ. Enumerated day calendar. 34—Wiethan v. New Plats Traction Co. 55—People v. Merritt. 75—Matter of Boston Rway. 80—Voris v. Brady. 96—Shute v. City of New York. 82—Willis v. Everett. 83—Hyde v. Balwin. 89—Bauer v. N Y & C I R R. 92—Stephenson v. Southerland. 98—Imke v. City of New York. 101—O'Malley v. Morse Dry Dock Co. 102—Norton v. Valentine. 103—Williams v. Kamholz. 104—Marmion v. N Y C & H R R R. 105—Kaplan v. Beck. 106—Werst v. Mann. 107—Van Zullen v. Mann. 108—Mayne v. Nassau R R.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Stapleton, J. No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—TRIAL TERM, Part I., Crane, J.; Part II., Benedict, J.; Part III., Jaycox, J.; Part IV., Aspinall, J.; Part V., Blackmar, J.; Part VI., Scudder, J.; Part VII., Kelby, J. 1600—Sumner v. White. 2237—Krope v. Nassau R R. 1324—Gabler v. Blyn & Son. 6183—Tontorio v. N Y Contracting Co. 6185—McCann v. Davison. 2490—Hall v. Merchants Exchange Building Co. 2626—Zimmer v. City of New York. 3052—Colelli v. Turner. 1611—Burnside v. Robins et al. 1208—Stulgatt v. International Cork Co. 1037—Livingston v. Fox. 3011—Flint v. B H R R. 3013—Carrollo v. Chelsea Fibre Mills. 3017—Boynett v. B H R R. 3021—Smith v. Auditore. 3023—Kemp v. B Q Co & Sub R R. 3030—Brown v. Interboro R T. 3031—Smith v. Devoe & Co. 3035, 3570—Zlocsower v. Kovacs Jr. 3038—Jakoben v. B H R R. 3042—Kerrigan v. Judikowitz. 3045—Weisser v. B H R R. 3046—McKenzie v. B H R R. 3048, 3049—Samuels v. B H R R. 3051—Gnazunski v. Agallo. 3053, 3054—Blair v. Buick Motor Co. 3055—Strong v. Kuh. 3060—Douglas v. Long Island R R. 3070—Thompson v. B H R R. 3079—Purdy v. Nassau R R. 3080—Strain v. City of New York et al. 3081, 3082—McGraw v. City of New York et al. 3088—Pistrowski v. Interboro R T. 3089—McDonald v. City of New York. 3093—Herrity v. Tutty et al. 3097—Diehl v. Polchow. 3099—Cowley v. Nassau R R.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call: 3100—Theurer v. B H R R. 3102—McGovern v. Barrett. 3103—Scarry v. B H R R. 3104—Elmendorf v. B H R R. 3108—Balsamo v. Costello. 3109—Wistinets v. Goldman. 3110—Fredericks v. Sperry. 3111—Taglin v. Bright Steel Chase Co. 3113—Hyatt v. B H R R. 3117—Fischer v. Carter Co. 3118—Boerlage v. Seelig. 3119—Denton v. B H R R. 3122—Norden v. Heinze. 3123, 3124—Zarbosky v. B H R R. 3125—Hall v. Transit Dev Co. 5732—Daniels v. Green. 5973—City of New York v. Topping. 5093—Hess v. Hess. 4519—Wegman v. Kress. 5709—Koch v. McLaughlin et al. 6060—Rosensen v. Halpern. 2918—Meehan v. Hayes. 5017—Friedland v. Friedland. 2887—McCannie v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 2004—Polstein v. Mooney. 4730—Hamer v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 1105—Wetzel v. Brooklyn El R R. 2223—McKeown v. Nassau R R. 1554—Santacroce v. Solfanelli. 1286—Meagher v. Sperry & Beale Co. 1657—Huttle v. Carter's Ink Co. 6205—Jacobs v. Ciancimino. 1471—Walbridge v. Walbridge. 2094—Gustave v. Rahtjen's Comp Co. 3414—Fletcher v. Schratweiser Fireproof Co. 6186, 6187—MacRae v. Chelsea Fibre Mills. 1940—McKeever v. B H R R. 6011—Newton v. Jagger. 2007—Cummings v. Fuller & O'Connor Const Co. 1687—Thomas v. Springer. 889, 5558—Eglinton v. B H R R. 1022—Schmidt v. Deinhardt. 6108—Leap v. Multi Seal Mfg Co. 1646 to 1648—Mack & Dutcher v. Wanamaker. Highest number reached on regular call, 3125.

COUNTY COURT—Civil Calendar—Part III., Parsons, J.; Part IV., Thornton, J. 1573—Chase v. Nassau El R R. 1566—Christensen v. B U E R R. 1245—Blake v. Nassau El R R. 1020—Okoshken v. B H R R. 873—McYoon v. Antoniello. 1576—Maleruth v. Sonberg. 1221—Emanuel v. Feldman. 776—Holmes v. B H R R. 802—Durack v. Hill. 1274—Craver v. Chatterton. 1577—Bredner v. Lurie. 1578—Praeger v. Bruns. 1579—Kuns v. B H R R. 1582—Fullam v. Monzo.

The following causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day: 952—Lichtenberg v. Bush Terminal Co. 1565—Branne v. Schulz. 1216—Guggenheim v. Brush. 1584—Doran v. Rodriquez. 1585—Williams v. Coney Island & Brooklyn R R. 1588—Handelsman v. Wechsler. 1589—Gaynair v. B H R R. 1590—Walker v. same. 1591—Levenberg v. Cohen. 1592—Kine v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 1593—Lowery v. B H R R. 1594—Morris v. same. 1595—Brozzelwith v. same. 1596—Jennings v. Coney Island & Brooklyn R R. 665—Kopman v. Nassau El R R.

SUPREME COURT—Special for Motions—Kelly, J. 1—Ridge Realty Co v. Ross. 2—Jones v. Sandiford. 3—Matter of President St. 4—Matter of Jerome Av. 5—Matter of Concord St. 6—Carroll v. Long Island Railroad Co. 7—Matter of Bogart St. 8—Matter of Atkins Av. 9—Douglas v. Brush. 10—Preston v. Tuck et al. 11—Felter v. Bon Bon Co. 12—Silvertsen v. Erie Railroad Co and another. 13—Oliva v. Pellegrino and another. 14—Pizza v. Milton Cork Co. 15—Barnola v. Hillis. 16—Matter of King (testimony, 11 A. M.) 17—Matter of Sterling St (given.) 18—Long Island Railroad Co v. Cox and another. 19—Dombrowski v. Swedish Iron and Steel Corporation. 20—Matter of Telesca. 21—Matter of Luyster St (Schade) (Stemmler.) 22—Robinson v. Robinson. 23—Biederman v. Scrimgeous et al. 24—Grau v. General Vehicle Co. 25—Hart v. Gordon and another. 26—Genna v. Sea View Amusement Co. 27—Monroe v. Ferris et al. 28—Flannery v. Neville. 29—Matter of Tobias. 30—Richards v. Church Charity Foundation of Long Island. 31—Walbridge (two motions) v. Walbridge et al. 32—Metra and another v. Martin et al. 33—Matter of Bohlig. 34—Lunnigan v. Whitman. 35—Watson v. Newkirk Garage and Taxi Co et al. 36—Fischer v. Fischer. 37—Person & Co v. Otto. 38—Tempany v. Tempany. 39—Fort Amsterdam Realty Co v. Walker et al. 40—People ex rel. Bowman Co v. Purdy et al. 41—South Shore Traction Co v. Ascher et al. 42—Conran v. Lennon.

Queens County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Garretson, J. 341—McCabe et al v. City of New York. 331, 337—Byrne v. N Y & Rockaway B'h R'y Co. 347—Massimo & ano v. Binns & ano. 348, 349—Smith v. Smith. 352—Loughlin, treas, &c, v. Wocker & ano. 353—Howard Estate Dev Co v. Valentine. 339—Klein v. Keyser. 360—Frank v. Mann. 366—Martin Realty Co v. People of the State of N Y. 367—Sullivan v. Eickmeyer. 370—Bayside National Bank v. Walsh. 372—Feisman v. Adikes. Balance of calendar passed until Jan. 19.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Marean, J.; Part II., Van Siclen, J. 486—Berger v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 494—Ticknor v. same. 496—Norolin v. same. 509—Gruebel v. MacMillan. 512—Ferris v. L I R R Co. 237, 474—Lang v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 513—Birnbaum v. Friedman. 514—Rice v. Brooklyn Union Elevated R R Co. 515, 516—Abrahams v. Delapenha. 518—Dealey v. Colgate & Co. 521—Klein, as exr, v. L I R R Co. 522—Parker v. McKarg-Barton Co. 523—Raymond v. N Y & Q Co Ry Co. 525—Foley v. same. 526—Homestead v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set for a day on this call: 527A—Cooley v. Coney Island & B R R Co. 528—Wiley v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 532—Reeves & Co v. Edgewood Terrace Realty Co. 535—Crowley, an inf, v. American Druggist Syndicate. 536—Hoffman v. Whitley & ano. 189—Goetz, as admx, v. Duffy, ind and as exr. 191—Loewe, admx, v same. 537—Voska, Foelsch & ano v. Fort Washington Construction Co. 540—Betsch v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 542—Bermel v. Huner. 544—Bolognini v. N Y Asbestos Mfg Co. 545—Napricrac v. Nichols Copper Co. 166A—Scanlon v. Hinckley. 332—Harper, an inf, v. Newell Holding Co & ano. 546—Whelan v. Empire Shipping & Forwarding Co. 547—Griffith v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 548—Breisacher v. Peace & ano. 549—Potane v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. 550—Beck v. same. 551—Mullen v. City of New York. 552—Doino v. N Y & Q Co R R Co. 553—Wright v. Rickert-Finlay Realty Co. 554—Heineman v. Brooklyn Heights R R Co. Highest number reached on calendar in its regular order, 554.

COUNTY COURT—Humphrey, J. 118—Masel v. B H R R Co. 113—Carabelli v. Basciani. 117—Gburezyk v. Butenas and ano. 111—Rutz v. Heeb. 90—Ostapowicz v. Dunning & ano. 116—Crowley v. Coney Island & Brooklyn Ry Co. 112—Christensen v. Carson. 3—Drew, an infant, v. N Y & Queens Co Ry Co.

Westchester County.

COUNTY COURT—Platt, J. People v. W W Simmons.

SUPREME COURT—Special term.—Keogh, J. 122—Ward v. Montross. 147—Lepore v. Levine. 152—Burns v. Burns. 107—Mackey v. Mackey. 2—Mulwitz v. Levine. 102—Vamvaketic v. Carapo. 135—Anderson v. Graves. 116—Reynolds v. State Line Telegraph Co., Roach v. Devine.

SUPREME COURT—Part I., Morschauser, J.; Part II., Mills, J. 209—Moses v. Cochran. 378—Atkinson v. Young. 380—Borow v. Cashin. 381—Butler v. Stern. 382—Wainwright v. Molloy. 220—Borup v. Diesend. 373½—Hancock v. Ferguson Cons Co. 384—Earle v. Coborn. 385—Jurgens v. Colonial Life Ins Co. 131—Mahoney v. Drehan. 228—Mortimer v. Friedman. 350—Hawkins v. N Y, N H & H R R. 352—Mc Rae v. same. 386—Marshall v. Birney.

The following causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon the call. 87—Drogan v. Westchester Lighting Co. 295—Farley v. Gaillard. 307—New Rochelle Coal & Lumber Co v. Lepore. 338—Chester Hill Imp Co v. Xavis. 353—McCarthy v. Hale. 390—Blumberg v. Handwerger. 398—Flanagan v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 399—Neeley v. same. 400—Becker v. Mendelson Finkel. 520—Turner Lumber Co v. Nolte. 521—Same v. Noble. 401—Forbes v. Sweet. 402—Pisco v. Tometta. 403—Hudson v. Lent. 404—Johnson v. Putnam Fdy & Mach Co. 405—McCann v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 406—Cunningham v. Otis Elevator Co. 406½—Young Bros Co v. Mack Paving Co. 407—Nessler v. N Y House Wrecking Co. 407½—Same v. same. 408—Nemery v. City of Yonkers. 409—Fallon v. Hickey. 410—Ray v. Pittsburgh Contracting Co. 411—Jacobsen v. Ebling Brewing Co. 412—Potter v. Rensa. 413—Fairs v. N Y C & H R R R Co. 414—Schonck v. Sutherland. 415—First Nat Bank of Yonkers v. Dean.

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RECEIVERS' SALES.

RECEIVER'S SALE OF TELEPHONE STOCK.

The Receiver of the CONTINENTAL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY, (The Metropolitan Trust Company of the City of New York, Trustee, joining in this sale,) by virtue of an order made by the Chancellor of the State of New Jersey on the twenty-ninth day of December, Nineteen hundred and eleven, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder on FRIDAY, JANUARY 19th, 1912, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at the Chancery Chambers, 75 Montgomery Street, Jersey City, New Jersey, subject to confirmation by the Court of Chancery of New Jersey, the following property of said Continental Telephone and Telegraph Company, to wit, all the right, title, and interest of the Continental Telephone and Telegraph Company and of the Receiver thereof, of, in, and to $10,000,000 per value of the common capital stock of the NATIONAL TELEPHONE CORPORATION, a corporation organized under the laws of West Virginia in 1909.

A report of said sale will be made by the Receiver to the Chancellor at the Chancery Chambers, Jersey City, N. J., on Monday, the twenty-second day of January, 1912, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place all creditors and stockholders of the Continental Telephone and Telegraph Company are to show cause why said sale should not be confirmed and the Receiver directed to carry out its provisions.

One of the conditions of sale will be that the Receiver will require from the successful bidder a deposit of Five thousand dollars, ($5,000,) to insure the performance of the conditions of sale upon the part of the purchaser, if the sale shall be confirmed. The rights of the Receiver in such fund to be fixed by the conditions of sale, which will be submitted and read at said sale. For further particulars address THE RECEIVER.

FRANK P. McDERMOTT, Receiver,
75 Montgomery Street, Jersey City, N. J.
METROPOLITAN TRUST COMPANY OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK, Trustee.

AUCTION SALES.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.

REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF

STOCKS AND BONDS

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BY ORDER OF THE STANDARD TRUST CO. OF NEW YORK, AS TRUSTEE.

$275,000	Tennessee Railway Co. 1st Mtge. 5 p. c. 30-year Gold Bonds.
5,000 shs.	Tennessee Railway Co.
875 shs.	Paint Rock Coal Co. of New Jersey.

All the right, title, and interest, claim and demand therein of the Harriman Securities Co., its successors and assigns, and all benefit on equity of redemption therein or thereto.

BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS.

$4,000	Missouri Pacific R'way Co. Trust 5 p. c. Bds., Jany., 1917.
$4,000	Erie R. R. Co. Gen. Lien 4 p. c. Gold Bds., 1996.
$1,000	Northern Pacific R'way Prior Lien R'way & Land Grant 4 p. c. Gold Bd., 1997.
$1,000	Oregon R. R. & Navigation Co. 4 p. c. Consld. Mtge. Gold Bd., 1946.
$1,000	Southern Pacific Co. 4 p. c. 20-year Convt. Gold Bds., 1929.
$2,000	West Shore R. R. Co. Guar. 4 p. c. 1st Mtge. Bds., 2361.
50 shs.	N. Y. Central & Hudson River R. R. Co.
40 shs.	Southern Pacific Co. common.
$1,000	Texas & Pacific R'way Co. 1st Mtge. 5 p. c. Bond, 2000.
$2,000	United States Steel Corpn. 5 p. c. Skg. Fd. Gold Bonds, 1963.
£220	Underground Electric Railways Co. of London, Ltd., 4½ p. c. Bds., 1933.
£420	Underground Electric Railways Co. of London, Ltd., 6 p. c. Income Bds., 1948.
10 shs.	Booklovers Corporation.
5 shs.	Tabard Inn Book Co.
37 shs.	Tabard Inn Corpn. common.
13 shs.	Tabard Inn Corpn. prefd.
10 shs.	New Jersey Oil & Meal Co. common
10 shs.	New Jersey Oil & Meal Co. prefd.
600 shs.	Washington Mining Co.
100 shs.	No. Stand. Gold & Silver Mining Co.
200 sh.	South Pacific Mining Co.
200 shs.	Copper Knob Mining Co.
250 shs.	State Line Gold Mining Co. No. 4.
250 shs.	State Line Gold Mining Co. No. 1.
300 shs.	Vulcan Minin, Smelt. & Refin'g Co.

BY ORDER OF TRUSTEES.

50 shs.	International Banking Corpn.
50 shs.	Market & Fulton Natl. Bank.
100 shs.	New Niquero Sugar Co.
50 shs.	Lawyers Westchester Mtg. & Title Co.

FOR ACCT. OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

25 shs.	Lincoln Trust Co.
35 shs.	Metropolitan Trust Co.
10 shs.	Title Guarantee and Trust Co.
60 shs.	Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co.
$2,000	Portland Consol. Steamship Co. 1st 5s, 1921.
$1,000	N. J. & Hudson River R'way & Ferry Co. 1st 4 p. c. Bd., 1950.
$6,000	Durham & Northern Ry. (Seaboard Air Line) 1st 6s, 1928.
25 shs.	N. Y. Mtge. & Security Co.
50 shs.	Chatham & Phenix Natl. Bank.
100 shs.	Lincoln Trust Co.
62¼ shs.	Federal Co. of N. Y., a Del. corpn.
31¼ shs.	Federal Co. of N. Y., a Del. corpn.
30 shs.	George B. Hanford & Co., Inc., prefd.
$2,000	United Button Co. of N. Y. 6 p. c. Income Bds.
37 shs.	Long Island Loan & Trust Co.
14 shs.	Nassau Fire Insurance Co.
10 shs.	American Malt. Co. prefd., old stock.
$1,000	Pacific Tel. & Tel. Co. 1st Coll. 5 p. c. Bd., 1937.
$250,000	Defaulted Obligations Republic of Cuba.
1 sha.	Vandeveer-Carnarsie Imp. Syndicate.
50 shs.	Natl. Bank of North America.
25 shs.	New York Produce Exchange Bank.
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200 shs.	Mercantile Natl. Bank.
207 shs.	Hudson Navigation Co. of N. J.
100 shs.	Natl. Bank of North America.
58 shs.	Mercantile Natl. Bank.
67 shs.	Hudson Navigation Co. of N. J.
175 shs.	New York & Harlem R. R. R. common.
25 shs.	New York & Harlem R. R. R. preferred.
$9,000	Hocking Valley Products Co. 1st 50-yr. S. F. Bds., 1961.
450 shs.	Hocking Valley Products Co., V. T. C.
22 shs.	Home Trust Co.
45 shs.	Guardian Trust Co. of N. Y.
2 shs.	Michigan Central R. R. Co.
100 shs.	La Grange Placer Mining Co.
10 shs.	Title Guarantee and Trust Co.
50 shs.	Central Leather Co. common.
25 shs.	Guaranty Trust Co.
500 shs.	Canadian Mines Co.
150 shs.	American Press Association.
$42,000	Saddle Mountain Mining Co. 1st Ref. 6% Mtge. Bds., 1918, Oct., 1911, Coups.
5,000 shs.	Gila Copper Sulphide Co.
100 shs.	City Investing Co. prefd.
10 shs.	Mortgage Bond Co.

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BENJAMIN, ALICE ELIZA.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ALICE ELIZA BENJAMIN, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, No. 545 West 111th Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 15th day of April next. Dated New York, the 9th day of October, 1911.

DUNCAN A. DOBIE, Executor of estate of Alice Eliza Benjamin, deceased.
J. BROWNSON KER, Attorney for Executor, 261 Broadway, New York City.

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HARVEY FISK & SONS.

The undersigned, who, with Charles J. Fisk and Richard H. Higgins, have heretofore conducted business in the City of New York under the firm name of HARVEY FISK & SONS, intending to continue to conduct business under the same firm name, hereby certify that the persons intending to deal under such firm name are the undersigned, and their respective places of residence are as stated after their signatures.

NAMES.	RESIDENCES.
Pliny Fisk,	Rye, New York.
Wilbur C. Fisk,	13 W. 73d St., N. Y. City.
Theodore H. Banks,	17 East 61st St., N.Y. City.
Albert A. Tilney,	Plainfield, N. J., 966 Central Av.
Herbert L. Denny,	Rye, New York.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

On this 30th day of December, 1911, before me personally came Pliny Fisk, Wilbur C. Fisk, Theodore H. Banks, Albert A. Tilney, and Herbert L. Denny, to me known and known to me to be the individuals described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and they severally acknowledged to me that they executed the same.

[Notarial Seal.] JAMES W. DEEVY,
Notary Public Kings County, No. 12.
Certificate filed in N. Y. Co., No. 6.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

South Carolina's Famous Resort

The Kirkwood

OPEN NOW.

Long Leaf Pine Belt

T. Edmund Krumbholz

Camden, S. C.

Also The Montclair, N. J., and Sagamore on Lake George.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of ELIZABETH S. C. SEAVEY, a bankrupt.

Please take notice that Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York, will sell at public auction, pursuant to order of John J. Townsend, referee in bankruptcy, on the 5th day of December, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., at 113 Leonard Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, assets of the above-named bankrupt, consisting of all of the interest of the said bankrupt in the estate of William H. Clement, deceased, under the will of the said William H. Clement, deceased, dated the 24th day of November, 1880, and thereafter and heretofore admitted to probate by the Probate Court of Warren County, Ohio.

For any further information apply to the attorney for the undersigned.

CHARLES W. CLOWE, Trustee,
165 Broadway, New York City.
HYRAM C. TODD, Attorney for Trustee, Town Hall, Saratoga Springs, N. Y.

The above sale has been adjourned to Dec. 12th, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., same place.
CHARLES W. CLOWE, Trustee.

The above sale adjourned to Dec. 18th at 10:30 A. M., same place.
CHARLES W. CLOWE, Trustee.

Above sale adjourned to Dec. 22d, at 10:30 A. M., same place.
CHARLES W. CLOWE, Trustee.

Above sale adjourned to Dec. 29th, at 10:30 A. M., same place.
CHARLES W. CLOWE, Trustee.

The above sale adjourned to January 3d, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., same place.
CHARLES W. CLOWE, Trustee.

The above sale adjourned to January 17th, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., same place.
CHARLES W. CLOWE, Trustee.

The above sale adjourned to Jan. 23d, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., same place.
CHARLES W. CLOWE, Trustee.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of DONEPER, GOLDSTEIN & SCHAPIRO, Bankrupt.—Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Friday, Jan. 26, 1912, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 113 Leonard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of furs, fur machines, fixtures, &c.

CLEMENS SCHRODER, Trustee.
ARCHIBALD PALMER, Attorney for Trustee, 320 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOSEPH BERGMAN, Inc., bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, Jan. 17th, 1912, by order of the court, at 2 P. M., at 117 West 125th Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of postal cards, toys, fancy goods, show cases, typewriter, desk, safe, tables, cash register, fixtures, &c.

WILLIAM C. ROSENBERG, Receiver.
LEONARD BRONNER, Attorney for Receiver, 309 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WILLIAM RASSLER, bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sell this day, Wednesday, Jan. 17, 1912, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 25 North Division St., Peekskill, N. Y., assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of ladies' and children's cloaks, suits, millinery, furs, waists, petticoats, underwear, cash register, fixtures, &c.

WALTER T. KOHN, Receiver.
JACOB SILVERSTEIN, Attorney for Receiver, 309 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MICHAEL DAVIS and JOHN O'BRIEN, bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, Jan. 23d, 1912, by order of the court, at 2 P. M., at 1,683 Amsterdam Av., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupts, consisting of groceries, canned goods, butter, eggs, counters, coffee mill, fixtures, &c.

MATTHEW A. HENKEL, Receiver.
CARELL & HENKEL, Attorneys for Receiver, 64 William St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LOUIS GOLDFARB, bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Monday, Jan. 22d, 1912, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 113 Leonard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of jewelry, diamonds, watches, rings, earrings, scarf pins, lockets, chains, bracelets, safe, desk, show cases, machinery and tools for the manufacture of jewelry.

GEORGE E. LEONARD, Receiver.
SAMUEL S. BRESLIN, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HERMAN HESSING, bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, Jan. 24th, 1912, by order of the court, at 2 P. M., at 14 Avenue D, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of gold and silver ware, glassware, safe, fixtures, &c.

HENRY LESSER, Receiver.
WALTER T. KOHN, Attorney for Receiver, 309 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy—In the matter of FIFTH AVENUE BOOK CO., Bankrupt.—Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York, in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, January 17th, 1912, by order of the Court at 10.30 a. m., at 225 Fifth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt consisting of books, novels, tables, chairs, desks, and also the valuable manuscript on the characters of Dickens. This manuscript, together with the other property, can be inspected at the bankrupt's place of business.

WALBRIDGE S. TAFT, Receiver.
CARELL & HENKEL, Attorneys for Receiver, 64 William St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SIMON SCHNEIDER, Bankrupt.—Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Thursday, Jan. 25, 1912, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 80 Lenox Ave., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of umbrellas, canes, &.

HENRY W. SYKES, Receiver.
MORRISON & SCHIFF, Attorneys for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HECHTER & KATZ, Bankrupts.—Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Wednesday, Jan. 17, 1912, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 125 East Houston St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupts, consisting of dry goods, gents' furnishings, safe, fixtures, &c.

FRANCIS H. GRIFFIN, Receiver.
MARCUS HELFAND, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

AT A STATED TERM OF THE UNITED States District Court for the Southern District of New York, held at the Post Office Building, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 4th day of January, 1912. Present: Hon. Charles M. Hough, District Judge.—In the matter of HERMAN DWIN and HARRY PONAROFF, individually and composing the firm of DWIN & PONAROFF, bankrupts:

It appearing to my satisfaction by the petition of Max Cederbaum, verified the 4th day of January, 1912, that a petition was filed herein on the 14th day of November, 1911, praying that said Herman Dwin and Harry Ponaroff be adjudged bankrupts, and that a subpoena directed to the said bankrupts has been duly issued out of this Court to the United States Marshal for the Southern District of New York, and that the said Marshal has been unable to serve the same on the said bankrupts, or either of them, and that they are not within this District so that personal service cannot be made upon them, it is hereby

Ordered, that the said Herman Dwin and Harry Ponaroff appear, plead, answer or demur on or before the 27th day of January, 1912, to the petition filed herein in the office of the Clerk of this Court, on the 14th day of November, 1911, and in case of their failure to appear, plead, answer or demur, an adjudication shall be made according to the prayer of said petition; and it is further

Ordered, that this order be published in the New York Times once a week for two consecutive weeks, the first of such publications to be made on the 10th day of January, 1912, and that a copy of this order, subpoena, and petition herein be mailed to the last known addresses of the said Herman Dwin and Harry Ponaroff, on or before the day of the first publication.

C. M. HOUGH, D. J.

NO. 16,054.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WILLIAM C. ROTHMANN, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of William C. Rothmann of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 10th day of January, A. D. 1912, the said William C. Rothmann was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Magrane Coxe, referee in bankruptcy, Room No. 1,375 Hudson Terminal Buildings, No. 50 Church Street, New York City, on the 29th day of January, A. D. 1912, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MAGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

January 15th, 1912.

NO. 16,070.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Banruptcy. In the matter of BLANCHE F. MOSS, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Blanche F. Moss of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 15th day of January, A. D. 1912, the said Blanche F. Moss was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel S. Smith, referee in bankruptcy, No. 44 William St., City and County of New York, on the 30th day of January, A. D. 1912, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

NATHANIEL S. SMITH,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

Dated New York, January 17, 1912.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of I. BERNARD EDELSTEIN, Bankrupt.—No. 15,889.

To the creditors of Bernard Edelstein of the City, County, and State of New York, and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the sixth day of January, A D. 1912, the said I. Bernard Edelstein was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the twenty-fifth day of January, A. D. 1912, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, January 11th, 1912.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 15,639.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—WILLIAM D. COLLINS, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that William D. Collins, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated January 6th, 1912, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, February 19th, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, January 10th, 1912.

NO. 15,869.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—SAMUEL D. KLEIN, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Samuel D. Klein, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated January 15th, 1912, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, February 19th, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, Jan. 15, 1912.

NO. 14,500.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York—NATHAN STROLL, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Nathan Stroll, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated November 14th, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, February 19th, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

New York, Jan. 5, 1912.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of HARRY DEITCHMAN and ABRAHAM DEITCHMAN, individually and as copartners, doing business as DEITCHMAN BROTHERS, alleged Bankrupts.

To the creditors of the above named alleged bankrupts:

Pursuant to direction of Hon. Charles M. Hough, District Judge, this day made, any and all creditors may attend and be heard on Thursday, January 18th, 1912, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., before Hon. Charles M. Hough, at Chambers, as to whether or not a receiver should be appointed of the assets and effects of the above named alleged bankrupts.

Dated New York, January 16th, 1912.

ARCHIBALD PALMER,
Attorney for Petitioning Creditors, Office and Post Office Address, 320 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—ALBERT N. EHRLICH, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that the above named bankrupt has filed his petition, dated October 4, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on the 19th day of February, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, January 13, 1912.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—The indications are that the warm weather that now prevails throughout the West will advance east and produce a general rise in temperature throughout the East Wednesday and Thursday. Warmer weather is also indicated for Thursday in the Mississippi and Ohio Valleys.

In the middle Mississippi and Ohio Valleys and the Gulf States the weather will be fair Wednesday, followed by unsettled weather and scattered rains Thursday, while in the East fair weather Wednesday will be followed by unsettled Thursday.

Decidedly warmer weather was reported Tuesday night over the region from the Appalachians to the Rocky Mountains and temperatures above seasonal prevail in the Far Western districts. Cold weather continued through Tuesday over the Atlantic States, and Tuesday morning the lowest temperatures thus far recorded this Winter in Florida were reported, readings being at the freezing point over the central part.

There have been scattered snows in the Atlantic States, as a result of a disturbance of considerable intensity over Nova Scotia. Another area of low barometric pressure covers the Rocky Mountain region, and under its influence rains have fallen in the Pacific States and the plateau regions and snows in the Rockies and upper lake region.

The winds along the New England Coast will be brisk west, diminishing and becoming variable; Middle Atlantic Coast, light to moderate west, becoming south; South Atlantic Coast, light variable, becoming south.

Steamships departing Wednesday for European ports will have brisk west winds and fair weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND THURSDAY.

Eastern New York—Fair Wednesday. Thursday unsettled and warmer; moderate variable winds, becoming south.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair, warmer Wednesday. Thursday unsettled and warmer; light variable winds, becoming moderate south.

New England—Fair Wednesday. Thursday cloudy, clear and warmer; brisk west winds, diminishing and becoming variable.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1911.	1912.		1911.	1912.
3 A. M.	25	8	4 P. M.	22	13
6 A. M.	20	4	6 P. M.	20	11
9 A. M.	17	2	9 P. M.	17	13
12 M.	18	12	12 P. M.	17	13

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 8; for the corresponding date last year it was 23; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 30.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 3, at 8 P. M. it was 12. Maximum temperature, 16 degrees at 3:40 P. M.; minimum, 1 degree at 8:30 A. M. Humidity, 68 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 53 per cent. at 8 P. M.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M. Loss.

12:05—266 Elizabeth St.; unknown....Trifling
12:15—249 Cherry St.; Morris Rossman..Trifling
12:50—158 Clinton St.; Siris & Moltzman..Trifling
1:00—11 Washington Place; M. Shapiro..$5,000
2:35—730 7th Av.; Morton & Kaiser......None
3:15—132-134 W. 21st St; Bent Glass Co.$5,000
4:55—47-49 Greene St.; unknown.......None
6:40—333 E. 50th St.; Annie O'Grin...Trifling
7:40—3,308 3d Av.; Clarence Davies.......$25
7:40—587 E. 139th St.; Morris Karlin..$5,000
8:50—1,390 Tinton Av.; H. Blumberg......$15
8:50—136 E. 38th St.; Mrs. — Doyle......$200
9:30—14 Irving Place; Walter Wolcott..$300
9:59—135 W. 117th St.; M. Hoffman....None

P. M.

2:20—231 E. 118th St.; H. Bierman........$50
2:20—616 W. 135th St.; D. Black..........$25
2:40—68 E. 96th St.; J. Weinberg.....Trifling
3:05—1 E. 131st St.; Mrs. — McHugh.......$50
3:20—7 Pelham St.; Alter Kapper.........$200
4:15—120 E. 97th St.; Jacob Wasserman..$100
4:20—1,865 Park Av.; J. Subrovski..Trifling
4:45—57 Washington St.; H. Eleneri..Trifling
5:20—702 E. 13th St.; unknown...........$5
5:30—1,292 Clinton Av.; Max Dexy........$75
5:30—160 Waverley Place; Mrs. — Brown..Trifling
5:35—253 W. 34th St.; Mrs. — Vinnel..Trifling
5:35—53 E. Broadway; Max Garber....Trifling
7:20—66 Grove St.; Zion Church......Trifling
7:40—1,295 Amsterdam Av.; F. J. Bucklin......Trifling
9:00—Quarters No. 2, Fort Schuyler; T. Clevering..........$200
9:15—504 East 120th St.; H. Schmidt..Trifling
9:50—147th St. and Lenox Av.; unknown....Trifling
10:10—167th St. and Concord Av.; S. J. Daly.....$1,500
10:20—302 West 144th St.; E. Molowitz....$25

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

The pay rolls from the school principals to the Board of Education are already nearly all in. Because of the new figures under the equal pay law the auditor's force will do extra work three or four nights this week. Assistant Auditor Chambers said yesterday that he expected, however, that everything will be in shape by Friday, and that there will be practically no delay in the payment of the teachers for January.

The report of the Committee on Sites relative to the issue of $10,000 special revenue bonds for the purpose of making a study of population and conditions incidental and necessary to the location of school premises is the subject of criticism. It is said to be an unnecessary expenditure, as it is a duplication of the work now done by the Permanent Census Board, which, although its offices are in the Board of Education Building, is an independent body. It is said, however, that the appropriation of $10,000 would not be sufficient for the auditor's department to complete the work called for by the committee's report.

FIRE DEPARTMENT NEWS.

Promotion—Medical Officer Joseph E. Smith to chief medical officer, exercising supervision over all boroughs.

Pension—Fireman John A. Kuch, Engine 52, after more than twenty years' service, on his own application, at $700 per annum.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

Until yesterday there were no applications on file with the Municipal Civil Service Commission at 299 Broadway for the position of court attendant. Yesterday, however, a number of persons called for application blanks. The examination will be held on Jan. 30.

The number of applications on file for the position of head school farm attendant is a little more than thirty. The receipt of applications will be closed to-day. The examination will be held on Feb. 8.

United States.

The following examinations to obtain eligibles will be held to-day by the United States Civil Service Commission at the New York Custom House:

For architectural and structural steel draughtsman, male, at a maximum salary of $1,500 a year, the position to continue for one year, in the LightHouse Service, San Francisco, Cal., office of the Inspector of the Eighteenth Lighthouse District.

Law clerk, stenographer, and typewriter, male, at $1,000 a year, in the division of Naturalization Bureau of Immigration and Naturalization, Washington, D. C.

Preparator in the division of insects, United States National Museum, Washington, D. C., at $45 a month.

Business teacher, male, $1,000 a year and quarters, in the Indian School at Carlisle, Penn.

Assistant chemist in the Bureau of Chemistry, Department of Agriculture, at St. Louis, ranging from $1,200 to $1,600 a year.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Orders Jan. 5 directing Major S. F. Bottoms, Coast Artillery, to proceed to Fort Flagler, Wash., duty, revoked.

First Lieut. W. H. Cowles, Fourth Cavalry, is relieved from duty as Constructing Quartermaster, Fort Mead, S. D., proceed to join his regiment at Fort Bliss, Texas.

Col. H. O. S. Heistand, Adjutant General, is relieved from duty in the Philippines Division and will repair to Washington and report to the Adjutant General of the army for duty, relieving Col. H. P. McCain, Adjutant General, who will then proceed to Manila, P. I., and report to the commanding General for duty as Adjutant General.

Lieut. Col. F. J. Kernan, Adjutant General, is relieved from duty as Adjutant General, Department of the Columbia, repair to Washington in time to reach that city about March 1, and report to the Adjutant General of the army for duty, relieving Lieut. Col. B. Alvord, Adjutant General, who will then proceed to Fort Totten, N. Y., and report to the commanding General, Department of the East, for duty as Adjutant General of that department.

Capt. J. B. Rose, Ordnance, relieved from treatment at the Walter Reed Hospital, Washington, and return to his post.

Col. W. C. Butler, Infantry, relieved from duty as member of examining board at Fort Leavenworth and assigned to Fourth Infantry.

The name of Col. W. Lassiter, Fourth Infantry, is placed on the list of detached officers and the name of Col. W. L. Pitcher, Infantry, is removed therefrom.

The Navy.

Commander C. H. Hays to Naval War College, Newport, R. I., in attendance upon long course.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Villalobos at Hankow; Ohio, Arethusa, Louisiana, Kansas, South Carolina, and Vermont at Guantanamo; Potomac at Charleston; Paducah at Manzanillo; Salem at navy yard, New York; Petrel at Livingston; Perry at San Diego.

Sailed—Abarenda from Wuhu for Shanghai; Utah and Florida from Kingston for Guantanamo; Birmingham and McCall from Bermuda for Norfolk; Paulding from Bermuda for Norfolk.

The Buffalo will remain on the Asiatic Station until May 1, at least, and the mail address of the vessel has accordingly been changed from "Pacific Station, via San Francisco," to "Asiatic Station, via San Francisco."

Lost and Found advertisements for publication in The New York Times may be left at any advertising agency or telephoned to The Times, Bryant 1000.

YESTERDAY'S WILLS.

SETHELDA MATILDA CLARK died Nov. 6 at East Orange; left more than $10,000 personalty, $2,500 each to the Boards of Foreign and Domestic Missions of the Reformed Church in America, her bank account in trust for her third cousin, George Crist, and the undetermined residue of her estate to the ministers, elders, and deacons of the Reformed Protestant Dutch Church of the City of New York, and her furniture, silver, and jewelry to her third cousin, Ida B. Hawkins.

BRIDGET BOWMANN died Jan. 6; left $1,000 personalty equally to her husband, Paul Bowmann, and her daughters, Annie Hennessy and Nellie Brown.

DAVID W. MURTHA died Dec. 23; left $600 realty and more than $10,000 personalty to his wife, Kate S. Murtha.

GEORGE C. CONRAD died Dec. 15; left $500 realty to the House of Rest for Consumptives at Inwood-on-the-Hudson.

MARGARET LESLIE died Dec. 14; left $2,600 realty and not more than $200 personalty to her sister, Bridget Leslie.

CLEMENTINA B. ECHEMENDIA died Dec. 30, 1911, at Milford, Penn.; left not more than $5,000 personalty, $4,000 to her daughter, Elise E. Echemendia, $10 to Elise Benito, $5 each to Albert and Robert Benito, and the residue of her estate to her husband, Francisco Echemendia.

LAVENIA KNOX died Dec. 9; left between $9,000 and $10,000 personalty, wearing apparel to Annie Brewster, $400 to Emma Dickerson, $600 to Cora Brewster, $400 to Fred Brewster, $600 to Cornelius Shorter, $2,000 and contingent interest in $2,000 to Thomas K. Brewster, $500 and contingent interest in $2,000 to Lavinia McClure, $200 each to Florence and Edson Shorter, Charles O'Connell, and Bertha M. Skillman; $100 each to Minnie Purdy and Edith S. Owen, $200 to Cyreneus Van Keuren, $500 to Alexander Baxter, $2,000 in trust for Phoebe Dickerson, and contingent interest in this fund for Edson and Florence Shorter.

MALVINA HAMMERSTEIN died Jan. 9; left not more than $5,000 personalty, a diamond sunburst pin with $300 to her daughter, Stella Hammerstein; a diamond bracelet worth $150 to her granddaughter, Muriel Tostevin, and the residue of her estate to her daughter, Rose Tostevin, named as executrix without bond.

PETER McKAY died Dec. 19; left $10,000 realty and $2,000 personalty, a life interest in his estate to his wife, Elizabeth A. McKay, then to his children, Mrs. Martin Reynolds, and Frank, Peter, Joseph, James, Leo, Harry, Aloysius, and Thomas McKay.

Lost

10c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST.—On Broadway Subway express, between 116th St. and Bowling Green, 9 to 9:25 A. M., Saturday, Jan. 13, one pair field glasses, Truder, 12 x.; $5 reward if returned to John E. Kerr, 41 Beaver St.

LOST.—Gold lorgnette, lotus flower pattern, inlaid with diamonds, about noon Jan. 16 in Subway above 42d St., or Madison Av. car. A reward will be paid if returned to Walter C. Stokes, 66 Broadway.

LOST.—Pearl pendant, ten quite large irregular pearls, Dec. 26, between Washington Square, 10th St., and the Hatfield House, 103 East 29th St.; suitable reward for return to Mrs. John C. Day, 28 5th Av.

LOST.—Monday evening, small dark blue leather fitted traveling bag; lined gray; containing toilet articles and gold mesh purse, marked E. L. B.; liberal reward offered. 901 Lexington Av.

LOST.—Between Far Rockaway and 96th St. Subway station, diamond pendant. Liberal reward and no questions asked if returned to Selma Nebenzahl, Far Rockaway, L. I.

LOST.—Large diamond earring, with gold ball core, on 6th, Lexington Av. car or 34th St. crosstown to 6th; liberal reward. Please notify Mrs. J. B. Ireland, 103 East 69th St.

LOST.—Ring, small, lady's; Alexandrite, surrounded with small diamonds; Cafe des Beaux Arts grill, Saturday evening; reward. J. H. Seymour, 304 West 86th.

LOST OR STOLEN.—Bankbook No. 618,564 of the Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; payment stopped. Please return book to bank, No. 51 Chambers St.

LOST.—Lady's gold watch and pin, Sunday, Broadway, between 121st-123d, monogram "A. B. O.;" reward. Alice Barnett, office 600 West 122d.

LOST.—Gentleman's gold ring, with quartz stone, between Grand Central and Imperial Hotel; liberal reward. Stark, 48 White St.

LOST.—Open-faced gold watch, Monday night; owner's name inscribed and date; Delmonico's or the neighborhood; reward. A 66 Times.

LOST—Sunday, in trolley, between Flushing and New York, parcel lace and silk; liberal reward. McLeran, 17 West 37th St.

LOST.—Flat gold bracelet, five diamonds; liberal reward. Merchants' Secret Service. Samwick, 320 Broadway.

LOST—Jan. 16, crescent shaped pearl pin, vicinity Belasco Theatre; reward. Bird, 221 Sherman Av., city.

LOST.—Reward, finder three-stone diamond ring, lost 66th, 59th, Broadway. L. Farrell, Maryland Hotel.

LOST.—Fraternity pin, Sunday, 182 7th St., West; reward. T. J. Shanley, Jr., 1,493 Broadway.

LOST—Lady's open face gold watch, with bow knot pin; liberal reward. S. Wilhelm, 305 Canal St.

LOST—Bankbook No. 44,085, Emigrant Savings; payment stopped. 51 Chambers St.

$100 REWARD.

LOST.—January 8, between 40th and 56th Sts., near 5th Av., or at Penn. Station, diamond bow knot brooch with border of square rubies. Return to Udall & Ballou, 574 5th Av.

$100 REWARD

and no questions asked for return of round pendant of diamonds lost on 59th St. between Hotel Plaza and Park Av. by B. F. Johnson, Hotel Plaza.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

10c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST.—Boston bull terrier, answering to "Billie Burke"; "E. T. M." on collar. Murphy, 2,340 7th Av.

LOST.—Brown collie, white feet, Thusday afternoon; 31 West 98th St.; liberal reward; return to above address.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Found

10c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

FOUND—POLICE DEPARTMENT. Call 240 Centre St., Manhattan: Quantity of waiters' coats, bunch of keys, chair, badge.

FOUND, Jan. 15.—INTERBOROUGH R. T. Apply Lost Property Bureau, 9 Morris St. 2D AV. ELEVATED—Umbrella, satchel, handbag, book, cards, gloves, apron, sweater, shirt, overcoat, clothes, newspaper, locks, gas tube, knife in case. 3D AV. ELEVATED—Two umbrellas, two pair eyeglasses, book, three pair gloves, plans, photo, shirts, veil, neckpiece, paper and ink, towel. 6TH AV. ELEVATED—Umbrella, watch, leather bag, bank card, bank book, three pair glasses, gloves, corsetiers, papers, books, stationery, muff, rubbers, case, check, two belts, plan, press roll, clothes, books and letters. 9TH AV. ELEVATED—Umbrella, pocketbook, leather bag, blanks, tie, shoes, keys. SUBWAY—Three umbrellas, leather bag, mesh bag, purses, vanity case, necklace, bracelet, photos, map, music, adver. matter, five books, insurance papers, rosary, cap, odd rubber, four pair gloves, two odd gloves, boa, four muffs, pincushion, two pair hose, shirt and towel, apron, skirt, &c., sweater, medicine, dry plates, waist belt, money box, stool skates.

FOUND, Jan. 15.—BROOKLYN R. T. Apply 168 Montague St.—SURFACE and ELEVATED—Can, horse blanket, overalls, caps, satchel, clothing, rubbers, library book, key, overalls and gloves, fancy work, boy's cops, satchel, clothing, rubbers, library book, lantern, coat, muff, photo, map, book, child's kid gloves, eyeglasses in case, small suitcase, medal, certificate, German school book, composition book, notebook, receipt cards, bag containing school books, Sunday school book, handbags, breastpin with photo, child's umbrella, pocketbooks.

FOUND, Jan. 15.—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. Hudson Tubes. Apply 137 Christopher St.: Overalls, shirts, diary, coat hanger, leggings, purse, photograph, book, two umbrellas.

FOUND, Jan. 15.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City—Package, shoes, cardcase, eyeglasses and cane, one package, automobile license, umbrella, large jar, key, package containing shirt, two packages, glove, pocketbook, photograph, umbrella, glove, pair gloves, earlap, package, collars, rubbers, muffler, package of shoes, papers, two umbrellas, wax.

FOUND, Jan. 15.—NEW PENNSYLVANIA DEPOT. Apply Baggage Room, 33d St. and 7th Av.—Cigar holder, hat, rubbers, watch, shaving brush, cups, suitcase, overcoat, umbrella, book, rubbers, raincoat, doll, sweater, keys, nightshirt, pin, comb, pocketbook, umbrella, slippers, cane; Long Island Division—Book, roll plans, pair gloves, pair shoes.

FOUND, Jan. 15.—N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station—Keys, rubbers, two umbrellas, one pair gloves, two packages, cap, suitcase, girl's muff.

FOUND, Jan. 15.—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Long Island City—Cane, package, bag, rubbers, gloves, umbrella, muffler, hat, coat.

FOUND, Jan. 15.—LACKAWANNA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.—One umbrella, five packages, one pair socks.

FOUND, Jan. 15.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City—One cloth bag.

Business Opportunities

30c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

A.—On account of going away, grand opportunity to secure fine business with little cash; will sell the furniture and good will of eight beautifully and newly furnished elevator apartments; all permanently rented and earning an income of $170 monthly over and above all expenses; $500 down, balance easy terms. Inquire Malone, 205 West 101st (three doors from Broadway.)

Five one-thousand shares in land syndicate coming Western Canadian city; 1,400 acres valuable coal field, Alberta, Saskatchewan, $28,000, eight valuable mining claims, Porcupine, $60,000; 65,000 acres excellent land Peace River, $6. Charles Cocking, Room 806, 1 West 34th St. Bryant 88.

ROAD HOUSE AND GARAGE

on main road, New York to Lake Hopatcong, opposite station; new building; 400 autos pass daily. Reasonable terms. Address

GEORGE R. PEARE,

Tel. 1521 Cort. 170 Broadway.

Investor to take $10,000 to $15,000 well secured bonds bearing 6 per cent., with stock gratuity; large earner; strong, reliable trust company Trustee. Address Clapp, 48 Atlantic St., Stamford, Conn.

Partner with $5,000 wanted in exclusive agency proposition now paying big money on article in great demand; money needed for expansion; brokers need not apply. Conservative, T 54 Times.

Young man, mechanical ability, invest small amount; object, grow up with legitimate business, Mexico; healthful climate, great financial possibilities; New York corporation. S 8 Times.

Help Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

A WELL-EDUCATED WOMAN over 30, possessing tact, and a pleasing personality, for special organizing work with parents of school children; one who can travel if necessary preferred. Room 705, 110 West 34th St.

LADIES' HOME WORK, stamping transfers, $1 dozen up; guaranteed. Call 49 West 36th St. Trieber's.

LADY REQUIRED to read and to be generally useful in a school; age 30 to 45. Apply personally between 4 and 6 to-day. Room 402, 509 5th Av.

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO. REQUIRE A THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED HAIRDRESSER AND SALESWOMAN. SALARY $12 A WEEK. APPLY TO SUPT. BEFORE 10 A. M.

TYPEWRITER.—Beginner; knowledge of German desirable. Write G. E. Stechert & Co., 151 West 25th St.

WANTED—Stenographer and typewriter with thorough knowledge of operating standard telephone switchboard; must be capable and furnish references; state salary expected. Address J., 54 Times Downtown.

WANTED—Chambermaid and waitress, who will assist with children; city references required. Apply Box P 170 Times.

WANTED—Head nurse for small institution with executive ability, $40 per month. Graham Sanatorium, Rochester, N. Y.

YOUNG WOMAN, with good figure, 36 bust, may secure permanent position. Apply H. G. Millard, Butterick Building, Spring and Macdougal Sts.

Help Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

A BOY about 16 years of age to run errands and do general office work; experience unnecessary. P 234 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT AND STENOGRAPHER.—Young man, preferably one who has had experience in sales or general management office; excellent opportunity; $25 to start. Address, with full particulars as to age and reference, Opportunity, Box 113, Times Downtown.

BRIGHT BOY.—To learn good business; exceptional chance for advancement; 16 or 17 years; neat appearance. Write to J. B. F., Times Downtown.

CHORUS, tenor and baritone singers, for choir of men and boys, Episcopal Church. Apply 65 East 89th St., Thursday, 18th, 8:30 P. M.

DRAUGHTSMAN,

with practical experience designing and selling electric lighting fixtures; permanent position for right man; state salary expected and experience. Y 143 Times.

HARDWARE SALESMAN.

We want a general hardware salesman; one who is thoroughly qualified in all details of the business, and who has a trade of his own; we do not care to discuss the subject with any one who considers himself worth less than $3,000 per year; we are an old concern, whose territory is Greater New York and vicinity, and we want none but first-class men of unquestioned qualifications. Address, stating experience, references, and compensation expected, Box P 205 Times Downtown.

MANAGER for downtown retail candy establishment; steady, good-paying position for a hustling, experienced man, who can handle help and dress windows attractively. Confectionery, P 232 Times Downtown.

MEN over 25 with some selling ability to represent large corporation locally; references, honesty, and hard work required; advancement to right men; inexperienced man with ambition trained. See Mr. Fricke, Room 601, 277 Broadway, New York City.

NATIONAL GUARDSMEN WANTED.
LEARN TO RIDE AND SHOOT.

Owing to the expansion of the old First Battery into a battalion of field artillery, opportunity is offered athletic men to join the new battalions; no expense; our own farm in Westchester; tanbark ring in city armory; participation in army manoeuvres in Summer; high-class personnel; many advantages. Call or address the Adjutant, Armory, 56 West 66th St.

SALESMEN WHO CAN SELL.

Experience unnecessary; we teach you, but you must be a hard worker, with ambition to make more money than the ordinary salesman; company of unquestionable reputation, long standing in business in this city requires a few men of above type to handle proposition which will sell on its own merits, if placed before business and professional people; if you can do this, following our instructions, we want you. Call for personal interview between 9 and 12 A. M. Ask for Mr. Caldwell, 9 East 26th St., Room 226.

SALESMEN.—If you have real selling ability, we want you to investigate the best book proposition in recent years—the "PHOTOGRAPHIC HISTORY OF THE CIVIL WAR." Advertising is bringing in plenty of inquiries and leads. Mr. Mansfield, Review of Reviews, 13 Astor Place. Afternoons.

SALESMAN.—Every telephone user will buy telephone tablet on sight; saves time and money; commission only; profits big; live wires call. Address Savsite Company, 258 Broadway, New York.

SALESMAN to sell new electric sign projectors equipped with Tungsten lamps, without flasher, $5.50; with flasher, $6.50. Apply 105 West 40th St., Room 301.

SALESMAN.—Traveling; selling high-grade bags and pocketbooks on commission; only A1 man with trade; best references. P 235 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Large manufacturing concern wants ten good, live wires. Write 1,102 Tribune Bldg.

SALESMAN WANTED on flannelette gowns for office trade. Sam Cohen, 202 Varet St., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN wanted; cloaks and suits on commission. Inquire Jacob Schiman, 99 Division St.

SHOE SALESMAN wanted with experience and references. Apply to Frank Brothers, 224 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—By a prominent business house, experienced male stenographer; accurate, with good speed, good speller and grammarian; salary, $20 per week, with early increase if satisfactory. Address R. W., giving experience and names of employers. Y 135 Times.

WANTED FOR U. S. ARMY—Able-bodied unmarried men between ages of 18 and 35; citizens of United States of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read, and write the English language. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, 25 3d Av., 749 6th Av., New York City; 363 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.; 47 Montgomery St., Jersey City, N. J., or any recruiting station.

WANTED—Young man about 22 years of age, (German or Swede preferred,) for light porter and to make himself generally useful; wages, $12 a week. Apply, in own handwriting, to H. K., P. O. Box 280, New York City.

YOUNG MAN, with knowledge of bookkeeping and stenography, who is willing to start at a small salary; state age and full particulars. A 100 Times.

Agents Wanted

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

AGENTS.—Steady employment and good pay for three months to a few reliable men; write at once for particulars. J. R. Yost, 87 Clinton St., Toronto, Canada.

Situations Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Trial balance; five years' experience; accurate; reference. Lurie, 29 Suffolk St.

COMPANION, &c.—By widow, position as companion or attendant to an elderly lady, or mother's help; good sewer. Address Mrs. R., 125 West 82d St.

HOUSEWORKER.—Competent English Protestant housekeeper; good cook, laundress; small family; reference. 332 West 36th St.

LADY wishes to find a situation for an infant's nurse, whom she can thoroughly recommend. Call at 31 West 48th St.

NURSE.—Infant's nurse, with hospital training; English; country preferred. J. Foers, 37 West 16th St.

RELIABLE WOMAN seeks position as housekeeper; highest references. K. G., 3,525 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, correspondent; good grammarian; six years' active stenographic experience; accurate; thoroughly familiar with office details; systematic; first-class references. P 213 Times, Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, young lady, 18, neat, refined, excellent references; somewhat experienced; moderate salary. "Faithful," 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. 'Phone 660 East N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER, anxious to start well, will accept small salary with chance to advance. Frances Smith, 605 Madison Av. 'Phone 5360—Plaza.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; intelligent, energetic young lady; good references; salary reasonable. Stenographer, 89 Delancey St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent business woman, seven years' experience; excellent references. Ability, P 222 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; capable; thoroughly familiar with all office duties; salary, $10. P 229 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, correspondent; five years' experience; thorough business training. P 231 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—High speed and accurate; five years' experience; $14. J. M. J., 886 9th Av.

YOUNG LADY, competent correspondent, knowledge of German, thorough experience in real estate office routine, wishes similar position. Y 142 Times.

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ACCOUNTANT, bookkeeper and general office man, thoroughly experienced in bookkeeping, cost accounting and general office detail, good systematizer and correspondent; has ideas and executive ability; excellent references from large New York house. Box N 299 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened; balanced; systems; arrangements with firms not employing bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly. Accountant, 57 Murray St. Tel. 5988—Barclay.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2250—Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT, certified, desires a few additional clients on monthly audits; rates reasonable; references. C. P. A., 320 Broadway, Room 723. Tel. 1393—Worth.

ACCOUNTANT.—Examines accounts, simplifies systems, keeps books written up, makes up profit-loss business statement. George Christie, Room 2,428, Park Row Building.

ACCOUNTANT.—Audits, adjusts, writes up books; $5 monthly up; financial statements, systems reasonable. Mitch, 25 East 14th St. Telephone 1807—Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT, (degree,) opens, closes, corporation, partnership, single proprietorship, books; moderate. P. O. Box 225, Madison Sq.

BOOKKEEPER.—Expert, also penman, capable taking entire charge accounting department, seeks position; experienced, thorough; adapts himself quickly to any set of books; none too difficult; indorsed by employer as "one with more than ordinary ability"; salary $1,500. Bookkeeper, R 26 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced; capable take charge books, monthly trial balance, look after collections, handle correspondence, manage office; references. Y 275 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER to take full charge; age 29; eight years' experience; references and recommendations; salary, $25. White J. B., 488 6th Av.

BOOKKEEPER.—Competent bookkeeper, (22,) four years' experience, combined with exceptional ability. P 233 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and office manager; can take entire charge; age 28; experience seven years; highest references. Write, A 60 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, correspondent; thoroughly experienced; married; salary desired, $18. P 220 Times Downtown.

CARPENTER.—General mechanic, capable either as superintendent, foreman or mechanic; can estimate, draught, take entire charge; alterations, new work; for private or real estate. "American," 263 West 125th.

DISHWASHER wishes position in private family. Jerry Hart, 414 West 39th St.

ENERGETIC GENTLEMAN, familiar with hardware trade directory compiling; standard price lists; preparing and correcting printers' copy; capable of editing house organ, doing catalogue and publicity work. Thompson, 44 West 34th St., Bayonne, N. J.

EXPERIENCED manufacturer and salesman, going out of his own business, wishes to connect with first-class concern; willing to pay for experience in manufacturing, office details, and selling ability. S 7 Times.

EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHER, correspondent, 29; qualified for responsible position requiring initiative and executive ability; 12 years' business training; exceptional references. P 228 Times Downtown.

EXPERIENCED YOUNG MAN, 19, high school graduate, desires position, mercantile house. P 230 Times Downtown.

HOTEL man of wide experience in first-class hotels; thoroughly familiar with all departments; sober and energetic; desires connection with high grade house; management preferred; exceptional references. Address Hotel, A 91 Times.

MAN, (30,) single, wants position in garage or shop; good driver and mechanic. P. O. Box 77, Milburn, N. J.

MAN, honest, sober, married, 60; anything from clerk to watchman. Hunt, 1,438 Commonwealth Av.

PURCHASING agent, office executive; experienced young man, thorough knowledge of purchasing, office detail, and correspondence; for eleven years with large machinery manufacturers, and strongly indorsed by them, seeks engagement offering a future. P 207 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, young man, 19, general business experience, willing to work hard and make himself generally useful. "Accurate," 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. 'Phone 660 East New York.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, 18, experienced, neat, willing worker; excellent reference. Mehl, 445 Glenmore Av., Brooklyn.

STOCK CLERK, 18 years; two years' experience; wants position with chance of advancement; best reference. Velaney, 172 Watkin St., Brooklyn.

TRANSLATOR.—Specialty catalogue copying literary work in French, Italian, Spanish, at your office or mine; cheapest work in town; accurate work. Vlober, 38 Park Row. Tel. 864 Cortlandt.

TWO YEARS' experience in accounting and finance; some previous selling experience; university graduate; has steady employment; open to new engagement. R 24 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18; refined; high school education; thorough knowledge of bookkeeping, typewriting, and German; best references. J. L., 1,478 Bryant Av., Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) three years' sound experience in women's ready to wear lines, desires position; well educated and able; references. R 25 Times.

YOUNG MAN desires position; can assist in stockroom, fill orders, and do office work; best references. Benjamin Salmonovitz, 169 2d St., City.

YOUNG MAN, 28, experienced and competent bookkeeper, with ability to manage office; highest references past employers. P 221 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 26, expert details, correspondence, managerial or assistant; salary moderate. P 223 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (25,) assistant bartender; some experience; willing, obliging. Sartori, 237 East 56th St., city.

YOUNG MAN, 21; neat, refined; will start at bottom; excellent references. P 227 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wishes position evenings, 7 P. M. to 12 A. M. R 23 Times.

Situations Wanted

Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS, BOOKKEEPERS, STENOGRAPHERS. High-Grade Office Helpers. Office Service Co., (Agency.) 50 Pine St. Tel. 8425 John.

Situations Wanted

Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Domestic.

A.—A.—Mrs. Malmberg's, 113 East 26th St.; oldest Swedish agency; established 1881; select servants for private families; formerly 352 4th Av.

COLE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 105 Lexington Av., (between 27th-28th Sts.,) supplies reliable household help.

COOK, chambermaid, houseworkers, firemen, elevator runners. Porter's Agency, 142 West 133d St. Telephone 94—Morningside.

COOK.—Neat colored girl, cook, general worker; city, country. Instant Relief Agency. 'Phone 7288 Morningside.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786 Columbus.

LAUNDRESS.—Excellent on shirts and collars; good references; $25. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th. Telephone 2224 Plaza.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied, day, week, month; male, female. 107 West 133d St. 6916—Morn.

SWEDISH GIRL for doctor's office; very neat, willing, obliging; good references. Wilson's Agency, 141 E. 57th. Tel. 2224 Plaza.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

16TH ST., 20-22-33 WEST.—Large rooms, well heated; second floor; unexcelled board; telephone.

44TH ST., 260 WEST.—Alliance House, "Quiet Place for Quiet People"; single rooms, including board, $9 per week; use of bath; suites, consisting parlor, sleeping apartments, private bathroom, $30 up per week, including board for two; other double rooms, steam heated throughout; elevator service. 'Phone 793 Bryant.

46TH ST., 309 WEST.—Comfortable, well-heated, single room, with very good table board, $7.

47TH ST., 56 West.—Beautiful furnished rooms, with board; all conveniences; electric light, steam, telephone.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.—Desirable small room; telephone; exclusive.

48TH ST., 117 WEST.—Large, single rooms; private baths; house, table strictly first class; references.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.—Large and small rooms; first-class; telephone; references.

57TH, 142 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room; private bath; other rooms; excellent table; references; telephone.

64TH, 165 WEST.—Attractive large, small rooms; clean; excellent German table; homelike; reference.

64TH ST., 115 West.—Large, pleasant room, suitable for one or two; excellent table; moderate.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.—Warm rooms, comfortably furnished; private baths; good, substantial table; telephones; references.

70TH, 151 WEST.—Second story room; private bathroom; room telephone; steam heat; references exchanged.

71ST ST., 62 WEST.—One large and one small room, fourth floor, with board; references.

72D ST., 122 WEST.—Desirable suite, unexpectedly vacated; high-class accommodations.

74TH ST., 149 WEST.—Room, private bath; suitable two gentlemen; table guests accommodated; reasonable; references.

76TH, 239 West.—Comfortable, large and medium room, first class house; excellent, abundant table; near Subway; hot water day and night.

76TH ST., 110 WEST.—Unusually attractive accommodations in high-class house; electric light; excellent table.

76TH, 113 WEST.—Large room, second floor; high-class house; parlor dining; table guests.

81ST ST., 138 WEST.—Beautiful, comfortable rooms; excellent table; high-class Jewish house; table guests.

50-52 WEST 82D.

Attractive rooms; baths, electricity. 'Phone Schuyler 8397.

83D ST., 5 WEST.—Offers high-class suite; singly; permanent or transients; table unsurpassed; references.

84TH ST., 37 WEST.—Table guests accommodated; excellent home cooking; parlor dining room; Jewish family.

87TH ST., 135 WEST.—Refined American lady having beautiful select home, offers superior board to two gentlemen or married couple; telephone; references.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Large, small, sunny rooms; private baths; excellent home cooking; parlor dining.

94TH ST., 16 WEST.—Newly renovated, large room, with board; homelike. Telephone 7442—Riverside. Reference.

94TH ST., 36 WEST.—Large front room for two; all conveniences; excellent board; Jewish family.

(100TH ST.,) 828 West End Av.—Attractive room; modern home; superior board; table guests.

252 WEST 103D ST.,
GENEROUS SOUTHERN TABLE BOARD.

104TH ST., 61 WEST.—Newly decorated, whole floor, private bath; other rooms; running water; table unexcelled; parlor dining room; references; table boarders.

105TH ST., 76 WEST.—Good room, good table, good service, good company; special terms to acceptable, permanent guests; vacancies rare; references. Southerners.

112TH ST., 523 WEST.—Two connecting rooms, or separated; every convenience; board optional; private. Cook.

113TH ST., 625 WEST.—Large front room, southern exposure; excellent table board. Phone Morningside 8136.

123D ST., 519 WEST.—Acropolis Hotel, near Riverside; single rooms, suites; board optional; reasonable rates.

123D, 168 WEST.—Large, well-heated rooms; phone; home cooking; well-kept house; references.

141ST ST., 527 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms, bath adjoining; steam heat; telephone; references; table guests.

144TH ST., 472 WEST.—Private residence; exceptional homelike accommodations; wholesome, well-served meals; table guests.

145TH ST., 412 WEST.—Newly decorated; desirable accommodations married couple or gentlemen; private house; smaller room, bath adjacent; excellent; table; reference; telephone.

146TH ST., 419 WEST.—Private family would like to have a few more table boarders.

157TH, Subway, WEST.—Comfortable outside room; running water; elevator apartment. 'Phone 203 Audubon.

WEST END AV., 786.—Lady and daughter having delightful home will let suite of rooms, private bath, or one room, to two or three gentlemen; appointments are first class; two minutes 96th Subway.

WEST END AV., 936, (Corner 106th.)—Overlooking Hudson; all outside rooms; surroundings beautiful; private bath; exceptional cooking; beautiful dining room; moderate.

East Side.

80TH ST., 40 EAST.—Fine large and single rooms, with uniformly good table; reasonable.

GRAMERCY PARK, 40, Corner 21st St.—Best location downtown; steam heat, electric light, telephones; reasonable.

IRVING PLACE, 47.—Newly furnished, large and small rooms; excellent board; table guests; telephone.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Large and small rooms, private baths; references. Telephone 1978—Gramercy.

Brooklyn.

5 MONTAGUE TERRACE HEIGHTS.—Family hotel; river view, Manhattan; most accessible locality Greater New York; Subway, 5 minutes Wall St. ferry, trolley, Bridge; connecting mansions; furnished, unfurnished; aristocratic neighborhood; table choicest products New York markets. 905 Main.

PIERREPONT ST., 76.—Best place to board; convenient New York; near all Subways, ferries; quiet, select; steam-heated rooms; excellent table. Telephone 1159W Main.

Country Board

20c. a line 1 time; 57c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

Long Island.

DOUGLASTON.—Douglas Manor Inn: Winter rates; attractive, homelike, log fires; steam heat; easy commuting.

New Jersey.

ORANGE, N. J., (Mountain station.)—English couple will board two or three people; private bath; telephone 671 R-Orange; electricity; well heated. Irvine, 33 East Clark Place.

Board Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

GENTLEMAN wants board with French or Italian family, between 23d and 40th Sts. A 63 Times.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

9TH ST., 17 WEST.—Private house; charming rooms for bachelors; electricity; telephone; transit facilities unsurpassed; references.

9TH ST., 41 WEST.—Pleasant rooms; modern conveniences; telephone; sunny front room, suitable 2 men, $4.

12TH ST., 61 WEST.—Beautifully furnished, newly decorated, exceptionally clean, bright rooms; telephone; single, $4.

34TH ST., 253 WEST, The Willena.—Refined; steam heat; rooms suitable two; $4 up.

36TH ST., 40 WEST.—Large, comfortable hall room, closet, bath; private house; gentlemen; $4.50.

39TH ST., 10 WEST.—Furnished rooms in very desirable house; gentlemen only; breakfast optional.

42D ST., 322 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, heated rooms, tiled bath, $2 upward; gentlemen; references. Hughes.

46TH, 28 WEST.—Large, small rooms to let for gentlemen.

52D, 55 WEST.—Large furnished room, private bath; gentlemen only; references.

54TH AND 7TH AV.—Bright sunny room, southern exposure; oposite bath; refined home; elevator; reference Tel., 6688—Col.

55TH ST., 319 WEST.—Large, small rooms, parlor; suitable for 2 gentlemen, or studio; telephone.

59TH ST., 208 WEST.—Furnished rooms; all conveniences; electric light; $3.50 up; facing Central Park; room suitable for studio.

60TH, 22 WEST.—Elegantly kept; private baths; $3-$10 weekly; independent home; meals; gentlemen.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Bachelor apartments, exquisitely kept; unrivaled service; absolutely private; every modern convenience; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

68TH ST., 105 WEST.—Large, sunny room; southern exposure; other rooms; well-kept house. Conlon.

69TH ST., 65 WEST.—Desirable room; private house; steam heat; electric light; hot water; 'phone.

70TH ST., 188 WEST.—Unusually attrtactive room; private bath; steam heat; private family; gentleman only.

70TH ST., 130 WEST.—Second-story front; private bath, hot water supply, room telephone; references.

106 WEST 71ST ST.

Nicely furnished rooms; board optional.

72D ST., 119 WEST.—Large, comfortable room, twin beds; running water; central; gentleman.

72D ST., 302 WEST, (near Riverside.)—Medium sized, warm room, next bath; reasonable to permanent gentleman.

73D, 166 WEST.—Attractive, large, and single rooms; baths; southern exposure; Subway and "L."

75TH ST., WEST.—A southern exposed room in private house; steam heat and electric light; references. 'Phone Columbus—6144.

77TH ST., 126 WEST.—Beautifully furnished large sunny room, dressing room, bath; smaller room; telephone.

78TH ST., 112 WEST.—Desirable, sunny rooms; every convenience; accessable Subway, elevated; telephone; references; moderate.

78TH, 168 West.—Large room, all conveniences; private family; reasonable; board optional; subway; 'phone.

82D ST., 47 WEST.—In clean, well-kept house, large and small comfortable rooms; reasonable.

82D ST., 115 WEST.—A large, handsomely furnished room; well furnished; every convenience; telephone, reference.

85TH ST., 106 WEST.—Back parlor, with extension, or parlor floor, for physician's office; also fine large second floor front room; reasonable.

85TH ST., 106 WEST.—Second floor front room; also parlor floor for doctor; all conveniences.

91ST, 64 West.—Handsomely furnished rooms, southern exposure; shower baths; "L," Subway; reasonable; references.

91ST ST., 46 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished rooms, southern exposure; telephone; conveniences; elevated, Subway; reasonable.

92D ST., 294 WEST.—Attractively furnished room; all conveniences; high-class apartment; for gentlemen.

93D ST., 119 WEST.—Large front room, private bath, $8; also $3 room, running water.

97TH ST., West of Broadway.—Select single room or suite; high-class elevator apartment; every comfort and convenience. Telephone 6780 Riverside. Apartment 1B.

97TH ST., 150 WEST.—Large, medium rooms; well heated; southern exposure; Subway express; private family.

101ST ST., 331 WEST.—Sunny room, suitable for two; lavatory; elevator apartment; near Riverside. Gaston.

102D ST., 202 WEST.—Sunny, outside room, for refined business lady or gentleman. Dana.

107TH ST., 230 WEST.—High-class elevator apartment; attractive rooms, beautifully furnished; references. Gurnee.

107TH ST., 237 WEST.—High-class suite, single room; meal accommodations; elevator; reasonable. Leipold.

111TH ST., 529 WEST.—Large, comfortable room; private family; gentleman preferred; homelike. Moore. 3865 Morningside.

112TH ST. AND RIVERSIDE DRIVE.—To gentleman; outside sunny room, southern exposure; beautiful view of river and drive. A 103 Times.

112TH ST., 511 WEST.—Sunny, electricity, steam; single and double. 3,583 Morningside. Clark.

118TH ST., 414 WEST.—Attractive, large, small rooms; southern exposure; homelike; elevator; Subway. Smith.

118TH ST., 419 WEST.—Attractive, sunny front suite; warm; elevator, telephone; Subway. Fifth front, west.

414 WEST 118TH. GREENE.

Attractive, front room, smaller rooms; elevator; refinement.

417 WEST 118TH ST.

Large, delightful rooms; handsomely furnished; reasonable. Fort.

129 WEST 120TH ST.

Nicely furnished rooms; fine private house; improvements.

121ST ST., 500 WEST, Bancroft Apartments.—Beautiful suite, three rooms, kitchenette, bath; furnished or unfurnished.

122D ST., 540 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Exceptionally attractive front rooms; kitchen; elevator; references. Apartment 61.

122D ST., 526 WEST.—Beautiful rooms; suite; elevator apartment; bath, showers; single room, $3. Carter.

540 WEST 122D. TOWNSEND.

Warm, attractive, clean room; elevator, 'phone; references.

123D, 526 WEST.—Nice, neat room; $2. Reynolds.

127TH ST., 61 WEST.—Two medium rooms, one with running water; well heated; select house.

127TH ST, 191 Claremont Av.—Nice room reasonable; elevator; telephone; near Subway. Apartment 63.

129TH ST., 132 WEST.—Front parlor and bedroom; suitable two; conveniences; private family; $6. Deisinger.

137TH ST., 611 WEST.—Subway corner; rooms, single, en suite; running water; private baths. Pierson.

138TH ST., 602 WEST.

Exclusively select, handsomely furnished rooms, connecting or single, for particular people; private house; moderate; breakfast optional; telephone; Subway 137th Broadway; references.

158TH ST., 646 WEST.—Single and double rooms in private family; gentlemen preferred; near Subway station.

AMSTERDAM AV., 1,946.—Two large, light rooms; with or without board; single or double; homelike. Clayton.

Attractively furnished outside room; elevator apartment; private family; references. 220 West 107th, apartment 53.

LEXINGTON AV., 148.—Large, heated front room; running water; private house; telephone.

MORNINGSIDE AV, 14, (corner 115th.)—Parlor, bedroom; elegantly furnished; 'phone 3307 Morningside. Apartment 55.

East Side.

15TH ST., 218 EAST.—Most desirable rooms; view Stuyvesant Park; references; telephone; steam heat; breakfast optional.

16TH ST., 132 EAST.—Elegantly furnished, large adjoining rooms; nice locality; steam heat; gentleman; references.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

22D ST., 45 EAST.—Pleasant rooms, in refined house; $3 to $6 a week; references.

20TH ST., 43 EAST.—Desirable rooms, large and small; private house; references.

43D ST., 13 EAST.—Large, attractive room, with private bath; first sleeping floor.

45TH ST., 26 EAST.—Attractive rooms, large and small; gentlemen; references.

70TH ST., 32 EAST.—Attractive rooms; ideal location; board optional; references. Telephone Lenox 6613.

IRVING PLACE, 14, (corner 15th St., block east of Union Square.)—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

LEXINGTON AV., 642.—Handsomely furnished room; bath adjoining; every convenience; one or two gentlemen; private dwelling. Owner.

MADISON AV., 348, near 44th St.—Attractive rooms; private baths; Subway; references; reasonable.

Brooklyn.

ASSOCIATION CLUB BUILDING ROOMS, FOR YOUNG MEN; STEAM HEAT, ELECTRIC LIGHTS, HOT AND COLD WATER, TELEPHONE IN EACH ROOM; ALL FINELY FURNISHED; ELEVATOR SERVICE; RESTAURANT ON FIRST FLOOR; GYMNASIUM, SWIMMING POOL, ALL KINDS OF BATHS, BOWLING ALLEYS, BILLIARD ROOM, AND ALL CLUB PRIVILEGES. ROOMS $2.75 TO $4 A WEEK. APPLY AT ONCE.

BEDFORD BRANCH Y. M. C. A.,
BEDFORD AV. & MONROE ST.,
BROOKLYN, N. Y.

Furnished Rooms Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

Room and private bath with board for one; permanent; state terms. R 27 Times.

Unfurnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

Large front room, unfurnished; north light; suitable for studio; near 5th Av. and 42d St.; references required. Address Box N 93 Times.

LEXINGTON AV., 148.—Large, clean, heated rooms; all conveniences; private house; telephone.

Apartments to Let, Unfurnished

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

BROADWAY, 2,469, (91st St. Subway.)—Second floor, sunny six rooms and bath; electricity, all-night elevator; immediate possession; $55 month. Ekeland.

57TH, 322-328 WEST, (near Broadway.)—Modern elevator apartment, eight large, light rooms; very moderate rental.

Apartments to Let, Furnished

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Claremont View Apartments, 611 West 127th, Near Riverside Drive.—High-class, newly furnished apartment of 3 rooms, kitchenette, bath; elevator all night. Apartment 52. 'Phone Morningside—5690.

611 West 127th, Claremont View Apartments, Near Riverside Drive.—Large, light, airy, elegantly furnished room; private home; reasonable; elevator. 'Phone 5690—Morningside. Apartment 52.

Three-room suite to sublet, furnished, for balance of the season; in first-class apartment hotel; rent $200 per month. Apply Pease & Elliman, 340 Madison Av.

92D ST., 206 WEST.—Seven rooms, two baths; beautifully furnished; elevator; telephone, 1158 River; references required. Mrs. Schuchardt.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 600.—Beautiful apartment; newly furnished; widow will sell reasonable and care for same for responsible party. Apt. 2.

Apartment completely furnished; four rooms; Grand piano; west side; convenient Subway and elevated. Room 526, 25 West 42d St. Bryant 3789.

Unfurnished Apartments Wanted

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Wanted for $1,500 per year, an apartment within ten minutes' walk of 5th Av. and 42d St.; five rooms, kitchenette, and bath. Apply W. H. R., 13 Times.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished

25c. a line 1 time; 63c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

52d St., 30 West.—Six-story American basement brownstone dwelling, just remodeled in most modern style, with electric elevator, room telephones, &c. size 22x100; restricted, insuring light and air; for sale or rent. C. C. Bull, 27 William St.

Dogs, Birds and Poultry

25c. a line 1 time; 69c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

COLLIE Puppies.—Our choicest male Collie Puppies are grand specimens; sable and white, beautifully marked; in perfect health; past two months old; superbly bred, tracing from Mr. J. PIERPONT MORGAN'S famous $5,000 champion WISHAW CLINKER; price $20 each. We ship promptly upon receipt of check; money promptly refunded if you are not absolutely satisfied. We supply full authentic pedigree and instructions as to care and feeding. PINE GROVE COLLIE KENNELS, Lake Ronkonkoma, N. Y.

For Sale

30c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

25 telephone booths, double sound-proof oak and mahogany; also 3 Directors' tables, several roll-top desks; office partitions. Budd & Co., 73 Spring St., near Subway Station.

For Sale—Old colored prints, wood engravings, rosewood case, old piano. Address M. S., 909 Bond St., Asbury Park, N. J.

Slightly used office furniture, safes, typewriters, adding machines, multigraph. Nathan's, West Broadway, corner White.

Pianos and Organs

25c. a line 1 time; 69c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

Chickering, Kranich & Bach and Ivers & Pond grands, slightly used, excellent condition, $400 up. Tel-Electric Co., 299 5th Av., corner 31st St.

Pianola Player Piano, beautiful case, condition like new, price $450. Tel-Electric Co., 299 5th Av., cor. 31st St.

Steinway upright; fine condition; a bargain; only $350. Tel-Electric Co., 299 5th Av., cor. 31st St.

Knabe mahogany upright piano, beautiful tone, like new; sell at sacrifice. 316 West 42d.

Real Estate For Sale or To Let

25c. a line 1 time; 63c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

Brooklyn.

New one-family brick houses, Brooklyn, 7 rooms; hardwood trim, parquet floors; all up-to-date improvements; sewers, electric lights, finished streets, sidewalks, shade trees; 30 minutes from City Hall; 5c carfare. Will rent these houses from $25 to $35 per month. Apply Special Manager, Room 67, 60 Liberty St., N. Y. 'Phone 7440 Cortlandt.

356 Central Ave., 149 Grove St., large corner store, with flats 25x75, and 2-family house, 25x100; mortgages $11,250; price, $17,500. Elizabeth Quinn, 528 7th St., Brooklyn.

Richmond.

Astounding Offer.—21 lots, fine house, 18 rooms, 2 baths, trolley in front, 15 minutes ferry, elevation 245 feet; worth $12,000; sell $7,100; only $2,100 cash, details on request. Drake, 29 Broadway.

Queens.

Long Island Sound; 62 minutes from Penn. Sta.; water-front rights to fine bathing beach; near station; dock for your yacht or motorboat; electricity and gas; cement sidewalks and sewerage; very select and refined neighborhood; title perfect; descriptive booklet mailed on request. Henry, 146 East 34th St., N. Y.

Westchester

Tuckahoe, N. Y., fine corner residence, in best section; convenient to station and trolleys; must be sold; 50x100; value $7,300. If not otherwise sold, will accept best offer received before March 1. Kern, premises, or telephone 376 Melrose.

Long Island.

Long Beach.—Compelled to sell immediately, 2 very desirable corner lots. Address S 6 Times.

DEAD CHIEF'S HOME FREED OF MORTGAGE

Equitable Pays and Sends the Canceled Papers to Widow—2,000 at Walsh's Funeral.

SAFES UNHARMED IN FIRE

Those of the Harriman Lines Opened and Contents Recovered—Johnson Defends Firemen from Attack.

The Equitable Life Assurance Society, which has set aside a $20,000 fund for persons who were injured at the recent fire and for the families of those who were killed in it, has appropriated $2,518.12 of this fund to pay the mortgage on the home of the dead Fire Chief Walsh, at 1,170 Forty-second Street, Brooklyn. President Day has sent the following letter to Fire Commissioner Johnson:

> Jan. 15, 1912.
>
> Dear Sir: The Equitable Life Assurance Society has purchased the mortgage, amounting with interest to $2,518.12, on the home of the late Battalion Chief Walsh.
>
> I hand you herewith the bond and mortgage, assignments thereof, fire insurance policy, and satisfaction piece, to be used in discharging the mortgage of record. May I ask you to have these documents transmitted through the appropriate channels to Mrs. Walsh?
>
> This has seemed to us to be the best means at our disposal to give immediate expression of our appreciation of the gallantry of Chief Walsh and our deep sympathy for his family.
>
> While sympathy, however keenly felt and whether expressed in words or deeds, cannot remove the sting of bereavement, yet I am anxious that Mrs. Walsh and her children should know how sincerely we sympathize with her and them, and that we all join in the universal praise of the manliness, faithfulness, and heroic devotion to duty which characterized the life and death of William J. Walsh. Very truly yours,
>
> WILLIAM A. DAY, President.
>
> The Hon. Joseph Johnson, Fire Commissioner, City of New York, N. Y.

In reply to this letter, Mr. Johnson wrote:

> Mr. W. A. Day, President, the Equitable Life Assurance Society, New York City:
>
> Dear Sir: I received from you late yesterday afternoon bond and mortgage, assignments, fire insurance policy, and satisfaction piece, in the matter of mortgage upon the home of the late Battalion Chief, William J. Walsh, who lost his life in the discharge of his duty at the Equitable fire. These evidences of the appreciation and sympathy of the society of which you are the head will be transmitted to Mrs. Walsh at the proper time.
>
> I have just returned from the funeral, and I was much moved by the thought that the little home that he was paying for will now be saved to the widow and her children through this prompt and generous action.
>
> Permit me to add that the recognition of the instances of such extreme sacrifice by firemen goes far toward keeping alight that flame of heroism which has burned so steadily in the Fire Department those many years.
>
> Mrs. Walsh will now be able to rear and educate her children without the hard struggle which would have ensued except for your kindness and that of others in the community.
>
> Again, not only on her behalf, but on behalf of the entire uniformed force, let me thank your. Very truly yours,
>
> JOS. JOHNSON, Fire Commissioner.

The funeral of Fire Chief Walsh took place yesterday. More than 2,000 persons attended it. The services took place at the Walsh home, 1,170 Forty-second Street, Brooklyn. The body was then carried to the Church of St. Catherine of Alexandria, and after a requiem mass was taken to Holy Cross Cemetery. Fire Commissioner Johnson, Fire Chief Kenlon, Police Commissioner Waldo, Police Inspector Stephen O'Brien, and about 400 firemen attended the ceremony. The firemen, in uniform, assembled in the basement of Public School 131 and marched to the Walsh home through the snow. There they joined all the fire companies to which Chief Walsh had ever belonged, which were already drawn up at the house. Chief Walsh's helmet was placed on the coffin when it was carried from the house.

The Rev. John J. O'Neill conducted the church services. In a brief address Father O'Neill dwelt on the dead chief's twenty years of service in the department.

"Chief Walsh never shirked his duty. He succeeded not by politics or favor but by the force of his character and by his merit," the priest said.

The funeral procession on its way to the cemetery passed the quarters of Fire Companies 148 and 140, and the members were drawn up outside the houses with their apparatus.

Timothy J. Manning, who was Chief Walsh's driver, and who became temporarily deranged during the Equitable fire, was found wandering about near the corner of Butler and Sackett Streets, Brooklyn, yesterday, apparently on his way to the funeral of his dead chief. Manning was taken to the Hudson Street Hospital in a dazed condition and later taken to his home at 391 Eleventh Street, Brooklyn. He insisted on leaving his home on Sunday night, telling his wife that he wanted to go and find Chief Walsh's body. He had not been seen afterward until yesterday morning when Detective Downes of the Butler Street Police Station found him in the street. While waiting to be taken to the Kings County Hospital Manning sat dazed and dejected in the back room of the police station.

"I'm Manning," he said several times laconically.

At the hospital, however, he subsequently denied his identity and seemed out of his mind from grief. Manning has a wife and four children, from 4 to 14 years old. He is 37 years old, and has been in the department sixteen years.

Henry B. Harris is giving a special performance of "The Talker" at the Harris Theatre on Friday afternoon for the benefit of the widow and children of Battalion Chief Walsh. The entire proceeds of the performance will be given to the beneficiaries.

SAFES IN FIRE RUINS OPENED.

Contents Found Intact—Firemen Now Accused of Delay.

The interior of the Equitable Building was sufficiently cleared up yesterday so that officials of the Harriman lines were able to get at their safes on the third floor of the building. The locks and combinations worked perfectly, and when the safes were opened the contents were found to be intact. Secretary Millard of the Harriman lines told a TIMES reporter that all the books of record, including those containing the names and addresses of the stockholders of the various railroad companies, were untouched.

Officers of the Equitable Society were also able to get into one of their vaults on the Cedar Street side of the building. All the bond and mortgage papers in the vault were found to be intact.

Supt. Paul of the Equitable Building has received so many requests from tenants who want to enter the ruins and recover office contents that he has decided that all must obtain written authorization and proper identification from Equitable officials at 165 Broadway. When this written authorization is presented a Building Department Inspector will first go to the burned-out part of the building which the tenant wishes to visit to find out whether it can be visited safely.

A large squad of wreckers worked hard all yesterday seeking Watchman Neider's body in the Cedar Street basement of the Equitable ruins. A horizontal tunnel big enough to hold two men is being dug at the base of the fifty-foot pile of débris, the roof of the tunnel being carefully shored up. A hole is also being dug down from the top of the refuse pile.

Answer to Delay Charge.

Fire Commissioner Johnson answered last night a statement in The Evening Post that there had been a delay of twenty-one minutes between the turning in of the first and second alarms at the Equitable fire. The Post also declared that Chief Kenlon had neglected to follow the precedent established by former Chiefs Croker and Bonner in responding to every first alarm in the financial district. Charges of delay were based on the following table of the official times at which all the successive Equitable Building fire alarms came into Fire Headquarters:

First alarm	5:34
Second alarm	5:55
Third alarm	6:01
Fourth alarm	6:03
Fifth alarm	6:28
Borough call	7:48

Commissioner Johnson issued the following statement in reply:

> An afternoon paper criticised the handling of the Equitable fire. I note but two points worth considering, the first being that Chief Kenlon violated the rules set by Bonner and Croker that the Chief of the department should respond to every first alarm in the financial district. They never did this, because it was physically impossible to respond to those first alarms and alarms further uptown. Chief Kenlon responds to all first alarms possible between Chambers Street and Thirty-fourth Street, where at night the hazard to human life is much greater than in the deserted financial district.
>
> The proper man to respond to first alarms in the financial district is the Deputy Chief in control of that district. That district is practically deserted at night, except for watchmen and police, and it is absurd to think that a Deputy Chief of the New York Fire Department is not able to handle a first alarm there. Every Deputy Chief is able in his turn to conduct the whole New York Fire Department. He would reach the first alarm station in the financial district far ahead of the Chief of the department, whose headquarters are in Great Jones Street. Acting Deputy Chief Devanney, one of the best officers in the department, was the first on the scene, with four companies, the first of which, Engine Company 6, reached the hydrant in two and a half minutes. The others were placed as they came up, and he turned in the second alarm twenty minutes later, which was as soon as he could discover the inadequacy of that equipment.
>
> As a matter of fact, the number of high-pressure hydrants which Chief Devanney used on the first alarm was equal to the number of engines which prior to the high-pressure period responded on the second.
>
> This answers the second point, namely, that of the alleged delay between the first and second alarms. If the employes of the Equitable Building thought so little of the fire during twenty minutes that they refused to call out the department Chief Devanney's action in combating the fire for twenty minutes more with four companies and the high-pressure streams showed that he turned in a second alarm with reasonable promptness.
>
> Perhaps the public does not know that many of the offices on the Pine Street side and the middle and back of the building are still intact, and that the fire was held within remarkably close bounds, considering the terrific conditions under which the firemen worked. It is my opinion that the firemen's work on the Equitable fire was one of the best performances in the history of the department, and I hardly think that the after-wisdom of this critic can be seriously taken. Certainly no such criticism has come from the Equitable people or the adjacent property owners. Chief Kenlon's tactics in flooding the building from the Nassau and Cedar Street sides is likely what saved the fire from sweeping across Nassau Street and on to the East River.

Relief Fund of $72,750.

A committee of various heads of downtown financial firms, and known as the "Bankers' Committee," announced yesterday that it was soliciting contributions both to provide for the families of Chief Walsh and the other Equitable fire victims and to establish a permanent fund for the relief of policemen and firemen who may be injured in similar emergencies, or for the families of the policemen or firemen who are killed. The permanent fund is to be administered by a Board of Trustees who have not yet been named. The following contributions have been received so far:

Bankers Trust Company	$10,000
Equitable Trust Company	10,000
Mutual Life Insurance Company	10,000
Chase National Bank	5,000
National Bank of Commerce	5,000
Guaranty Trust Company	5,000
Hanover National Bank	5,000
American Surety Company	5,000
Mrs. Russell Sage	5,000
August Belmont	2,500
August Belmont & Co.	2,500
William A. Read	2,500
William A. Read & Co.	2,500
Kountze Brothers	2,500
Bamberger Brothers	250
Total	$72,750

Subscriptions to the fund will be received by the Equitable Trust Company, 115 Broadway, or by any member of the committee, which is composed of Benjamin Strong, Jr., Chairman, Vice President Bankers Trust Company; Alvin W. Krech, Treasurer, President Equitable Trust Company; James S. Alexander, President National Bank of Commerce; August Belmont, August Belmont & Co.; James G. Cannon, President Fourth National Bank; Lewis L. Clarke, President American Exchange National Bank; Luther Kountze, Kountze Brothers, bankers; William A. Read, William A. Read & Co., bankers; Albert H. Wiggin, President. Chase National Bank.

BEST SUBWAY OFFER LOST, SAYS GAYNOR

City Now Begging Interborough for Terms Less Favorable Than Those Once Rejected.

OFFERS NO SOLUTION NOW

"Useless to Complain" and "We Must Do the Best We Can"—Again Attacks the B. R. T. Plan.

Mayor Gaynor issued yesterday a statement on the Subway situation, but it did little to relieve the pessimism of those who have been following the prolonged negotiations between the city and the Interborough. It consisted of a statement of his own views of the offer that have been made from time to time by the Interborough and referred particularly to the offer of December, 1910, in which an expansion of the present line into a five-borough system was suggested. It has been "frittered" away, the Mayor declares.

This offer was not accepted by the city, as the Board of Estimate committee could not reach any agreement with the Interborough on the financial arrangements, though the offer did not contain any stipulation for a preferential payment to the company. The Mayor puts great emphasis on this, and criticises the offer of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit both on the ground that it, too, asks a preferential payment and also because the Brooklyn company cannot operate the extensions of the present Subway.

Offer the Mayor Liked.

Here is his statement:

"No one can compare the present subway case with what it was in December, 1910, without regret. It was then that the Interborough Company made its large offer for the construction and operation of all of these extensions of the present Subway which are being talked about. It offered to put in one-half of the construction capital and all of the equipment capital and share the net profit with the city. It asked for no guarantee against loss or deficit of principal or interest. Although the Broadway route had been laid out several years before and was all ready to be built, it did not make any condition that the city should not construct that competing route.

"Its offer grew piece by piece, until the routes to be built under it were as follows:

"The present east side subway was to be continued uptown beyond Forty-second Street through Lexington Avenue into Bronx Borough, there splitting into three prongs across that borough.

"The present west side subway was to be continued downtown from Forty-second Street through Seventh Avenue by the Pennsylvania Station and under the river over into Brooklyn through Fulton Street and Flatbush Avenue to Prospect Park and out Eastern Parkway, and through Lafayette Avenue to Broadway, and the Fourth Avenue Subway was to be connected with the system, and Richmond Borough by a tunnel was to be connected with the Fourth Avenue Subway.

"Queens Borough was also to be connected with the system by the Belmont tunnel, and two great prongs of that tunnel was to run across Queens Borough in different directions by elevated structures.

"This great system was to be operated on a single five-cent fare. And all was to be completed inside of five years.

Says It Was "Frittered Away."

"Straightway two or three newspaper proprietors set up a hue and cry that this offer meant that the subways were to be owned by the company. 'Give us city tubes,' was their ignorant cry. The whole city now knows how they were misled by these newspaper proprietors. Under the Rapid Transit act the city owns all subways from the beginning. No company can own them. It does not matter whether the city puts in all the capital or only half of it or none of it—all the same, it owns the subways from the beginning. It lets them out to companies to operate. The Rapid Transit act prescribes the term or length of the lease. No longer lease can be given. No matter whether the operating company puts in one-half the construction money, or even all of it, or none of it—it gets the very same term of lease, not a day longer or shorter. Such is the statute. And yet these newspaper proprietors by daily falsification for months misled even many intelligent persons to think oherwise. But that is all passed. They now know how they were fooled and are reading decent newspapers, I trust.

"Meanwhile the Mayor and others had to take this daily false abuse. And what became of the offer? It is gone—frittered away. The offer was turned over to a committee to be run out into the details of a contract. The long story of meetings and negotiations ends in this—that the offer is gone. It was said that competition was the thing, and then that the Interborough company would have to 'bid quick and high' to get anything. Instead it withdrew its offer altogether.

"Then the committee began to request the Interborough company to negotiate. Things were turned about. Theretofore the Interborough company supplicated the city; now city officials had to supplicate the company.

"And so it went on, until the company made a new offer, namely, that if the city should by the aid of its capital guarantee to the company 9 per cent. not on its capital already invested at 9 per cent. on all hereafter to be invested it would put up one-half the construction money, and the committee reported in favor of this. Of course it was not sanctioned. The committee has continued to negotiate, and some proposed guarantee is now being discussed. In a word, the great offer of the company of December, 1910, has been entirely frittered away. It is gone, and we must do the best we can.

"It is best that the people of the city be informed of the facts. The city's borrowing margin is so short that it will take many years to build a subway system on city capital alone, instead of completing the present system, laid out by the old Rapid Transit Board, and of which the present Subway is only a crooked fragment.

Attacks the B. R. T. Plan.

"The Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company has never offered to put up a dollar for subway construction. How a different notion has been successfully spread abroad among intelligent people is astonishing. It wants the city to build the route through Broadway, Manhattan, for its exclusive use, namely, to be hitched up to its Brooklyn elevated roads. There is no offer to transfer its surface passengers also to the Broadway subway.

"This company also exacts a guarantee of the city of 9 per cent. net earnings on its Brooklyn subways. Such is the scheme. This company, of course, has no interest in the Interborough extensions or routes. It could not operate them at a profit. In fact, it is plain that no company except the Interborough Company could operate them at all.

"Such are present subway conditions. The way we have been brought to them is distressing. But it is useless to complain. We must now do the best we can."

State of the Negotiations.

The Mayor refused yesterday to discuss the conference that he had had on Monday afternoon with Samuel Rea, Vice President of the Pennsylvania Railroad; A. J. County, his assistant, and Morgan J. O'Brien, counsel for the company. But it is not believed that anything occurred to modify the feeling of hopelessness that has been steadily growing in the last few days.

Mr. Rea, it is said, is convinced that his position as an intermediary is becoming impossible. He sees little hope of bringing the city and the Interborough together, and he is about ready to give up the job.

On the other hand, the city conferrees would not confess yesterday that all hope was gone. It was admitted that as fast as one snag was gotten rid of another cropped up, but one who has taken a leading part in the conferences declared last night that he still thought the chances of some agreement being reached were about even. Another meeting with the Pennsylvania people is expected tomorrow night, but it would surprise no one if this was the last.

Meanwhile, at the meeting of the Board of Estimate to-morrow the appropriation of money for Section 3 of the new subway, the first section on Broadway to be let for construction, will come up, and if the money is voted for it the city will have practically pledged itself to the construction of the Broadway line. Section 5 will not be brought up at present, and as long as the negotiations with the Pennsylvania Railroad remain unclosed it will not be brought before the Board of Estimate. It is useless, it was explained yesterday, to ask the Board of Estimate to grant money for a section from Fourteenth Street to Twenty-sixth Street till it is absolutely certain that that portion of subway will be needed.

James J. Conway a Police Magistrate.

Mayor Gaynor yesterday appointed James J. Conway of 20 Pearson Street, Long Island City, a Police Magistrate, to succeed the late Magistrate Gilroy. Mr. Conway is 44 years old and has lived in Queens for seventeen years. He has been prominently identified with civic, hospital, and charitable work. He is treasurer of the Long Island City Business Men's Association, and has been a member of the Executive Board of the Queens County Bar Association since 1895. He is an independent Democrat.

A New ARROW Notch COLLAR
Easy to put on, easy to take off, easy to tie the tie in.
Cluett, Peabody & Company, Makers, Troy, N. Y

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One generally sells his time for the highest possible return, but rarely gets the same for his capital.

You are probably taking $3.50 to $4.00 per $100 for your money, when you could get $5.00 sure, plus a splendid share of profits, through New York City Realty Bonds.

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Write *to-day* for full details and the last report of the Committee of Bondholders, which showed last year 17% profits in addition to 5% interest.

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Kennedy
12 Cortlandt St.
Styles worth "Coming miles to see."
Russet Shoes, $3.98
Lace and button, low heel—flat toe.
Wonderful Value Worth $6.00
Arch Prop Shoes
For "Flat Foot"
$3.98
Anatomically correct —on smart lines, too.
Elsewhere $6.00
1,000 Pairs of Samples $2.60
Emerson's, Stetson's Nesmith's Russet, Black Calf and Patent Leather

COMBINATION
of imported materials, up-to-date style and fine tailoring is offered in our remnant sale. Suits to measure $18.00. Overcoats of Kersey, Melton or Shetland cloth $25.00, lined with guaranteed silk. The values surpass anything we have ever offered.
ARNHEIM, Broadway & 9th St.

The Man in the Tower Announces His Half-yearly Sale
OF SUITS AND OVERCOATS

AMONG the fixed functions of the Winter there is a genuine sale here and there worth attending. They present a real opportunity to get the real goods under price. The once-a-season clearance of Weber and Heilbroner clothes is one of these real opportunities. This is the ONLY OCCASION during the season when any reduction is made on these clothes.

BEGINNING TO-DAY

$20 Suits reduced to $15.50
$25 and $27.50 Suits and Overcoats to $19.50
$30 Suits and Overcoats to $23.50
$32.50, $35 and $37.50 Suits and Overcoats to $26.50
$40 Suits and Overcoats to $32.50
$50 Overcoats to $37.50

All made to meet New York tastes exclusively. Every item made for this season's regular business—nothing made specially for this sale. Includes blacks, blues and grays—staples as well as novelties.

Weber and Heilbroner
Five Clothing Shops
150 Nassau
1185 Broadway
27 New
42nd and Fifth Avenue
241 Broadway

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
TO-NIGHT at 8—CAV. RUSTICANA. Mmes. Destinn, Wickham; MM. Caruso, Gilly. Cond., Sturani. Preceded by HAENSEL und GRETEL. Mmes. Alten, Mattfeld, Orridge; M. Goritz. Cond., Hertz.
THURS. AFT. at 2—LA TRAVIATA. Mme. Tetrazzini; MM. Smirnoff, Amato. Cond., Sturani.
THURS. EVG. at 7:30—SIEGFRIED. Mmes. Fremstad, Matzenauer; MM. Burrian, Reiss, Griswold, Goritz, Ruysdael. Cond., Hertz.
FRI. EVG. at 8:15—LA BOHEME. Mmes. Nielsen, Alten; MM. Smirnoff, Scotti, Segurola. Cond., Sturani.
SAT. MAT. at 2 (1st time)—VERSIEGELT. Mmes. Gadski, Alten; MM. Jadlowker, Goritz, Weil. Cond., Hertz; followed by PAGLIACCI. Mme. Destinn; MM. Caruso, Amato. Cond., Sturani.
SUN. EVG. CONCERT. Efrem ZIMBALIST, Russian Violinist. Mmes. Matzenauer, Case; Mr. Smirnoff. Entire Orchestra. Cond., Pasternack.
NEXT MON. EVG. at 8:15—GIRL of the GOLDEN WEST. Mme. Destinn; MM. Caruso, Amato, Gilly, Reiss, Didur. Cond., Toscanini.
WED. EVG. at 7:45—TRISTAM UND ISOLDE. Mmes. Gadski, Matzenauer; MM. Burrian, Weil, Griswold, Hinshaw, Reiss, Murphy. Cond., Toscanini.
THURS. AFT. Jan. 25, SPECIAL MATINEE—
1 Act—BOHEME. Gluck; Smirnoff, Scotti, Didur.
2 Act—HAENSEL und GRETEL. Alten, Mattfeld.
1 Act—PAGLIACCI—Destinn; Caruso, Amato, Gilly.
4 Act—FAUST. Farrar; Martin, Rothier. Conduct's, Hertz & Sturani. Seats now on sale.
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
SAT. EVG., Jan. 20, at 8—FAUST. Mmes. Farrar, Orner, Mattfeld; MM. Martin, Rothier, Gilly, Begue. Cond., Sturani.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

ARTHUR NIKISCH and THE ENTIRE LONDON SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA. Most artistic invasion yet known.
2 Concerts, Carnegie Hall, April 8 & 10. Mail Orders Now Received by Howard Pew, Manager, 121 West 42d St. Prices: Boxes, $40; Parquet, $3.50; Dress Circle, $2.50; Balc., $1.50.

CARNEGIE HALL, Thurs. Aft., Jan. 18, at 3.
Song Recital
OSCAR SEAGLE
BARITONE
Tickets 50c. to $1.50. Boxes $12 and $15. At Box Office and R. E. Johnston's office, 1133 Broadway.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. 10, 20 and 50c. JIM THE PENMAN.

SYMPHONY Society of New York.
WALTER DAMROSCH, Conductor.
Subscription Sale for 2d Series.
Eight Sunday Aft. Concerts
Now open at 1 W. 34 St., Room 611.
Fri. Aft., Jan. 19 & Sunday Aft., Jan. 21.
THE CENTURY THEATRE.
Annual WAGNER PROGRAM
Fri. Seats 50 cts. to $1. Sun. Seats 50 cts. to $2. Box Office and 1 W. 34 St.

PHILHARMONIC Society of New York
JOSEF STRANSKY, Conductor.
CARNEGIE HALL.
Thurs. Eve., Jan. 18; Fri. Aft., Jan. 19.
Bach Concerto for Two Pianos (Paolo Gallico, Aug. Fraemcke).
Haydn Symphony, Mozart, Wagner.
50c. to $2. Mgt. Loudon Charlton.
Next Sunday Aft. Soloist, BAUER.

Carnegie Hall, Sat. Aft., Jan. 27 at 2:30.
JOSEF HOFMANN
PIANO RECITAL
Steinway Piano. Management Quinlan Agency.

Carnegie Hall, Wed. Aft., Jan. 24, at 3.
2d Song Recital
GERHARDT
CELEBRATED LIEDER SINGER.
Management Quinlan Musical Agency.

CARNEGIE HALL, Sat. Aft., Jan. 20, 2:30.
SECOND PIANO RECITAL BY
BACHAUS
Baldwin Piano. Management Quinlan Musical Agency.

Registered Trade Mark — Established Half a Century

Annual Sale Table Linens

We have just received an additional shipment of Table Cloths and Napkins which we shall offer in connection with other goods from our regular stock at reduced and special prices. These goods are all of the usual McCutcheon standard of quality. They are offered at this sale in accordance with our policy of closing out promptly all broken lines and patterns which move slowly. Sizes and prices follow:

Napkins (per dozen)
BREAKFAST SIZE, at $2.25, 2.50, 2.75, 3.00, 3.50, 4.00, 4.75, 5.50.
DINNER SIZE, at $3.00, 3.50, 3.75, 4.50, 5.25, 6.00, 6.50, 7.25, 8.00, 10.00.

Table Cloths
2 x 2 yds., $2.25, 2.50, 3.00, 3.75, 4.25, 5.00.
2 x 2½ yds., $2.75, 3.00, 3.75, 4.00, 5.75, 6.25.
2 x 3 yds., $3.75, 4.00, 4.50, 5.50, 6.25, 7.00, 8.50, 9.50, 10.00, 14.50.
2¼ x 2¼ yds., $3.50, 3.75, 4.25, 4.75, 5.00, 6.00, 6.50, 8.25, 9.25, 10.00, 11.50.
2½ x 2½ yds., $4.40, 5.25, 5.75, 6.00, 6.75, 7.25, 8.50, 9.75, 12.50.
2½ x 3 yds., $5.25, 6.75, 7.25, 7.50, 8.50, 9.00, 9.75, 11.75, 12.50, 13.50, 14.25.

This sale also includes Bed Linens, Towels, Bed Coverings, Imported and Domestic Lingerie and Corsets, Ladies' Outer Garments and Hosiery.

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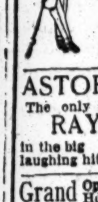
5th Ave. & 34th St., Opposite Waldorf-Astoria

Wallach Bros.
Third Ave., cor. 122d St. (Open Evenings) — 1195 Broadway (Just below 29th St.) — 246-248 W. 125th St. (Open Evenings)

Prices Reduced

HART, SCHAFFNER & MARX Clothes are guaranteed to give you absolute satisfaction, no matter what price you pay. Just now prices are reduced way down. For instance:
$25, $22.50 and $20 Suits and Overcoats are $15.00
$35, $30 and $28 Suits and Overcoats are $19.50
And $40 Suits and Overcoats are $25.00
A special reduction now includes some $40 and $35 Suits and Overcoats at $18



HIPPODROME 6th Av., 43d-44th. Daily Mats. 2, Best Seats $1. Ev. 8
AROUND THE WORLD

CASINO Broadway & 39th St. Evgs. 8:15. $1.50 Matinee To-day 2:15. The Wordless Play with Music, SUMURUN

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S Thea., 39th, bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:30. Matinee To-day $1.50. Last Week GRACE GEORGE in JUST TO GET MARRIED. MON., JAN. 22—THE BIRD OF PARADISE.

Playhouse 48th, E. of B'way. Phone 2628 Bryant. Evs. 8:10. Matinee at 2.10. 3 MATINEES THIS WEEK: TO-DAY, TO-MORROW (Special) & SAT. BOUGHT AND PAID FOR OWING TO ENORMOUS SUCCESS, THREE MATINEES WEEKLY UNTIL LENT.

LYRIC 42d St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-day $1.50. 2ND MONTH Timely Prices: Balcony $1; Family Circle 50c; Orchestra $2. LITTLE BOY BLUE A breezy, bright and tuneful operetta.

William Collier's COMEDY 41 St., E. of B'way. Ev. 8:15. $1.50 Mat. To-m'w 2:15. Bunty Pulls the Strings THIS WEEK—128TH TO 136TH TIMES.

Manhattan Op. Ho. 34th St. & 8th Av. Evgs. 8:15. Matinee To-day 25c-50c. WILLIAM FAVERSHAM —IN— THE FAUN

GEO. M. Cohan Thea., B'way & 43d St. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Sat. THE AMBASSADOR OF THE STAGE. COHAN and his own Company in That musical farce surprise, THE LITTLE MILLIONAIRE

ASTOR B'way, 45th. Evs. 8.15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. TO-DAY Mat. 50c-$1.50. The only musical play that is its own guarantee. RAYMOND HITCHCOCK in the big laughing hit, THE RED WIDOW

Grand Op. Ho. Shea at 2:15, "A Man & His Wife." To-night 8:15, "THE BELLS."

CENTURY (Formerly New Theatre) 62d and 8th Ave. Phone 8800 Col. POPULAR MATINEE TO-DAY at 2, 50c to $2. THE 8TH WONDER OF THE WORLD. THE GARDEN OF ALLAH Evs. 8. Mats. Wed. (Pop.), and Sat. 2 Sharp.

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:20. POPULAR MATINEE TO-DAY 50c to $1.50. GEORGE ARLISS in DISRAELI

OPEN 10 A. M. TO 11 P. M.
AUTOMOBILE SHOW
COMPLETE EXHIBIT OF COMMERCIAL VEHICLES
MADISON SQUARE GARDEN
ADMISSION 50c

BELASCO 44th St., near B'way. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15. DAVID BELASCO Presents DAVID WARFIELD in THE RETURN OF PETER GRIMM

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:20. DAVID BELASCO presents THE WOMAN

COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. Maclyn Arbuckle & Co., Frank Tinney, Rice & Cohen, Kaiiyama & Co. oth.

ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. Geo. Lashwood, Joe Jackson, Yorke & Adams, Willie Weston, Homer Miles & Co.

BRONX 3d Ave. 149th St Daily Mat. 25c. Edmund Breese & Co., Walter C. Kelly, Harry Tighe's Collegians, others.

OPERA TICKETS Telephone 5938 Bryant. Broadway Ticket Co., 1440 Broadway, Between 40th and 41st Sts.

CARNEGIE HALL, THIS AFTERNOON, at 3. 2nd Piano Recital HAROLD BAUER 50c-$1.50. Management Loudon Charlton.

Kinemacolor Thea., 40th, nr. B'way. Daily. 2:30 & 8:30. LAST WEEKS Coronation. DURBAR COMING

OPERA SEATS Phone 4189 Murray Hill. CHOICE SEATS ALL OPERAS. CARUSO—Choice Seats To-night. Seats for Otis Skinner in Kismet. Jacobs, Normandie Hotel, B'way, cor. 38 St.

Columbia B'way & 47th. Evs. & Sat. Mat. 25c-$1 Burlesque The New JERSEY LILIES. Smoking Matinee To-day 15c., 25c. & 50c.

BIJOU Broadway & 30th St. Evening 8:30. Wed. & Sat. Matinees. WILTON LACKAYE PLAYERS in "THE STRANGER"

Opera Ticket OFFICE, 1,431 Broadway. Entrance on 40th St. Choice Seats for ALL PERFORMANCES. SUBSCRIPTIONS Bought and Exchanged. Phone 7522 & 8188 Bry

OLYMPIC East 14th St. Phone 703 Stuyve. Home of High-Class Burlesque. SEATS, 25c. Mat. To-day. BON TON Burlesquers with the Girl in Blue. Amateur Night TO-MORROW.

HURTIG & SEAMON'S West 125th St. Matinee Daily. Halliday and Curley in Painting the Town Amateurs Fri. Evg.

HAMMERSTEIN'S 42 St. Evs. 25c to $1. Daily Mat. 25-50-75c Pauline, Wm. Gould & Belle Ashlyn, Maggie Cline, Bonita & Lew Hearn, others.

5th Ave. B'way, 28th St. Daily Mat. 25 & 50c Adele Ritchie, Chas. E. Evans & Co., Old Soldier Fiddlers, White & Perry, oth.

IRVING PL. To-night & Fri., Farce Success, "Have You Nothing to Declare?" Thurs. 1st time, ADOLF LINK, "One of Us."

MURRAY HILL. Mat. To-day. Smoking. Evs. 8:15 ROSE SYDELL & Her LONDON BELLES.

WINTER GARDEN B'way and 50th St. 'Phone 411 Columbus MAT. TO-M'W 50c, 75c, And Best Seats $1.00 MIKAIL MORDKIN Lydia LOPOUKOWA—Bronislowa PAJITZKAIA (Direct from the Metropolitan Opera House) In New and Startling Divertissements. And the Big Musical Entertainment, "VERA VIOLETTA" All-Star Cast. ANNETTE KELLERMANN & HER COMPANY.

39th ST. Thea., 39th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Only Matinee Saturday, 2:15. Lewis Waller has the honor to submit A BUTTERFLY ON THE WHEEL

BROADWAY Thea. 41st & B'way. Evs. 8:15 Matinee To-day 2:15. THE WEDDING TRIP new comic opera by Reginald De Koven. Mat. To-day, "WEDDING TRIP," Benefit Perf. FOR BABIES' HOSPITAL Lex. Ave. & 55th St.

DALY'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Mat. To-day 2:15. Last Week Here. Next Week, Maxine Elliott's New play of Hawaiian Life, The Bird of Paradise

Beginning MON. JAN. 22 Seats To-morrow. New Opera Comique, THE ROSE OF PANAMA

Lew Fields' Herald Sq. B'way & 35th. Evs. 8:20 Matinee To-day $1.00. THE MILLION A full measure farce at reduced prices. TIMELY PRICES Entire Orchestra $1.50 Balcony $1 and 50c Wed. Mat. Entire Orch. $1; Entire Balcony 50c

WEST END 125th, W. of 8th Ave. Evgs. 8:15. $1 Matinee To-day 2:15. WAY DOWN EAST Next Week The WILTON LACKAYE PLAYERS in THE STRANGER.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. at 8:15 Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15. ETHEL "Ethel Barrymore's Beautiful Acting Brilliantly Revealed."—Times. BARRYMORE in A. E. MASON'S powerful drama. THE WITNESS FOR THE DEFENCE

LYCEUM 45th St. & B'way. Eve. 8:15. Mats. To-m'w & Sat. 2:15. LAST 14 TIMES. NAZIMOVA in the brilliant Comedy, THE MARIONETTES.

CRITERION B'way & 44th. Eve. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15. LAST 6 TIMES JAMES K. HACKETT in "THE GRAIN OF DUST." NEXT WEEK Seats To-m'w. Gertrude Elliott in WHITE MAGIC.

HARRIS West 42d Street. Eve. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:20. EVERY MARRIED WOMAN SHOULD SEE THE TALKER SPECIAL NEXT FRIDAY at 2. Benefit Widow and Children of BATTALION CHIEF WALSH Equitable Life Fire Victim. THE TALKER (THE ENTIRE PLAY) with Clifton Crawford and Ina Claire bet. Acts.

HUDSON 44th St. nr. Broadway. Eve. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. at 2:15. TRIBUNE—"No play this season has approached this one." MME SIMONE THE RETURN FROM JERUSALEM

PARK 59th Street, B'way, Columbus Circle. Eve. 8:10. TO-DAY MATINEE BEST SEATS $1.50. The Quaker Girl With CLIFTON CRAWFORD.

FULTON 46th St., Just W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:20. William Collier in TAKE MY ADVICE.

GAIETY 46th Street, B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:20. ELSIE FERGUSON "THE FIRST LADY IN THE LAND."

GARRICK 35th St. nr. 6th Ave. Evs. 8:15. Mat. To-day 50c to $1.50. WM. H. CRANE THE SENATOR KEEPS HOUSE. By Martha Morton.

KNICKERBOCKER, B'way, 38 St. Ev. 8. OTIS SKINNER in AN ARABIAN NIGHT KISMET Matinee To-day & Sat. at 2.

NEW AMSTERDAM W. 42d St. Eve. 8 sharp Today Mat. 50c to $1.50 LAST 2 WEEKS BEN-HUR

LIBERTY W. 42d St., n'r B'way. Evs. 8:15. Last Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15. LAST 8 TIMES MODEST SUZANNE SALLIE FISHER & CO. of 75. NEXT MONDAY Seat Sale To-morrow. MR. LOUIS MANN in "ELEVATING A HUSBAND."

NEW YORK B'way 45th St. Orch. 8 Sharp Last Mats. To-day & Sat. at 2 LAST 8 TIMES KITTY GORDON in the operatic triumph, THE ENCHANTRESS NEXT MONDAY SEAT SALE TO-MORROW. THE PEARL MAIDEN, with JEFFERSON DE ANGELIS.

Charles Dillingham's GLOBE B'way 46 St. Eve. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15. TO-DAY MATINEE POPULAR PRICES. EDDIE FOY in the newest Musical Comedy, OVER THE RIVER. Incl. ONLY CABARET SHOW ON THE STAGE. 200 EXTRA BALCONY SEATS at $1.

EDEN MUSEE WORLD IN WAX. Orchestral Concerts. CINEMATOGRAPH Each Hour. ELMO, the Magician. Aft. and Eve.

Choice opera seats, first row, orchestra circle, Thursday evenings; remainder of season. A 36 Times.

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS.

ORPHEUM MATINEE DAILY, 25c. "CALIFORNIA" (American Opera Ho.) WILLIAMS & VAN ALSTYNE, McCONNELL & SIMPSON, others. CARNEGIE HALL, Sat. Aft., Jan. 20, 2:30. FIRST PIANO RECITAL BY

LECTURES.

"Prepare your European trip at home." Dr. Daniel A. Huebsch lectures at The Metropolitan Museum of Art: Paintings, Jan. 22; French; 29, American Sculpture, Feb. 5, Egypt; 12, Greece. Sculpture, Feb. 19, Italy; 26, Rodin. Six-lecture ticket, incl. admission, $7.50. Obtainable only at 1 E. 40th St.